

#### THE CONSTRUCTION OF FATHERHOOD

This book tackles one of the most topical socio-legal issues of today: how the law – in particular, the European Court of Human Rights – is responding to shifting practices and ideas of fatherhood in a world that offers radical possibilities for the fragmentation of the conventional father figure and therefore urges decisions upon what kind of characteristics makes someone a legal father.

It explores the Court's reaction to changing family and, more specifically, fatherhood realities. In so doing, it engages in timely conversations about the rights and responsibilities of men as fathers. By tracing values and assumptions underpinning the Court's views on fatherhood, this book contributes to highlight the expressive powers of the ECtHR: more specifically, the latter's role in producing and legitimising ideas about parenting and, more generally, in influencing how family life is regulated and organised.

Alice Margaria is a Research Fellow in the Law and Anthropology Department of the Max Planck Institute for Social Anthropology. She holds a PhD in Law from the European University Institute. Her previous book *Nuove forme di filiazione e genitorialità: leggi e giudici di fronte alle nuove realtà* (2018) explores the role of national judges in bridging the gap between the social and the legal realities of families created via assisted reproduction, from a comparative perspective. She was invited as a visiting scholar at various institutions, such as Emory University and Lund University. She also worked with international organisations, including the UNICEF Office of Research.





## The Construction of Fatherhood

# THE JURISPRUDENCE OF THE EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS

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To my children





### Contents

ror	ewoi	ď	page xi
Ack	now	eledgements	xiii
	In	troduction	1
1	Fatherhood and the Law in Europe		
	1	Ideology versus Reality: Changing Families	4
		and Changing Fatherhood	4
	2	The Law's Reaction: New and Old Ways of Connecting	
		Fathers to Children	9
	3	Introducing the Key Concepts	13
		'Conventional Fatherhood'	13
		'Fragmenting Fatherhood'	14
		'New Fatherhood'	15
	4	The Aim and Structure of the Analysis	17
2	Tl	ne ECtHR and Fatherhood: Limits and Potential	19
	In	troduction	19
	1	Family Relationships: Between Restraint and Innovation	20
	2	Core Provisions	24
		2.1 Article 8 and Fatherhood	25
		Two Stages of Review	25
		Positive Obligations	29
		2.2 Article 14 and Fatherhood	32
	3	Doctrines and Decision Making	35
		3.1 The Doctrine of the Margin and Strictness of Review	36
		3.2 The Variable Use of Doctrines and the Court's	
		Moral Views	40
	4	Case-Law Selection	45



viii Contents

	1 1 1 14 1 15 1 1 1	0	
	<u> •</u>	48	
	1	48	
2		52	
		54	
		58	
		63	
3	Conclusions	68	
Pos	t-Separation and Unmarried Fatherhood	72	
	<u>=</u>	72	
	9	75	
_		78	
	•	85	
	•	91	
	Fathers Contesting Paternity	93	
	Fathers Claiming Paternity	98	
3	Conclusions	106	
Fatherhood and Family-Work Reconciliation			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	109	
	1	109	
		109	
		11.4	
	1	114 116	
	1 5	119 121	
_	,		
3	Conclusions	125	
Fat	herhood and Homosexuality	128	
1	Homosexual Families and Conventional Parenthood:		
	Points of Disjuncture	128	
2	The ECtHR and Homosexual Relationships:		
	A Two-Stage Development	131	
	2.1 Homosexual Fathers and Their Biological Children	135	
	2.2 Single-Parent Adoption: Gays versus Lesbians	139	
	2.3 Second-Parent Adoption and the 'Special Status'	,	
	of Marriage	144	
3	Conclusions	151	
	3 Pos 1 2 3 Fat 1 2 2	<ul> <li>The ECtHR and ARTs: An Ambivalent Reaction         <ol> <li>Transsexuality and Fatherhood</li> <li>Not-Yet Conceived Children and the Ideal Father</li> <li>Surrogacy and Intended Fatherhood</li> </ol> </li> <li>Conclusions</li> <li>Post-Separation and Unmarried Fatherhood</li> <li>Fatherhood and the 'Crisis' of Marriage</li> <li>The ECtHR, the 'Crisis' of Marriage and Fatherhood</li> <li>Parental Rights after Family Breakdown</li> <li>Non-Consensual Adoption</li> <li>Paternity Proceedings</li></ul>	



Contents	ix		
7 Fatherhood at the ECtHR	155		
Introduction	155		
1 The Construction of Fatherhood in the EC	CtHR		
Jurisprudence	156		
Towards 'New Fatherhood'	156		
The Relationship between Change and Co	ontinuity 159		
2 The Role(s) of Doctrines	161		
European Consensus	162		
Positive Obligations	164		
3 Final Thoughts	166		
Bibliography			
Index			





### Foreword

It is an honour and a great pleasure to write the preface for this important, timely and fascinating book, a study that redraws the terrain of contemporary studies of fatherhood and law by turning the critical gaze to the construction of fatherhood in the context of the jurisprudence of the European Court of Human Rights (ECtHR). Alice Margaria has written a meticulously researched book, theoretically sophisticated in its approach yet written throughout in an engaging and accessible style. It is a work that I have no doubt will appeal to a wide readership across disciplines, making not only an important contribution to legal scholarship, and socio-legal studies in particular, but to interdisciplinary work on fatherhood generally and the growing body of international scholarship exploring the interconnections between gender, parenting and social change.

The scope and command of a diverse literature base in the work is formidable. The book encompasses, amongs other things, consideration of the complex relationship between law and the changing nature of families and fatherhood in a transnational frame; the core provisions, doctrines and decision-making of the ECtHR, blending detailed analysis of case-law with insights drawn from across diverse disciplinary perspectives. In her assessment of the limits and potential of the Court, the author carefully takes the reader through key areas of law that have, in the context of the ECtHR as well as other legal arenas, raised challenging and significant questions about social and legal understandings of fathering and fatherhood. These include the relationship between fatherhood and assisted reproduction (Chapter 3), the place of fatherhood in debates around family—work reconciliation (Chapter 5) and men's parenting in laws relating to same-sex relationships, in particular with regard to adoption laws and the privilege of heterosexuality in the jurisprudence of the Court (Chapter 6). Central to the book is consideration of another



xii Foreword

issue that has prompted extensive debate and dialogue across jurisdictions in Europe and beyond. In a discussion of the legal regulation of post-separation and unmarried fatherhood, the author charts how what is taking place in the law in these areas, on closer examination, reveals much about shifting understandings of marriage, divorce and, indeed, the politics of law and families.

What is truly original, and makes this work quite distinct from other studies of fatherhood, law and society, is the core focus on the jurisprudence of the ECtHR. It explores how, in this context, a closer examination of legal regulation can reveal much about the fragmentation of a traditional father figure and the nature of legal determinations of who, and by virtue of what kind of link, should be regarded as the legal father of a child. Exploring cases pertaining to family life and father-child relationships that have crossed national borders and reached Strasbourg, the book reveals a deep uncertainty across countries about social understandings of fatherhood and fathering; and how these constructions of fatherhood, as the book frames it, are enmeshed with an array of beliefs about social bonds, intentions, responsibilities and rights. Crucially, what emerges is not just the key role of the ECtHR in the production, reproduction and legitimation, through its binding decisions, of an array of (by no means consistent) ideas of what it means to be a 'father' and, in particular, a 'good father'. The book also considers the place of fatherhood at a conceptual level in a study of the power of law. More precisely, as the author puts it, it unpacks how the effects of the Court's jurisprudence do not stop at telling parties how they must behave but also involve messages about what values, and ideas - about, for example, care, family, responsibility and rights – are more important than others within specific legal contexts. What emerges is a picture of both shifts and continuity in the extent to which the Court can be seen as either resistant or receptive to changing notions and practices of fatherhood in society.

As the author notes, whilst several scholars have sought to explore the contribution of the Strasbourg Court in relation to wider notions of parenthood, fatherhood has remained a relatively unexplored subject. This book is unique in the way it places the law's 'fatherhood question' firmly on the agenda in the context of European jurisprudence. It is, in short, socio-legal scholarship at its best, most fascinating and most thought provoking – a book that deserves to be widely read far beyond the discipline of law and which will take its rightful place in the canon of work on fatherhood, law and gender and in socio-legal scholarship generally.

Richard Collier, Newcastle Upon Tyne, UK. March 2019



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