

'International Law and Policy on the Protection of Civilians is a masterful guide to the multiple legal, political and normative influences that are transforming our understanding of obligations to protect civilians from violence. The result is a rich depiction not only of sources of civilian protection, but of the complex ways in which expectations evolve in a decentralised international system. Casey-Maslen and Vestner have rendered an invaluable service by preparing a volume that will be indispensable to state officials, military leaders, non-governmental organisations and anyone who cares about protecting the innocent from the ravages of conflict.'

Mitt Regan, McDevitt Professor of Jurisprudence, Co-Director, Center on National Security, Georgetown Law Center

'In this wide-ranging and meticulously researched book, Stuart Casey-Maslen and Tobias Vestner explain with remarkable clarity the many ways in which international organisations, states and non-state actors protect civilians in and outside of armed conflict. From classical international law on the use of force and international humanitarian law to the evolving landscape of state protection policies or frequently overlooked topics, such as protecting older people and persons with disabilities, this book offers the most systematic treatment of the Protection of Civilians concept to date. It promises to be a go-to resource for academics and practitioners for years to come.'

Patryk I. Labuda, Assistant Professor of (International) Criminal Law, University of Amsterdam

'Anyone who has had anything to do with "PoC" will know how hard it is to translate sincere intentions into meaningful actions. This book by Stuart Casey-Maslen and Tobias Vestner makes a major contribution to building a better understanding of the topic and improving implementation. Easy to read and impressive in scope, it disentangles compartmentalised thinking on PoC and doesn't duck the issue of where still more clarity is needed. For those seeking more light on the grey area of Protection of Civilians, this publication will have enduring relevance and will serve them well.'

Adrian Foster, Major General (Retd), CMG MBE, previous Deputy Military Adviser, UN Peacekeeping; Acting/Force Commander of the UN peacekeeping mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

'This book is an insightful resource on civilian protection for everyone, from students to seasoned practitioners. The analysis of contemporary practice, focus on the normative legal frameworks, and discussion of different PoC approaches across international and regional organisations make it a definitive source on the topic. It provides a fantastic foundation from which political and military leaders, practitioners and the next generation of protection advocates can continue the vital work of further developing the ability to protect civilians in future conflicts.'

Marla B. Keenan, Adjunct Senior Fellow, Strengthening NATO's Ability to Protect, The Stimson Center



'This book is important. It brings together and explicates the legal and policy architecture for Protection of Civilians that has been coming into focus over recent years. It is an important added value for anyone seeking to understand that architecture, and is a most welcome contribution to the literature.'

Todd F. Buchwald, Professorial Lecturer in Law, George Washington University Law School, former Ambassador for Global Criminal Justice, US Department of State



INTERNATIONAL LAW AND POLICY ON THE PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS

This is the first comprehensive treatment of international law and policy on the protection of civilians in armed conflict. In addition to international humanitarian and human rights law, *jus ad bellum*, disarmament law, and international criminal law are all critical to civilian protection. The book offers in-depth analysis and explanation of the normative framework while also outlining and discussing the policies of concerned States and international and humanitarian organisations. The role of the United Nations as a key actor is considered along with regional organisations such as the African Union, the European Union, and NATO. Particular attention is given to those at direct risk of harm during armed conflict, including children, women, persons with disabilities, and LGBTI persons.

Stuart Casey-Maslen is the author of *The Right to Life under International Law* (Cambridge University Press, 2021), the first comprehensive treatment of this fundamental right. He has worked in dozens of conflict-affected countries over the last thirty years and teaches at the University of Pretoria in South Africa on the Freedom from Violence in Africa Programme.

Tobias Vestner leads the Security and Law Programme at the Geneva Centre for Security Policy (GCSP). He teaches and researches on the intersection between security policy and international law and is Honorary Senior Research Fellow at the University of Exeter, Fellow at Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe (NATO), and reserve Legal Advisor at the Swiss Armed Forces Staff.



International Law and Policy on the Protection of Civilians

STUART CASEY-MASLEN

University of Pretoria

TOBIAS VESTNER

Geneva Centre for Security Policy (GCSP)





CAMBRIDGEUNIVERSITY PRESS

University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom

One Liberty Plaza, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10006, USA

477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia

314–321, 3rd Floor, Plot 3, Splendor Forum, Jasola District Centre, New Delhi – 110025, India

103 Penang Road, #05-06/07, Visioncrest Commercial, Singapore 238467

Cambridge University Press is part of the University of Cambridge.

It furthers the University's mission by disseminating knowledge in the pursuit of education, learning, and research at the highest international levels of excellence.

www.cambridge.org

Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9781316511442

DOI: 10.1017/9781009052757

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First published 2022

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

NAMES: Casey-Maslen, Stuart, author. | Vestner, Tobias, author.

TITLE: International law and policy on the protection of civilians / Stuart Casey-Maslen, University of Pretoria; Tobias Vestner, Geneva Centre for Security Policy (GCSP).

DESCRIPTION: Cambridge, United Kingdom; New York, NY: Cambridge University Press, 2022. | Includes index.

IDENTIFIERS: LCCN 2022006081 (print) | LCCN 2022006082 (ebook) | ISBN 9781316511442 (hardback) | ISBN 9781009055901 (paperback) | ISBN 9781009052757 (ebook)

SUBJECTS: LCSH: Combatants and noncombatants (International law) | War – Protection of civilians. | Humanitarian law. | International law and human rights. | Just war doctrine. | BISAC: LAW / International

CLASSIFICATION: LCC KZ6515 .C39 2022 (print) | LCC KZ6515 (ebook) | DDC 341.6/7–dc23/eng/20220526

LC record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2022006081

LC ebook record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2022006082

ISBN 978-1-316-51144-2 Hardback

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Contents

roreu	vora b	y Ambassaaor I nomas Greminger	page xv			
Prefac	ce		xvii			
	Intro	duction	1			
	I.1 V	Who are 'Civilians'?	2			
	I.2 '	What is 'Protection'?	6			
]	I.3 '	Who Protects Civilians?	10			
]	-	A Brief History of the Protection of Civilians	11			
-	PART	I THE INTERNATIONAL LEGAL FRAMEWORK	17			
1	Jus ad Bellum and the Protection of Civilians					
1	1.1 I	Introduction	19			
	1.2	The General Prohibition on Inter-State Use of Force	20			
:	1.3	UN Security Council 'Authorisation' of Military Action	21			
:	1.4	UN Peacekeeping Operations and the Protection of Civilians	22			
	1	1.4.1 Responsibility to Protect and the Protection of Civilians	24			
	1.5	Humanitarian Intervention and the Protection of Civilians	27			
1	1.6	The Right of Self-Defence and the Protection of Civilians				
2	Prote	ection of Civilians under International Humanitarian Law	30			
:	2.1	Introduction	30			
:	2.2	The Protection of Civilians in the Conduct of Hostilities	32			
	:	2.2.1 The Rule of Distinction	33			
	2	2.2.2 The Rule of Proportionality in Attack	39			
	2	2.2.3 The Rule of Precautions in Attack	40			
		2.2.4 The Protection of Civilian Objects	41			
		2.2.5 Protection of Civilians under Foreign Military Occupation	44			
	2	2.2.6 Civilians in the Power of the Enemy	46			



viii Contents

3	Pro	Protection of Civilians under Human Rights Law				
	3.1	Introduction	50			
	3.2	The Right to Life of Civilians in Armed Conflict	51			
		3.2.1 Arbitrary Deprivation of Life	51			
		3.2.2 The Duty to Investigate Suspicious Death	56			
	3.3	The Right to Freedom from Torture and Other Ill-Treatment	60			
		3.3.1 The Prohibition on Torture or Other Ill-Treatment	60			
		3.3.2 The Duty to Investigate Ill-Treatment	61			
	3.4	The Right to Freedom from Arbitrary Detention	61			
	3.5	The Right of Peaceful Assembly	63			
	3.6	The Application of Human Rights Law to Non-State Actors	64			
4	The	The Protection of Refugees				
	4.1	Introduction	67			
	4.2	The Right to Seek and Enjoy Asylum	68			
	4.3	International Humanitarian Law and Refugees	70			
	4.4	The 1969 OAU Refugees Convention	72			
5	Disa	armament Law and the Protection of Civilians	74			
	5.1	Introduction	74			
	5.2	The 1992 Chemical Weapons Convention	75			
	5.3	The 1997 Anti-personnel Mine Ban Convention	77			
	5.4	The 2008 Convention on Cluster Munitions	81			
	5.5	The 2013 Arms Trade Treaty	84			
6	Inte	International Criminal Law and the Protection of Civilians				
	6.1	Introduction	86			
	6.2	War Crimes	87			
	6.3	Crimes against Humanity	92			
	6.4	Genocide	95			
7	The Prohibition of Sexual and Gender-Based Violence					
	7.1	Introduction	97			
	,	7.1.1 The Work of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on Sexual Violence in Conflict	98			
	7.2	The Prevalence of Sexual and Gender-Based Violence in Armed Conflict	99			
	7.2 7.3	IHL Rules on Sexual and Gender-Based Violence in Armed Conflict	102			
	7·3 7·4	Sexual and Gender-Based Violence as a War Crime	103			
	7. 4 7.5	Sexual and Gender-Based Violence as a Crime against Humanity	103			
	7.6		106			
	1.0		0			



		Contents	ix			
	PART	T II SPECIFIC PROTECTION OF CERTAIN HIGH-RISK GROUPS	107			
8	Protection of Women in Armed Conflict					
	8.1	Introduction	109			
	8.2	IHL Rules on the Protection of Women	110			
	8.3	Women and the Death Penalty	112			
	8.4	The Protection of Women in a UN Peacekeeping Mission	114			
9	Protection of Children in Armed Conflict					
	9.1	Introduction	115			
		9.1.1 The Definition of a Child	115			
	9.2	The Application of the Convention on the Rights of the Child				
		in Armed Conflict	116			
	9.3	IHL Rules on the Protection of Children	117			
	9.4	Enlistment in Armed Forces or Groups	118			
	9.5	The Six Grave Violations	122			
	9.6	Children and the Death Penalty	123			
	9.7	Child Protection in a UN Peacekeeping Mission				
10	Protection of Persons with Disabilities in Armed Conflict					
	10.1	Introduction	126			
		10.1.1 The Threats to Persons with Disabilities in Armed Conflict	127			
	10.2	The Global Normative Framework	130			
		10.2.1 IHL Rules on the Protection of Persons with Disabilities	131			
		10.2.2 Protection under International Human Rights Law 10.2.3 IASC Guidelines on Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities	132			
		in Humanitarian Action (2019)	133			
		10.2.4 Camp Coordination and Camp Management	138			
		10.2.5 Food Security and Nutrition	138			
11	Protection of Older Persons in Armed Conflict					
	11.1	Introduction	140			
	11.2	The Threats to Older Persons in Armed Conflict	141			
	11.3	Protection under International Human Rights Law	141			
	11.4	Older Persons and the Death Penalty	143			
		11.4.1 The Death Penalty under IHL	143			
	11.5	Protection of Older Persons under IHL	144			
12	Protection of Medical and Humanitarian Personnel					
	12.1	Introduction	145			
		12.1.1 The Definition of Medical Personnel	145			
	12.2	The Protection of Medical Personnel	146			
	12.2	The Protection of Humanitarian Personnel	148			



x Contents

13	Prote	ection of Internally Displaced Persons	151		
	13.1	Introduction	151		
	13.2	The Normative Framework	151		
		13.2.1 The Guiding Principles on Internal Displacement	153		
		13.2.2 The Kampala Convention	156		
14	Prote	ection of LGBTI Civilians	160		
	14.1	Introduction	160		
	14.2	Attacks against LGBTI Civilians in Armed Conflict	161		
	14.3	LGBTI Persons and the Death Penalty	163		
	PART	THE STATE AND INSTITUTIONAL POLICIES ON THE PROTECTION			
		OF CIVILIANS	165		
15	The	United Nations and the Protection of Civilians	167		
	15.1	Introduction	167		
	15.2	The Protection of Civilians in UN Peacekeeping Missions	168		
		15.2.1 The 2019 DPO Policy	171		
	15.3	Protection of Civilians by UN Agencies and Bodies	181		
		15.3.1 Protection of Civilians and the Global Protection Cluster 15.3.2 The Role of the Office of the UN High Commissioner for	181		
		Human Rights The Pole of UNICEE in Child Protection in Armed Conflict	183		
		The Role of UNICEF in Child Protection in Armed Conflict The UNHCR and the Protection of Refugees	184 185		
		15.3.4 The UNHCR and the Protection of Refugees 15.3.5 WFP and the Protection of Civilians	187		
16	NATO and the Protection of Civilians				
	16.1	Introduction	190		
	16.2	The Policy Framework	191		
	16.3	NATO and International Humanitarian Law			
	16.4	NATO and International Human Rights Law	196		
	16.5	Operation Unified Protector in Libya	197		
17	The African Union and the Protection of Civilians				
	17.1	Introduction	201		
	17.2	'Tiered' Protection of Civilians under the AU Guidelines	201		
	17.3	Mandates to Protect Civilians	203		
	17.4	The Power of the AU to Intervene to Protect Civilians	207		
18	The European Union and the Protection of Civilians				
	18.1	Introduction	209		
	18.2	The 2015 Concept on Protection of Civilians in EU-Led Military	ŕ		
		Operations	210		



		Contents	xi		
	18.3	DG ECHO Thematic Policy Document on Humanitarian Protection	213		
	18.4	The European Union and International Humanitarian Law	215		
	18.5	The European Union and International Human Rights Law	216		
	18.6	The 2020 UN Security Council Debate on the Protection of Civilians	217		
19	The	The ICRC and the Protection of Civilians			
	19.1	Introduction	219		
	19.2	ICRC Policy on Protection	219		
		19.2.1 Guiding Principle 1: A Neutral and Independent Approach	220		
		19.2.2 Guiding Principle 2: Dialogue and Confidentiality	220		
		19.2.3 Guiding Principle 3: The Holistic and Multidisciplinary Character of ICRC Action	220		
		19.2.4 Guiding Principle 4: Search for Results and Impact	221		
		19.2.5 Ethical and Professional Standards for Protection	221		
		19.2.6 The Principle of Humanity	221		
		19.2.7 The Principle of Non-Discrimination	222		
		19.2.8 The Principle of Impartiality	222		
		19.2.9 'Do No Harm'	222		
		19.2.10 Participation of Affected Communities	223		
	19.3	Particular Challenges for the ICRC	223		
2 0	Switz	zerland and the Protection of Civilians	225		
	20.1	Introduction	225		
	20.2	The Swiss Strategy on the Protection of Civilians	225		
	20.3	The 2020 UN Security Council Debate on the Protection of Civilians	227		
21	The United Kingdom and the Protection of Civilians				
	21.1	Introduction	229		
	21.2	The 2010 UK Strategy	230		
		21.2.1 Policy Area 1: Political Engagement	230		
		21.2.2 Policy Area 2: Protection by Peace Support Operations	231		
		21.2.3 Policy Area 3: Humanitarian Action	231		
		21.2.4 Policy Area 4: State Capacity	232		
	21.3	The Development of the 2020 Policy Paper	232		
	21.4	The 2020 Policy Paper	² 34		
	21.5	The 2020 UN Security Council Debate on the Protection of Civilians	238		
22	The United States and the Protection of Civilians				
	22.1	Introduction	239		
	22.2	The US Department of Defense Law of War Manual	242		
	22.3	The 2016 Executive Order	244		
	22.4	The Army War College Military Reference Guide	² 45		
	22.5	The National Strategy on Women, Peace, and Security	246		
	22.6	The 2020 UN Security Council Debate on the Protection of Civilians	247		



xii

Cambridge University Press & Assessment 978-1-316-51144-2 — International Law and Policy on the Protection of Civilians Stuart Casey-Maslen , Tobias Vestner Frontmatter More Information

> Brazil and the Protection of Civilians 23 249 Introduction 249 Responsibility While Protecting 23.2 250 The 2020 UN Security Council Debate on the Protection of Civilians 23.3 252 India and the Protection of Civilians 254 Introduction 24.1 254 Responsibility to Protect 24.2 255 The 2020 UN Security Council Debate on the Protection of Civilians 256 Norway and the Protection of Civilians 258 Introduction 25.1 258 The 2020 UN Security Council Debate on the Protection of Civilians 25.2 259 South Africa and the Protection of Civilians 262 26.1 Introduction 262 26.2 The 2020 UN Security Council Debate on the Protection of Civilians 263 The Future of Protecting Civilians 265 Enhancing the Protection of Civilians through the Law 266 Clarity and Normative Development of IHL 266 Making Refugee Law More Protective of Those Fleeing Armed 27.1.2 269 More Force or Less? 27.1.3 270 Enhancing the Protection of Civilians through Policy 271 State Policy on the Protection of Civilians 271 Organisational Policy on the Protection of Civilians 272 New Challenges to the Protection of Civilians 275 Urban Warfare 27.3.1 275 Cyber Operations 27.3.2 277

Contents

	² 7.3.3 ² 7.3.4		Power Conflict and Hybrid Warfare tion of the Environment	279 280
Concl	usion			282
Appendix 1	Overview of Relevant International Law			
	$A_{1.1}$	Introdi	uction	284
		A1.1.1	The Definition of a State	284
		A1.1.2	The Definition of an International Organisation	285
			The Definition of a Corporation	286
		A1.1.4	The Definition of a Non-State Actor	286
	A1.2	The So	ources of International Law	287
		A1.2.1	Treaties	287
		A1.2.2	Soft-Law Instruments	288



		Contents	xiii	
		A1.2.3 Customary International Law	290	
		A1.2.4 General Principles of Law	290	
	A1.3	Applicable International Legal Regimes	291	
	A1.4	The Relationship between International and Domestic Law	292	
Appendix 2	The Two Types of Armed Conflict under International Humanitarian			
	Law		294	
	A2.1	International Armed Conflict	294	
	A2.2	Non-international Armed Conflict	296	
	A2.3	Armed Conflicts May Exist in Parallel	297	
	A2.4	The Key Differences in Applicable Rules in Armed Conflicts	297	
	A2.5	The Prevalence of International and Non-international Armed	,,	
		Conflicts	297	
Index			300	



Foreword

Protecting civilians in conflicts is both a legal and a moral duty. Too often, civilians pay a high price for military confrontation. Historic conflicts, such as World War II, were characterised by disaster and human casualty. Twenty-first-century conflicts, such as in Syria, Ukraine, and Yemen, tend not to be much, if at all, better. In the foreseeable future, warfare and the use of force will most likely remain a reality in many parts of the world. Therefore, it is crucial that we strengthen our efforts to protect those who suffer from violence and conflict.

The international community has come a long way and achieved major normative progress. The fourth Geneva Convention of 1949, for instance, is specifically dedicated to civilians, thereby representing a cornerstone of well-established international law governing the protection of civilians. By the early 2020s, many international and regional organisations had adopted new or revised policies on the protection of civilians, thereby committing themselves to this cause and guiding their action. Switzerland and the United Kingdom also adopted national policies.

These normative developments play an important role for effectively protecting civilians, but the task remains difficult. Most twenty-first-century conflicts are protracted civil wars, whose complexities, including fighting among the civilian population, pose significant challenges to the belligerent parties and to actors engaged in protection. Radical acts of violence are specifically targeted at civilian populations and often conducted during times of peace. While renewed great power rivalry carries the risk of large-scale war, confrontation with multiple military and non-military means below the threshold of war is already now a reality. Such forms of warfare and new technologies, including cyber capabilities, add further complexities and unknowns for the protection of civilians.

Given these challenges, this book aims to support those who work on the protection of civilians and related issues. It is the result of serious efforts to better comprehend, analyse, consult, reflect, and offer insights into the vast normative framework on the protection of civilians. We hope, therefore, that the book brings greater clarity and will prove to be an invaluable instrument to all those seeking to protect civilians better at the local, national, regional, and global level. We also hope that the book advances reflections and ideas on the improvement of the normative framework and related practice.



xvi Foreword

The Geneva Centre for Security Policy (GCSP) will continue its efforts concerning the protection of civilians. The GCSP aims to serve other institutions and persons who are dedicated to protect those who deserve protection, especially the most vulnerable. Protecting civilians from violence and harm constitutes an integral part of the international community's mission to advance peace, security, and international cooperation. More broadly, an individual's right to protection is underpinned by the global architecture established in 1945 to maintain international peace and security. The four pillars of the United Nations – peace and security, human rights, the rule of law, and development – must all be brought to bear to this end. We must not relent but increase our efforts in this regard.

Ambassador Thomas Greminger Director, Geneva Centre for Security Policy



Preface

The 'protection of civilians' is essentially a concept consisting of a complex set of international law, policies, and practices by States, international organisations, and other key actors that aims to safeguard civilians against violence and other harm. At the same time, the protection of civilians (or PoC, as it is sometimes referred to) is also a political notion by which actors signal that they pay attention to civilian harm during armed conflicts and other disasters.

Protection of civilians is a longstanding concept that has undergone significant transformation in recent years. Since the first laws of warfare and even before, those engaged in fighting understood that the innocent should be spared (even if they did not always do so). More recently, the notion of the protection of civilians has broadened from the primary goal of not killing or injuring civilians during military operations to encompass efforts to actively protect them from suffering. Now more comprehensive in scope, protecting civilians has become an explicit goal of certain military and humanitarian missions conducted by States, international organisations, and non-governmental organisations (NGOs).

Today, there exists a swathe of international legal rules, policies, and practices that govern, guide, and aim to ensure the protection of civilians. The international legal framework has primarily been established in the post–World War II period. Practice on civilian protection has developed more recently, notably by increased efforts since the end of the Cold War, in particular by United Nations (UN) peace operations and humanitarian organisations. The last decade has brought several new or renewed policies on the protection of civilians, which guide the respective organisations' or States' actions.

In light of these developments, this book aims to expound and clarify the normative framework pertaining to the protection of civilians. In some ways, the concept was overshadowed in academic literature by debates on the related doctrine of responsibility to protect (R2P). Besides a few useful monographs, which, tend to focus on the protection of civilians in the framework of UN peace operations, existing literature largely sought to address specific legal questions, policies, or practices of specific organisations, or specific country cases. This was complemented by analyses of civilian casualties and civilian harm in warfare.



xviii Preface

To fill the broader gap in scholarship, this book endeavours to offer an in-depth analysis and explanation of the existing normative framework on the protection of civilians. It scopes the existing international law along with specific policies. Thereby, it addresses key controversies and challenges as well as the most relevant practice from the last decades. The aim is to support policymakers, diplomats, the military, scholars, practitioners, and students to better understand, implement, and further develop the protection of civilians. Indeed, for people suffering from armed conflict and other disasters it does not matter which law or policy is applied – what matters for them is that they receive protection. Yet, to safeguard them, their families, and their communities effectively, it is crucial to grasp and master the nuances of the tools at our disposal.

This work has benefited significantly from the insights and guidance of others, for which the authors are very grateful. The authors would like to especially thank the following for their valuable comments on a draft manuscript in an expert meeting at the Geneva Centre for Security Policy: Dr Simon Bagshaw, Senior Policy Advisor, Policy Section, Operations and Advocacy Division, United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA); Ms Danielle Bell, Chief, Human Rights Office, United Nations Assistance Mission for Iraq (UNAMI), and Representative, Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR); Dr Robin Coupland, former war surgeon and advisor, Legal Division, International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC); Ms Reka Dobri, Policy Officer, Directorate-General for European Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations, Unit C.1-Humanitarian Aid Thematic Policies, European Commission; Ms Regina Fitzpatrick, Protection of Civilians Team Leader, Policy and Best Practices Service, Policy, Evaluation and Training Division, UN Department of Peace Operations (UNDPO); Ms Alison Giffen, Director, Peacekeeping Program, Center for Civilians in Conflict (CIVIC); Mr David Haeri, Director, Division of Policy, Evaluation and Training, UNDPO; Mr Steven Hill, former Legal Advisor and Director, Office of Legal Affairs, NATO Headquarters; Ms Marla Keenan, Adjunct Senior Fellow, Transforming Conflict and Governance Program, The Stimson Center; Professor Patryk Labuda, Assistant Professor of International Criminal Law, Amsterdam Centre for International Law, Law School, University of Amsterdam; Mr Ralph Mamiya, Executivein-Residence Fellow, GCSP, and Non-Resident Advisor, International Peace Institute (IPI); Ms Erin Mooney, Senior Protection Adviser, UN Protection Capacity (ProCap), United Nations in Yemen; and Professor Mitt Regan, McDevitt Professor of Jurisprudence and Director, Center on Ethics and the Legal Profession, and Co-Director, Center on National Security and the Law, Law Center, Georgetown University. The authors would also like to thank Ms Altea Rossi, Programme Officer, GCSP, and Ms Chiara Giaccari, Junior Programme Officer, GCSP, for project support.

All involvement in the project by the experts mentioned above was in a purely personal capacity, and the views expressed in the book do not necessarily reflect those of anyone who provided input to, or commented on, earlier drafts. Any errors remaining are the responsibility of the authors alone.