

COMPOUNDS AND COMPOUNDING

Are compounds words or phrases – or are they neither, or both? How should we classify compounds? How can we deal with the fact that the relationship between the elements of *sugar pill* ('pill made of sugar') is different from that in *sea-sickness pill* ('pill to prevent sea-sickness')? Are compounds a linguistic universal? How much do languages vary in the way their compounds work? Why do we need compounds, when there are other ways of creating the same meanings? Are so-called neoclassical compounds like *photograph* really compounds? Based on more than forty years' research, this controversial new book sets out to answer these and many other questions.

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Preface and Acknowledgements

There are three direct motivations for this work. The first is that early in 2015 I was asked to write a chapter on compounds in English (Bauer in press). In writing that chapter it quickly became clear to me that I had much more to say than would fit into a chapter, and that many of the issues that deserved consideration in the study of compounds were worthy of a least a chapter each. Several of them have had books written about them. The second motivation is from a comment I made at the Universals and Typology in Word-Formation II conference held at Šafárik University, Košice, Slovakia, in August 2012. The organisers asked me to provide a summary of that conference at its end, pulling out common threads. One of the things I noted, in an attempt to be provocative, was that we had seen a number of papers where the classification of compounds had been raised as an issue. I suggested that if we had not got a classification of compounds after 4,000 years of work, we might be asking the wrong questions. I may still be asking the wrong questions, but I have tried to change the ground a little here. The third motivation is that I realised in the course of this project that I first started to take the study of compounds seriously at the beginning of 1973, when I narrowed the topic of my PhD down to compounding. So I have been working on and with compounds for more than forty years, and developing my own view of compounds gradually over that period. Some of my ideas remain unchanged from my thesis (completed in 1975 but published as Bauer 1978), many others have changed radically since then, under the influence of my own and other people's research on compounds specifically and my own evolving ideas about language and linguistics. Those ideas have evolved as the linguistic landscape has evolved. When I started my thesis, Chomsky's Extended Standard Theory was a recent innovation and cognitive grammar had not been developed at all. These days, though I would hesitate to call myself a cognitive linguist, I have been strongly influenced by many of the ideas of cognitive grammar and, within that overall framework, by construction grammar and exemplar theory. These trends in linguistic thought have changed my ideas about compounds

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xiv Preface and Acknowledgements

considerably, and this book is an attempt to formulate my own personal view of what is going on in compounding in the light of such influences. This means that even where I reprise matters that I have covered in earlier publications, my conclusions are not necessarily the same and are not necessarily viewed in the same context. At the same time, I have to recognise that because my viewpoint is unashamedly personal, it is only one viewpoint among many, and that my ideas and conclusions are necessarily controversial. While I try to build my conclusions into a coherent view of what is going on in this area of language, readers may accept some of my conclusions but reject others, and I cannot necessarily assume that everything I conclude will be accepted with equal alacrity by my readers. This accounts for my sometimes appearing to leave my options open.

I should like to thank Winifred Bauer, Natalia Beliaeva, Andrew Chesterman and Liza Tarasova for providing examples, and Natalia Beliaeva, Pavol Štekauer, Liza Tarasova and Peter Whiteford for comments on an earlier version of the typescript. I should like to thank Paul Warren for the data referred to in Section 3.2.3, and my ELT colleagues at Victoria University for responding to the questionnaire discussed in the Appendix. Finally, I should like to thank the team at Cambridge University Press, including the anonymous readers who commented most helpfully on the first draft. Versions of parts of Section 2.7.6 and the Appendix have previously been the subject of presentations at conferences of the New Zealand Linguistics Society. While thanking all these people, I must point out that they do not necessarily agree with me, and they are not responsible for the way in which I have interpreted their comments.



Abbreviations and Notational Conventions

A adjective
ABE abessive
ABL ablative
ABSL absolutive
ADJLZ adjectivaliser
ADV adverb

AORII aorist of class II
CONT continuous
DEF definite

DERIV derivational marker

DO direct object GEN genitive ILL illative inessive INE INF infinitive instrumental INST linking element L.E. masculine N noun

neuter

NMLZ nominalization
NON-NEUT non-neuter
NP noun phrase
NUM number
P preposition
PASS passive
PAST past tense
PERS person-marker

PL plural

NEUT

PP prepositional phrase present tense

Q quantifier

XV



xvi Abbreviations and Notational Conventions

SG	singular
SUBJV	subjunctive
V	verb
3	third person
•	is morphologically related to
•	break between morphs not indicated in the orthography/
	transcription
*	unacceptable
?	of questionable acceptability
italics	cited examples; words; word-forms, morphs; titles
SMALL	lexemes; glosses of grammatical items
CAPITALS	
//	enclosing phonological representations
<>	enclosing orthographic representations
[]	enclosing constituents; enclosing editorial comment or
	addition
٠,	enclosing meanings or glosses; enclosing terms; enclosing
	dialogue; enclosing quotations
· · · · · ·	enclosing quotations within quotations; as "scare quotes"
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·