

## Contents

<i>List of Figures</i>	<i>page</i> xi
<i>Acknowledgements</i>	xiii
<i>List of Abbreviations</i>	xvii
<b>1 Introduction</b>	1
1.1 Key Issues	1
1.2 Definitions	6
1.2.1 Environment	6
1.2.2 Human Rights	7
1.2.3 Environmental Rights	10
1.3 The Argument in a Nutshell	11
1.3.1 Environmental Human Rights	13
1.3.2 Principles of the Framework	15
1.3.3 Practical Viability	18
1.3.4 Beyond the European Convention	22
1.3.5 Contributions to Environmental Regulation	24
1.4 Methodology	25
1.4.1 European Convention on Human Rights	26
1.4.2 African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	30
1.4.3 Inter-American Human Rights	31
1.4.4 International Covenants	31
1.4.5 Conclusion	31
<b>PART I INTRODUCING THE ENVIRONMENTAL MINIMUM</b>	
<b>2 Environmental Human Rights</b>	35
2.1 Environmental Harm as a Threat to Human Rights	35
2.2 The Normative Claims of Environmental Human Rights	40

2.2.1	Human Dignity and Autonomy	41
2.2.2	Future Generations and Participation	43
2.2.3	Rights of Nature	45
2.3	Scepticism	48
2.3.1	Vagueness	48
2.3.2	Conflicts	52
2.4	Summary	56
<b>3</b>	<b>The Environmental Minimum</b>	59
3.1	Specific Risk Principle	60
3.1.1	Environmental Harm	60
3.1.2	Recognised Human Right	61
3.1.3	Reasonable Hypothesis	67
3.2	Minimum Standards	69
3.2.1	Legal Standards	69
3.2.2	Established Standards	81
3.2.3	Emerging Standards	83
3.2.4	Objections to Adjudication	92
3.2.5	Summary	104
3.3	Evidence	106
3.3.1	Burden of Proof and Causality	106
3.3.2	Evaluation of Scientific Evidence	109
3.4	Remedies	114
3.4.1	Legal Standards	114
3.4.2	Established Standards	116
3.4.3	Emerging Standards	116
3.5	Summary	117

PART II THE ENVIRONMENTAL MINIMUM UNDER THE ECHR

<b>4</b>	<b>Specific Risk Principle</b>	123
4.1	Environmental Cases	123
4.1.1	Data Analysis	123
4.1.2	Convention Articles	129
4.2	Doctrinal Analysis	131
4.2.1	Early Environmental Cases	134
4.2.2	Modern Interpretation	140
4.2.3	Limitations	152
4.3	Summary	154

*Contents*

ix

<b>5 Reasonable Hypothesis</b>	156
5.1 Victim Status	156
5.2 Environmental Cases	159
5.3 Limitations	163
5.4 Summary	167
<b>6 Minimum Standards</b>	169
6.1 Legal Standards	169
6.1.1 Good Faith Regulation	169
6.1.2 Enforcement	172
6.2 Established and Emerging Standards	175
6.3 Limitations	178
6.3.1 Absence of Legal Standards	178
6.3.2 Lack of Consistent Enforcement	180
6.4 Summary	182
<b>7 High Priority</b>	184
7.1 Environmental Cases	184
7.1.1 Data Analysis	184
7.1.2 Doctrinal Analysis	189
7.2 Limitations	192
7.2.1 Economic Benefits	192
7.2.2 Margin of Appreciation Doctrine	194
7.3 Summary	198
<b>PART III BEYOND THE EUROPEAN CONVENTION</b>	
<b>8 International Protection Regimes</b>	203
8.1 The UN Covenants	203
8.2 African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights	206
8.3 American Convention on Human Rights	209
8.4 Summary	213
<b>9 Environmental Constitutionalism</b>	215
9.1 South Africa	216
9.1.1 Scope of Protection	218
9.1.2 Limitations	223
9.2 Germany	230
9.2.1 Scope of Protection	231
9.2.2 Limitations	236
9.2.3 Air Pollution Litigation	238
9.3 Summary	241

**PART IV BEYOND HUMAN RIGHTS LAW**

<b>10</b>	<b>Environmental Regulation</b>	247
10.1	Regulations to Protect the Ozone Layer	248
10.2	Asbestos and the Three Pathologies	249
10.3	Contemporary Air Pollution	255
10.3.1	Regulatory Inertia	256
10.3.2	Industry Resistance & Regulatory Complicity	257
10.4	Summary	261
<b>11</b>	<b>International Environmental Law</b>	263
11.1	Climate Change	265
11.1.1	Causality	266
11.1.2	Temporal Constraints	272
11.1.3	Geography	273
11.1.4	Global Rights Commitment	274
11.1.5	Conclusion	275
11.2	Enforcement and Sustainable Development	275
11.3	Summary	280
<b>12</b>	<b>Conclusion and Outlook</b>	282
<i>Appendix: Data Methodology</i>		289
<i>Bibliography</i>		301
<i>Index</i>		321