

VISUAL CULTURE AND ARCTIC VOYAGES

In the mid-nineteenth century, thirty-six expeditions set out for the Northwest Passage in search of Sir John Franklin's missing expedition. The array of visual and textual material produced on these voyages was to have a profound impact on the idea of the Arctic in the Victorian imaginary. Eavan O'Dochartaigh closely examines neglected archival sources to show how pictures created in the Arctic fed into a metropolitan view transmitted through engravings, lithographs, and panoramas. Although the metropolitan Arctic revolved around a fulcrum of heroism, terror, and the sublime, the visual culture of the ship reveals a more complicated narrative that included cross-dressing, theatricals, dressmaking, and dances with local communities. O'Dochartaigh's investigation into the nature of the onboard visual culture of the nineteenth-century Arctic presents a compelling challenge to the 'man-versus-nature' trope that still reverberates in polar imaginaries today. This title is also available as Open Access on Cambridge Core.

EAVAN O'DOCHARTAIGH is a postdoctoral researcher funded by an SFI-IRC Pathway Programme Award at National University of Ireland Galway. Prior to this she was a Marie Skłodowska-Curie Individual Fellow at Umeå University in northern Sweden and a Government of Ireland Doctoral Scholar at National University of Ireland Galway. She has also worked as an archaeologist and archaeological illustrator in Ireland, Iceland, and the UK.



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Personal and Public Art and Literature of the Franklin Search Expeditions

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Abbreviations and Nomenclature

BL British Library, London

LAC Library and Archives Canada, Ottawa NLA National Library of Australia, Canberra NLI National Library of Ireland, Dublin

NMM National Maritime Museum, Greenwich, London

NRO Norfolk Record Office, Norwich RGS Royal Geographical Society, London RL Rubenstein Library, North Carolina

SPRI Scott Polar Research Institute, University of Cambridge

TNA The National Archives, London

TPL Toronto Public Library

The place names of the Arctic Regions that appear in historical records are generally different from those that are used today. In order to retain historical accuracy, when quoting from primary sources, I have retained peculiarities of spelling and used the historical place names given to the inlets, islands, and settlements of the Arctic by European explorers. Where possible, I have given the Indigenous or official name to settlements in parentheses. The word Esquimaux was commonly used in the nineteenth century to describe the Indigenous people of Greenland, Arctic Canada, and coastal Alaska. Tuski was used to refer to the Chukchi on the west side of the Bering Strait. Throughout this book, barring quotations, the Indigenous peoples of the Arctic are referred to as Chukchi (northeastern Russia), Yup'ik and Deg Hit'an (western Alaska), Iñupiat (northern and western Alaska), Gwich'in (north-eastern Alaska and Gwich'in Settlement Area, Canada), Inuvialuit (Inuvialuit Settlement Region, Canada), Inughuit (north-western Greenland), and Inuit (Nunavut, Canada and Greenland). The term *Inuit* is also sometimes used to refer to Iñupiat and Inuvialuit, in accordance with the charter



List of Abbreviations and Nomenclature

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of the Inuit Circumpolar Council. As the term *Inuit* means 'the people', it is never prefaced with 'the'. In keeping with the linguistic recommendation from Government of Canada's Translation Bureau, *Inuk* is used as the singular noun, and *Inuit* is the plural noun and the adjective.