

Principles of Power Electronics

Second Edition

Substantially expanded and updated, the new edition of this classic textbook provides unrivaled coverage of the fundamentals of power electronics.

It includes:

- Comprehensive and up-to-date coverage of foundational concepts in circuits, magnetics, devices, dynamic models, and control, establishing a strong conceptual framework for further study.
- Extensive discussion of contemporary practical considerations, enhanced by real-world examples, preparing readers for any design scenario from low-power dc/dc converters to multi-megawatt ac machine drives.
- New topics including SiC and GaN wide-bandgap materials, superjunction MOSFET and IGBT devices, advanced magnetics design, multi-level and switched-capacitor converters, RF converter circuits, and EMI.
- Over 300 new and revised end-of-chapter problems, designed to enhance and expand understanding of the material, with solutions for instructors.

Unique in its breadth and depth, and providing a range of flexible teaching pathways for instructors at multiple levels, this is the definitive guide to power electronics for graduate and senior undergraduate students in electrical engineering, and practicing electrical engineers.

John G. Kassakian is Professor of Electrical Engineering Emeritus at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He is the founding President of the IEEE Power Electronics Society, a Fellow of the IEEE, a member of the US National Academy of Engineering, and has taught, conducted research, and consulted in power electronics for over 45 years.

David J. Perreault is Ford Professor of Engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, with over 25 years of experience in power electronics research and teaching. He is a Fellow of the IEEE, and a member of the US National Academy of Engineering.

George C. Verghese is Henry Ellis Warren Professor of Electrical and Biomedical Engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, with over 40 years of research and teaching experience. He is an MIT MacVicar Faculty Fellow for outstanding contributions to undergraduate education, and a Fellow of the IEEE.

Martin F. Schlecht is the founder of SynQor, a supplier of high-performance power conversion solutions, and prior to that was Professor of Electrical Engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for 15 years. He has over 40 years of research, teaching, and industrial practice in power electronics.

“*Principles of Power Electronics* was a landmark in power electronics pedagogy when it was first published more than three decades ago. It is thrilling to see how these distinguished authors have not only thoroughly brought the book’s core contents up to date, but also expanded its coverage to include several new topics that are increasingly important for students to learn as they prepare to enter this exciting field. Bravo!”

Thomas Jahns, *University Wisconsin – Madison*

“The second edition of the *Principles of Power Electronics* makes this classic book even more valuable. The book teaches power electronics from the ground up, providing the formal framework to learn its fundamentals and many advanced topics. This highly accessible book is an excellent text for a foundational course in power electronics. A must-have for both beginners and experienced practitioners.”

Khurram Afridi, *Cornell University*

“The new edition of *Principles of Power Electronics* is a must for anyone in the field of power electronics, from the student learner to a working professional. The coverage is comprehensive, with detailed explanations backed up by well-chosen worked examples and illustrative problems. The treatment of magnetics, analysis, and design is particularly strong and a welcome addition.”

Gerard Hurley, *University of Galway*

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John G. Kassakian

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

David J. Perreault

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

George C. Verghese

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Martin F. Schlecht

SynQor Inc.



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One Liberty Plaza, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10006, USA

477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia

314–321, 3rd Floor, Plot 3, Splendor Forum, Jasola District Centre, New Delhi – 110025, India

103 Penang Road, #05-06/07, Visioncrest Commercial, Singapore 238467

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To our students,
who have been our best teachers,

and to Daniel Perreault Nakajima,
in memoriam.

Contents

Preface	<i>page</i> xv
Acknowledgments	xviii
1 Introduction	1
1.1 Power Electronic Circuits	1
1.2 Power Semiconductor Switches	2
1.3 Transformers	5
1.4 Nomenclature	7
1.5 Bibliographies	8
1.6 Problems	8
Part I Form and Function	
2 Form and Function: An Overview	11
2.1 Functions of a Power Circuit	11
2.2 AC/DC Converters	13
2.3 DC/DC Converters	18
2.4 AC/AC Converters	20
2.5 Influence of Switch Implementation	22
Problems	24
3 Introduction to Rectifiers	27
3.1 Power in Electrical Networks	27
3.2 Single-Phase Half-Wave Rectifier	29
3.3 AC-Side Reactance and Current Commutation	35
3.4 Measures and Effects of Distortion	38
3.5 Bridge Rectifiers	44
Notes and Bibliography	49
Problems	50
4 Phase-Controlled Converters	57
4.1 Single-Phase Configurations	58
4.2 Phase Control with AC-Side Reactance	64
4.3 Inversion Limits	67
	vii

viii Contents

Notes and Bibliography	71
Problems	72
5 Pulse-Width-Modulated DC/DC Converters	76
5.1 The DC/DC Converter Topology	77
5.2 The Canonical Switching Cell	82
5.3 Direct Converter	82
5.4 Indirect Converter	89
5.5 Other PWM DC/DC Converters	92
5.6 Choice of Capacitor and Inductor Values	95
5.7 Semiconductor Device Stresses	103
5.8 Three-Level Flying-Capacitor Converter	104
5.9 Converter Operation with Discontinuous Conduction	106
Notes and Bibliography	108
Problems	109
6 Switched-Capacitor and Related Converters	116
6.1 Switched-Capacitor DC/DC Converter	116
6.2 Two-State Switched-Capacitor Converter	118
6.3 Switch Implementation	121
6.4 Other Switched-Capacitor DC/DC Converters	123
6.5 Other Kinds of Switched-Capacitor Converters	131
Notes and Bibliography	132
Problems	133
7 Isolated Pulse-Width-Modulated DC/DC Converters	136
7.1 Single-Ended Isolated Forward Converter	136
7.2 Double-Ended Isolated Forward Converter	145
7.3 Dual Active-Bridge Converter	150
7.4 Flyback Converter	153
7.5 Other PWM Isolated Converters	154
7.6 Effects of Transformer Leakage Inductance	155
7.7 Converters with Multiple Outputs	158
Notes and Bibliography	158
Problems	159
8 Single-Phase Switched-Mode DC/AC Converters	167
8.1 Basic Variable-Frequency Bridge Converter	167
8.2 Harmonic Reduction	172
8.3 Pulse-Width-Modulated DC/AC Converters	179
8.4 Current Control of Inverters	187

	Contents	ix
8.5	Multi-level Converters	190
8.6	Transformer-Isolated DC/AC Converters	192
8.7	Other DC/AC Converter Topologies	194
8.8	Power Balance in Single-Phase DC/AC Converters	196
8.9	Switched-Mode Rectifiers and Power Factor Correction	197
	Notes and Bibliography	202
	Problems	203
9	Polyphase Sources and Converters	207
9.1	Polyphase Sources	207
9.2	Three-Phase Sources	209
9.3	Introduction to Polyphase Rectifier Circuits	213
9.4	Phase-Controlled Three-Phase Converters	215
9.5	Commutation in Polyphase Rectifiers	216
9.6	Three-Phase Inverters	221
9.7	Space-Vector Representation and Modulation for Three-Phase Systems	229
9.8	Multi-Level Inverters	237
	Notes and Bibliography	242
	Problems	243
10	Resonant Converters	249
10.1	Review of Second-Order System Behavior	250
10.2	Quality Factor	254
10.3	Resonant Converter Analysis	256
10.4	Soft Switching of Resonant Converters	260
10.5	Resonant DC/DC Converters	264
10.6	Radio-Frequency Converters	271
	Notes and Bibliography	284
	Problems	285
11	AC/AC Converters	289
11.1	Introduction to AC/AC Converters	289
11.2	Energy Storage Requirements in a DC-Link Converter	290
11.3	The Naturally Commutated Cycloconverter	294
11.4	An Isolated High-Frequency-Link Cycloconverter	299
11.5	Solid-State Transformer	302
11.6	Matrix Converter	305
	Notes and Bibliography	306
	Problems	306

Part II Dynamic Models and Control

12 Dynamic Models and Control: An Overview	313
12.1 Dynamic Behavior of Power Converters	314
12.2 Dynamic Models	322
12.3 Averaged-Circuit Models	323
12.4 Linearized Models	329
12.5 Feedback Control	332
Notes and Bibliography	342
Problems	343
13 Averaged-Circuit and State-Space Models	346
13.1 Averaged-Circuit Models	346
13.2 Generalizing Circuit Averaging to the Fundamental Component	350
13.3 Continuous-Time State-Space Models	354
13.4 Discrete-Time or Sampled-Data Models	365
13.5 Generalized State-Space Models	368
13.6 Models for Controllers and Interconnected Systems	372
Notes and Bibliography	373
Problems	374
14 Linear Models and Feedback Control	378
14.1 Linearization	378
14.2 Linearizing an Averaged-Circuit Model	379
14.3 Linearizing Continuous-Time State-Space Models	383
14.4 Analysis of Continuous-Time LTI Models	385
14.5 Piecewise LTI Models	394
14.6 Linearizing Discrete-Time Generalized State-Space Models	395
14.7 Analysis of Discrete-Time LTI Models	399
14.8 Feedback Control Design	405
14.9 Multi-Loop Control	414
14.10 State Feedback	422
14.11 Digital Control	425
Notes and Bibliography	428
Problems	429

Part III Components and Devices

15 Components and Devices: An Overview	437
15.1 Practical Semiconductor Switches	438
15.2 Practical Energy Storage Elements	438
15.3 Semiconductor Devices	439

	Contents	xi
15.4	Capacitors	452
15.5	Inductors and Transformers	455
	Problems	457
16	Review of Semiconductor Devices	461
16.1	Elementary Physics of Semiconductors	461
16.2	Simple Analysis of a Diode	472
16.3	Bipolar Junction Transistor	478
16.4	MOSFET	483
16.5	The Safe Operating Area	486
	Notes and Bibliography	487
	Problems	488
17	Power Semiconductor Devices	494
17.1	Bipolar Diode	494
17.2	Switch Transitions in a pin Diode	504
17.3	The Schottky Barrier Diode	507
17.4	Power BJT	511
17.5	Power MOSFET	517
17.6	Superjunction MOSFET	523
17.7	IGBT	524
17.8	Silicon Carbide and Gallium Nitride Devices	528
17.9	Thyristor	530
17.10	Datasheet	538
	Notes and Bibliography	541
	Problems	542
18	Introduction to Magnetics	545
18.1	Inductor	546
18.2	Saturation, Hysteresis, and Residual Flux	555
18.3	Losses In Magnetic Components	557
18.4	Transformers	566
18.5	Magnetic Material Properties	575
	Notes and Bibliography	576
	Problems	577
19	Magnetic Component Modeling	582
19.1	Mathematical Representation: Inductance Matrix	582
19.2	Circuit Representations for Two-Port Transformers	584
19.3	Determining Transformer Parameters	587
19.4	Multi-Winding Model	588

xii Contents

19.5	Extending the Magnetic Circuit Model Concept	597
19.6	Physical Electric Circuit Models for Magnetic Systems	603
	Notes and Bibliography	607
	Problems	608
20	Introduction to Magnetics Design	612
20.1	Filter Inductor Design and Core Factor	613
20.2	Thermal Constraints in Magnetics Design	618
20.3	Inductor Energy Storage Limits	621
20.4	AC Magnetics Sizing and Core Area Product	624
20.5	Performance Factor for Magnetic Materials	634
20.6	An Iterative Inductor Design Algorithm	636
	Notes and Bibliography	638
	Problems	640
21	Magnetics Loss Analysis and Design	643
21.1	Magnetic Diffusion	643
21.2	Winding Loss Calculation	655
21.3	Core Loss	675
	Notes and Bibliography	684
	Problems	686
Part IV Practical Considerations		
22	Practical Considerations: An Overview	693
22.1	Gate and Base Drives	693
22.2	Thyristor Commutation Circuits	695
22.3	Snubbers, Clamps, and Soft Switching	697
22.4	Thermal Considerations	700
	Problems	701
23	Gate and Base Drives	704
23.1	MOSFET and IGBT Gate Drives	705
23.2	Bipolar Transistor Base Drives	713
23.3	Thyristor Gate Drives	716
	Notes and Bibliography	719
	Problems	719
24	Snubber Circuits, Clamps, and Soft Switching	724
24.1	Turn-Off Snubber	725
24.2	Turn-On Snubber	730

	Contents	xiii
24.3 Combined Turn-On/Turn-Off Snubber		733
24.4 Alternative Placements of the Snubber Circuit		735
24.5 Dissipation in Snubber Circuits		736
24.6 Soft Switching		739
Notes and Bibliography		748
Problems		750
25 Thermal Modeling and Heat Sinking		753
25.1 Static Thermal Models		754
25.2 Thermal Interfaces		758
25.3 Transient Thermal Models		762
Notes and Bibliography		767
Problems		768
26 Electromagnetic Interference and Filtering		771
26.1 EMI Specifications and Measurement		771
26.2 Filter Design		773
26.3 Common-Mode and Differential-Mode Variables		781
26.4 Parasitics and Circuit Layout		787
Notes and Bibliography		789
Problems		790
Index		793

Preface

The field of power electronics has advanced substantially since the initial publication of *Principles of Power Electronics* in 1991. New semiconductor devices, magnetic materials, fabrication technologies, and new modeling and control techniques have all combined to create an increasingly diverse universe of applications in which power electronics is embedded. Many component advances and the demands of new applications have pushed power converter switching frequencies into the hundreds of megahertz, more than an order of magnitude higher than what was practical at the time of publication of the first edition. And, simultaneously, the number of power electronics courses being taught worldwide has experienced a manifold increase. At a time when the efficient and socially responsible generation and use of energy are increasingly critical concerns globally, the importance of power electronics cannot be overstated.

As with the first edition, this second edition of *Principles of Power Electronics* is not intended as a reference book. It is a textbook specifically designed to *teach* the discipline of power electronics. Although the coverage is broad, we develop topics in sufficient depth to expose the *fundamental* principles, concepts, techniques, methods, and circuits necessary to understand and design power electronic systems for applications as diverse as a 100 mW switching converter operating at 100 MHz, a 25 MW motor drive, or a 1 GW high-voltage dc transmission terminal. All power electronics shares a common base, and we have tried to make this fact clear.

Principles of Power Electronics is divided into four parts, and each part has undergone significant rethinking, revision, and updating for this edition, as outlined below. Each begins with an overview chapter that establishes context for the remaining chapters of the part. These overviews are substantial enough to stand independently, and are intended to do so for certain teaching purposes.

Part I, “Form and Function,” is the book’s backbone. There we present the relationship between the form, or topology, of a power circuit and the functions it performs. The common features of circuits that perform the basic electrical energy conversion functions – ac/dc, dc/dc, dc/ac, and ac/ac – are introduced in this part. The deeper purpose of Part I, however, is to present ways of thinking about power electronic circuits, visualizing their behavior, and understanding their relationships with one another, so as to enable extension to new situations, and serve as the basis for synthesis as well as analysis. There is new material in this part on dc/dc converter topologies, multi-level converters and the use of flying capacitors, switched-capacitor converters, polyphase sources and converters, the concept of space-vector modulation for three-phase inverters, resonant converters (including RF converter designs), and soft switching.

Part II, “Dynamic Models and Control,” considers the unique problems of modeling and controlling power electronic systems. We present analytical approaches to modeling and understanding their dynamic behavior, and show how to use these in designing and evaluating practical

feedback control schemes. The emphasis is on fundamental formulations that apply across a range of power electronic systems, as illustrated by extensive examples in these chapters. The structuring of the material in this part is substantially revised relative to the first edition, for improved accessibility. The development of averaged models has also been extended considerably beyond dc/dc converters, with generalizations to track the dynamics of the fundamental (and harmonics) of converter waveforms. On the other hand, we have condensed the treatment of material that is now standard fare in undergraduate electrical engineering classes (and well supported by other textbooks), for example the analysis and feedback control of continuous-time, linear, time-invariant (LTI) systems described in the frequency domain or via LTI state-space models. Because of its role in stability evaluation of power electronic systems and its importance in the design of fully digital control systems, we retain our introduction to the topic of sampled-data modeling and control.

Part III, “Components,” examines the behavior and characterization of the elements from which power electronic circuits are constructed. A review of semiconductor device physics precedes a discussion of specific device behaviors. The first edition’s detailed development of the physics of specific devices has been replaced by a more phenomenological treatment. Also developed in this part is a discussion of the benefits and challenges of using the new wide-bandgap materials, SiC and GaN. The presentation of magnetic components has been expanded in this edition from a single chapter to four. This additional material addresses the challenge of designing magnetic components for the high switching frequencies now made possible by new MOSFET structures and GaN devices. We spend considerable time describing the behavior of magnetic materials, and the design and construction of inductors and transformers used at these high frequencies.

Part IV, “Practical Considerations,” treats a variety of important additional topics that must be considered in the design of any practical system. Among these issues are gate and base drives, electromagnetic interference and filtering, snubbers, clamps and soft switching, and thermal modeling and heat sinking. New to this part is a discussion of circuit fabrication technologies necessary for very-high-frequency operation.

Unlike many power electronics texts which are designed for a single course, the scope of *Principles of Power Electronics* encompasses a *curriculum* of several sequential courses. A course in power electronics might use this book in one of several ways. Chapters 1 through 8, 9 (through Section 9.6), 10 (through Section 10.5), and the overview chapters in Parts II through IV would serve well as the basis for an advanced undergraduate or first graduate subject. Chapters 23 (Gate and Base Drives) and 18 (Introduction to Magnetics) might also be included. A more advanced graduate course might skim Part I and address Part II in detail. Other advanced courses may be tailored to need by selecting various chapters from Parts II through IV. Each chapter in Parts I, III, and IV is relatively self-contained. Selections from Part II can be made in at least two ways. Chapter 12 (Dynamic Models and Control: An Overview) and Chapter 13 (Averaged-Circuit and State-Space Models) may be used together in a course that emphasizes dynamic modeling of power electronic systems. An advanced graduate course that is particularly concerned with control could include Chapter 14 (Linear Models and Feedback Control), and if addressing machine control, could add Section 9.7 (Space-Vector Representation and Modulation for Three-Phase Systems).

We use examples extensively in this book to illustrate concepts or techniques introduced in the text, and also to introduce ways of thinking about problems, methods of analysis, and the use of approximations. The examples also form the basis for many of the end-of-chapter problems, and the creative instructor can use them to generate additional exercises, problems, or examples. We designed the end-of-chapter problems to stimulate thinking about the material presented in the chapter. That is, they are not intended as routine exercises to drill students in the use of particular equations in the text. Often, we introduce new circuits, concepts, or ways of approaching problems by using previous discussions in the text as a basis for considering the new material. We also present practical variations of circuits discussed in the text.

The notes and bibliography at the end of each chapter point you to selected papers in the research literature, and to books that underlie, complement, or extend the chapter material. These bibliographies, however, are not exhaustive.

We hope that instructors find this book to be a valuable teaching resource, and that students find it provides a challenging but enlightening learning experience.

Acknowledgments

It is no exaggeration to say that this second edition of *Principles of Power Electronics* would not exist if it weren't for the commitment, energy, care, and good-humored responsiveness of Sandeep Kaler at Toronto Metropolitan (formerly Ryerson) University. Despite the demands of the final stages of a doctoral program, he single-handedly worked to generate almost all the figures in this edition – recreating them from the first edition as needed, and preparing many new ones, then adjusting them wherever and whenever necessary. He also provided helpful feedback on various sections of the text. We are immensely grateful.

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Generations of students and teaching assistants in our introductory and advanced power electronics classes have worked with the material here, using the first edition of the book, and then drafts of this edition. We have counted on their being critical, fearless, and constructive in their feedback, and have never been disappointed.

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All four of us have had the good fortune to be shaped in fundamental ways, as students and professors, by MIT’s stellar and lively Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science. Being part of this community for a combined total of more than 15 decades has been such a privilege, and we have gained more there than we could ever repay. Perhaps with this book we can pay some portion of our debt forward.