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A General History of Music

A friend and pupil of Mendelssohn, the composer and author William Smith Rockstro (1823–95) was regarded as an expert on early music. He contributed articles on the subject to Sir George Grove's *Dictionary of Music and Musicians* as well as teaching counterpoint and plainsong at the Royal College of Music. His published output includes biographies of Handel (1883), Mendelssohn (1884) and the opera singer Jenny Lind (1891), all of which are reissued in this series. The present work was first published in 1886. In its narrative of musical history since the Greeks, it gives due weight to the development of music in England and includes, naturally, a chapter on Handel that reflects his enduring influence on national taste. The final section of the book discusses the contemporary musical scene and considers the importance of the recently deceased Wagner for the music of the future.



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A General History of Music

From the Infancy of the Greek Drama to the Present Period

WILLIAM SMITH ROCKSTRO





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A GENERAL

HISTORY OF MUSIC

FROM THE

INFANCY OF THE GREEK DRAMA TO THE PRESENT PERIOD

ву

W. S. ROCKSTRO,

AUTHOR OF "THE LIFE OF GEORGE FREDERICK HANDEL," "THE LIFE OF MENDELSSOHN," "A HISTORY OF MUSIC FOR YOUNG STUDENTS," 'THE RULES OF COUNTERPOINT," "PRACTICAL HARMONY," ETC., ETC.

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1886.

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PREFACE.

A HUNDRED years ago, so limited were the recognised sources of information concerning the History of Music, that Dr. Burney, when accumulating the materials for his opus magnum, found it necessary to make an extended tour through the principal cities of Europe, for the purpose of obtaining the data needed for the completion of his scheme.

One of the earliest writers on the subject was Giovanni Battista Doni, who, in a treatise entitled De præstantia musicæ veteris, printed, at Florence, in 1647, endeavoured to prove that the Greeks had made far greater advancement in Music than was generally supposed. This work included a tract, on the same subject, by Pietro della Valle. Of a more practical character was Johann Gottfried Walther's Musikalisches Lexikon, published, at Leipzig, in 1732. In 1740, Johann Mattheson published his Grundlage einer Ehrenvforte, containing biographical notices of many eminent Musicians. Friedrich Wilhelm Marpurg's Kritische Einleitung in die Geschicte

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der Tonkunst, published in 1751, was of more extended interest; though less valuable, by far, than P. Giambattista Martini's Storia della Musica, [3 vols. Bologna, 1757. 1770. 1781], and another work, in a certain sense continuous with it, entitled, De cantu et musica sacra, [2 vols. S. Blasien, 1774], by P. Martini's intimate friend, Martin Gerbert von Hornau, Prince-Abbot of S. Blasien, in the Black Forest: two books which are still regarded as marvels of musical scholarship.

It is at this point that our own two great musical historians appear upon the field, yielding the palm to none. Dr. Charles Burney, already mentioned, published the first volume of his General History of Music from the earliest Ages to the present Period, in 1776, and the fourth and last, in 1789. Sir John Hawkins published his General History of the Science and Practice of Music, in five volumes, in 1776. In 1819, Dr. Thomas Busby published a General History of Music, founded, almost entirely, on the works of his two illustrious predecessors; and it is scarcely possible to mention a later musical historian who has not been largely indebted to their famous volumes.

Nearly contemporary with these valuable works was the *Dictionnaire de Musique* of Jean Jacques Rousseau, [Geneva, 1767. Paris, 1768]. Nicolaus Forkel produced his *Allgemeine Geschichte der Musik*,



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in two volumes, dated 1788, and 1801. The first volume of Ernst Ludwig Gerber's *Historisch-biographische Lexikon der Tonkünstler*, based chiefly on Walther's older Lexikon, was published in 1790; and the second, printed in 1792, closes the list of Musical Histories produced in the 18th century.

Alexandre Etienne Choron, assisted hy François Joseph Marie Fayolle, published a Dictionnaire historique des Musiciens, in 1810—1811; but, the more valuable Biographie universelle des Musiciens, first published by Fétis, in 1835—1844, and brought down to a later date by Pougin's Supplement, has completely supplanted the earlier work. Fétis's Histoire générale de la Musique, begun in 1869, was completed by his son, Mons. Edouard Fétis, in 1876.

A high place is taken among modern works by the Geschichte der europäisch-abendländische Musik of Raphael Georg Kiesewetter, Edler von Wiesenbrunn, [1834], and the Histoire de l'Harmonie au moyen age of Charles Edouard Henri de Coussemaker, [1852]; but the most important works of the present half-century are, the Geschichte der Musik, of August Wilhelm Ambros [4 vols. 1862. 1864. 1868. and 1878, the last vol. posthumous], and the Musikalisches Conversations-Lexikon, begun, in 1870, by Hermann Mendel, and now completed, in eight volumes, by Dr. Reissmann.



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Very few of these works are to be had in the form of English translations; and the cumbrous and expensive quartos of Burney and Hawkins, leave even the last quarter of the 18th century unnoticed. Ambros's work, interrupted by his death, reaches only to the beginning of the 17th century. There is, indeed, no volume, of moderate size, embodying the entire History of Music, available, at the present moment, to the English reader; and it is with the view of providing him with such a volume, that the following pages have been written. It remains, therefore, only to add a few words in explanation of the plan on which they are designed.

All History, properly so called, is of necessity written in narrative form. In recognition of this law, the greater part of the following pages is occupied with brief sketches of the lives and achievements of the great representative Musicians of all ages. But, an Art-Chronicle consisting entirely of biographical notices would be grievously incomplete.

Side by side with the political history of a Nation, as recorded in the lives of its Kings, runs a collateral narrative, dealing with its advancement in Science, Literature, Commerce, and the thousand units that make up the sum of its general Civilisation.

Side by side with the exoteric history of Art, as set forth in the achievements of the Men of



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Genius who have devoted themselves to its culture, runs the esoteric record of its technical development.

Our great national Historian, David Hume, met the first condition, in his History of England, by means of occasional Chapters, placed, in the form of Appendices, at the end of certain important Reigns. We have endeavoured to meet the second, by a single Appendix, containing a general sketch of the Technical History of Music, from the age of the Greek Tragedians, to the present time. And, for the purpose of facilitating reference, we have devoted a separate Section of this Synopsis to each well-marked epoch of progressive development; indicating, in connection with every Section, the Book or Chapters of the General History which the technical remarks in question are intended to illus-By this means, we have been enabled to avoid much inconvenient digression, and consequent interruption of the narrative portions of the text.

In the hope of rendering the volume still more useful as a book of reference, we have combined a copious Chronological Table with the General Index. With the same purpose of facilitating reference, we have endeavoured to catch the student's eye, by printing the names of all works quoted as examples in Italics, and by beginning all technical terms—such as Stave, Chord, Trumpet, Notation, &c.,—



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with a capital letter, both in the index and in the text itself. We have also been careful to supply all information, not absolutely essential to the sequence of the historical narrative, in the form of foot-notes.

In a work designed expressly for the use of English readers, we have naturally dwelt, at considerable length, upon the history and vicissitudes of our national School-a circumstance which will, we hope, sufficiently account for what might otherwise appear to indicate a want of due proportion between the dimensions of some of our Chapters. instance, if the Chapter on Handel occupies more space than that devoted to Beethoven, it is simply because his influence upon our national taste was so powerful and enduring, that its effect, at the present moment, is scarcely less remarkable than it was while he was still working, in the flesh, at the head of the English School. That influence, as a plain matter of history, is naturally described in the narrative portion of our work; whereas, characteristics of Beethoven's individual style are more fittingly discussed in the Appendix, which forms the complement of this, as well as of many other biographical notices. The same remark will apply to the Chapters on the Early English Schools, the School of the Restoration, and others of scarcely less importance. We trust, however, that our



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endeavour to do justice to our own countrymen has not tempted us to pass over, with insufficient recognition, the merits of the Schools which have flourished, and are still flourishing, in other countries.

ELM COURT, BABBICOMBE, TORQUAY, 1886.





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