

Index

- ‘Abbādān, 127, 194
 Abbasid caliphate/dynasty
 (132–656/749–1258), 75, 78,
 138, 194, 204, 221
 ‘Abd Allāh ibn ‘Abbās, 110
 ‘Abd al-Malik ibn Ḥabīb, 51, 189
 ‘Abd al-Raḥīm ibn ‘Alī al-Baysānī al-
 ‘Asqalānī, known as al-Qāḍī
 al-Fāḍil, 222, 223
 ‘Abd al-Raḥmān ibn ‘Amr al-Awzā‘ī, 54,
 207
 ‘Abd al-Raḥmān ibn ‘Amr al-Awzā‘ī, 23
 Abode of Covenant, 20, 54, 55, 60, 138
 Abode of Islam, 11, 18, 20, 24, 38, 41, 51,
 54, 55, 56, 57, 68, 88, 89, 106,
 116, 136, 140, 141, 144, 146,
 149, 152, 157, 159, 165, 167,
 168, 177, 178, 179, 196, 203,
 207, 214, 215, 216, 217, 221
 Dār al-Islām, 54, 55, 207
 Abode of War, 20, 55, 56, 57, 58, 88, 116,
 146, 181, 183, 213
 Abode of Infidels or Unbelief (Kufr), 55
 Dār al-Ḥarb, 54, 146, 147, 207
 Abū ‘Abd Allāh Muḥammad ibn ‘Alī ibn
 al-Ḥasan al-‘Alawī, 54
 Abū ‘Abd Allāh Muḥammad ibn Hudhayl,
 known as al-Azraq, 64
 Abū al-Fāḍil al-Mālik ibn Yahyā ibn Abī
 al-Sadād, 186
 Abū al-Ḥasan Muḥammad ibn Khalaf
 al-Qābisī, jurist, 121
 Abū al-Walid Muḥammad ibn Aḥmad ibn
 Muḥammad Ibn Rushd/
 Averroës, 177
 Abū ‘Amr ‘Āmir ibn Sharāḥīl al-Sha‘bī, 23
 Abū Bakr al-Ṣiddīq, 44
 Abū Bakr Muḥammad ibn Yahyā, 148
 Abū Ḥanīfa al-Nu‘mān ibn Thābit, 23, 54,
 109, 112, 118, 177, 203, 206
 Abū Ibrāhīm Ishāq ibn Muḥammad ibn ‘Alī,
 governor of the Balearic Islands,
 68
 Abū Ishāq al-Fazārī, 23
 Abū Ja‘far Muḥammad ibn Jarīr al-Ṭabarī,
 jurist & historian, 46
 Abū Zakariyya Yahyā ibn Sharaf al-Nawawī,
 jurist, 113
 Abū Zayd al-Sīrāfi, 143
 Abyssinia, 200, 201
 acculturation, 14
adat (Malay customary law), 85
 Aden, 76, 86, 117, 128, 139, 173, 192,
 193
 Adhruf, Syria, 43
 admiral, 101
 administrative duties, 124
 classical Arabic terms denoting admiral
 ‘*alā al-baḥr* (governorship of the sea),
 123
 amīr al-baḥr (prince of the sea), 101,
 123, 124
 amīr al-sāḥil (governor of the coast),
 124

Index

271

- ṣāhib al-thughūr al-baḥriyya*
 (commander of the maritime
 frontiers), 123
- ṣāhib ḡbazw al-baḥr* (commander of
 maritime expeditions), 124
- wilāyat ḡhāziyat al-baḥr* (governor of
 maritime expeditions), 123
- wilāyat thaghr al-baḥr* (governor of the
 maritime frontier), 124
- classical Arabic terms denoting admiral
ṣāhib al-baḥr (commander of the sea/
 fleet), 123
- distinctive traits, 124
- medieval European terms denoting
 admiral
admiralis, 101
admiratus stolii, 101
amiratus, 101
- territorial jurisdiction
 coastal frontiers, 124
 offshore sovereignty, 166
- Afonso de Albuquerque, 137, 139, 216
- Africa, 1, 2, 77
 East Africa, 78, 81
 Horn of Africa, 214
 North Africa, 70
 South Africa, Cape of Good Hope, 138
- Aḥmad ibn Ḥanbal, 112
- Aḥmad ibn Mājid, 2, 103, 105, 185
- Aḥmad ibn Yaḥyā al-Balādhuri, 46, 201
- ‘Akkā/Acre, 26, 70, 72, 88, 97
- ‘Alā’ ibn al-Ḥaḍramī, 50
- Al-Aqṣā Mosque, 117
- Aleppo, 70
- Alexandria, 71, 142, 154, 156, 184
- Alfonso X of Castile and Leon, 211
- Almohads (515–668/1121–1269)
 limited access of foreign ships to ports,
 131
 protection of Pisan ships at sea, 70
 sovereignty over offshore maritime zone,
 129
- ‘Alqama ibn al-Mujazziz, 50
- Amalfi, 160, 161
- amān* (safe-conduct), 6, 44, 47, 52, 53, 56,
 57, 58, 59, 60, 89, 90, 91, 92,
 115, 138, 166, 178, 179, 183,
 190, 196, 200, 217
- duration, 58
- types
amān ‘amm (general safe-conduct), 57
amān khāṣṣ (particular/private safe-
 conduct), 57
- ‘Amr ibn al-‘Ās, 53
- animal, 31, 33, 35, 120, 125, 178
- Antioch, 63, 156
- Arabia, 77, 107, 109, 117, 216, 217
- Arabian Peninsula, 110, 112, 144,
 221
- Aragon
 flagged vessels, 66
 fleet
 Admiral Roger de Lauria, 102
 naval raid on Almería, 65
- kings
 Alfonso el Batallador (Alfonso I), 148
 Alfonso III, 64, 68, 130, 132, 172, 198,
 200
 Jaime (James) II, 64, 65, 66
 James I the Conqueror of Arago-
 Catalonia, 64, 148
- safe-conduct (*ḡuyage*), 138
- treaties
 Granada-Aragon peace treaty 721/
 1321 (renewed 713/1313), 69
 Mamluk-Aragon 689/1290 treaty, 172,
 198
- Arsūf, 125
- Arthashastra*, 30
- artificial waterway, 118, 178, 184
 artificial channel, 130
- Ashhab ibn ‘Abd al-‘Azīz al-Qaysī, 120,
 123
- Asia Minor, 144
- ‘Asqalān/Ascalon, 125
- ‘Aydhāb, 193
- Aylah, 23, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50,
 66, 67, 69, 93, 110, 115, 216
- Ayyubids (568–648/1173–1250), 76
- Azdūd, 125
- Baghdad, 75, 137, 221
- Baḥr al-Ṣin (Chinese Sea), 92
- Bahrain/al-Baḥrayn, 50, 137
- baḥriyyūn* (Sailors’ Union of Bajjāna/
 Pechina), 105, 106, 127
- bailli*, 131, 132, 162, 172
- Bajānis/Bajañi
 maritime sovereignty, 166
- Bajjāna/Pechina, 105, 106, 127, 186
- Baldus de Ubaldis, 99, 103, 165
- Banū Ghāniya, Balearic Islands, 68, 130

272 Index

- Banū Idrīs (Idrisid dynasty
 172–363/788–974), 127
- Barqa, 186, 190, 195
- Bartolus of Sassoferrato, 99, 103, 165
 treatise, *Commentaria in Corpus Juris
 Civilis (Commentary on the
 Civil Law)*, 103
- Bašra, 50, 127, 194, 195
- Béjaïa/Bougie, Algeria, 131
- Bible, 8, 205
 Ezekiel, 27
 Genesis, 33
- Bohemond VII, the Prince of Antioch, 63
- Burullus, 120, 121
- Byzantine
 army, 42
 artisans, 114
 castle, 178
 citizens, 52
 Constantinople, 93, 136, 149, 155, 160
 ancient Byzantium, 135
 Genoese merchant community, 197
 Imperial precinct (*praitōrion*), 149
logothetēs tou dromou (acting as the
 “Minister of Foreign Affairs”),
 160
masjid (mosque), 149
 Muslim *mitaton* (Dār al-Balāt), 149
 Venetian magistrates, 160
- emperors
 Alexios III Angelos, 160
 Alexios I Komnenos, 160
 Constantine IX Monomachus, 130
 Justinian I, 27, 96, 136, 209
 Michael VIII Palaeologus, 134, 135,
 171, 197
- empire, 92, 125, 135, 160
- frontier, 149
- hagiography, 183, 184
- imperial financial system, 44
- jurists, 102, 192, 209
- law
 Basilika, 72
Corpus Juris Civilis, 7, 8, 27, 96, 165
Institutes, 7, 8, 97
 legal codices, 16, 72, 96
- maritime
 commercial vessels, 53, 68, 183
 domain, 135, 136
 dominion, 29
dromon, 173
 general average rules, 210
 hegemony, 20
 Mediterranean (Baḥr al-Rūm), 92, 93,
 160
 sovereignty, 93
 supremacy, 93
 nationals, 197
 plaintiff, 160
 provinces, 194
 reign, 27, 92
 Rūm/Greeks, 93, 120
 sovereignty, 93
stratēgos, 123
 targets, 178
 territorial sea, 197
 territories, 13, 93, 153
 trade activities with the Muslim world,
 183
 treaties, 132, 134, 136, 171, 172,
 197
- Cairo Geniza, 3, 119, 142, 172, 173, 190,
 195
- Cairo/Fustāt, 75, 130, 142, 144, 156, 157,
 163
- Calicut, 1, 2, 3, 144, 185, 217
 Arabic Qālīqūt, 1
- Cannanore/Kannur, 4
- Cape of Good Hope, 206
- captain (*nākhūdhahnakhoda*), 72, 84, 85,
 86, 103, 127, 212
 exclusive jurisdiction over the vessel, 71,
 72, 73, 87, 115, 126, 156, 189
 professional behavior, 188, 189, 208,
 209, 211
 responsibility toward civil & judicial
 authorities, 70, 156, 212
- captives, 62, 67, 90, 125, 149, 179, 197,
 201, 219
- Carthage, 92
- Catalonia, 64, 148, 161
- Catenna. *See* Ténès
- China, 1, 75, 76, 80, 81, 82, 83, 104, 117,
 221
- Chola/Cōla, 80, 222
- Christian/s
 admiral/s, 101
 appeal to Islamic courts, 162
 application of Islamic law, 145
 Armenian Christians of Jerusalem, 49
 captives, 197

- Christian–Islamic international treaties, 24, 53, 62, 63, 127, 131, 134, 144, 167, 184, 219
- Christian–Islamic international treaties, combating piracy, 197
- Christian–Islamic naval rivalries, 20
- Christian–Muslim shared Mediterranean, 103
- Christians of the Province of Najrān, 50
- commercial vessels, 53, 65, 93
- conception of the territorial sea, 103
- ecclesiastical tribunal, 168
- enemies, 65
- extraterritoriality, 145
- fief, 102
- foreign Christians in Islamic ports, 129
- foreign merchant, 162, *See musta'min*
- freedom of navigation, 88
- judicial autonomy, 144, 145
- jurisdiction over non-European territories, 102
- kingdoms on the Mediterranean, 169
- maritime discoveries, 1
- Mediterranean, 88
- merchant/s, 7, 74
- Monks of Saint Catherine, 49
- Monks of the Mount of Olives, 49
- naval escort, 74
- naval power, 2, 100, 146, 216, 222
- officials, 148, 149
- pilgrims, 72
- piracy, 180
- Prophet Muḥammad's covenants, 43
- rights of mobility on land and at sea, 216
- salvage, 132
- sheltering commercial ships from pirates, 196
- shipowner/s, 65, 72
- territories, 74
- wayfarer/s, 74, 130
- Christian/s as *dhimmīs*
- appeal to Islamic courts, 150, 152, 155
- appeal to *ṣāhib al-dīwān* (chief financial official), 163
- Arabic *Ecloga*, 154
- communal affairs, 155
- ecclesiastical
- code, 156
- organizations, 153
- tribunals, 14, 153, 155, 159, 161, 162
- ecumenical council, 206
- extraterritoriality & civil rights, 68
- freedom of religion, 154
- Islamic concept
- Christians as an *ummah* (nation), 218
- People of the Gospel, 152
- Scriptuaries (*Ahl al-Kitāb* or *Kitābiyyūn*), 155
- judicial autonomy, 152, 154, 155
- qāḍī al-naṣārā* or *qāḍī al-'ajam* (Christian magistrate), 148
- leadership, 153
- Pact of 'Umar, 154
- plaintiff, 163
- religious affairs, 155
- salvage, 133
- Christianity
- churches
- Bulgarian Church, 156
- Church of Alexandria, 155
- Church of Rome, 102
- Church of the Holy Mother, 136
- Church of the Holy Sepulchre, 71, 130
- Serbian Church, 156
- Christopher Columbus, 1
- coastal frontiers, 20, 51, 65, 66, 71, 87, 89, 101, 104, 105, 106, 118, 120, 123, 124, 126, 128, 129, 130, 132, 166, 184, 194, 195, 196, 201, 217
- Cochin (Arabic *Kōshī*), 4, 185
- Constitution of Medina (*Ṣaḥīfat al-Madīnah*), 42
- consul
- administration of justice, 63, 160, 163, 164, 165, 168, 218
- Catalan consul, 163
- commissioner, 160
- extraterritoriality, 162
- Genoese consul, 163, 218
- jurisdiction, 162, 164
- mediator, 160
- notary, 161, 163
- origins of the office, 159, 161, 168, 218
- Pisan consul, 145
- representative and commercial agent, 133, 160, 161
- sovereignty over vessels, 164
- vice consul, 160, 161
- conventions
- Geneva Conventions (1958 and 1970), 96
- The Hague Convention (1930), 96

274 Index

- conventions (cont.)
 United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS III), 93, 94, 95, 96, 170, 171
- Cornelius von Bynkershoek, 167
- covenant of ‘Amr ibn ‘Āṣ to the People of Egypt, 53
- covenants of the Prophet Muḥammad with
 Armenian Christians of Jerusalem, 49
 Christians of the Province of Najrān, 50
 Christians of the world, 216
 Monks of Saint Catherine, 49
 Monks of the Mount of Olives, 49
 residents of Maqnā, 50
- Crimea, 93, 136
- Crusader/s
 Hospitaller stronghold of Crac des Chevaliers, 74, 145
 Hospitallers, 144
 judicial privileges, 162
 King Leon III of Lesser Armenia, 60, 74, 133, 194
 Lady Isabel of Beirut, 52, 63
 Lady Margaret of Tyre, 60, 64, 133, 145, 164, 194
 Latin Kingdom of Acre, 60, 63, 74, 130, 145, 162, 193, 196
 Lesser Armenia, 59, 60, 74, 133, 194
 naval escort, 193
 Raynald of Châtillon, Prince of Antioch, 216
 Red Sea, 37, 38
- custom
 ancient, 127
 artisans’ custom (‘*urf al-ṣunnā*’), 15
 contractual stipulation, 16
 extraterritoriality, 162
 general custom (‘*urf ‘āmm*’), 15
 influence, 15
 jurists’ custom (‘*urf al-fuqahā*’), 15
 local, 14, 15, 16, 133
 maritime, 72, 87, 189
 merchants’ custom (‘*urf al-tujjār*’), 15
 of the sea, 42, 131, 133, 138
per longam consuetudinem, 98
 source of law, 16
 specific custom (‘*urf khāṣṣ*’), 15
 validity, 16
vs. contractual stipulation, 16
vs. *Shari‘ah*, 16
- customary law of the sea, 10, 11, 13, 17, 18, 30, 71, 87, 216, 223
- customary practice, 13, 14, 15, 23, 161, 187, 209
- Dāhir, King of Sind, 201
- Damascus, 221
- Debal, Sind/Sindh, 201
- Dénia, Spain, 92, 180
- dhimmīs*, 14, 44, 57, 63, 68, 106, 108, 110, 113, 117, 140, 141, 150, 154, 155, 156, 162, 166, 168, 169, 178, 179, 203, 207, 217, 218
- Diu
 location and economic importance, 3
 maritime battle, 3
- Dom Francisco de Almeida, Portuguese nobleman & explorer, 3
- Duarte Barbosa, Portuguese writer & officer, 144
- Dutch East India Company (V.O.C.), 7, 8, 206
- East Indies, 5, 7, 138, 139
- Egypt, 14, 26, 43, 44, 45, 53, 71, 92, 97, 112, 114, 117, 136, 138, 154, 166, 195
- Emer de Vattel, 167, 214
- Ethiopia, 117
- extraterritorial jurisdiction/
 extraterritoriality, 66, 67, 69, 70, 144, 157, 162
- Far East, 112, 137, 216, 221
- Fatimids (297–567/909–1171)
 caliph Abū Tamīm Ma‘ad al-Mustaṣṣir Billāh, 130
 conquest of Egypt, 75
 expansion in the Red Sea, 75
 fighting piracy in the Red Sea, 193
 naval base in ‘Aydhāb, 193
 protection of Kārimī commercial vessels, 193
- Firenze, 145
- fishery
 Burullus Lake, 121
 European feudal barons, 98
 fishermen, 122
 fishermen’s yield of Maqnā, 42
 offshore *ḥarīm* zone, 122, 123
 overfishing, 122

Index

275

- post-Glossators, 99
 regulations, pre-Islamic, 26
 rights of coastal *ribāṭ* practitioners, 120, 121, 122
 rights, Islamic law, 115, 118, 121, 122, 167, 218
 rights, Qur'ān, 41
 rights, Roman law, 27, 28, 29
 UNCLOS III, 94
 Florence, 69, 70, 71, 73, 161, 162, 171, 173, 198, 208
 Franks as
 Crusaders, 63, 130, 132
 Latin Europeans, 67
 Portuguese, 2, 4
 freedom of movement, 41, 46, 53, 63, 65, 69, 88, 91, 141, 157, 216, 217
 mobility right, 18, 49, 54, 74, 216, 217, 222
 freedom of navigation, 2, 4, 8, 9, 17, 18, 20, 24, 27, 44, 48, 54, 63, 66, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 94, 138, 139, 216, 219, 220, 222
 freedom of passage, 135
gabella (Venetian tribute), 100, 115
 Gaza, 125
 Genoa, 60, 64, 67, 68, 69, 100, 101, 160, 161, 163, 164, 197, 218
 Genoese
 authority, 197
 consul, 163, 218
 defendant, 163
 Ibn Jubayr on board Genoese vessel, 72
 personal rights and immunities, 64
 pirates, 197
 plaintiff, 163
 podestà (chief magistrate of the city-state), 197
 protection of vessels and nationals against piracy, 197
 safety of Muslim on foreign vessels, 68
 safety of Muslims on enemy vessels, 67
 safety of Muslims on Genoese vessels, 67, 68
 sailing aboard enemy vessels, 69
 treaty with Banū Ghāniya, 68, 130
 Goa, 5, 8
 Gospel of Jesus Christ, 151, 154, 218
 Granada
 Emirate, 1, 65
 territorial sea jurisdiction (*biḥārīhā*), 65, 129
 flagged vessels, 66
 Granadian–Aragonese Peace Treaty 721/1321 (renewed in 726/1326), 69, 129
 Naṣrid dynasty (636–898/1238–1492), 1
 rulers
 Sultan Abū 'Abd Allāh Muḥammad IV, 64, 65, 66
 Sultan Ismā'il I, 64
 Guangzhou (Arabic Khānḥū), 75, 143
guidaticum (Iberian safe-conduct), 6, 138
 gulfs
 Gulf of Aylah/Aqabah, 43, 166, 186
 Gulf of Cambay, 3
 Gulf of Constantinople, 93
 Gulf of Suez, 166
 Persian Gulf, 5, 37, 38, 50, 75, 76, 92, 137, 138, 140, 173, 184, 215, 221
 Baḥr Fāris (Persian Sea), 92, 93
 Ḥaḥṣīd, 69, 70, 73, 145, 162, 163, 164, 171, 196, 198, 199, 208, 216
 appeal to *mazālim* (Court of Appeal/Redress), 146
 application of Islamic law, 145, 164
 chasing pirates and enemies in Ḥaḥṣīd territorial sea, 199
 judicial role of *ṣāhib al-dīwān* (chief financial officer), 164
 legal status of foreign merchants on Pisan ships, 69
 legal status of Muslims on Pisan ships, 70
 legal status of Pisan galleys on the high sea, 70
 Pisan shipwreck found within the Ḥaḥṣīd territorial sea, 133
 rulers
 Abū Fāris 'Abd al-'Azīz ibn Aḥmad, 70, 171, 198
 Abū 'Umar 'Uthmān ibn Muḥammad al-Mansūr, 162, 171
 Abū Yaḥyā Zakariyyā ibn Yaḥyā al-Liḥyānī, 196
 Abū Zayd 'Abd al-Raḥmān ibn Abū Ḥaḥṣ, 129
 Ḥajjāj ibn Yūsuf al-Thaqafi, 201

276 Index

- Ḥaram/al-Masjid al-Ḥarām, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 112, 165, 217
- ḥarbī* (alien from the Abode of War), 41, 51, 55, 56, 57, 58, 88, 89, 91, 116, 166, 218
- ḥarīm* (inviolable or reserved zone), 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 123
- maritime *ḥarīm*, 117, 120, 122, 123, 166
- Hārūn al-Rashīd, caliph, 37
- Ḥasan ibn Aḥmad ibn Ya‘qūb al-Hamdānī, 110
- high seas, 8, 10, 13, 20, 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 41, 45, 48, 49, 51, 54, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 84, 87, 88, 89, 91, 93, 94, 102, 103, 104, 105, 164, 170, 171, 178, 183, 198, 215, 216, 220, 222, 223
- Hijaz, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 49, 58, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 139, 165, 166, 186, 187, 191, 200, 217
- Hill, 108
- Ḥimyarī, geographer & traveler, 127
- Hugo Grotius, 7, 8, 16, 40, 99, 167, 214
- treatise *De Jure Praedae* (1609), 7
- Iberian Peninsula
- Andalusia, 92, 105, 127
- Portugal, 6, 7, 102
- Spain, 1, 7, 102, 105, 106, 147, 148
- Ibn al-Mājjishūn, jurist, 51
- Ibn al-Mujāwir, historian, 128, 173
- Ibn Baṭṭūṭa, judge & traveler, 1
- Ibn Faḍl Allāh al-‘Umarī, geographer, 104
- Ibn Ḥajar al-‘Asqalānī, jurisconsult & theologian, 46
- Ibn Hishām, *sīrah* biographer, 23, 46
- Ibn Ishāq, *sīrah* biographer, 23, 46
- Ibn Jubayr, judge & traveler, 72, 88
- Ibn Kathīr, theologian & historian, 46
- Ibn Khaldūn, anthropologist & historian, 93, 104, 187, 188, 219
- Ibn Nāfi‘, jurist, 51
- Ibn Qayyim al-Jawziyya, theologian & jurist, 31, 46
- Ibn Sayyid al-Nās, theologian, 46
- Ibn Sirāj, jurist, 67
- Ibn Zanjawayh, jurist & *ḥadīth* transmitter, 46
- Idrisi, geographer, 126, 128, 166
- ibrām* (state of ritual purity), 112, 114, 115, 186
- Ilkhanate dynasty (654–736/1256–1335), 134, 137
- ‘Imād al-Dīn al-Isfahānī, rhetorician, 222
- India, 80, 112, 137, 139, 154, 192, 210, 221
- Inter Caetera Divinae*, 5
- Iraq, 112, 137, 143, 144, 157, 201
- Islam
- administration of justice
- mazālim* (Court of Appeal/Redress), 146, 159, 164, 165
- qāḍī* (judge), 14, 73, 142, 143, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 153, 155, 156, 159, 207, 218, 221
- ṣāhib al-abkām* (deputy magistrate), 148
- ṣāhib al-dūwān* (chief financial officer), 163, 164
- law
- ius ad bellum* (justifications for resorting to war), 87
- ius in bello* (rules regulating the conduct of war), 87
- Law of Nations (*siyar*), 12, 16, 18, 23, 24, 25, 54, 87, 93, 216, 223
- Law of Nature, 9, 12, 18, 25, 31, 39, 87, 115, 215
- maritime law, 15, 17, 30, 68, 156, 187, 215
- Kitāb Akriyat al-Sufun* (The Treatise on the Leasing of Ships), 15, 17, 192
- Undang undang Laut Melaka*, 84, 85, 86
- legal pluralism, 18, 20, 141, 168, 218
- Muslims’ judicial autonomy outside the Abode of Islam
- Constantinople, 149
- federated Aragon and Catalonia, 148
- Guangzhou (Khānfū), China, 143
- India, *hunarman* (*qāḍī*-like official), 143, 144
- Lucera, northern Apulia, Italy, 146
- Norman Sicily, 146
- islands
- Balearic Islands, 68, 130, 147
- Canary Islands, 102, 214
- Ceylon/Sri Lanka, 1, 5, 80, 81, 201
- Crete, 183

Index

277

- Dahlak Archipelago (Eritrea), 140, 186, 187, 204
 Devil's Island (French Guiana), 206
 Jerba/Djerba (Tunisia), 101
 Kamarān (Yemen), 139, 140
 Kerkennah (Tunisia), 101
 Kīsh (Persia), 137, 173
 Madagascar, 215
 Maldiv Islands, 1
 Rhodes, 209, 211
 Sicily, 72, 92, 100, 101, 146, 147, 156
 Socotra (Yemen), 173
 Spice Islands, 1
 Sumatra, 80
 Suwākin/Suakin (Sudan), 187
 Iṣṭakhr (Persepolis), 50
 Italian Communes, *also* city-states, 59, 69, 71, 99, 140, 160, 165, 180, 198, 199, 208, 220
- Jabbāra ibn Mukhtār al-'Arabī, governor of Barqa, 186, 190
 Jār, port of Medina, 117, 184
 Jarbā', Syria, 42
 Java, 1, 83, 221
 Jeddah, port of Mecca, 117, 184, 217
 Jerusalem, 71, 130, 156, 157
 Jew/s, 5, 42, 107, 110, 151, 152, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 191, 218
- Jewish
 Academy, Yeshiva, 157
 appeal to gentile court, 158, 159
 application of extraterritorial jurisdiction, 157
 Babylonian Talmud, 158
 court, 144, 156, 158, 159, 206
dayyan (judge), 157, 159
 gaon, head of the Jewish Academy, 157
 high court in Jerusalem, 156, 157
 judicial sovereignty, 148, 155, 156
 Law of the Torah, 158
 litigant, 158, 159
musta'min, 162
nagīd (Arabic, *ra'īs al-yahūd*), head of the Jewish communities, 190
 Palestinian Talmud, 159
 Radhanite merchants, 117
- jihād*
 maritime, 181
mujāhid *vs.* *muḥārib*, 183
 religious duty, 178
 virtues, 181
vs. birāba, 183, 213
vs. piracy, 181, 219
 John Selden, 8, 214
 treatise, *Mare Clausum, Sive de Dominio Maris* (1635), 8
 Juhaym ibn al-Ṣalt, 46
- Kappadu (Kappad), 1
 Kārimī merchant vessels, 193
 Kauṭilya, Indian philosopher, 30
 Kenya, 1
kharāj (land tax), 58, 107
 Khaybar, 107, 110
 Khurasan (Khorasan), 144
 Kingdom of Hormuz, 137, 138, 140
 Kingdom of Srivijaya, 80
 Kutnah, 110
- Las Siete Partidas*, Castilian statutory code, 128, 211
 Lisbon, 1
 Luis de la Cerda, Castilian prince, 102
- madhāhib* (Law Schools), 14, 23, 177
 Maghrib (western North Africa), 92, 93, 126, 127, 163, 195
 Mahdiyya, 75, 190
 Malabar Coast, 1, 185
 Malacca, 5, 83, 84, 85, 86
 Malacca Maritime Laws (*Undang-undang Laut Melaka*), 84, 85, 86
 Malay Peninsula, 80, 83
 Mālik ibn Anas, 51, 109, 112, 177, 178
 Malindi, 1
ma'man (place of safety), 48, 50, 51, 52, 105
- Mamluk sultans
 Ashraf Barsbāy, 117
 Ashraf Sayf al-Dīn Qaitbay, 163, 173
 Maṣṣūr Qalāwūn, 59, 60, 63, 67, 68, 74, 130, 132, 133, 134, 145, 162, 163, 164, 171, 172, 193, 196, 197, 198, 200, 218
 Nāṣir al-Dīn Muḥammad ibn Qalāwūn, 163
 Qānṣūh al-Ghūrī, 71
 Zāhir Baybars, 52, 59, 63, 74, 144, 164, 187
 Mamluks, 76, 130, 193, 200, 220
 Maqnā, 42, 50
 Marqab, coastal fortress in Syria, 74

278 Index

- Maslamah ibn 'Abd al-Malik, Umayyad prince, 149
- Mas'ūdī, geographer, historian & traveler, 46
- mawāt*, unused or dead land, 118
- Mecca, 2, 37, 41, 42, 61, 106, 107, 108, 110, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 174, 186
- Medina, 37, 41, 42, 107, 112, 114, 174, 186, 216
- miḥrās*. *See ribāṭ*
- Mīmās [Maiuma of Gaza], 125
- Ming dynasty (1368–1644), China, 81, 82, 83, 84, 222
- mīqāt*s, 110, 112, 114, 115, 116
 boundaries
 Dhāt 'Irq (al-Darībah), 110, 112
 Dhul Ḥulaifa/Masjid al-Shajarah or Ābār 'Ali), 112
 Juḥfah/Rābigh, 112, 114, 115, 116
 Qarn al-Manāzil, 112
 Yalamlam, 112, 114, 116
- Mirbāt/Mirbat, 137
- Mongol, 38
- monsoon, 76, 77
- muftīs* (jurisconsults), 146
- Muḥammad ibn 'Abd Allāh ibn al-Ḥasan known as al-Nafs al-Zakiyyah, 54
- Muḥammad ibn 'Abd al-Raḥmān al-Bukhārī, 31
- Muḥammad ibn Aḥmad ibn 'Abdūn al-Tujībī, 119
- Muḥammad ibn al-Ḥasan al-Shaybānī, 23, 24, 54, 206
- Muḥammad ibn 'Alī al-Māzarī, jurist, 146, 196
- Muḥammad ibn al-Qāsim al-Thaqafi, 201
- Muḥammad ibn Idrīs al-Shāfi'ī, 106, 107, 109, 112, 115, 177
- Muḥammad ibn Ismā'il al-Bukhārī, 46
- Muḥammad ibn Maslama al-Anṣārī, caliphal envoy to Abyssinia, 201
- Muḥammad ibn 'Umar al-Kinānī al-Andalusī, jurist, 15, 17
- Muḥammad ibn 'Umar al-Wāqidi, historian, 23, 46
- Muḥammad ibn 'Umar ibn al-Ḥusayn al-Rāzī, jurist, 32
- Muḥy al-Dīn Māla, 178
- Mujāhid ibn Yūsuf ibn 'Alī al-'Āmirī, 180
- Munshi Abdullah, Malayan writer, 114
- Muqaddasī, geographer, 44, 75, 86, 125, 173, 192, 195
- Muslim community of Calicut
 Mapilla (local), 144
 Pardesīs (foreigners), 144
- musta'min* (recipient of *amān*), 51, 57, 58, 87, 91, 92, 138, 162, 165, 168, 169, 178, 179, 206, 207, 208
- Najd, 110
- Nāṣir-i Khosraw, Persian traveler, 194
- Near East, 3, 8, 137, 205
- Nile, 37, 53, 76, 119
- oceans
 Atlantic Ocean, 1, 4, 7, 101, 214
 Indian Ocean, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 17, 18, 30, 37, 38, 44, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 91, 92, 103, 114, 117, 133, 137, 139, 169, 173, 220, 221, 222
 Baḥr al-Hind (Indian Sea), 92
 Pacific Ocean, 76
- Oman, 137
- Ottoman
 empire, 37, 66, 135, 136, 139
 fleet, 3
tanzīmāt, 140
- Palembang, 80
- Palermo, 156, 157, 190
- Palestine, 44, 117, 125, 157
- Peace of Westphalia (1648), 102
- Persia, *also* Persian/Sasanid Empire, 1, 13, 45, 50, 144
- pilgrims, 71, 72, 112, 114, 138, 139, 184, 186
- piracy, 11, 18, 20, 24, 38, 62, 75, 77, 80, 81, 83, 88, 92, 98, 100, 116, 170
 definition
 Arabic *ḥirāba*, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178, 180, 183, 202, 212, 213
 exegetical traditions, 175
 International Maritime Bureau (IMB), 171

Index

279

- Islamic legal definition, 177
- maritime *muḥārib* (pirate), 178
- Qur'ān, 174, 176, 177
- Roman law *hostis humani generis*, 170, 205, 212
- UNCLOS III (1983), 170
- etymology
 - Arabic, 171
 - Cairo Geniza, 173
 - Islamic jurisprudence & official documents, 172
 - Italian, 171
 - Latin, 172
 - Qur'ān, 173, 174
- financial ramifications, 208
 - calculation of freight charges, 209
 - contribution toward ransoming the ship (Byzantine law), 211
 - goods redeem, Islamic law, 211
 - impact on domestic and global commerce, 188
 - jettison & general average
 - contribution, 210
 - proceedings *in rem*, 211, 212
 - ship redeem, Islamic law, 211
- maritime venues
 - arteries & artificial waterways, 184, 187
 - coastal settlements, 184
 - navigable rivers, 184, 187
 - offshore routes, 185
 - ports & anchorages, 184, 185, 187
 - straits, 185
 - territorial sea, 187, 197
 - vital sea lanes, 185, 187, 200
- methods to combat & reduce sea robbery
 - armed personnel, 191
 - captain's vigilance, 188
 - coastal surveillance, 194, 195
 - crossbow bearers, 192
 - Ibn Khaldūn's socioeconomic justifications to fight piracy, 187, 188
 - international collaboration, 196, 197
 - maritime warriors, 191
 - military subjugation, 200, 201, 202
 - naval escort, 192, 193
 - private mercenaries, 193
 - pursuit at sea and on land, 198
 - pursuit into internal waters, 199
 - pursuit into the territorial sea, 199
 - refuge, 196
 - ships' warriors, 191
 - tribute, 190
 - tribute (*ghifāra*), 186, 189, 190
 - venturers' vigilance, 188
- piracy *vs.* maritime *jihad*, 180, 181, 182, 183
- punishment
 - ancient Near East
 - amputation of limbs, 205
 - beheading, 205
 - crucifixion, 205
 - exile, 205
 - dhimmī* pirates, 206, 207
 - early modern English law, 205
 - early modern French law, 206
 - enforcement of penalties, 178, 179
 - execution, 198
 - Hebrew Bible, 205
 - Islamic law
 - corporal punishment, 203, 204, 207, 213
 - crucifixion, 203
 - cutting off hands and feet from opposite sides, 203
 - death penalty, 203
 - execution, 203
 - criteria of punishment, 202
 - discretionary punishment (*ta'zīr*), 204
 - exile, 203
 - imprisonment, 204
 - Judaic tradition, 205
 - musta'min* pirates, 206, 207
 - Roman legal codes, 205
 - Sassanid legal codes, 205
- religious duty to fight piracy, 178
- repentance in Islamic law, 174, 204, 213, 219
- treaties
 - enforcement of bilateral & multilateral treaties, 199
 - restitution of stolen properties, 199
- pirate/s
 - communities, 186, 190
 - Jabbāra ibn Mukhtār al-'Arabī, 186, 190
 - pirate ships of the Indians (*bawārij al-Hunūd* or *bawārij al-Hind*), 173
 - privateer/s, 3, 73, 136, 172, 179, 186, 190, 200
 - letter of marque*, 4, 179

280 Index

- pirate/s (cont.)
 prosecution, 184, 197
 regional protection, 190
 sea/ocean regionalism, 190
 shared social & cultural norms, 185, 187
 territorialization of adjacent waters & sea lanes, 185
- Pisa, 68, 69, 70, 71, 129, 160, 162, 171, 196, 198, 199, 208, 216
 combating piracy, 198
 extraterritorial jurisdiction over ships, 69
 payment of retribution to Muslim victims, 208
- Pisan
 flagged vessels, 69, 70
 nationals in foreign ports, 131
 safety of merchants in foreign territories, 129
 subjects aboard foreign ships, 68, 69
 protection of Muslim subjects, 199
 sovereignty over offshore maritime zone, 129
- poll tax
 Islamic *jizya*, 43, 46, 58, 107
 Jewish head tax (*kofer nefesh*), 43
 Roman *tributum capitis*, 44
- popes
 Pope Alexander III, 100
 Pope Alexander VI, 5
 Pope Boniface VIII, 102
 Pope Clement VI, 102
- Portuguese
cartaz (naval trade license), 5, 6, 7, 91, 138, 139
 circumnavigation of Africa, 2
 conquests in North and Western coasts of Africa, 3
 East Indies, 7
 fleet, 1, 3
 incursion into the Indian Ocean, 2, 3, 4, 137, 222
 maritime trade system, 4
 Muslim *jihad*, 178
 naval strategies, 220
 naval superiority, 3
 Red Sea, 37
 royal monopoly on trade, 5, 6
 sea denial, 7
 seizure of Santa Catarina, 7
 Treaty of Tordesillas (June 7, 1494), 5
vs. Dutch East India Company, 8
- post-Glossators, Italian jurists, 98, 103, 165
- Prophet Muḥammad, 14, 15, 18, 22, 23, 31, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 53, 57, 61, 62, 66, 67, 69, 90, 91, 107, 110, 112, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 150, 152, 174, 175, 178, 181, 188, 201, 216
- Province of Kerala, southwestern India, 1
- Qalqashandī, 105, 193
- Qāsim ibn Sallām, *sīrah* biographer, 46
qirād, Latin *commenda*, 17
- Qudāma ibn Ja'far, scholar and administrator, 124
- Quilon, Arabic Kūlam, city in the province of Kerala, 185
- Qulzum, Byzantine Clysma, 37, 117
- Qur'ān, 5, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 32, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 47, 48, 50, 51, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 90, 91, 94, 107, 113, 116, 119, 140, 141, 143, 150, 152, 153, 155, 159, 166, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 181, 182, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 213, 215, 218, 219
- Quraysh, 61
- Qūṣ, city in Qena, east bank of the Nile, 193
- Ramla, Palestine, 125
- Rasūlid dynasty (626–858/1229–1454), 192
- ribāt*, 39, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 195, 196
 alert system, 125
 coastal strip of Palestine, 125
 definition, 125
 exploitation of natural resources, 120
 fishing rights, 120, 121
 garrison duty, 120, 122
ḥiṣn (fortified castle), 196
 maritime *ḥarīm* (sovereignty), 123
milbrāses (watchtowers/lookouts), 125, 195
- offshore jurisdiction
 Bajānis/Bajāni, Andalusia, 126
 Bajjāna/Pechina, Andalusia, 127
 place of refuge/shelter, 39, 194, 196
 practitioners, 120, 123
 Ribāt of Monastir, 121

Index

281

- river banks, 119, 205
 river crafts, 119
 rivers, 18, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 35, 75, 97, 98,
 118, 119, 130, 142, 154, 178,
 179, 184, 187, 212
- Roman
 citizens, 16, 28
 emperors
 Antoninus Pius, 72
 empire, 27, 96, 194
 hegemony over the Mediterranean, 29
 inhabitants, 27
 jurisconsults
 Domitius Ulpianus, 28
 Procopius of Caesarea, 136
- law
actio iniuriarum, 28
 Digest, 14, 28, 44, 72, 97, 98, 170, 195,
 209, 211, *See also Corpus Juris*
 Civilis
jus gentium, 16, 28, 29
lex naturalis/jus natural, 29, 98, 99
res nullius, 28
res publica, 27
- officials
praeses, 123
praetor, 29
- Sa'd ibn Abi Waqqās, 50
Ṣaḥīḥ al-Bukhārī, 46, 181
Ṣaḥīḥ Muslim, 181
 Ṣaḥnūn ibn Sa'īd al-Tanūkhī, jurist, 16, 52
 Samuel von Pufendorf, 167, 214
 Sarāh, 110
 Sawākin/Suakin, 193
- seas
 Adriatic Sea, 100, 102, 115
 Aegean Sea, 100, 101, 135, 136
 Arabian Sea, 1, 3, 6, 18, 104, 137,
 220
 Baḥr al-Khazar (Caspian Sea), 92
 Baḥr al-Yaman (Sea of Yemen), 92
 Baḥr Fāris (Persian Sea/Gulf). *See* Persian
 Gulf
 Black Sea, 101, 134, 135, 136
 Baḥr Banṭash, 93
 Ligurian Sea, 100
 Mediterranean Sea, 4, 13, 14, 19, 20, 27,
 29, 37, 38, 44, 53, 63, 64, 74,
 75, 76, 88, 89, 92, 93, 99, 100,
 101, 102, 103, 104, 117, 120,
 124, 133, 135, 137, 140, 160,
 161, 163, 165, 169, 173, 180,
 183, 184, 194, 200, 222
 Baḥr al-Maghrib (the Sea of the Islamic
 West), 93
 Baḥr al-Rūm (Sea of the Romans/
 Byzantines), 27, 92, 93
 Baḥr al-Shām/al-Baḥr al-Shāmī (the Sea
 of Greater Syria), 93, 104
 Great Sea הַיָּם הַגָּדוֹל/ha-yam ha-gadōl,
 27
 Middle Sea, 20, 29, 160
 Red Sea, 3, 20, 24, 37, 38, 42, 44, 49, 50,
 75, 76, 91, 109, 110, 112, 114,
 115, 116, 117, 134, 137, 138,
 139, 140, 144, 166, 184, 186,
 200, 216, 217, 221
 Baḥr al-Qulzum (Sea of Clysmā), 92,
 93, 193
 Sea of the Hijaz/Baḥr al-Hijāz (the
 Arabian littoral of the Red Sea),
 49, 91, 92, 108, 109, 113, 114,
 115, 116, 123, 166, 186, 217
 Sea of Marmara, 135
 Sebta/Ceuta, 131
Sharī'ah, 13, 13, 16, 18, 21, 55, 63, 85, 112,
 142, 143, 144, 148, 150, 152,
 177, 202, 218
 Shaykh Zayn al-Dīn al-Ma'barī
 al-Malibārī, 4
 Shiite, 9, 10, 76, 142
 Shuraḥbil ibn Ḥasnah, 46
 Sind/Sindh, 184, 201
 slave/s, 31, 57, 67, 135, 136, 158, 175,
 205
 Christian slaves, 135
 Crimean slaves, 134
 slave-girl/s, 67, 135
 slavery, 85, 168
 Song dynasty (960–1279), China, 80
 South Asia, 81
 Southeast Asia, 3, 8, 75, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83,
 112, 137, 214, 216, 221
 Southeast Asian and Indian sultans
 'Alāuddīn Tumenanga ri Gaukanna, 8
 Mahmud Shah ibn 'Alā'uddīn Riayat
 Shah, Malacca, 84
 Megat Iskandar Shah ibn Raja
 Parameswara, Malacca, 83
 Muḥammad Shah ibn Megat Iskandar
 Shah, Malacca, 84

282 Index

- Southeast Asian and Indian sultans (cont.)
 Muzaffar Shah ibn Muhammad Shah,
 Malacca, 84
 Quṭub al-Dīn Bahadur Shah, Gujarat, 87,
 222
 Zamorin of Calicut, 2
- straits
 Strait of Bab el-Mandeb, 38, 116, 137,
 138, 139, 186, 212
 Strait of Bosphorus, 135, 136, 137
 Strait of Dardanelles/Çanakkale, 135,
 136, 137
 Strait of Hormuz, 5, 137, 138, 139
 Strait of Malacca, 80, 81, 83, 84, 221
 Strait of Singapore, 7
 Sunda Strait, 80
- Sūdāq (Sudak/Soldaia), Crimean port city,
 134, 135
- Suez, 116
 Byzantine Clysmā, Islamic Qulzum,
 92
 Gulf of Suez, 166
 Suez Canal, 137
- Sufāla/Sofala (Mozambique), 2, 104, 215
- Sufyān al-Thawrī, 23
- Sulaymān al-Tājir (Merchant Sulaymān),
 142
- Sunna* (Prophetic tradition), 14, 15, 21, 22,
 23, 24, 54, 147, 148, 182, 216
- Surāgh, 110
- Syria, 14, 42, 43, 44, 45, 66, 70, 74, 92, 105,
 112, 114, 137, 153
- Tabūk, Arabia, 42, 110, 117, 166, 217
- Tā'ifa* kingdoms, 180
- Taimā', Arabia, 110
- Taqiyy al-Dīn Aḥmad ibn 'Alī al-Maqrīzī,
 historian, 46, 187
- Tathlith, 110
- Ténès (northern Algeria), 186
- territorial sea, 10, 18, 20, 24, 25, 39, 40, 52,
 54, 65, 67, 74, 90, 95, 96, 97,
 99, 102, 103, 105, 106, 110,
 115, 117, 124, 125, 126, 127,
 128, 129, 131, 132, 133, 134,
 165, 166, 167, 171, 186, 217,
 220
- cabotage/coasting, 68, 105, 130, 195,
 196, 218
- coastal sovereign's duty
 combating piracy, 131
 granting entry to a distressed vessel,
 131
 rendering assistance to vessels in
 distress, 131
 repairing the wreck, 131
- innocent passage, 110, 115, 130, 167,
 217, 220
- offshore jurisdiction
 Bajānis/Bajañi, 126
 Bajjāna/Pechina, 105
- Egyptian Kingdom (al-Mamlaka al-Mi
 sriyya), *babrihā* (territorial sea),
 105
- Emirate of Granada's territorial sea
(biḥārihā), 65
- maritime law
 flotsam, 132, 133
 jetsam, 132, 133
 salvage, 132, 133, 164, 167
 shipwreck, 39, 132, 133, 164, 167
- port cities and coastal settlements
 al-Baḥr al-Mālibārī (Sea of Malabar),
 134
 Baḥr al-Mahdiyya (Sea of al-
 Mahdiyya), 134
 Baḥr al-Monastir (Sea of Monastir),
 134
 Baḥr 'Aydḥāb (Sea of 'Aydḥāb), 134
 Baḥr Berbera (in Somalia), 134
 Sea of Sūdāq, 134
- Thessaloniki, 149
- thughūr* (frontier lines), 93
- Tihāmah, 110, 117
- Trajan's canal/Canal of the Pharaohs/Khalij
 Amīr al-Mu'minīn, 37
- Treatise of Rights (Risālat al-Ḥuqūq)*, 9
- treaty
 Arabic terms denoting treaty, 59
 duration, 47, 62, 65
imām's authority to conclude, ratify, and
 abrogate treaties, 59
 mutuality, 59, 60, 62, 130, 162
 obligations ('*uqūd*'), 60, 62, 69, 130, 162,
 168, 216
 reciprocity, 48, 60, 62, 66
 sanctity (*pacta sunt servanda*), 47, 60, 61
- Treaty of Ḥudaybiyyah, 47
- Tripoli, Lebanon, 63
- Tripoli, Libya, 156, 157, 159
- Tunis/Tūnis, 2, 70, 129, 131, 190, 198, 199,
 208

- ‘Ubayd Allāh ibn ‘Umar, 107
 Ugarit, 26, 97
 ‘Umar ibn al-Khaṭṭāb, 37, 49, 50, 91, 107,
 110, 117, 217
 Umayyad dynasty
 Córdoba (139–423/756–1031), 127
 Damascus (41–132/661–750), 10, 13, 14,
 149, 201, 204
 Umm Jaḥdam, 110
ummah (nation), 14, 16, 41, 58, 59, 79, 141,
 142, 218
Undang-undang Laut Melaka. *See* Malacca
 Maritime Laws
 ‘Utba ibn Ghazwān, 50
 ‘Uthmān ibn ‘Affān, 61, 200
- Valencia, 148, 161
 Valley of Jurash, 110
 Vasco da Gama, 1, 2, 3
 Vatican, 102
 Venetian
 customary laws (*usus*), 160
 defendant, 160
 gabella (tribute), 100
 hegemony over the Adriatic, 102
 magistrates in Constantinople, 160
 registered vessels, 71
 status of passengers on board Venetian
 vessels, 71
 Venice, 71, 100, 102, 159, 161
 Peace of Venice (1177), 100
 vessel/ship
 armed personnel, 39, 50, 76, 191
 captain. *See above* captain (*nākhūdhal*
 nakhoda)
 contents, 20, 49, 50, 52, 58, 73, 86,
 115, 119, 126, 132, 133, 167,
 177, 189, 209, 210, 211, 212,
 219
 cargoes, 70, 76, 131, 164, 190, 210,
 211
 chattels, 50, 51, 58, 59, 63, 64, 65, 66,
 68, 70, 71, 91, 132, 133, 197,
 198, 208
 shipments, 49, 126
 crew members, 4, 6, 9, 20, 49, 50, 52, 58,
 72, 85, 86, 126, 127, 131, 132,
 133, 164, 166, 170, 177, 189,
 196, 200, 211, 216, 219
 equipment, 124, 131
 extraterritoriality, 49, 50
 flag state’s jurisdiction, 20, 66, 67, 69, 70,
 71, 72, 73, 132, 216
 legal status in foreign ports, 52
 master, 4, 72, 104, 116, 162
 passengers, 6, 9, 20, 49, 52, 66, 69, 70,
 71, 72, 73, 84, 105, 126, 128,
 131, 133, 162, 164, 166, 170,
 177, 179, 189, 192, 195, 200,
 209, 211, 212, 216, 219
 consignees, 192
 consignors, 195, 210
 merchants, 63, 76, 189
 shippers, 6, 9, 30, 63, 70, 72, 76, 106,
 109, 136, 138, 142, 157, 170,
 184, 186, 189, 190, 191, 192,
 210, 211, 212
 travelers, 50, 63, 70, 73, 136, 190, 193
 voyagers, 49, 63, 89, 106, 132, 134,
 186, 189, 192, 209, 211
 shipowner, 6, 9, 106, 109, 136, 138, 139,
 157, 170, 186, 188, 189, 190,
 192, 196, 209, 210
- Wādī al-Qurā, Arabia, 110
 Wahrān/Oran, 131
 Walīd ibn ‘Abd al-Malik, caliph, 114,
 201
 Wāqwāq (Wakoku/Uokuoku), Japan,
 215
- Yāfā/Jaffa, 125, 130
 Yaḥyā ibn Sulaym, 107
 Yamāmah, 107
 Yāqūt al-Ḥamawī, geographer, 117
 Yathrib. *See* Medina
 Yemen, 1, 45, 66, 108, 110, 112, 114,
 139, 166, 186, 190, 192, 193,
 217
 Yubnā, Palestine, 125
 Yūhannā ibn Ru’ba, 23, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47,
 66, 115
- Zayn al-‘Ābidīn ‘Alī ibn al-Ḥusayn ibn ‘Alī
 ibn Abū Ṭālib, 9
 Zheng He, Chinese Muslim admiral, 80, 81,
 82, 83, 84, 104, 222
 Zhufār/Dhofar, 137