Evolution, Ecology and Conservation of Lorises and Pottos

Furry and wide-eyed, lorises and pottos are small, nocturnal primates inhabiting African and Asian tropical and subtropical forests.

Their likeable appearance, combined with their unusual adaptations – from a marked reduction of the tail to their mostly slow, deliberate locomotion, powerful grasping and, in some species, a venomous bite – has led to a significant rise in research interest in the family Lorisidae over the last decade. Furthermore, lorises in particular have featured frequently in international media largely due to illegal trade – for example, as pets.

This is the first volume to present a full picture of the breadth of research being undertaken on lorisids to aid future studies as well as conservation efforts. Focusing on five key topics – evolutionary biology, ecomorphology, behavioural ecology, captive management and conservation – this book is a vital read for graduate students and researchers in primatology, biological anthropology, evolutionary biology, animal behaviour and conservation.

K. A. I. Nekaris is Professor of Biological Anthropology at Oxford Brookes University, Oxford, UK, where she directs the Nocturnal Primate Research Group and the MSc Primate Conservation. She has conducted fieldwork on lorisids since 1993, and is Director of the Little Fireface Project, using conservation education, ecology and advocacy to conserve nocturnal mammals.

Anne M. Burrows is Professor of Anatomy at Duquesne University, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA. She has been working on evolutionary morphology of lorises and pottos for 20 years, focusing on feeding mechanisms and communication. She is co-editor of *The Evolution of Exudativory in Primates* (Springer, 2010) and co-author of *Primate Communication: A Multimodal Approach* (Cambridge University Press, 2013).

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Evolution, Ecology and Conservation of Lorises and Pottos

Edited by

K. A. I. NEKARIS Oxford Brookes University

ANNE M. BURROWS Duquesne University



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> Anne dedicates this book to her family, whose constant support means everything. And to those past and present who have furthered this field and laid the groundwork for what we are able to achieve today and to the students studying lorises and pottos whose works will guide the future of these species.

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Contributors

Tanvir Ahmed Department of Zoology, Jagannath University, Bangladesh

H. Al-Razi Bangladesh Slow Loris Research and Conservation Project, Bangladesh

Namrata B. Anirudh International Animal Rescue, West Java, Indonesia

Laura Beasley Little Fireface Project, Cisurupan, Java, Indonesia

Daniel Bergin Department of Social Sciences, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Helene Birot Little Fireface Project, Cisurupan, Java, Indonesia

Mary E. Blair Center for Biodiversity and Conservation, American Museum of Natural History, USA

Marissa Boettcher

Department of Biological Sciences, North Carolina State University, USA

Ella R. Brown Little Fireface Project, Cisurupan, Java, Indonesia

Anne M. Burrows Department of Physical Therapy, Duquesne University, USA

Francis Cabana Wildlife Reserves Singapore, Singapore

Marco Campera Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Claire Cardinal Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Lucie Čižmářová Olomouc Zoo, Czehcia; Kukang Rescue Program, Sumatra, Indonesia

Nabajit Das Department of Zoology, B. H. College (Gauhati University), India

Wilhelmina Eggen Cikananga Wildlife Rescue Centre, Java, Indonesia

xiv Contributors

Kim Feddema

Faculty of Arts, Business, Law and Education, University of Western Australia, Australia

Helena Fitch-Snyder

California National Primate Research Centre, University of California Davis, USA

Grace Fuller

Center for Zoo and Aquarium Animal Welfare and Ethics, Detroit Zoological Society, USA

Matt Gardiner

Department of Social Sciences, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Robyn A. Grant

Division of Biology and Conservation Ecology, Manchester Metropolitan University, UK

Jandy Hanna

Biomedical Sciences Department, West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine, USA

Adam Hartstone-Rose

Department of Biological Sciences, North Carolina State University, USA

Sabit Hasan Department of Zoology, Jagannath University, Bangladesh

Xin He

College of Animal Sciences and Technology, Sichuan Agricultural University, China

Holden W. Hemingway

University of North Texas, Centre for Anatomical Sciences, USA

Anthony Herrel

Département Adaptations du Vivant, Bâtiment d'Anatomie Comparée, France

Alexandra N. Hofner

Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Muhammad Ali Imron

Faculty of Forestry, Universitas Gadjah Mada, Indonesia

I. Irpiandi

International Animal Rescue, West Java, Indonesia

Marina Kenyon

Dao Tien Cat Tien National Park, Vietnam

Honor Kitson

Department of Social Sciences, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Contributors XV Honnavalli N. Kumara Salim Ali Centre for Ornithology and Natural History, India Abdullah Langgeng Little Fireface Project, Cisurupan, Java, Indonesia Kaitlyn C. Leonard Department of Biological Sciences, North Carolina State University, USA **Karmele Llano Sanchez** International Animal Rescue, West Java, Indonesia Sergi López-Torres Roman Koziowski Institute of Paelobiology, Polish Academy of Sciences, Poland Averee M. Luhrs Department of Anthropology, University of Texas at San Antonio, USA Ingrid Lundeen Department of Anthropology, University of Texas, USA Judith Masters Department of Zoology and Entomology, University of Fort Hare, South Africa Xiangvun Meng College of Animal Sciences and Technology, Sichuan Agricultural University, China Priscillia Miard School of Biological Sciences, Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia Bryn Morgan Save Vietnam's Wildlife, Vietnam Magdalena N. Muchlinski Anatomical Services Center, Oregon Health and Science University, Oregon, USA **Rachel A. Munds** Department of Anthropology, University of Missouri, USA S. B. Muzaffar Department of Biology, United Arab Emirates University, UAE Leanne T. Nash School of Human Evolution and Social Change, Arizona State University, USA K. A. I. Nekaris Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK **Emily M. Nett**

Department of Biological Sciences, University of Notre Dame, USA

Qingyong Ni College of Animal Sciences and Technology, Sichuan Agricultural University, China

xvi Contributors

Vincent Nijman

Department of Social Sciences, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Elizabeth R. Pimley

School of Natural and Social Sciences, University of Gloucestershire, UK

Stephanie A. Poindexter

Anthropology Department, Boston University, USA

Luca Pozzi

Department of Anthropology, University of Texas at San Antonio, USA

František Příbrský

Ostrava Zoo, Czehcia; Kukang Rescue Program, Sumatra, Indonesia

Matthew J. Ravosa

Departments of Biological Sciences, Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, and Anthropology, University of Notre Dame, USA

Kathleen D. Reinhardt

Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Christian Roos

Gene Bank of Primates and Primate Genetics Laboratory, German Primate Centre, Germany

Nadine Rupert

School of Biological Sciences, Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia

Keegan R. Selig

Department of Anthropology, University of Toronto Scarborough, Canada

Zak Showell

Shaldon Wildlife Trust, Devon, UK

Mary T. Silcox

Department of Anthropology, University of Toronto Scarborough, Canada

Carly Starr

4 Elements Consulting, Australia

Ulrike Streicher

Department of Anthropology, University of Oregon, USA

Magdalena S. Svensson

Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Carrie C. Veilleux

Department of Anthropology, University of Texas, USA

Yu Wang

College of Animal Sciences and Technology, Sichuan Agricultural University, China

Contributors xvii

Ariana Weldon

Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Emma Williams

Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK

Wirdateti Wirdateti

Division Zoology, Research Center for Biology, Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan, Indonesia

Foreword

The family Lorisidae remains one of the least known groups of primates, being extremely cryptic, even compared to other nocturnal primates. When I began fieldwork on the nocturnal primates of Africa in the 1960s, our ignorance was truly profound. At that time, we were aware of only two species of loris in Asia and one potto and one angwantibo in Africa. Like the animals themselves, research since then has not exactly progressed in leaps and bounds, but new technologies have transformed our understanding, as shown by the content of this volume.

Looking back at those earliest field studies brings memories of the many hurdles that had to be negotiated in order to follow the animals or attempt their capture. All too often they proved to be untrappable and, being relatively silent (or making ultrasonic calls), they were hard to detect and follow at night. A pair of shining eyes observing you from 30 m above in the rainforest, or from low down in dense secondary vegetation, yields little in the way of useful data. In earlier times the solution would have been to shoot the animals and study museum populations, but instead we stuck to our guns metaphorically and found alternative ways to ensure that no animals were harmed during this research. Fortunately, some species lived in drier and more open habitats, where they could be followed continuously for several hours and, even in the rainforest, the use of effective traps and tiny radio transmitters (pioneered by Pierre Charles-Dominique) made scientific study a reality.

Gradually, over the years, the number of researchers attracted by the delights of nocturnal primate research became significant. We started with lead-acid motorcycle batteries to power the headlights, 3 kg tape recorders and bulky radio-receivers, but these became miniaturised and more effective. Flash bulbs were replaced by powerful electronics and low-light video cameras that enabled us to compare the pelage markings of different species in the wild, or aspects of their behaviour such as locomotion, scent marking or social life. We no longer saw nocturnal primates as 'primitive', 'solitary' or in some way 'lower', but as being highly specialised for a very different way of life compared to monkeys and apes (see at the end of this Foreword my attempt to put this into verse). To operate effectively at night required very different sense organs and perceptual abilities that were the basis of differences in their social behaviour. One offshoot of the early use of radio tracking was the realisation that without the radios we often had no idea what individuals were really doing. Field researchers working with diurnal primates tended to follow the group but, because nocturnal primates often foraged alone, we were forced to track each individual, with often surprising results. This led to the realisation that they lived in dispersed or fission-fusion groups - joining a number of companions at various times in the night and sleeping with them in different combinations during the day.

Perhaps the most striking development over this time for nocturnal primates in general, and the Lorisidae in particular, was the increase in the number of species.

xx Foreword

Animals that recognise their own kind by scent, ultrasonic sound or subtle markings of the fur are not easily recognised by humans, and we refer to them as cryptic. It is almost impossible for us to know from a drawer full of museum specimens whether they belong to one, rather variable, species or several different ones. Hence the early taxonomists named only those species that had some striking anatomical characteristic that was absent in their relatives, such as distinctive teeth, fingernails or pelage. We now know that in all groups of nocturnal primates there has been gross oversimplification. Studies of living animals and genetic sampling continue to reveal systematic differences in a range of characteristics such as calling patterns, face and pelage marking patterns and genetic distance. Less is known about the significance of scent marking, but modern developments promise to reveal further species in the near future. I salute the efforts in this volume and wish the authors and readers every success in mastering the new techniques that underpin this exciting area of primate research.

How High Is a Higher Primate?

Do chimps, orangs and gorillas deserve a special place Just because in some respects they're like the human race? And is it right to class the prosimians as low Just because they're out at night and some of them are slow? Are small creatures primitive and large ones more advanced, Or do we see those nearest us as naturally enhanced? When we look down on nature what do we really see When, due to inflated self-esteem, we lack humility? Long-term success has no respect for level, height or grade, So let's abandon High and Low and call a spade a spade.

> Simon K. Bearder Nocturnal Primate Research Group, Oxford Brookes University, UK

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