

Contents

| | |
|--|----------------|
| <i>Preface</i> | <i>page</i> ix |
| <i>Acknowledgments</i> | xii |
| 1 Fundamentals | 1 |
| 1.1 Languages and Structures | 2 |
| 1.2 Inductively Defined Sets | 4 |
| 1.3 Terms and Formulas | 8 |
| 1.4 Trees | 11 |
| 1.5 Structural Recursion | 15 |
| 1.6 Bound Variables | 21 |
| 2 Propositional Logic | 28 |
| 2.1 The Language of Propositional Logic | 28 |
| 2.2 Axiomatic Systems | 30 |
| 2.3 The Provability Relation | 34 |
| 2.4 Natural Deduction | 36 |
| 2.5 Some Propositional Validities | 42 |
| 2.6 Normal Forms for Classical Logic | 47 |
| 2.7 Translations Between Logics | 50 |
| 2.8 Other Deductive Systems | 53 |
| 3 Semantics of Propositional Logic | 59 |
| 3.1 Classical Logic | 60 |
| 3.2 Algebraic Semantics for Classical Logic | 65 |
| 3.3 Intuitionistic Logic | 70 |
| 3.4 Algebraic Semantics for Intuitionistic Logic | 75 |
| 3.5 Variations | 79 |
| 4 First-Order Logic | 83 |
| 4.1 The Language of First-Order Logic | 83 |
| 4.2 Quantifiers | 85 |
| 4.3 Equality | 90 |
| 4.4 Equational and Quantifier-Free Logic | 94 |
| 4.5 Normal Forms for Classical Logic | 96 |

| | | |
|----------|--|-----|
| 4.6 | Translations Between Logics | 97 |
| 4.7 | Definite Descriptions | 101 |
| 4.8 | Sorts and Undefined Terms | 105 |
| 5 | Semantics of First-Order Logic | 110 |
| 5.1 | Classical Logic | 110 |
| 5.2 | Equational and Quantifier-Free Logic | 117 |
| 5.3 | Intuitionistic Logic | 118 |
| 5.4 | Algebraic Semantics | 123 |
| 5.5 | Definability | 127 |
| 5.6 | Some Model Theory | 132 |
| 6 | Cut Elimination | 138 |
| 6.1 | An Intuitionistic Sequent Calculus | 138 |
| 6.2 | Classical Sequent Calculi | 143 |
| 6.3 | Cut-Free Completeness of Classical Logic | 147 |
| 6.4 | Cut Elimination for Classical Logic | 151 |
| 6.5 | Cut Elimination for Intuitionistic Logic | 156 |
| 6.6 | Equality | 158 |
| 6.7 | Variations on Cut Elimination | 161 |
| 6.8 | Cut-Free Completeness of Intuitionistic Logic | 162 |
| 7 | Properties of First-Order Logic | 166 |
| 7.1 | Herbrand's Theorem | 166 |
| 7.2 | Explicit Definability and the Disjunction Property | 172 |
| 7.3 | Interpolation Theorems | 174 |
| 7.4 | Indefinite Descriptions | 180 |
| 7.5 | Skolemization in Classical Theories | 186 |
| 8 | Primitive Recursion | 192 |
| 8.1 | The Primitive Recursive Functions | 192 |
| 8.2 | Some Primitive Recursive Functions and Relations | 195 |
| 8.3 | Finite Sets and Sequences | 199 |
| 8.4 | Other Recursion Principles | 204 |
| 8.5 | Recursion along Well-Founded Relations | 208 |
| 8.6 | Diagonalization and Reflection | 210 |
| 9 | Primitive Recursive Arithmetic | 214 |
| 9.1 | A Quantifier-Free Axiomatization | 214 |
| 9.2 | Bootstrapping PRA | 218 |
| 9.3 | Finite Sets and Sequences | 224 |
| 9.4 | First-Order PRA | 229 |
| 9.5 | Equational PRA | 231 |

Contents

vii

| | | |
|-----------|---|-----|
| 10 | First-Order Arithmetic | 237 |
| 10.1 | Peano Arithmetic and Heyting Arithmetic | 237 |
| 10.2 | The Arithmetic Hierarchy | 240 |
| 10.3 | Subsystems of First-Order Arithmetic | 247 |
| 10.4 | Interpreting PRA | 252 |
| 10.5 | Truth and Reflection | 258 |
| 10.6 | Conservation Results via Cut Elimination | 266 |
| 10.7 | Conservation Results via Model Theory | 272 |
| 11 | Computability | 279 |
| 11.1 | The Computable Functions | 279 |
| 11.2 | Computability and Arithmetic Definability | 281 |
| 11.3 | Undecidability and the Halting Problem | 284 |
| 11.4 | Computably Enumerable Sets | 290 |
| 11.5 | The Recursion Theorem | 293 |
| 11.6 | Turing Machines | 296 |
| 11.7 | The Lambda Calculus | 301 |
| 11.8 | Relativized Computation | 308 |
| 11.9 | Computability and Infinite Binary Trees | 314 |
| 12 | Undecidability and Incompleteness | 322 |
| 12.1 | Computability and Representability | 323 |
| 12.2 | Incompleteness via Undecidability | 329 |
| 12.3 | Incompleteness via Self-Reference | 334 |
| 12.4 | The Second Incompleteness Theorem | 336 |
| 12.5 | Some Decidable Theories | 341 |
| 13 | Finite Types | 351 |
| 13.1 | The Simply Typed Lambda Calculus | 351 |
| 13.2 | Strong Normalization | 356 |
| 13.3 | Confluence | 362 |
| 13.4 | Combinatory Logic | 364 |
| 13.5 | Equational Theories | 368 |
| 13.6 | First-Order Theories and Models | 371 |
| 13.7 | Primitive Recursive Functionals | 376 |
| 13.8 | Propositions as Types | 379 |
| 14 | Arithmetic and Computation | 383 |
| 14.1 | Realizability | 383 |
| 14.2 | Metamathematical Applications | 389 |
| 14.3 | Modified Realizability | 394 |
| 14.4 | Finite-Type Arithmetic | 399 |
| 14.5 | The Dialectica Interpretation | 401 |

| | | |
|----------------------------|---|-----|
| 15 | Second-Order Logic and Arithmetic | 409 |
| 15.1 | Second-Order Logic | 410 |
| 15.2 | Semantics of Second-Order Logic | 413 |
| 15.3 | Cut Elimination | 417 |
| 15.4 | Second-Order Arithmetic | 422 |
| 15.5 | The Analytic Hierarchy | 426 |
| 15.6 | The Second-Order Typed Lambda Calculus | 430 |
| 15.7 | Higher-Order Logic and Arithmetic | 437 |
| 16 | Subsystems of Second-Order Arithmetic | 440 |
| 16.1 | Arithmetic Comprehension | 441 |
| 16.2 | Recursive Comprehension | 446 |
| 16.3 | Formalizing Analysis | 449 |
| 16.4 | Weak Kőnig's Lemma | 457 |
| 16.5 | Π_1^1 Comprehension and Inductive Definitions | 461 |
| 16.6 | Arithmetic Transfinite Recursion | 464 |
| 17 | Foundations | 472 |
| 17.1 | Simple Type Theory | 472 |
| 17.2 | Mathematics in Simple Type Theory | 475 |
| 17.3 | Set Theory | 475 |
| 17.4 | Mathematics in Set Theory | 477 |
| 17.5 | Dependent Type Theory | 478 |
| 17.6 | Inductive Types | 481 |
| 17.7 | Mathematics in Dependent Type Theory | 485 |
| Appendix Background | | 488 |
| A.1 | Naive Set Theory | 488 |
| A.2 | Orders and Equivalence Relations | 490 |
| A.3 | Cardinality and Zorn's Lemma | 491 |
| A.4 | Topology | 493 |
| A.5 | Category Theory | 495 |
| <i>References</i> | | 497 |
| <i>Notation</i> | | 504 |
| <i>Index</i> | | 508 |