

Index

- Aadhaar cards, 110
 agricultural/agriculture, 13, 16, 33, 42, 47,
 54–55, 59, 66, 188, 202, 205
 as biggest employer, 15
 decline in public investment, 32
 employment, 61*n*6, 68
 in Karnataka, 110, 118*n*3
 consumer price index, 145
 share of GDP, 75–77
 low incomes in, 14
 share in GDP, declining trend of, 48
 workers movement towards non-
 agricultural occupations, 49
 Ahmed, Zameer, 143, 166, 169
 amenities, basic, access to, 7, 12, 51, 112,
 116, 124, 126, 150, 153, 167, 171,
 193, 207
 anganwadis, 106–07, 150, 156, 171
 Ashrayanagar, 99–101, 103–04, 106–08,
 113–14, 117
 Asian Development Bank (ADB)
 *East Asian and Pacific Cities: Expanding
 Opportunities for the Urban Poor*,
 51
 Association for Promoting Social Action
 (APSA), 106, 112–13, 116
 Association for Promoting Social Action
 Swosahaya Sangha, 113
 Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban
 Transformation (AMRUT), 75
 Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP), 108, 114–15,
 117, 120*n*11
 Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP), 17, 109,
 113–16, 142–44, 147*n*9, 152, 156,
 206
 Bangalore city, 6–8, 13, 35, 43, 60, 75,
 79–80. *See also* Karnataka
 garments export (*see* garment[s]/garment
 industry)
 history, 14
 IT (*see* information technology [IT])
 political economy (*see* political
 economy)
 population, 80
 poverty (*see* poverty)
 public sector, 12, 14, 81–82, 86–87,
 89–90, 93*n*8
 regional disparities in, 68–71
 rise as India's Silicon Valley, 66
 slums (*see* slum[s])
 small scale industries sector (*see* sector,
 small-scale industries [SSI])
 urbanisation (*see* urbanisation)
 Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage
 Board (BWSSB), 109, 162–63,
 165
 Bangladesh, 18, 30, 35, 177, 199*n*9
 export-oriented apparel industry, 36
 Bardhan, Pranab, 32–33
 below poverty line (BPL), 6, 67, 115,
 127, 169
 Bengaluru Development Authority (BDA),
 118*n*1
 Benjamin, Solomon, 7–8, 149, 172, 204,
 218*n*1

- Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)-led National Democratic Alliance (NDA), 17
 biotechnology industry, 14, 16, 69, 81, 86
 Bangalore Bioinnovation Centre (BCC), 84–85
 Biotechnology Policy in 2001, 83
 in India, 83
 Karnataka Biotechnology and Information Technology Services (KBITS), 84
 Millennium Biotechnology Policies of 2014 and 2017, 83–84
 start-ups in Bangalore, 84–85
 B. R. Ambedkar Sangha, 113
 Bruhat Bangalore Mahanagara Palike (BBMP), 80, 102, 108, 113, 115–16, 118*n*1, 134, 136, 156, 158–61, 163
 Building and Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996, 110
 Building and Other Construction Workers Welfare Cess Act, 1996, 110
 Building and Other Construction Workers Welfare Cess Act of 2006, 111
 Byregowda, Krishna, 115
 Caldeira, Theresa, 2
 capital investment subsidy (CIS), 90
 caste(s), 3, 6, 15, 59, 114, 207, 211
 associations, 18, 116
 elite, 122
 group, 25
 slum-based associations, 99
 Cement Huts slum, 127, 133, 136–39, 169–72
 Centre for Human Genetics, 84
 Centre of Indian Trade Unions (CITU), 194
 Chamundinagar, 102–04, 106–09, 112–13, 116–17
 Chamundinagar Slum Nivasigala Sangha, 113
 Chatterjee, Partha, 12, 33–34, 37, 210, 218*n*1
 city(ies), 7, 14, 24, 42–43, 86, 96, 122.
 See also Bangalore city; slum
 First World, 2
 global, 1–4, 10, 124, 201–02
 inner, 6, 8, 17, 96, 123–24, 126, 143–44, 166, 202, 204, 206
 metropolitan, 13, 60
 modern, 6
 poverty of, 15
 pre-colonial, 2
 small, 46–47, 61*n*4, 73
 start-up culture, 16
 Third World, 1–2, 10
 western world, 3
 Civil Initiatives for Development (CIVIDEP), 192, 195
 civil society, 31, 36, 108, 112–16, 124, 135, 139–40, 173*n*1, 207–10
 class, 18, 33, 87, 104, 198
 analysis, 22
 -based inequities, 7
 capitalist, 7, 25
 configurations, 9
 conflict, 9
 informal professional in Global South cities, 4
 lower, 13, 17, 23, 37, 58, 91, 206, 209
 middle, 6, 66, 81, 98, 131, 154
 propertied, 39*n*9
 re-imagining, 214–17
 space-as-, 7
 upper, 1, 16, 116, 122, 202
 underclass, 205
 urban under, 9, 59, 122, 126, 132, 135, 144, 166, 172, 208
 working, 9, 14, 34, 102
 community(ies), 2, 26, 87, 98, 109, 118, 122, 137–38, 157–58, 160, 165–66, 173, 189–90, 201, 204, 206–09
 and agency, 206–08

- associations, 116
- construction worker, 111
- Dalit, 161
- gated, 104
- gentrified, 104
- migrant, 17, 105, 108, 110
- minority, 13
- organisations, 112
- rag-picking, 136
- rural, 201
- transitory, 118
- underprivileged, 122
- urban, 1, 6
- vulnerable, 5
- Congress-led United Progressive Alliance (UPA) government, 17, 31, 39ⁿ8
- construction, 5, 7, 14–16, 42, 47–50, 54–56, 60, 74, 89, 92, 98, 101, 109, 159–61, 163–64, 174ⁿ7, 179, 216
- industry, 17, 91, 100, 110–12, 119ⁿ6, 123–24, 130, 202
- sites, 17, 97, 101, 104, 106–07, 205, 210
- workers, 11, 13, 17, 34–35, 45–46, 101–03, 105, 123, 132, 157, 190, 213, 217
- Construction Workers Welfare Board, 12, 111
- Contract Labour Regulation and Abolition Act, 1970, 120ⁿ10
- Cornell-SEWA-WIEGO group, 57–58, 62ⁿ12
- COVID-19 pandemic, 46
- Dalitha Sangharsha Samiti, 113
- Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY), 187–88, 190
- democracy(ies), 15, 25, 34–37, 39ⁿ10, 206, 210
 - advanced industrial, 214
 - industrialised, 24
 - and labour, 34
 - post-war social-democracy-inspired welfare state, 22
 - social, 24
 - social-democracy-inspired industrial relations, 212
 - and states, 23
 - theorisations, 37
 - western, 2
- development, 1, 23, 29, 58, 79, 96–97, 124, 196, 201
 - economic, 52, 56, 77, 178, 204, 215
 - human, 30, 36, 66–68, 71–73, 103, 163, 202
 - industrial, 8–9, 46–47, 52, 215
 - infrastructural, 47, 75, 110, 152
 - market- and globalisation-led, 27
 - micro-enterprise, 51
 - post-colonial, 9
 - skill, 53, 141, 177
 - slum, 149–52, 190
 - of social opportunities, 27
 - state-sponsored schemes, 47
 - urban, 5
 - welfare human, 36
 - western, 201
- Devraj, R. V., 142–43
- East Asian crisis, 38ⁿ2
- economic, 3, 10, 26, 28, 43, 178, 211, 215–16
 - crisis of 2008, 24
 - deprivation, 44
 - developing countries/economies, 5, 25–26, 29–30, 47, 51, 56, 122, 178, 196, 201, 211, 215
 - distress, 45–46
 - dynamism, 6, 73, 85–86, 91–92, 123
 - exclusion, 13, 122
 - growth, 37–38, 39ⁿ10, 81, 91, 154, 158

- inequality, 59
- liberalisation, 27, 29–30
- marginalisation of migrants, 97
- mobility, 96, 98, 141, 144
- neoclassical, 30
- opportunities, 98
- policy(ies), 6, 13, 23, 31, 77
- polarisation, 4
- powers, 9
- reforms, 30, 81
- security, 126
- structures, 214
- Economic Survey of Karnataka*, 69, 79
- Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, 194
- Employees' State Insurance Scheme (ESI), 186
- employment, 4, 6–7, 12, 15, 18, 19*n*8, 25–26, 31–33, 43–44, 50, 57, 69, 98, 117, 123, 126, 131, 135, 151, 154–56, 178, 180–81, 187, 189, 190–91, 207–08, 210
 - agricultural, 16, 61*n*6, 68
 - casual wage, 123
 - contract, 89
 - decent, 124
 - factory-based, 177
 - formal, 51
 - generating economic policies, 23
 - industrial, 24, 42, 90–91
 - informal, 56, 59
 - institutional framework, 54
 - irregular, 37, 38*n*4, 157
 - manufacturing, 16, 48–49, 53, 60, 66, 176, 179
 - organised, 204
 - public sector, 90
 - rural non-farm, 61*n*5
 - salaried, 16, 78, 88–89, 139, 214
 - self-employment, 8, 10–11, 14–15, 24, 42, 55–56, 59–60, 88, 118*n*3, 131, 204–05, 212
 - services, 191
 - unregulated, 116, 203, 211
 - urban, 9, 16, 45, 60, 68, 75–80
- Employment Insurance Scheme, 38*n*4
- evictions, 7, 18, 98, 107–08, 114, 117, 143, 149, 153, 155, 158, 161, 166, 171
- EWS Housing Community, 159–61
- exclusion(s), 3, 6, 12, 14, 17, 59, 91–92, 123, 126, 128, 137, 207, 213
 - economic, 13, 122
 - permanent, 211
 - socio-economic, 1
 - spatial, 2, 7
 - structural/structured, 3, 18, 42, 58, 124, 212
 - urban, 1–2, 10
- Foundation for Educational Innovation in India (FEDINA), 192
- garment(s)/garment industry, 14, 17, 59, 67, 85, 140, 157, 203, 205, 212
 - exports, 196, 213
 - in Bangalore, 177, 182–86
 - collective action in, 192–95
 - industry, 36, 85–86
 - migrants, 187–91
 - ready-made (*see* ready-made garment [RMG] industry in India)
 - trade unions, 176, 178–79, 191
 - women workers, 132–33
 - workers, 6, 10, 13 (*see* workers)
 - working conditions, 86, 176, 179, 191, 196
- Garment Labour Union (GLU), 192, 199*n*6
- Garments and Textile Workers Union (GATWU), 177–78, 180–84, 192–95, 198*n*3, 198*n*4, 199*n*5, 216
- globalization, 3–4, 12–13, 22–27, 31, 39*n*6, 52, 58, 87, 91, 196, 203, 206, 211, 215, 217
- gross domestic district product (GDDP) of Bangalore, sectoral share, 87
- gross domestic product (GDP), 32, 42, 48–50, 66, 82, 176, 205
- gross state district product (GSDP) of Karnataka, 13, 68, 72–73, 75, 77, 82, 110
- growth rate, 66
- sectoral share, 76

- share of industry, 76
- share of manufacturing, 76
- in southern states, 73
- hakku patra*, 142–43, 156–57, 163, 165–66, 172–73, 174ⁿ9, 209
- Harriss, John, 31
- Harvey, David, 1
- Health Insurance Scheme, 38ⁿ4
- housing, 1–2, 7, 35, 81, 90, 97–98, 105, 108–10, 127, 154–55, 208
 - affordable, 51
 - in slums, 151–54
 - in-situ, 149
 - policies, 142, 150, 171–73
 - projects, 5–6, 8, 17–18, 142, 149–50, 203, 209
 - relocation, 17
 - schemes, 7, 152, 155–71, 174ⁿ11
 - Supreme Court judgements, 151, 153, 160–61
 - up-scale requirements, 91
- Housing and Urban Development Corporation Limited (HUDCO), 155
- inclusion, 6, 42, 57–58, 60, 122, 210
- India Employment Report* (Ajit Ghose), 52
- India: Urban Poverty Report 2009*, 47–48
- Indira Awaas Yojana, 151
- industry, 48, 59, 75–77. *See also*
 - biotechnology industry; information technology (IT)
 - apparel export, 11–12, 18, 36
 - automobile, 50
 - corporate, 14, 28, 51, 58
 - labour-intensive textile, 14
- informality, 3–5, 10–12, 17, 43, 53–55, 98, 144, 210–14
 - institutional framework of, 117
 - as structured exclusion, 42
 - theorizations, 55–60, 208, 210, 214–15
 - urban, 15
- information technology (IT), 3–4, 9, 32, 66, 73, 83, 85–86, 91, 104, 119ⁿ9, 131, 158, 179, 198, 204
- IT enabled services (ITES), 6, 31, 66–67, 81–82, 85–86, 91, 154, 192, 198
 - growth of, 32, 81, 91, 154, 198
 - in Bangalore, 13–14, 16, 68, 82–83, 110, 154, 205
 - in Karnataka, 66–67, 81, 110
 - industry, 69
 - knowledge-based, 31
 - manufacturing, 31
 - policy, 81–84, 86
 - public sector, 81–82, 86–87
 - revolution, 7, 13, 122, 124
 - share in India's GDP, 82
 - small scale, 83, 86
- Institute of Agro Bio Technology, 84
- Institute of Bioinformatics and Applied Biotechnology, 84
- Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) scheme, 106
- International Monetary Fund (IMF), 38ⁿ2
 - Poverty Reduction Strategy Papers (PRSPs) of, 26
- Inter State Migrant Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979, 120ⁿ10
- Janaagraha-Brown Citizenship Index report (2014), 7
- Janata Dal, 143
- Janata Dal (Secular) (JD[S]), 114, 166, 169
- Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission/Basic Services to Urban Poor (JNNURM/BSUP), 17, 108, 142, 149, 151–55, 157, 161, 170–71, 173ⁿ2
- Kanbur, Ravi, 57–58
- Karnataka, 6, 13, 45, 97, 118ⁿ3, 127, 150, 178, 202, 205. *See also* Bangalore city; gross state district product (GSDP) of Karnataka
 - construction industry in, 110–12
 - development, 83–84

225 Index

- employment structure in urban areas, 75–80
 female labour force participation rate (FLFPR) in, 196
 history, 14
 human development, 68, 70–73
 industrial strategy of, 69
 infant mortality rate, 92ⁿ²
 Innovate Karnataka policy, 83, 85
 labour-intensive textile industry dominated, 14
 Minimum Wage Notification 2018, 181
 political economy, 14, 16, 60
 poverty, 67, 71, 73, 80
 regional development, 154–71
 rural-to-rural migration in, 98–99
 social sector expenditure, 72
 urbanisation, 13, 70, 73–75
 Karnataka Building and Other Construction Workers Welfare Board, 111
 Karnataka Fiscal Responsibility Act 2002, 92–93ⁿ⁶
 Karnataka Garments Workers Union, 192, 199ⁿ⁶
Karnataka Human Development Report of 2005, 71
 Karnataka Industrial Policy (2014–19), 75
 Karnataka Slum Clearance Board (KSCB), 173ⁿ²
 Karnataka Slum Development Board (KSDP), 108–09, 173ⁿ¹, 173ⁿ²
 Karnataka State Highways Improvement Project, 119ⁿ⁹
 Karnataka State Small Industries Development Corporation (KSSIDC), 90
 Koramangala, 83, 143, 160–62, 164, 166, 172
 housing project in, 158–59
 Koramangala Slum Development Committee, 164
 Krishna, S. M., 77, 143
 K.S. Garden slum, 127, 129, 131, 133, 136, 139
 Kumar, Ananth, 113, 142
 Kumaraswamy, H. D., 114
 land, 16, 18, 38ⁿ³, 51, 81–82, 85, 89–90, 114, 124, 150, 152, 216
 agricultural, 33
 appropriation, 5
 -based balance of power, 166
 forest, 47, 109
 mafia, 5
 public, 99
 real estate, 6, 83, 87, 116, 142–43, 208
 right to, 33, 149, 153, 166
 -to-sky-rights, 149–50, 165, 170
 slum, 8, 127, 143, 146ⁿ², 171, 203
 urban, 5, 7, 18, 108, 152–54, 209
 and urban activism, 208–09
 value, 5
 labour/labourer, 4, 14, 16, 18, 78, 91, 93ⁿ⁷, 126, 128, 216
 abstract, 211
 activism, 216
 agricultural, 145
 camps, 123
 capital-labour conflict, 10
 casual, 53, 55
 child, 36, 119ⁿ⁶, 126, 169
 classes of, 212
 colonies, 47, 119ⁿ⁶
 contractors, 97
 coolie, 128–32, 133, 135, 138
 daily-wage, 170
 family, 56, 59–60, 128, 211
 formal, 212
 industrial, 24
 informal, 34, 59
 -intensive industrialisation, 52
 market, 27–29, 32, 37, 43, 47, 79
 migrant, 5, 10, 14, 46, 97–98, 116, 157, 201, 205
 non-factory, 212
 organised, 23, 212
 price of, 10

- salaried wage, 87
 - skilled, 98, 132
 - social, 10
 - unskilled, 124, 132, 157, 202
 - wage, 10, 212, 214
 - women, 36
- Lakshmidevi Nagar, Laggare, 155–58
- license raj, 26–27
- L. R. Nagar, 158–59, 161–64, 172, 173ⁿ³
- migrants/immigrants, 15, 42, 60ⁿ², 91, 98, 115, 123, 127, 132, 150, 156–59, 161, 172, 177–78, 180, 209
 - children of, 17, 43
 - circular, 96, 206
 - cyclical, 46, 202
 - illegal, 3, 14
 - inter-state, 43, 177
 - labour, 5, 10, 116, 201
 - long-duration, 45, 49
 - out-of-state migrants in RMG industry, 187–91
 - poverty of, 97, 124, 205
 - resourceless, 45
 - rural-urban, 43–44, 96
 - seasonal, 45, 97
 - settlements, 12, 17, 96
 - slums, 99–105
 - social and economic marginalisation of, 97
 - unauthorised, 24
 - women, 18, 177, 199ⁿ⁵
- migration, 100, 109, 126, 177–78, 189–90, 202
 - circular, 98, 201
 - cyclical, costs of, 46, 110, 201–02
 - debates on, 43–44, 48–49, 51–53, 97, 124
 - in-, 125
 - planned, 191
 - rural-to-urban, 98–99
 - seasonal, 44–45, 97–98
 - and urban poverty, 38, 43–46, 124
- Minimum Wages Act (1948), 180
- Minimum Wages Board, 180
- mobility, 8, 15, 17, 44, 117, 136, 155, 177, 188–89, 203–04
 - of capital, 3
 - channels of, 105–07
 - economic, 96, 98, 141, 144
 - hyper-, 3
 - inter-generational, 98
 - occupational, 119ⁿ⁵
 - short-duration, 98
 - social, 91, 126, 141, 144
 - socio-economic, 44, 126
- multinational companies (MNCs), 5, 81, 86, 141
- Mythri-Waste Wise initiative, 136–137
- Nandi Infrastructure Corridor Enterprises (NICE), 119ⁿ⁸, 119ⁿ⁹
- Narayanpura, 99–101, 104–08, 115–16
- National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), 119ⁿ⁹
- National Food Security Act, 39ⁿ⁸
- National Pension Scheme, 38ⁿ⁴
- National Rural Employment Generation Act (NREGA), 39ⁿ⁸
- National Rural Employment Generation Scheme (NREGS), 30
- National Sample Survey (NSS) (1999–2000), 44
- National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO), 61ⁿ¹¹, 93ⁿ⁷
- newly industrialising countries (NICs), 18, 24–25, 27, 29, 37
- New Trade Union Initiatives (NTUI), 192–193
- non-governmental organizations (NGOs), 7, 18, 23, 30, 58, 98, 106–08, 112–17, 132–34, 136–37, 139–41, 143, 155, 157, 159–62, 167, 176, 179, 192–93, 195, 207–10, 217
- old, poor, 12, 96, 124
- Panchayati Raj institutions (PRIs), 72
- Papanna Garden, 127, 129, 131

- Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS), 61*n*11
- political, 9, 24, 156
- action, 32
 - activism of informal workers, 34
 - agency, 15, 34–35, 38
 - autonomy, 23 (*see also* state autonomy)
 - bargaining, 157
 - democratisation, 27
 - economy, 5, 8, 12–16, 18, 25, 27, 29, 34, 38, 42, 48, 51, 60, 66, 68, 78, 96, 98, 123–24, 141–44, 204–06
 - institutions, 51
 - marginalisation, 198, 214
 - mobilisations, 10, 194
 - negotiation, 34
 - network, 158, 162, 209
 - parties, 28, 39*n*10, 81, 108, 112–18, 162, 176, 194, 216
 - powerlessness, 172
 - regimes, 28, 37–38
 - representation, 34, 36, 206–08
 - representatives, 98
 - society, 23, 33–35, 210
 - spaces, 36–37
- political economy(ies), 8, 12–13, 15–16, 25, 27, 34–35, 38, 42, 46, 48, 51, 60, 96, 98, 141, 144, 204, 206
- of Bangalore/Karnataka, 14, 18, 66–67, 123
- city of technology-led growth, 80–87
 - employment structure in Bangalore city, 87–92
 - public expenditure on human development, 71–73
 - regional disparities, 68–71
 - urban employment, structure of, 75–80
 - urbanisation, 73–75
- features of, 144, 205
- of NICs, 29
- of urban real estate, 5
- poverty, 1, 3, 19*n*7, 32–33, 60, 66, 104, 109, 118*n*4, 204
- of cities, 15, 42, 46
- income-, 207
- and inequality, 124, 196
- of migrants, 97, 124
- ratio of Kerala and Punjab, 92*n*1
- rural, 42, 96
- in slums, 131–133
- urban, 6, 12, 15–16, 38, 42–46, 48, 51, 53–55, 96–97, 124, 126, 214
- urbanisation of, 6, 15, 42, 71, 79
- Poverty Amid Plenty in the New India* (Atul Kohli), 32–33
- Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY), 17, 153
- Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana, 119*n*9
- precariat, concept of, 4, 51
- property, right to, 7, 124, 142, 149, 152–53, 155, 157, 166, 171, 209
- public distribution system (PDS), 109, 113
- Rajagopal Gardens, 127, 129
- Rajeev Awas Yojana (RAY), 17, 149, 151–55, 163, 167, 169–71, 173*n*3
- Ramanna Garden, 127, 129, 131, 139, 166–68
- ready-made garment (RMG) industry in India, 177–84, 187, 191–96, 198*n*2, 216. *See also* Bangalore city
- Recognition of Forest Rights, 39*n*8
- rights, 31, 34, 36, 58, 110, 115, 124, 142, 149–50, 152–53, 155–56, 160, 163–66, 168, 170, 172, 208–09, 214, 216–17
- based capitalist developmental state, 24
 - collective bargaining, 91
 - social, 22
- Right to Education Act (2009), 38*n*8, 112
- Right to Information, 39*n*8
- Rural Infrastructure Development Fund scheme, 119*n*9
- rural non-farm employment (RNFE), 75
- Samatha Nagar slum, 158–59, 164–66, 172, 173*n*3
- Samatha Sainik Dala (SSD), 116, 161

- Sanyal, Kalyan, 10, 58–59, 172, 211–13, 218ⁿ¹
- Sarva Shiksha Avignyan (SSA) scheme, 106–07
- Scheduled Castes (SCs), 13, 44, 98–99, 112, 127, 188
- Scheduled Tribes (STs), 13, 44, 99, 112, 188
- sector(s), 4, 9, 13, 17, 50, 103–05, 110
- agriculture, 48, 202
 - automobile, 86
 - capital-and knowledge-intensive, 52
 - construction, 48, 97–98
 - corporate, 14, 28, 51, 58
 - farm, 66
 - formal, 29, 56, 58, 210
 - garment, 18, 86
 - informal, 7, 18, 25, 28, 34–35, 56–59, 89, 204, 208, 210–11, 214, 217
 - IT, 115, 131
 - manufacturing, 42, 48–52, 59, 77, 117, 123, 144, 176, 216
 - organised, 48, 55, 215
 - private, 5, 10, 12, 14, 27, 30, 35, 47, 55–56, 82, 118, 131, 135, 153, 214–15
 - public, 10, 12, 14, 33, 35, 55–56, 82, 87, 90, 214
 - regulated, 56
 - ready-made garment (RMG) industry in India (*see* ready-made garment [RMG] industry in India)
 - secondary, 16
 - services, 16–17, 19ⁿ⁸, 24, 32, 37, 46, 48, 50, 66, 69, 75, 97, 123, 136, 141, 144
 - small-scale industries (SSI), 14, 16, 77–78, 81–82, 87, 90–91, 93ⁿ⁹, 123, 205
 - social, 26, 66, 68, 72–73
 - self-help groups (SHGs), 113, 207
- Sen, Amartya, 26–27, 30, 35–36
- Shah, Alpa, 45
- slum(s), 13, 45, 92, 96–98, 118ⁿ¹, 118ⁿ⁴, 202–03. *See also* urban; urbanisation
- associations, 18, 99, 115
 - based local economies, 8
 - case studies of housing projects in
 - Cement Huts slum, 169–71
 - EWS housing community, 159–61
 - Koramangala, 158–59
 - Lakshmi Devi Nagar, Laggare, 155–58
 - L. R. Nagar, 161–64
 - Ramanna Garden, 166–68
 - Samatha Nagar, 164–66
 - claim for right to property on slum land, 7
 - civil society in, 112–16
 - committees, 116
 - diversity in, 133–39
 - dwellers, 18, 33, 91, 99, 112, 115, 19ⁿ⁵, 149–50
 - education of children, 105–07
 - future of, 139–41
 - households, 91
 - housing and basic services, 108–10, 149, 151–55
 - and conflicting interest of urban poor, 171–73
 - income in, 127–31
 - in inner city, 6, 8, 17, 206
 - in situ housing, 149, 151–52, 155, 158, 161–64, 167, 172
 - land, 7–8
 - leaders, 99, 112
 - livelihoods in, 8, 91, 127–31
 - marginalised communities in, 6
 - migrant, 99–105
 - mobility in, 105–07, 203–04
 - new, 96–118
 - older, 17, 122–46, 209
 - peripheral, 6
 - political parties in, 112–16, 142–44
 - politics in, 112–16

229 Index

- poverty in, 126, 131–33
- poverty line estimation, 144–46
- redeveloped/redevelopment, 17, 150
- rehabilitation projects, 6
- relocation of, 149, 155
- resistance, 8
- third generation households, 12
- in Third world cities, 1
- upgradation, 51
- youth in, 141
- social, 10, 29, 59, 211
 - benefits, 118
 - connections, 134
 - contacts, 144, 203
 - democratic parties, 214
 - democracy, 22, 24, 212
 - groups, 216
 - identities, 3, 10, 13, 217
 - institutions, 26
 - insurance, 11–12, 15, 23–25, 28, 37, 42, 49, 56, 58, 78, 131, 213, 217
 - marginalisation, 1
 - mobility, 126
 - networks, 139, 158, 187
 - opportunities, 27
 - prestige, 123
 - protection, 217
 - sector expenditure, 72–73
 - security, 8, 11, 28, 35, 91, 157, 210
 - services, 50
 - science, 22, 201
 - value, 10 there is a reference to this in the conclusion (Not able any reference of this entry in conclusion)
 - welfare, 37
- South, 67–68, 72
 - Africa, 57, 207
 - Asia, 18, 19ⁿ⁷, 26, 31, 35, 37, 198ⁿ¹, 201–02
 - Global, 1–5, 9, 122, 176
 - Korea, 28–29, 38ⁿ³, 38ⁿ⁴, 39ⁿ⁶, 52
- space(s), 4, 14, 37, 43, 59, 61ⁿ⁴, 117, 123, 127, 143, 149, 151, 157, 160, 195, 197–98, 202, 208, 216
 - as-citizenship, 7
 - of autonomy of dependent states, 9
 - economic marginality, 3
 - exclusion, 1–2, 17
 - market- and private-capital-led, 14
 - material, 19ⁿ²
 - of political autonomy, 23
 - public, 109
 - relational, 19ⁿ²
 - relative, 19ⁿ²
 - of state autonomy, 27
 - for subaltern associational activities, 33
 - transformation, 7
 - urban, 5–7, 75
- state(s), 4–5, 11–12, 98, 103, 107, 116, 118, 158, 160, 162–64, 166–67, 188, 198, 209–10, 212–13. *See also* gross state district product (GSDP) of Karnataka
 - authoritarian, 27
 - autonomy, 15, 23, 29–35
 - bureaucracies, 55
 - capitalist developmental, 23, 25–29
 - democratic, 33
 - developmental, 15, 22–25, 36–37, 47
 - policies, 13
 - regulations, 15
 - sponsored housing projects, 1, 108, 150
 - supported capitalism, 38
 - welfare, 34, 214–215
- Stree Shakthi Sanghas, 113
- structural adjustment programmes (SAPs), 26
- structure, 15, 37–38, 131, 136–37, 143–44, 167, 173, 180, 184, 197, 201, 209–10, 212, 214–15
 - of assets, 155
 - of capitalism/capitalist, 32, 58–60
 - economic, 9, 24–25, 56, 117, 214
 - of employment in Bangalore city, 87–92

- governance, 2, 204
- informal, 12, 60
- structural exclusion, 8, 18, 124
- structural transformation, 15, 42, 48–51, 61*n*6
- of urban employment, 15–16, 60, 68, 75–80
- Taiwan, 38*n*3, 39*n*6
 - economic liberalisation reforms in, 29
 - privatisation of SOEs by Koumintang (KMT), 28
- Tax Reform Commission, 92*n*6
- theorisation, 1, 23–24, 29, 32–33, 37, 60, 208, 210, 214–15
 - of capitalist developmental state, 37
 - informality/informal sector, 18, 59
 - on urban space, 6
 - welfare, 25
 - western, 2
- theory(ies), 10, 212
 - dependency, 9
 - on informality, 55–60
 - Marxist, 9, 22, 39*n*9, 56, 59
 - migration, 201
 - modernisation, 201
 - structuralist, 9, 39*n*9
 - urban/urbanisation, 1–5, 201
 - world systems, 1, 9
- United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)
 - report on Adjustment with a Human Face, 26
- unity of the worker, concept of, 3
- urban, 5, 66–67, 71, 73–74, 87, 188
 - activism, 208–209
 - deprivation, 7, 12, 117, 126, 157, 206
 - development, 5
 - economic inequalities, 9
 - employment, 15, 75–80, 87
 - exclusion, 1–2, 10
 - inequalities, 3, 122
 - informality, 8, 15, 59
 - land (*see* land)
 - livelihoods, 5, 92, 210
 - lower classes, 14
 - marginality, 1, 6–7, 11, 13
 - opportunities, 117, 123
 - political economy, 15, 18, 51
 - poor, 3, 5–6, 8, 11, 13, 38, 91, 116, 143, 150–53, 158, 163, 171–73, 206
 - poverty (*see* poverty, urban)
 - renewal, 154
 - slums, 109, 119*n*4
 - space, 5–6
 - theories, debate on, 1–5
 - underclass, 6, 9, 18, 34, 59, 126, 132, 135, 144, 166, 207–08
- Urban Development Policy Report*, 74
- vulnerabilities, 4, 10, 217
- workforce, 51, 68, 97, 177
- working class, 9
- urbanisation, 5, 46–47, 71, 151, 189, 201–02
 - gains of, 43
 - growth rate of, 60–61*n*3, 75, 205
 - in Karnataka, 71, 73–75
 - narrowness of, 13, 15, 42
 - peripheral, 2
 - of poverty, 6, 71, 79
 - small cities and towns, 46–47
- urban local bodies (ULBs), 72, 149, 153–54
- Valmiki Ambedkar Awas Yojana (VAMBAY), 109, 151, 155
- Veerupakshanagar, 99–101, 104–06, 115
- Vinobha Nagar, 127, 129, 142
- voluntary retirement scheme (VRS), 77, 89
- wage(s), 15, 17, 34–36, 42, 51, 53–54, 80, 86–88, 91, 110, 118, 128, 170, 176–79, 182–83, 186, 190–93, 202, 205, 208–09, 216–17
 - casual, 11, 55, 59, 78, 123, 204
 - centrality of, 9–10
 - contract, 204
 - daily-wage earners, 24, 78, 99, 118*n*3
 - informal, 10, 59
 - low-wage work, 8
 - minimum or statutory, 4, 12, 18, 49–50, 56–57, 78, 89, 100–02, 111, 181–82, 193–94, 196

- state-appointed board, 12
- work, 60, 210–214
- waste pickers, 11, 123, 127, 136, 138, 202
- work, 13, 47, 101–05, 107, 110–11, 114, 116–17, 128, 130–31, 135–38, 140–41, 144, 151, 164–65, 177–79, 182–93, 195, 197, 206, 208–09
- availability, 35, 97, 126
- casual, 10, 16, 68, 88, 123
- contract/contractual, 4, 12, 48, 90
- domestic, 5, 50, 89, 91, 216
- fixed-term, 78
- full-time, 123
- home-, 55
- informal, 11–13, 15, 18, 25, 38, 42, 50, 55, 59–60, 123, 157, 204, 216–17
- insecure, 4, 12
- irregular, 24
- low-paying/wage, 8, 17
- part-time, 24, 123
- related-insurance, 118
- salaried, 11, 15
- seasonal, 98
- short-term, 78
- unpaid over-time, 36
- unregulated, 50
- unskilled traditional, 5
- wage, 10, 60, 91, 210–14
- welfare, 207
- workers, 6, 34, 45, 99, 118, 128, 201–02, 208, 210
- call centres, 5
- casual, 78, 80
- construction, 34, 45–46, 50, 100, 102–03, 105, 112, 119ⁿ⁶, 123–24, 157, 164–65, 190–92, 213, 217
- contract, 12, 56, 90, 147ⁿ⁷
- domestic, 17, 123, 132, 165, 203
- formal, 34
- garment, 177–78, 181–87, 193–98
- industrial, 35, 39ⁿ¹⁰, 52, 215
- informal, 12, 18, 28, 34–38, 57–58, 60, 78, 173, 211–12, 216–17
- irregular, 24
- manual, 7–8
- migrant, 50, 97–98, 107, 110
- non-regular, 28
- part-time, 146ⁿ³
- permanent, 12
- regular, 28, 44, 93ⁿ¹⁰
- self-employed, 28, 217
- semi-skilled, 60, 66
- service, 11, 91
- skilled, 82, 101, 183
- social, 36
- sweatshop, 3
- urban, 42, 53–54, 78
- unionised, 193
- unskilled, 11, 15, 17, 18, 24–25, 48, 50, 54, 60, 66, 100, 103, 123
- women, 36
- World Bank, 15, 26, 43, 51–52, 97, 119ⁿ⁹, 197ⁿ⁷