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## My Philosophy

In his study of optics, Newton postulated that light, like sound, must be carried through a medium, and that this medium must exist even in a vacuum. By the late nineteenth century, this theoretical substance was known as the luminiferous ether. But the ether theory faced several problems. If the earth moved through ether, there would be ether wind, and light travelling against the flow would move more slowly than light travelling with it. That was soon disproven. Nor could the ether be stationary: by 1905, Einstein's work on relativity had disproven absolute motion. In this fascinating advocacy of ether, first published in 1933, Sir Oliver Lodge (1851–1940) fiercely defends ether against the new physics, arguing for solid models over mathematical abstractions, and urging new ether experiments. With in-depth references to Einstein, Jeans and Eddington, this book is still relevant to students in the history of science.



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# My Philosophy

Representing my Views on the Many Functions of the Ether of Space

OLIVER LODGE





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## MY PHILOSOPHY





## MY PHILOSOPHY

REPRESENTING MY VIEWS ON THE MANY FUNCTIONS OF

THE ETHER OF SPACE

by

SIR OLIVER LODGE

"We will grieve not, rather find
Strength in what remains behind;
In the primal sympathy
Which having been must ever be;
In the soothing thoughts that spring
Out of human suffering;
In the faith that looks through death,
In years that bring the philosophic mind."
WORDSWORTH: Intimations of Immortality.

LONDON ERNEST BENN LIMITED 1933





## **FOREWORD**

The Ether of Space has been my life study, and I have constantly urged its claims to attention. I have lived through the time of Lord Kelvin with his mechanical models of an ether, down to a day when the universe by some physicists seems resolved into mathematics, and the idea of an ether is by them considered superfluous, if not contemptible. I always meant some day to write a scientific treatise about the Ether of Space; but when in my old age I came to write this book, I found that the Ether pervaded all my ideas, both of this world and the next. I could no longer keep my treatise within the proposed scientific confines; it escaped in every direction, and now I find has grown into a comprehensive statement of my philosophy.

OLIVER LODGE.

9th February, 1933.





## CONTENTS

### PART ONE

# AN ELEMENTARY SURVEY OF PHYSICAL EXISTENCE

### CHAPTER I

## THE CONSTITUTION OF THINGS AROUND US. A SURVEY OF EXISTENCE

### CHAPTER II

## THE PROGRESS OF PHYSICAL SCIENCE

The evolution of the earth and sun from a spiral nebula. Homogeneous matter throughout space would be unstable. Difficulty about origins.—An ether in turbulent motion out of which matter crystallised, is a legitimate speculation.—Though the whole of the energy is there, guidance must be added to explain evolution, and the outcome is not merely emergent.

### CHAPTER III

## DESIGN AND PURPOSE IN THE UNIVERSE

A psychic element on the earth is conspicuous now, and objects are full of human design and purpose.—The same is true of the past, and can be extended to the universe, wherein Design and Purpose are conspicuous.

7

19

22



## **CONTENTS**

### CHAPTER IV

### RELIGION AND SCIENCE

Two domains both known to humanity, with frontiers at
which there may be conflict, one group seeing Divine action
everywhere, and an opposite group excluding it as super-
stition.—A third group sees that there is truth on both sides,
and does not seek to deny either the mechanical explanation
or the spiritual aspiration, but includes both, at the same time
realising that Divine activity is not to be appealed to as a part
of science. These see that something in space is necessary
for all activity, for matter is essentially inert

### CHAPTER V

### THE ORGANISM AND THE CONTROL

Every phenomenon is psycho-physical, and implies an interaction between the physical and the mental. . . . . 41

#### CHAPTER VI

## THE PROPERTY OF INERTIA

Definition of inertia. Fundamental property of matter, which consists of particles immersed in a uniform medium, to which all their energy is due.—Matter is probably the palpable portion of the ether.

## CHAPTER VII

## SUMMARY OF NEW KNOWLEDGE

Cosmic theory; its comprehensive nature.—Its activity represented as an interchange of energy between ether and matter, in which it appears that the energy is running down or becoming less available, unless we take the whole into account, and realise that mind is not subject to this law.—The behaviour of matter is only an index or demonstration of etherial activity. Life can only use matter in this way under limited conditions.

58

45

35



## **CONTENTS**

### CHAPTER VIII

### MACHINERY OF GUIDANCE

Animated matter is controlled by the agency of life, and an organism has the power of renewing itself, and directing the energy which it finds in space without interfering with its amount. Some physical agent is needed to explain the control, and it is urged that the explanation is not complete without taking the ether into account. All our interpretation of existence is involved.

71

### PART TWO

## EVIDENCE FOR AND CONTROVERSIES CON-CERNING THE ETHER

#### CHAPTER IX

### MATTER, ENERGY, AND THE ETHER

Fundamental experience gradually growing gives us all three things, the ether being that part of space in which the energy resides.—Energy is transmitted from one piece of matter to another without being perceived in transit.—Electric and magnetic fields require the same medium as light. Locomotion is characteristic of matter, but its statement and measurement are a demonstration of etherial activity.

87

### CHAPTER X

### THE ETHER AND THE FORMS OF ENERGY

We have no dynamics of the ether at present: our senses have only told us about matter.—Force is a reality between particles of matter.—Speed and fatigue give us our idea of time.—Potential energy resides in the ether, and is just as real as the other kind called kinetic.



## **CONTENTS**

#### CHAPTER XI

### FARADAY'S CONCEPTION OF THE ETHER

Faraday perceived the importance of the space surrounding a conductor and relates how he tried whether an electromagnetic field was interfered with by means of matter, and found to his surprise that it was not—He called attention to the properties of the space near a body in which he perceived the activity to lie, and traced one of the interconnexions between magnetism and light.

### CHAPTER XII

### MODERN GIBES AT THE ETHER

Eminent physicists are often content with mathematical abstractions, and do not seek to follow them up into concrete realities, of which Faraday's lines of force are an example.—
One ether has to transmit every kind of force.—Minkowsky has a theory that space and time have vanished separately, and that a combination of them only is known. This statement is sometimes referred to as if it were a law of nature, but the result is confusion.

### CHAPTER XIII

## THE PHYSICAL ASPECT OF THE UNIVERSE AN ALTERNATIVE SCHEME TO THAT OF SIR JAMES JEANS

The ether is certainly necessary for the transmission of energy. It is not only a mathematical concept. Things exist which cannot be perceived by the senses.—Three stages in scientific history, the animistic, the mechanical, and the mathematical.—Energy is interchangeable between ether and matter. The potential form is possessed by ether; it is then sometimes called "possible," but it is perfectly real though not apparent.—The law of least action is a blindfold method of attaining a result without following the details of the process.—There is a truth in mechanism, which cannot always be swept away.—Biology is partly dependent on physics.—Space

104



## **CONTENTS**

and time are essentially different, and Einstein upholds the ether.—Locomotion through the ether is to be sought by experiment, notwithstanding the doctrine of Relativity. . . . 122

### CHAPTER XIV

## VIEWS OF THOMAS YOUNG, NEWTON AND FRESNEL

### CHAPTER XV

### THE ETHER AND RELATIVITY

The velocity c enters into every expression for motion, and it probably represents the internal fine-grained circulatory motion of the medium, of which the properties can be deduced by aid of magnetic experiments, and the whole made ultimately tractable by hydrodynamic theory.

### CHAPTER XVI

## MAGNETISM AND THE ETHER, WITH SUGGESTIONS FOR EXPERIMENT

Magnetic lines of force are closed curves, which are never generated but are opened out.—A suggested experiment for observing the velocity of light along these lines of force is made, whereby another relation can be obtained between the two etherial constants.

### CHAPTER XVII

## SUMMARY OF OUR PRESENT KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE ETHER

An article written for the "Encyclopædia Britannica" . 186

II



### CONTENTS

## PART THREE

### INTRODUCTION OF LIFE AND MIND

### CHAPTER XVIII

## THE INTERACTION OF THE PSYCHICAL WITH THE PHYSICAL

207

### CHAPTER XIX

## LIFE AND MECHANISM

The body or mode of manifestation displays the real activity which controls it. Life is responsible for all spontaneous activity.—In accordance with physical analogies the mechanism primarily used by life is ether, which displays its activity by acting on the material body and transmitting energy for the purpose. It constitutes an etheric body, also called a spiritual body.

215

### CHAPTER XX

# A PSYCHICAL FUNCTION SUGGESTED FOR THE ETHER OF SPACE

Some physical agent is needed to explain the action of live things, and an ether body and brain is needed to account for our activities which are transmitted by us to the material. .

22 I



## **CONTENTS**

### CHAPTER XXI

### ETHER AND THE SOUL

Many things can be traced to the influence of the ether body, which is the primary instrument of the soul.—Some diseases are caused biologically.—It is conceivable that the etheric constituent of the whole personality may continue to flourish after the material has been discarded. (That is a question of evidence.)

### PART FOUR

# THE EVIDENCE FOR SURVIVAL AND ITS MECHANISM

### CHAPTER XXII

### EVIDENCE FOR AND MECHANISM OF SURVIVAL

Evidence of the survival and continued activity of an individual is frequent, and is to be understood as a separation of the ether body from its material concomitant; so that in that discarnate form its life continues. Its primary habitation is now the ether.—But when under exceptional circumstances it can once more associate itself with matter, it can affect our senses and make some communication.—Matter as usual is only the instrument of manifestation.

### CHAPTER XXIII

## ON THE DIFFICULTY OF PROVING INDIVIDUAL SURVIVAL

The proof that a definite individual is communicating is not a simple one.—The establishment of personal identity must be achieved by some personal idiosyncrasy being transmitted, which must not be known to anybody living if the proof is to be conclusive, and which must therefore be recorded in such a way as to be posthumously deciphered. . . . .

13

243



### CONTENTS

### CHAPTER XXIV

## ON THE REASONS FOR THE NON-RECOGNITION OF PSYCHICAL RESEARCH BY THE MAJORITY OF THE SCIENTIFIC WORLD

Science for the most part is occupied by the behaviour of material organisms, and declines to attend to exceptional occurrences for which there is no theory. Good evidence has been rejected or not examined for that reason. Precautions have to be taken against fraudulent procedure in a medium; but as a rule elaborate apparatus is no help. Scientific people will not attend until a satisfactory theory can be suggested.

267

#### CHAPTER XXV

## ON THE APPARENT ELEMENT OF CAPRICE INTRODUCED BY THE SPIRITISTIC HYPOTHESIS

The control of matter by spirit need not mean anything capricious.—Explorers of mechanism detect no signs of mental action in their instruments.—All that matter does is to take the path of least resistance. If we see a body adapting itself to circumstances we infer guidance by some form of life, and we are justified in so doing.—The animistic ideas of primitive man are not to be wholly rejected as absurd. . .

276

### CHAPTER XXVI

### THE WHOLE ORGANICALLY CONSIDERED

To understand the whole, it is necessary to attend to more than the material. Physicists have often held this; attention to matter alone is insufficient.—The same thing must be applied to the animate world, that the physical mechanism is controlled by an animating principle called soul or spirit. . . .



### CONTENTS

#### CHAPTER XXVII

### THE SPIRITISTIC HYPOTHESIS

We are spirits incarnated in matter for a time, and unless we can operate on matter we produce no perceptible effect; but our existence does not depend on the material body, nor does it constitute the whole of our instrument. The potential permanent part of us is spirit, and it always operates upon the material through the ether. Hereafter our existence continues when we are separate from the material body; and it does not appear to us very different.—In this condition, if we do operate on matter, we may sometimes perform what appear to be miracles; which, however, must be patiently examined and reported on.

291

### CHAPTER XXVIII

### THE BEARING OF THE THEORY UPON RELIGION

304