

### Contentious Episodes in the Age of Austerity

Based on extensive data and analysis of sixty contentious episodes in twelve European countries, this book proposes a novel approach that takes a middle ground between narrative approaches and conventional protest event analysis. Looking particularly at responses to austerity policies in the aftermath of the Great Recession (2008–2009), the authors develop a rigorous conceptual framework that focuses on the interactions between three types of participants in contentious politics: governments, challengers, and third parties. This approach allows political scientists to map not only the variety of actors and actor coalitions that drove the interactions in the different episodes but also the interplay of repression/concessions/support and of mobilization/cooperation/mediation on the part of the actors involved in the contention. The methodology used will enable researchers to answer old (and new) research questions related to political conflict in a way that is simultaneously attentive to conceptual depth and statistical rigor.

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(continued after the Index)



# Contentious Episodes in the Age of Austerity

Studying the Dynamics of Government–Challenger Interactions

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#### Preface

Contentious Episodes in the Age of Austerity is the final product of the project "Political Conflict in Europe in the Shadow of the Great Recession (POLCON)" funded by the European Research Council. POLCON has previously studied the structuration of the European party-political space relying on election campaign data in European Party Politics in Times of Crisis (Hutter and Kriesi 2019) as well as the patterns of European protest activity relying on semi-automated protest event analysis in Contention in Times of Crisis (Kriesi et al. 2020). Both of these volumes focused on particular venues of political conflict: the electoral arena and the protest arena, respectively. A common intuition among many observers of the Great Recession (2008-2015) at the time was that it would turn out to be a watershed event in transforming European politics, possibly for the foreseeable future. Yet, the cautious conclusion we drew from our empirical works was the opposite: European politics, apart from a few noteworthy exceptions such as Greece or Hungary, was propelled forward by forces and mechanisms largely familiar from earlier times. It was business as usual, it would seem.

In some ways, our current study brings the two arenas – the electoral arena and the protest arena – together by studying a wide range of political actors and their action strategies in the wake of contentious policy proposals put forward by governments in their attempt to address the adverse consequences of the Great Recession. While some of the protagonists in our study coincide with the main actors driving the anti-austerity protest wave that we studied in our previous work – such as the Indignados movement in Spain or the traditional trade unions in Italy and France – others are party actors that came to prominence during this period either as government parties responsible for harsh

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austerity measures (e.g. Fianna Fail in Ireland) or as opposition parties aligning with challenger organizations to fight governments in parliaments, in the streets or in international forums (e.g. Syriza up until their rise to power in 2015). Still others are what we call 'third-party actors' (such as foreign governments, supranational institutions, constitutional courts etc.) because their functional role in the policy episodes we study was a form of mediation between governments and their challengers that often, however, meant a close alignment with one or the other.

Our approach to study political conflict in what we call 'policy episodes' follows in the footsteps of the *Dynamics of Contention* tradition (McAdam et al. 2001) that advocated a turn towards the middle ground between the narrative approach that traditionally dominated the field and the epidemiological approach of protest event analysis. Our main goal in this volume is to offer a solution to scholars who wish to implement this middle ground in a systematic fashion. Although the scope of our study is limited by the choice of the kind of episodes we study (mostly economic episodes, initiated by a government proposal), we hope our proposed method travels beyond what we show in the present volume and it will be used by scholars studying other forms of political conflict.

As any innovation in the social sciences, our approach had to overcome formidable challenges that we are acutely aware of. The empirical material we rely on in our analysis is exhaustive only to the extent that our keyword-based search from the national presses allows us to capture the full timeline of events in the respective political settings. The complexity of actions and actors needed to be condensed into a scheme that is amenable to interpretation and coding. The answers to where to begin and where to end the coding of a given episode were guided by operational rules that we laid down in the beginning, but at times the coding had to be adjusted to the empirical reality of episode-specific idiosyncracies. Although we are optimistic that many of these limitations can be overcome and fine-tuned by future applications of our method, we regard some degree of simplification of a complex political world a necessary price to pay for the systematic scheme that we present to our readers.

Some of the choices in the way we structured our volume and the types of analysis we undertook were informed by the extremely useful feedback we have received along the way. We are particularly grateful to all the participants of our POLCON conference in October 2018, who highlighted some of the main problems that we could still address in time. Special thanks are due to Mark Beisinger and Mario Diani, who acted as discussants to individual papers and chapters that we presented at the conference. No less important were the comments we received at the discussion from Edgar Grande, Elisabeth Iversflaten, Zsolt Enyedi, Line Rennwald, Sofia Vasilopoulu, Herberth Kitschelt, Liisa Talving, Thomas Sattler, Silja Hausermann, Anton Hemerijck, Philip Manow, Ondrey Cisar and Stefaan Walgrave. Parts of our work have also been presented at the third LSE–Oxford-Sciences Po 'Young Doctors'



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Political Economy Workshop, where we received equally helpful comments from Michael Zemmour, acting as discussant, as well as other participants, such as Tim Vlandas (conference organizer), Margarita Gelepithis, Charlotte Haberstroh, Sonja Avlijas, Angelo Martelli and David Hope, among others. Moreover, we greatly appreciated the opportunity to take part in the symposium organized by *Mobilization* with the conceptual summary paper of our project ("Contentious Episode Analysis"), where we received highly constructive remarks from David Meyer, Alex Hanna, Pamela Oliver and Sidney Tarrow.

Last but not least, none of this would have been possible without the painstaking effort to browse through and code thousands of articles by our research assistants at the European University Institute and beyond. In no particular order, we would thus like to express our gratitude for their coding efforts to Lola Guyot, Sophia Hunger, Anna Kyriazi, Argyrios Altiparmakis, Ieva Grumbinaie, Ieva Bloma, Zsofia Suba, Nodira Kholmitova, Gulzat Baialieva, Davide Morisi, Johannes Karremans, Radek Michalksi, Grzegorz Krzyzanowski, Frederico Ferreira Da Silva, Delia Radu, Nena Oana, and Mateus Alves. Likewise, the support we have received from our administrative staff, above all Maureen Lechleitner, proved crucial in the successful implementation of this project, and so we would like to extend our gratitude to her as well.

Let us conclude by pointing out that this volume is the result of intense cooperation between all of its contributors. The individual chapters have been written in the framework of the project and their authors have contributed not only to their own chapters but also to data collection, conceptual and methodological discussions, as well as data analysis.

