LEARNING EMPIRE

The First World War marked the end point of a process of German globalization that began in the 1870s, well before Germany acquired a colonial empire or extensive overseas commercial interests. Structured around the figures of five influential economists who shaped the German political landscape, Learning Empire explores how their overseas experiences shaped public perceptions of the world and Germany’s place in it. These men helped to define a German liberal imperialism that came to influence the “World Policy” (Weltpolitik) of Kaiser Wilhelm, Chancellor Bülow, and Admiral Tirpitz. They devised naval propaganda, reshaped Reichstag politics, were involved in colonial and financial reforms, and helped define the debate over war aims in the First World War. Looking closely at German worldwide entanglements, Learning Empire recasts how we interpret German imperialism, the origins of the First World War, and the rise of Nazism, inviting reflection on the challenges of globalization in the current century.

ERIK GRIMMER-SOLEM is Professor in the Departments of History and German Studies at Wesleyan University. He is the author of numerous works including The Rise of Historical Economics and Social Reform in Germany (2003). He was a University of Chicago Harper Fellow and has received awards from the Fritz Thyssen Foundation and the Leverhulme Trust as well as two distinguished teaching prizes from Wesleyan University. His research on the Wehrmacht’s involvement in the Holocaust was discussed in the newsweekly Der Spiegel and debated in German parliament in 2014.
LEARNING EMPIRE

Globalization and the German Quest for World Status, 1875–1919

ERIK GRIMMER-SOLEM

Wesleyan University
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# ABBREVIATIONS

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BArch K</td>
<td>Bundesarchiv Koblenz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BArch L</td>
<td>Bundesarchiv Lichterfelde</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BArch M</td>
<td>Bundesarchiv Militärarchiv, Freiburg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BdI</td>
<td>Bund der Industriellen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BPL</td>
<td>Boston Public Library</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDI</td>
<td>Centralverband deutscher Industrieller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNN HA</td>
<td>Historisches Archiv, Germanisches Nationalmuseum, Nuremberg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPEK</td>
<td>Große Politik der Europäischen Kabinette</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GStA PK</td>
<td>Geheimes Staatsarchiv preußischer Kulturbesitz, Berlin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HAPAG</td>
<td>Hamburg-Amerikanische Paketfahrt-Aktien-Gesellschaft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HHStA</td>
<td>Hessisches Hauptstaatsarchiv, Wiesbaden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HUB UA</td>
<td>Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Universitätsarchiv</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JbbfNS</td>
<td>Jahrbücher für Nationalökonomie und Statistik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JbfGVV</td>
<td>Jahrbuch für Gesetzgebung, Verwaltung und Volkswirtschaft im Deutschen Reich (after 1913 Sf)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOAG</td>
<td>Mitteilungen der Ostasiatischen Gesellschaft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NDL</td>
<td>Norddeutscher Lloyd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NL</td>
<td>Nachlass (papers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAG</td>
<td>Ostasiatische Gesellschaft (Deutsche Gesellschaft für Natur- und Völkerkunde Ostasiens)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OHL</td>
<td>Oberste Heeresleitung (Supreme Army Command)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA AA</td>
<td>Politisches Archiv des Auswärtigen Amts, Berlin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PNF BW</td>
<td>Privatnachlass Familie Barthold C. Witte, Bonn-Bad Godesberg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RMA</td>
<td>Reichsmarineamt (Imperial Navy Office)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SBB</td>
<td>Staatsbibliothek Berlin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SdV S</td>
<td>Schriften des Vereins für Socialpolitik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sf</td>
<td>Schmollers Jahrbuch (before 1913 JbfGVV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPD</td>
<td>Sozialdemokratische Partei Deutschlands (Social Democratic Party)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUB</td>
<td>Staats- und Universitätsbibliothek Hamburg</td>
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<td>Abbreviation</td>
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<tr>
<td>StaHH</td>
<td>Staatsarchiv Hamburg</td>
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<tr>
<td>StenBerVR</td>
<td>Stenographische Berichte über die Verhandlungen des Deutschen Reichstages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WIA</td>
<td>Warburg Institute Archives, London</td>
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<tr>
<td>YUL MA</td>
<td>Yale University Library, Manuscripts and Archives</td>
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