200 Problems on Languages, Automata, and Computation

Formal languages and automata have long been fundamental to theoretical computer science, but students often struggle to understand these concepts in the abstract. This book provides a rich source of compelling exercises designed to help students grasp the subject intuitively through practice. The text guides the reader through important topics such as finite automata, regular expressions, pushdown automata, grammars, and Turing machines via a series of problems of increasing difficulty. Problems are organised by topic, many with multiple follow-ups, and each section begins with a short recap of the basic notions necessary to make progress. Complete solutions are given for all exercises, making the book well suited for self-study as well as for use as a course supplement. Developed over the course of the editors' two decades of experience teaching the acclaimed Automata, Formal Languages, and Computation course at the University of Warsaw, it is an ideal resource for students who want to understand the subject deeply and for instructors who want to bring new ideas to their teaching.

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Preface

This book contains problems collected over more than two decades by Damian Niwiński and Wojciech Rytter for the course *Languages, Automata, and Computation* that they alternately taught at the University of Warsaw. Coming from different scientific backgrounds – Wojciech specializing in algorithms and Damian in logic – they shared the idea that the problems should help students develop their skills through the joy of creative thinking. Over the years the collection was gradually expanded and circulated informally in countless versions. Damian and Wojciech always felt that it should be turned into a proper problem book, but this was impossible without written solutions. These were eventually provided by a large group of people, related in various ways to the automata group at the University of Warsaw, under the coordination of Filip Murlak. And thus the long-expected book was born.

A course on formal languages, automata, and computation is present in almost every computer science curriculum around the world, usually in a standardized form based on one of the several classic textbooks. While these textbooks usually complement the expository material with a small set of exercises, sometimes with brief solutions or hints, the present book reverts these proportions: it offers rich problem-solving materials for the course, appropriate both for in-class use and for self-study, accompanied by a minimalistic exposition of the necessary notions.

The book consists of two parts. Part I *Problems* (by D. Niwiński and W. Rytter), contains 200 problems, ranging from easy, marked with \Rightarrow , through intermediate (unmarked), to hard and very hard, marked with \star and $\star\star$, respectively. Some of the harder problems are well-known textbook theorems; we include them because, during the years of teaching the automata course, we have seen that under appropriate guidance students can rediscover a lot of classical material on their own, gaining deeper understanding and a greater sense of

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accomplishment. Problem statements are interleaved with concise definitions of key notions; for a deeper and broader background we refer to the work listed in the Further Reading section at the end of the book.

Part II, *Solutions* (collectively by 19 authors), contains full solutions to all 200 problems. The focus of the book is on creativity, rather than on practising specific methods, but many solutions build upon previous problems. Some initially simple ideas are further developed in a sequence of problems, the very order of problem statements guiding the students towards powerful methods.

The book has an index. It can help locate the definition of a key notion, like *off-line Turing machine*, and find problems related to a specific topic, like *one-letter alphabet*, or using a specific solution idea, like the *fooling method*.

Notation

 $f: A \rightarrow B - f$ is a partial function from A to B.

- $#_u(w)$ the number of (possibly overlapping) occurrences of the word *u* as a subword of the word *w*.
- |w| the length of the word w.

w[i] — the *i*th letter of the word w (counted from 1).

w[i.j] — the infix of the word w from position i to position j, inclusive.

 $w^{\rm R}$ — the reverse of the word w, or w written backwards.

 $KL^{-1} = \{u : \exists v \in L. uv \in K\}$ — the right quotient of K by L.

 $L^{-1}K = \{v : \exists u \in L, uv \in K\}$ — the left quotient of K by L.

- $r \cdot s = \{(x, z) : \exists y. (x, y) \in r \land (y, z) \in s\}$ the left composition of the binary relations *r* and *s*.
- r^* the reflective-transitive closure of the binary relation r.
- $[w]_2$ the numerical value of the binary sequence w; e.g., $[011]_2 = 3$.
- bin(n) the binary representation of $n \in \mathbb{N}$, without leading zeros.

-a distinguished letter used as a separator.