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- Conflagration caused by lightning, 12.
- Conoclas, the castle of, taken by Owain, son of Madog, 100.
- Consecration of St. Michael's church, 9.
- Constantine, the conversion of, 5.
- Conwy (Conguoy, Congui), the battle of, 15.
- Cormuc (Cormuch), king of Ireland, dies, 16.
- Cornwall, the princes of, at peace with the king of England, 47.
 the earl of, goes to the Holy Land, 83.
- Council, a general, held at Lyons under pope Gregory X., 104.
- Courthouse, Robert, taken prisoner by his brother Henry, 32.
- Cross, the, borne by Arthur in the battle of Badon, 4.
 the true, captured by the Pagans and Saracens, 56.
 restored to the Christians, 75.
- Cruccieth, Maredudd, son of Rhys, confined in the castle of, 97.
- Cudberth, abbot, death of, 10.
- Curci, John de, expelled from Ireland by the sons of Hugh de Lacy, 63.
- Cwmhir (Cumhyr), Cadwallon, son of Maelgwn, dies at, 80, 81.
- Cydwain (Kedeweighe, Kedewic), Owain, son of Maredudd, son of Robert of, dies, 81.
 the lord of, burns the town of Treveland, 98.
- Cydweli (Kedweli, Kedeweli, Kedewely, Cadwely), devastated by Gwyn, son of Einion, 21.
 also by Cadell, son of Gruffudd, 45.
 obtained by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 71.
 the castle of, reduced by Llywelyn, prince of North Wales, 78.
 war between the men of Ystrad Tywy and the men of, 104.
- Cynan (Cinan, Chinan, Conan, Kenan, Canan), expelled from Mona by Howel, 12.
 his death, 12.
- Cynan, son of Howel, is slain, 22.
- Cynan, son of Howel, confederates with William, son of William Mareschal, 76.
- Cynan, son of Maredudd, captures the castles of Llandovery and Carreg Cennen, 106.
 imprisoned in London, 107.
- Cynan, son of Owain, wrests Meirionydd from Cadwalader, 44.
 encamps at Basingwerk, 46.
 encamps at Dinweileir, 48.
 dies, 54.
- Cynan, son of Scisyll, dies, 23.
- Cynan, Maredudd, son of Edwin, slain by the sons of, 23.
- Cynawg (Cinnauc, Kenauc), bishop, deposition of, 6.
- Cyngen (Cinnen, Cengen), strangled by the Pagans, 13.
- Cyngen (Cincenn, Kengen), son of Elized, dies by poison, 18.
- Cyngen (Cinnen, Cengen, Eygen), king of Powys, dies at Rome, 13.

Cynvrig (Kenwric), son of Owain, killed by the family of Madog, son of Maredudd, (by Howel, son of Maredudd, *C.*), 41.
 Cynvrig (Kenwric), son of the lord Rhys, dies, 82.
 Cynwyl (Ceniul), ravages the Dimetian territories, 12.
 Cyprus, subdued by Richard, king of England, 57.
 Cyveiliog (Keweilauc, Keweilauc, Keveilauc, Keneilauc, Keiwelauc), given by Madog, son of Maredudd, to his nephews, 44.
 devastated by Rhys, 45.
 Owain of, flees into England, 51.

D.

Damietta, the city of, miraculously captured by the Christians, 74.
 an archbishop consecrated in it, 75.
 retaken by the Saracens, 75.
 taken by Louis, king of France, 88.
 Daniel, bishop of Bangor, deposition of, 5.
 Daniel, son of bishop Sulgen, dies, 38.
 David, the monastery of, burnt, 7.
 David, son of Gerald, succeeds to the see of Menevia, 44.
 David, son of Gruffudd, aids in killing his brother Owain, 53.
 David, son of Gruffudd, disputes with his brother Llywelyn, 89.
 taken captive by Llywelyn, 89.
 encamps near Cilgerran, 96.
 takes the castles of Llandoverly and Carreg Cennen, 106.
 imprisoned, hanged, and quartered, 107.
 David ap Howel, is slain and buried, 96.
 David, son of Llywelyn, receives the homage of all the princes of Wales at Strata Florida, 82.
 succeeds his father, 83.
 pays homage to king Henry III. at Gloucester, 83.
 gives hostages to the king, 83.
 David, son of Llywelyn—*continued.*
 delivers his brother Gruffudd into the king's prison, 84.
 burns Caermarthen, 84.
 attacks his enemies, and drives them out of their territories, except those who were in castles and fortifications, 85.
 causes many losses to Gruffudd, son of Madog, Gruffudd, son of Gwynwyn, and Morgan, son of Howel, 85.
 dies at Aber, and is buried at Aberconwy, 85.
 David, son of Malcolm, dies, 45.
 David, son of Maurice, killed by Maelgwn, son of Rhys, 59.
 David, bishop of Menevia, dies, 6.
 David, bishop of Menevia, dies, 55.
 David, son of Owain, encamps at Basingwerk, 46.
 expelled by Llywelyn, son of Iorwerth, 59.
 David, king of Scotland, taken captive by the men of king Henry, 54.
 Day, the, becomes dark as night, 3.
 Decem-novennalis, 39.
 Dedication of the church of Menevia, 39.
 Deugleddyv (Deuglethef), a place given by bishop Bernard to the Cistercian monks at Trevgarn in, 43.
 Dewar, William, bishop of Hereford, dies, 62.
 Diermid (Diermit, Dyermet, Dyermyct), son of Murcath, being expelled by his own men, goes to the king of England, 51.
 intercedes for the liberation of Robert, son of Stephen, 52.
 his daughter married to Richard, earl of Striguil, 52.
 his death, 53.
 Diermid, king of the Scots, slain in battle, 26.
 Dimetia (Demetia, Dewet, Devet, Dyvet, Dyuet, Deveth), invaded, 7.
 ravaged by Iago and Idwal, sons of Idwal, 18.

- Dimetia—continued.*
 ravaged by Gothrid and Harold, 20.
 also by Gwyn (Owain, C.), son of Einion, 21.
 also by the Pagans, 22.
 also by Eilaf, 23.
 plundered by Cadwgan, son of Bleddyn, 29.
 occupied by the French, who build castles therein, 29.
 won back by the Welsh, 30.
 left a desert, 30.
 pilgrims from, drowned, 43.
 Welsh nobles slain by the French in, 57.
 Welshmen from, take the castle of Llanuhaden, 58.
 invaded by Maelgwn, and the two sons of Gruffudd, 71.
 Llywelyn, prince of Wales, and his confederates, march to, 74.
 the churches of, spoiled by William, son of William Mareschal, 75.
 troops from, pass into North Wales, 86.
- Dinas Basing (Dynos Basic, Dinas Basing), *i. e.* Basingwerk, Henry II. arrives at, 46.
 Owain, prince of North Wales, and his three sons, encamp at, 46.
- Dinas Newydd (—Neguid), the battle of, 17.
- Dinbric, the town of, destroyed by Llywelyn, son of Gruffudd, 98.
- Dinbych (Dynebech, Tinebeth), *i. e.* Tenby, archers from, wound Cadell, son of Gruffudd, 45.
- Dineirth (Dinmeir, Dynnerth), the battle of, 16.
 destroyed by Owain and Cadwalader, sons of Gruffudd, 40.
- Dinevwr (Denewr, Dinonour, Dinewour, Dynewr), taken by Rhys and Owain, sons of Gruffudd, 69.
 Rhys, son of Rhys Mechyll, escapes to, 94.
 the castle of, delivered up to Llywelyn for the liberation of Maredudd, son of Rhys, 97.
 taken by Rhys, son of Maredudd, 107.
- Dinweileir (Dinweilleir, Denweileir, Dinweilir), the castle of, won by Cadell, son of Gruffudd, and his brothers Rhys and Maredudd, 43.
 earl Reginald and others encamp at, 48.
 forcibly obtained by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 49.
- Diserth (Disserth, Dissert), Henry III. fortifies the castle on the rock, near, 83.
 Henry, earl of Chester, goes to visit his castle at, 90.
 the castle of, taken and demolished by the lord Llywelyn, 101.
- Dubkynt (Dub gint, Du lin), the battle of, 14.
- Dublin (Dulin, Dulyrn), the Pagans of, capture Gruffudd, 24.
 Magnus, king of, is slain, 33.
 reduced by Richard, earl of Striguil, 53.
- Dunawd (Dunaut, Dunaud, Dunaut), king, dies, 5.
- Duta, ravages Glewysig, 14.
- Dyganwy (Decantorum, Degannoe, Deganhui, Degannoc, Deganuu, Degannuy, Digannoy, Degantro, Diganny), burnt by lightning, 11.
 the citadel of, destroyed by the Saxons, 12.
 the castle of, demolished by David, son of Llywelyn, 83.
 the castle of, fortified by king Henry III., 85.
 Nicholas de Molyns comes to, 86.
 Henry, earl of Chester, visits his castle at, 90.
 the castle of, taken by the lord Llywelyn, 101.
- Dyryslwyn (Deresloyn), the seneschal of Caermarthen, besieges the castle of, 86.
 besieged by the English, 109.
- Dyvnarth (Dumgarth, Dumnarth), king of Cornwall, drowned, 15.
- Dyvnwal (Dunnagual, Denawal), son of Tewdwr, dies, 10.
- Dyvrig (Dibric), bishop, death of, 6.

E.

- Eadmund, king of the Saxons, is strangled, 18.
- Earthquake, a great, in the Isle of Man, 8.
 in Britain, 29, 110.
 at Jerusalem, 53.
 in Britain and Ireland, 87.
- Easter, changed to Sunday, 3.
 first observed by the Saxons, 8.
 the time of, altered among the Britons
 by Elbod, 10.
- Eclipse, of the moon, 11, 13, 110.
 of the sun, 6, 11, 41, 55, 110.
- Edelfled (Aelfled, Edfled, Edelffet), queen,
 dies, 17.
- Edelisius, an English commander, ravages
 portions of South Wales, 21.
- Edelrit, son of Edgar, expelled from his
 dominion, 22.
- Edgar (Badgar), king of the English, ap-
 pears in Caerleon with a fleet of
 ships, 19.
 his death, 20.
- Edgar (Eadgar), son of Malcolm, dies, 34.
- Edilbert, reigns in England, 5.
- Edmund, son of Henry III., builds a castle
 at Llanbadarn, 105.
- Edris (Edrich), ravages Menevia, 22.
- Edwald (Edwalt, Edphalt), king of the
 Saxons, dies, 10.
- Edward, son of king Henry III., entrusted
 by his father with the care of the
 kingdom of England, 88.
 proceeds to Spain with archbishop
 Boniface, 89.
 there espouses the daughter of the
 king, 89.
 comes to England, 90.
 crosses over to the continent with the
 flower of his kingdom, 99.
 returns to England, 99.
 a great dissension between him and
 the barons of England, 100.
 opposed by the earls and barons with
 the lord Llywelyn, 101.
 approaches the castles of Huntington
 and Hay, takes the adjacent villages,
- Edward, son of king Henry III.—*cont.*
 and delivers them to the custody of
 Roger Mortimer, 101, 102.
 taken captive at Lewes, 102.
 escapes from prison, 102.
 succeeds his father, 103.
 crowned king of England, 104.
 goes with a large army to North
 Wales, and encamps at Rhuddlan,
 105.
 returns to England, 105.
 subdues the whole of Snowdon, 106.
 rebuilds the castle of Llanbadarn
 the Great, 108.
 begins to build a castle at Aberconwy,
 108.
 makes fortifications at Bangor and
 Caernarvon, 108.
 goes with his queen on a pilgrimage
 to St. David's, 108.
 goes over to France, 109.
- Edwin (Etguin, Gwin), begins to reign, 6.
 is baptized, 6.
 slain in battle with his two sons, 7.
- Egidius de Bruse, made bishop of Hereford,
 62.
 obtains his patrimony, 70.
 his death, 71.
- Eilaf (Eilaph), ravages Dimetia and Me-
 nevia, 23.
- Einion (Eynan, Einaun, Eynaun), son of
 Anarawd, destroys the castle of
 Humphrey, and kills the soldiers
 who were in it, 48.
 is treacherously slain in his sleep, 49.
- Einion (Eynan, Eynaun), son of Cadwgan,
 demolishes the castle of Uchdryd
 (Vedrieth), 36.
 his death, 37.
- Einion Clud (Eynaun Clut), seized by his
 brother Cadwallon, 49.
 wounded by the sons of Llywarch, son
 of Dyvnwal, 52.
- Einion (Eynon, Eyniaun, Eynan, Einaun),
 son of Owain, ravages Gower,
 19, 20.
 kills many of Howel's men, who were
 devastating his land, 20.
 is himself killed, 20.

- Einion (Eynaun), the two sons of, killed by Englishmen from Caermarthen, 93.
 Elbod (Elbodg), archbishop of Gwynedd, corrects the time of Easter, 10.
 his death, 11.
 Eleanor (Alienor), sister of Arthur, duke of Brittany, taken prisoner, 63.
 Eleanor (Elianor), queen of Edward I., goes with her husband on a pilgrimage to St. David's, 108.
 Eleanor, countess of Pembroke, married to Simon de Monteford, 82.
 Eleanor (Alienor), daughter of the earl of Provence, married to king Henry III., 81.
 gives birth to a daughter, who was named Margaret, 84.
 also to a son, who was named Edmund, 85.
 Eliver (Elifer), a battle between his sons and Gwenddoleu, son of Ceidiaw, 5.
 Elized, son of Idwal, is slain by the Saxons, 18.
 Elized (Elissed), son of Cyngen, treacherously slays his brother Griffri, 12.
 Elstan, king of the Saxons, dies, 16.
 Elstan (Adelstan, Aedelstan), king of the Saxons, dies, 17.
 Ely, the island of, taken by I. de Hexvil and others, 102.
 Eneuris, bishop of Menevia, dies, 18.
 England, taken possession of by Cnute, son of Swain, 22.
 devastated by Magnus, son of Harold, 25.
 invaded by Harold, king of the Goths, 25.
 taken by William the Bastard, 25.
 the empress, daughter of Henry I., comes to, 41.
 placed under a general interdict, 65, 66.
 afflicted with grief, 70.
 made tributary to the pope by king John, 73.
 English, the, conversion of, 5.
 kill Howel, son of Idwal, 20.
 English—*cont.*
 persecuted by Gruffudd, son of Llywelyn, 23.
 deliver hostages to Llywelyn, prince of North Wales, 72.
 arrayed against the Welsh, and take to flight, 92.
 fight against the Welsh, and are defeated, 93.
 a great number of, fall in battle, 95.
 engage with the Welsh, 97.
 besiege the castle of Dyryslwyn, 109.
 Eoba (Edda), king of the Mercians, falls in battle, 7.
 Erbert, Henry Wingan, constable of, falls in battle, 95.
 Eryri (Ereri), the mountains of, invaded by the Saxons, 12.
 Eubonia (Eumonia), war against, 5.
 earthquake in, 8.
 ravaged by Swain, son of Harold, 21.
 Eugenius, pope, death of, 45.
- F.
- Failure of bread in Ireland, 16.
 Famine, a great, 21, 43.
 many perish in Damietta, through, 74.
 in Britain and Ireland, 87.
 the castellains of Dyganwy suffer, 101.
 Fasting and prayer, the mole-like vermin in Ireland driven away by means of, 16.
 Fat, Anselm the, made bishop of Menevia, 77.
 Fat, Hugh the, dies, 32, 33.
 Fekcham, John de, archdeacon of Brecon, dies, 104.
 Fernvail (Fernmail, Fernwail, Sernmail), son of Idwal, dies, 10.
 Finnant (Fynant), the battle of, 13.
 Fishguard, king John, on his return from Ireland, touches at, 67.
 Flanders, an army from, accompanies king Henry II. as far as Oswestry, 51.

- Fleet, a, collected by Edgar at Caerleon, 19.
 from Ireland, lost in South Wales, 25.
 brought from Ireland by Rhys, son of Tewdwr, 28.
 appears at Aber Menai, 42.
 a royal, touches on the coast of Mona, 47.
 the, of the king of France destroyed, 67.
- Flemings, the, arrive in Rhos, 34.
 attacked by Owain, son of Cadwgan, 35.
 likewise by Gruffudd, son of Rhys, 35, 36.
 of Rhos, routed by Owain and Cadwalader, 40.
 of Iscoed, plunder Ceredigion and Gathmenart, 51.
 who had come with the earl of Leicester, slain, 54.
 of Gwys, attack the town of Llanuhadein, 59.
 of Pembroke, come against the Welsh with a large army, 59.
 noble, slain by Howel the Saxon, 59.
 take the castle of Gwys, 60.
- Foliot, Galfrid, archbishop of York, excommunicated by archbishop Thomas, 52.
- Foliot, Gilbert, made bishop of Hereford, 44.
- France, a comet seen in, 102.
- Frederick, emperor of Rome, assumes the sign of the cross, 56.
 takes the city of Jerusalem, 77.
 deposed, 86.
- French, the, slay Maredudd, son of Owain, 26.
 ravage Ceredigion, 26.
 occupy Dimetia and Ceredigion for the first time, 29.
 their yoke spurned by the Britons, 29, 50.
 they devastate Gower, Cydweli, and Ystrad Tywi, 30.
 slaughtered by the Britons of Brecheiniog and Gwent, 30.
- French, the—*cont.*
 defeated by the Britons, 40.
 who were in the castle of Dinweleir, slain, 43.
 cruelly wound Cadell, son of Gruffudd, 45.
 slaughtered in the island of Mona, 47.
 their castles in Dimetia burnt by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 48.
 of Pembroke, plunder Ceredigion and Gathmenart, 51.
 slay Welsh nobles in Dimetia, 57.
 expelled from the castle of Nyver, 58.
 of Pembroke, attack the town of Llanuhadein, 59.
 pursue and kill a great number of the Welsh, 59.
 slaughter the Welsh in Elvael, 61.
 of Cydweli kill Maredudd, son of Rhys, 62.
 aid Rhys the Little in burning the castle of Lluchewein, 66.
 fortify the castle of Aberystwyth, 68.
 slaughtered by Maelgwn and Gwenwynwyn in Powys, 68.
 aid Rhys and Owain, sons of Gruffudd, in taking Dinevwr and Llan-doverly, 69.
 seize Rhys the Little, and take him to England, 69.
 expelled from the castle of Caermarthen, 71.
 many of, with the barons who did homage to Louis, slain, 73.
 a great discord between them and the English, 96.
 expelled from their territories by the English, 96.
 routed from England, 99.
- Furness, the abbey of, founded, 39.

G.

- G. de Clare, earl of Gloucester, Edward, son of king Henry, escapes to, 102.
 G. earl of Gloucester, enters the city of London with a large army, 103.

- G. bishop of Menevia, goes to Rome, 71.
 his counsel to the English, 72.
- Garthrugyn, the castle of, fortified by Maelgwn, 84.
- Garthmaelog (Gartmailauc, Gardmailauc, Garthmailauc), the battle of, 9.
- Gascony, Henry III. returns from, leaving his son Edward to guard it, 88.
- Gavenny (Gevenu), the castle of, burnt by Richard Mareschal, 79.
- Gavran (Gabran, Gawran), son of Dyvnwarth, dies, 4.
- Geoffrey, earl of Anjou, nominated duke on the capture of Normandy, 42.
- Geoffrey Foliot, archbishop of York, excommunicated by archbishop Thomas, 52.
- Geoffrey, prior of Lantony, consecrated bishop of Menevia, 63.
 his death, 72.
- Gerald, bishop of Hereford, succeeds Thomas as archbishop of York, 33.
- Gerald, son of Maurice, dies in Ireland, 62.
- Gerald, the steward of Pembroke, devastates the boundaries of Menevia, 30.
 fortifies the castle of Cenarth Bychan, 34.
 his sons fight against Owain and Cadwalader, the sons of Gruffudd, 40.
- Germany, Magnus, king of, comes with a large army to the isle of Mona, 31.
 suddenly leaves it, 31.
- Gervasius succeeds Geoffrey, and is consecrated bishop of Menevia, 72.
 his death, 74, 77.
- Giffrid, the pope's nuncio, 109.
- Gilbert, earl of Clare, dies of poison, 100.
- Gilbert Foliot is made bishop of Hereford, 44.
- Gilbert, earl of Gloucester, dies, 78.
- Gilbert Mareschal succeeds his brother Richard in his inheritance, 80.
 espouses the daughter of the king of Scotland, 81.
 his death, 84.
- Gilbert, son of Richard, Cadwgan delivered up to, 35.
 his death, 36.
- Gilbert, son of William, reduces Dimetia to himself, 43.
 his death, 44.
- Gildas sails for Ireland, 5.
 his death, 5.
- Glamorgan, plundered and burnt by Cadwallon, 68.
 Henry, son of Maius, killed by the Welsh in, 86.
- Glanawg (Glannauc), Cadwallon besieged in the island of, 6.
- Gloucester, Robert, duke of Normandy, dies at, 39.
 Henry, son of king John, crowned at, 74.
 David, son of Llywelyn, does homage to Henry III. at, 83.
- Glywysig (Gluuisig, Glluissig) ravaged by Duta, 14.
- Godrich, Walter Mareschal, dies near the castle of, 86.
- Goethi (Meilir, C.), son of Rhiwallon, slain, 28.
- Gorchwyl (Guorchiguil, Gorchewil), bishop, dies, 16.
- Goronwy (Goroniu, Gronou, Gronoe), son of Cadwgan, conquered by Rhys, son of Owain, 27.
 his death, 33.
- Goronwy (Goron bun), son of Gruffudd, slain, 48.
- Goronwy (Grono, Gronoe), killed by his nephew Cadwallon, son of Gruffudd, 37.
- Gothrit (Godisric), son of Harold, ravages Dimetia and Menevia, 20.
 ravages Mona with the black Pagans, 20.
- Gower (Goher, Goer, Guhir, Gouhir, Gohir), ravaged by Owain, 19.
 ravaged by Einion, son of Owain, 19.
 a second time, 20.

- Gower, (Goher, Goer, Guhir, Gouhir, Gohir)—*cont.*
 devastated by Gwyn (Owain, C.), son of Einion, under the command of Edelisius, 21.
 devastated by the French, 30.
 spoiled by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 57, 71.
 Llywelyn, prince of North Wales, marches a large army to, 72.
 Llywelyn, son of Gruffudd, marches to, 92.
 a great slaughter of the English in, 95.
 Gregory, death of, 6.
 Gregory IX., pope, war between him and the emperor Frederick, 83.
 Gregory X., pope, holds a general council at Lyons, 104.
 Gruffudd (Grifin), abbot of Cwm Hir, dies, 99.
 Gruffudd (Grifin, Grifut, Grifud), son of Cynan, and the battle of Camddwr, 27.
 escapes to Ireland, 31.
 besieges Mona, 32.
 death of, 41.
 Gruffudd (Griphiud, Grifri), son of Cyn-gen, poisoned by his brother Elized, 12.
 Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Elidir, slain by the French, 57.
 Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Gwenwynwyn, has his inheritance in Powys restored to him, 84.
 leads a Dimetian army into North Wales, 86.
 refuses to join David, son of Llywelyn, 85.
 joins Edward against Llywelyn, son of Gruffudd, near Montgomery, 92.
 makes his peace with Llywelyn, and pays him homage, 101.
 takes and demolishes the castle of Gwyddgrug or Mold, 101.
 leaves his land and goes to England, 104.
 leaves his son Owain with Llywelyn, 104.
 Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Llywelyn, taken captive by his brother David, 82.
 confined in the king's prison, 84.
 attempts to escape from prison, 84.
 breaks his neck, and dies in the attempt, 85.
 Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Llywelyn, son of Seisyll, kills Aeddan, son of Blegwryd, 32.
 begins to reign in North Wales, 23.
 opposes the English and Pagans, 23, 24.
 conquers them at the Ford of the Cross, 24.
 overcomes Howel, son of Edwin, in the battle of Pencadeir, 24.
 is captured by the Pagans of Dublin, 24.
 kills Howel in battle, 24.
 a great dissension between him and Gruffudd, son of Rhydderch, 24.
 140 of his men are treacherously killed by the men of Ystrad Tywi and Dimetia, 24.
 he revenges himself upon them, and devastates Ystrad Tywi and Dimetia, 24.
 kills Gruffudd, son of Rhydderch, and devastates Hereford, 25.
 assists Magnus, son of Harold, in ravaging the English territory, 25.
 is killed through the treachery of his own men, 25.
 Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Madog, refuses to join David, son of Llywelyn, 85.
 Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Maredudd, attacked and killed by Rhys, son of Tewdwr, 29.
 Gruffudd (Grifut, Grifin), son of Maredudd, demolishes the castle of Vedrith (Uchtryd), 36.
 kills his cousin Ithel, son of Rhirid, 37.
 his death, 38.
 Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Maredudd, dies, 82.
 Gruffudd (Griffin, Griffut), son of Maredudd, son of Owain, with others, destroys the castle of Llanbadarn Vawr, and takes the castles of Llandoverly and Carreg Cennen, 106.
 imprisoned in London, 107.

- Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Maredudd, son of Rhys, archdeacon of Cardigan, dies, 84.
- Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Owain, dies, 17.
- Gruffudd (Grifud, Goethi, A), son of Rhiwallon, slain by Rhys, son of Tewdwr, 28.
- Gruffudd (Grifud), son of Rhydderch, a dissension between him and Gruffudd, son of Llywelyn, 24.
- Gruffudd (Grifin, Griffin), son of Rhys, son of Gruffudd, liberates his brother Maelgwn from prison, 58.
 envious of Maelgwn, 58.
 succeeds his father in his dominions, 61.
 seized by his brother Maelgwn, and sent to the custody of Gwenwynwyn, 61.
 afterwards delivered up to the English king, 61.
 liberated from the king's prison, 61.
 seizes upon Cantrev Bychan, the territory of his brother Maredudd, with the town of Llandoverly, 62.
 his death, 63.
- Gruffudd (Grifin, Grifut), son of Tewdwr, goes to Gruffudd, son of Cynan, in North Wales, 36.
 is there shut up in a church, 36.
 returns to Ystrad Tywi, and attacks the Flemings, 36.
 attacks and destroys the castle of Arberth, 36.
 burns Caermarthen, and kills Owain, son of Cadwgan, 36.
 expelled by king Henry I. from his territory, he goes to Ireland, 38.
 assists Owain and Cadwalader, sons of Gruffudd, in their expedition to Ceredigion, 40.
 fights at Aberteivy against the French and Flemings, and is victorious, 40.
 his death, 40, 41.
- Gruffudd (Griffut), son of Rhys Vychan, or the Little, imprisoned in London, 107.
- Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Sulhaiarn, killed, 37.
- Gruffudd (Grifin), son of Trahaiarn, killed by Owain, son of Cadwgan, 33.
- Gruffudd (Grifin) Troyt, killed, 58.
- Gruffudd (Grifut), of Yale, killed through the treachery of his brother, Maredudd, 82.
- Gwenddoleu (Guendoleu), slain in the battle of Arderydd, 5.
- Gwenllian (Guenllian), daughter of Rhys the Great, and wife of Ednyved Vychan, dies, 81.
- Gwenllwg (Guinnliguiauc, Guenlianc), ravaged by the Normans, 16.
 the Britons of, slay many of the French in Celli Darnauc, 30.
- Gwent (Guent), the slaughter of, 7.
 ravaged by the Normans, 16.
 the Britons of, slay many of the French in Celli Darnauc, 30.
 Llywelyn, prince of North Wales, marches to, 78.
- Gwgawn (Guoccaun, Gugan, Gogaun), king of Ceredigion, drowned, 14.
- Gwgawn (Gogan, Gogaun), son of Meurig, 33.
- Gwin (Etguin, A.) begins to reign, 6.
- Gwin, son of Howel, dies, 19.
- Gwladus (Gladus), daughter of the lord Llywelyn, dies at Windsor, 88.
- Gwrgeneu (Gurgeneu), son of Seisyll, is killed, 28.
- Gwrgi (Guarci, Gurgi), son of Eliver, dies, 5.
- Gwrgist (Gurguist), a great carnage in, 19.
- Gwriad (Guriat, Guiriat), son of Rhodri, strangled by the Saxons, 15.
- Gwrnegov, the battle of, in which the Welsh defeated the English, 95.
- Gwyddgar (Guidgar) comes and returns not, 7.
- Gwyddgrug (Guidgruc), *i.e.* Mold, the castle of, burnt, 43.
- Gwyn (Guyn, Owein, C.), son of Einion, devastates the territories of Maredudd, 21.
- Gwynnytyll (Guinnitul), the battle of, 27.

H.

- Haard, the son of Meurig, drowned, 19.
 Harold, king of the Goths, devastates Dimetia and Menevia, 20.
 endeavours to reduce the English under his power, 25.
 Harold, son of Godwin, slays Harold, king of the Goths, in battle, 25.
 Harvey de Chauris slain, 104.
 Haverford (Harford), Robert, son of Richard, loses the castle and barony of, 67.
 Llywelyn, prince of Wales, approaches the castle of, and burns the whole village, 74.
 Walter Mareschal comes to, 85.
 the village of, recovers its liberties, 108.
 Haverford, Robert de, rector of Llanvynydd, succeeds Ada as treasurer of Menevia, 105.
 Havren, *i. e.* the Severn, the English army takes its station between Aberrihw and, 92.
 Hay, devastated by Llywelyn, prince of North Wales, 78.
 taken by Edward, 101.
 Hector, Rhys, son of Gruffudd, compared to, 75.
 Hehil (Heil, Heyl), in Cornwall, the battle of, 9.
 Helena (Elen), the wife of Howel the Good, dies, 17.
 Henry de Amloff succeeds John de Fekham as archdeacon of Brecon, 104.
 his death, 105.
 Henry, son of Archen (Haern, C.), dies, 49.
 Henry, son of prince Edward, visits his castles, and lands in North Wales, 90.
 Henry I., king of England, succeeds to the throne, 32.
 marries the daughter of Malcolm, king of the Scots, 32, 33.
- Henry I., king of England—*cont.*
 dissension between him and Robert de Bellesme, his brother, 33.
 captures Iorwerth, son of Bleddyn, 33.
 dissension between him and archbishop Anselm, 33.
 takes and imprisons Robert de Bellesme, 35.
 subjugates for himself the whole of Normandy, 34.
 concedes that no ecclesiastical investiture should be made by a layman, 34.
 leads an army into Wales, 35.
 returns home, 35.
 assists at the dedication of the church of St. Alban, 36.
 his son drowned at Barbefeth, 37.
 leads an army into Powys, 37.
 enters into terms of peace with the inhabitants, and returns home, 37.
 expels Gruffudd, son of Rhys, from his territory, 38.
 orders Robert, duke of Normandy, to be blinded, 39.
 his death, 39.
- Henry II., duke of Normandy, comes to England, and lays siege to Malmesbury, 44.
 lands with his mother at Wareham, 45.
 succeeds to the throne, 46.
 crosses over into Normandy, 46.
 meditates the subjugation of North Wales, 46.
 encamps near Chester, 46.
 proceeds to Rhuddlan, and encamps there, 47.
 his fleet lands in Mona, 47.
 makes peace with Owain, prince of North Wales, 47.
 returns to England, 47.
 is opposed by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, alone, 47.
 agrees to give him Cantrev Mawr, 47.
 breaks his promise, 47.
 leads a large army as far as Pencadeir against Rhys, 49.

- Henry II., duke of Normandy—*cont.*
 having made peace with him, he returns home, 49.
 arrives at Oswestry, with an army of several nations, meditating the destruction of all Wales, 50.
 is opposed by Owain and Cadwalader at the head of the men of North Wales, Rhys at the head of the South-walians, and Owain Cyveiliog and Iorwerth the Red, at the head of the men of Powys, 50.
 proceeds to the Berwyn mountain, where he encamps, 50.
 blinds and castrates the Welsh hostages that were in his power, 50.
 returns in disgrace into England, 50.
 his daughter given in marriage to the duke of Saxony, 52.
 visits St. David's, 53.
 goes to Ireland, and reduces it under his own dominion, 53.
 liberates Robert, son of Stephen, who had been put in chains by the burghesses of Wiseford, 53.
 returns from Ireland, and goes on a pilgrimage to St. David's, 54.
 dissension between him and his son, 54, 55.
 they are reconciled, 54.
 alters the coinage, 55.
 sends 42,000 marks to Jerusalem, 55.
 his death, 56.
- Henry, son of Henry II., crowned during his father's lifetime, 53.
 dissension between him and his father, 54, 55.
 is reconciled, 54.
 his death, 55.
- Henry III., king of England, is crowned, 74.
 his sister married to the king of Scotland, 75.
 loses Poictou, 76.
 leads an immense army to the province of Ceri, and erects a castle there, 77.
- Henry III., king of England—*cont.*
 receives a sum of money, and returns home, 77.
 crosses over into Brittany at the head of a large army, and begins to harass the king of France, 77, 78.
 leaves William Mareschal there, 78.
 is with his army at "Poresmue," 78.
 constructs Pain's castle of stone and mortar, and fortifies it with a multitude of armed men, 78.
 fortifies the castle of Matilda, 79.
 dissension between him and Richard Mareschal, 79.
 laments his death, 80.
 marries the daughter of the earl of Provence, 81.
 a son is born to him, who is named Edward, 92.
 receives the homage of the nobles of Wales, 82, 83.
 subdues all the Welsh, 83.
 fortifies the castle on the rock near Diserth in Tegeingl, 83.
 takes hostages from David on account of Gwynedd, 83.
 cites him to London, 83, 84.
 crosses over into Poictou (Gascony, C.), 84.
 returns from Bordeaux, 84.
 leads a large army as far as Dyganwy, with the view of subduing all the Welsh, 85.
 having fortified the castle there, he returns to England, 85.
 goes to Burgundy, having entrusted the kingdom of England to his son Edward, his brother Richard, and the queen, 88.
 returns into England, 88.
 is found by his son Edward in the White Tower, 99.
 captured in the battle of Lewes, 102.
 his death, 103.
- Henry, bishop of Exeter, dies, 65.
 Henry, son of Gerald, slain, 47.
 Henry Goeth (Goch ?) slain by armed men from Pembroke and Rhos, 95

- Henry de Trirbeville succours the castle of Caermarthen, 79.
- Henry Wingan, constable of Erbert, slain, 95.
- Herbert, son of Mahius, slain by the Welsh in Glamorgan, 86.
- Hereford (Hirford, Herford), the battle of, 10.
 devastated by Gruffudd, son of Llywelyn, 25.
- Hereri, *i.e.* Eryri, Llywelyn, prince of North Wales, removes all his goods to the mountain of, 67.
- Hexvil, I. de, takes the isle of Ely, 102.
- Hirad (Iratur, C.), the battle of, 23.
- "Hithoet," the castle of, taken and demolished by prince Llywelyn, 79.
- Holy Land, the, restored to the emperor Frederick, 77.
 the earl of Cornwall goes to, 83.
 tithes for the subsidy of, 104.
- Honorius enthroned, 73.
- Howel (Higuel), battle between him and Cynan, the former victorious, 12.
 expels Cynan from Mona, 12.
 is expelled from Mona by Cynan, 12.
 his death, 12.
- Howel (Higuel, Hoel) dies at Rome, 15.
- Howel (Hoel, Howiel), son of Edwin, holds the government of Rhydderch, son of Iestyn, 23.
 expelled from his territory by Gruffudd, son of Llywelyn, 23, 24.
 conquered by Gruffudd, in the battle of Pencadeir, 24.
 is crowned, 24.
 harasses Wales, 24.
 is slain in the battle of Aberteivy, 24.
- Howel (Higuel, Hoel), the Good, goes to Rome, 17.
 his death, 18.
- Howel (Hoel), son of Goronwy, devastates Pembroke, 30.
 expelled by Richard, son of Baldwin (Bleduin, C.), commits great depredations, 33.
- Howel, (Hoel), son of Goronwy—*cont.*
 is killed by the French of Rhyd y Gors, 33.
- Howel (Hoel), son of Gruffudd, dies, 72.
- Howel (Hoel), son of Idwal (Ieuav, C.) ravages Brecheiniog, and the whole territory of Einion, son of Owain, 20.
 is slain by the English, 20.
- Howel (Hoel), son of Ithel, (Ydwal, C.), flees to Ireland, 32.
 receives a wound, of which he dies, 36.
- Howel, son of Madog, slain, 42.
- Howel (Hoel), son of Maredudd, slays Cynvrig, son of Owain, 41.
 is slain by his own men, 42.
- Howel (Hoel), son of Owain, slain by Trahearn (Cradauc, C.), son of Caradog (Grifud, C.), 27.
- Howel (Hoel), son of Owain, destroys Aberteivy, 43.
 attacks and takes the castles of Caermarthen and Llanstephan, 43.
 assists in destroying the castle of Gwys, 44.
 wrests Meirionydd from Cadwalader, 44.
 seizes his cousin Cadvan, and subjugates his land and castle, 45.
 burns the town of Llanrhystud, and kills the garrison, 45.
 encamps with his father, and his brothers Cynan and David, near Basingwerk, 46.
 encamps at Dinweleir, 48.
- Howel (Hoel), son of Rhydderch, killed by Rhys, son of Howel, 42.
- Howel the Saxon (Hoel Seis), son of Rhys, takes by treachery the castle of Gwys, 58.
 destroys the castle of Llandovery, 58.
 demolishes the town of Llanuhadein, 59.
 slays Flemish nobles at Peulyniog, 59.
 captures his father, 59.

Howel the Saxon (Hoel Seis), son of Rhys
 —*cont.*
 demolishes the castle of Nyver, and
 takes possession of the land, 60.
 goes to the court of king John, 62.
 on his return is seized with sickness,
 of which he dies; according to
 others, he is killed by the French,
 62.

Hubert, archbishop of Canterbury, conse-
 crates Geoffrey bishop of Menevia,
 63.
 his death, 64.
 his character, 64.

Hugh Bigod, king Stephen goes to, 41.

Hugh, earl of Caerleon, sent to oppose the
 Venedotians in Mona, 31.

Hugh, another, sent for the same purpose,
 31.

Hugh the Fat, dies, 32, 33.

Hugh de Lacy, his sons expel John de
 Curcy from Ireland, 63.
 expelled from Ireland, Wales, and
 England, by king John, 67.
 his sons subdued by William Mares-
 chal, 76.

Hugh de Montgomery ravages Ceredigion,
 26.

Hugh de Mortimer seizes and imprisons
 Rhys, son of Howel, 43.
 kills Maredudd, son of Madog, 43.
 blinds Rhys in prison, 44.

Humphrey, the castle of, destroyed by Owain
 and Cadwalader, sons of Gruffudd,
 41.
 the castle of, fortified by Roger earl
 of Clare, 48.
 destroyed by Einion, son of Anarawd,
 48.

Humphrey de Bun enters the ruins of Cevn-
 llys, with the view of repairing
 them, 100.

Huntington (Huntintun), prince Edward
 approaches the castle of, with a
 large army, 101.

Hyveidd (Himeid, Hived), death of, 15.

I.

I. de Hexvil, *see* Hexvil.

Iago (Jacob), son of Beli, death of, 6.

Iago, son of Idwal, ravages Dimetia, 18.
 imprisons his brother Ieuav, 19.
 expelled from his kingdom, 19.
 captured by the Pagans, 20.

Iago, son of Idwal, in conjunction with
 Howel and Maredudd, holds the go-
 vernment of Rhydderch, son of
 Iestyn, 23.
 is slain, 23.

Idris (Iudris), strangled, 7.

Idwal, son of Gruffudd, slain in the battle
 of Mechain, 26.

Idwal (Iovab, Ieuaf, C.), son of Idwal, ra-
 vages Dimetia, 18.
 death of, 21.

Idwal, slain, 19.

Idwal, son of Meurig, slain, 21.

Idwallon (Iudgoll, Idwalaum), death of, 13.

Idwallon (Idwalan), son of Owain, death
 of, 20.

Ieuav (Iowan, Ieuuab), expels Maredudd,
 son of Llywarch, from his country,
 38.
 slain by his cousins, the sons of Lly-
 warch, 39.

Ieuav (Ieuaf), son of Idwal, ravages Di-
 metia, 18.
 imprisoned by his brother Iago, 19.

Igmond (Igmunt) comes to the isle of
 Mona, and holds Maes Osmeliaun,
 18.

Innocent II., pope, dies, 42.

Innocent III., pope, exacts money from
 the Cistercians in aid of the Holy
 Land, 63.
 consecrates Stephen de Langton
 archbishop of Canterbury, 66.
 counsels Philip, king of France, to
 proceed to England to reinstate arch-
 bishop Stephen in his see, 69.
 presides over a general council at
 Rome, 72.
 his death, 73.

Interdict, a general, throughout all England, 66.
 released by the pope, 72.

Iorwerth (Iorward, Iorwert, Iorwarth, Ioruerth), son of Bleddyn, takes his brother Maredudd, and delivers him up to king Henry I., 33.
 seized at Shrewsbury by the king, 33.
 his character, 33.
 is released by command of the king, and returns to his own country, 34.
 killed by his nephew Madog, 35.

Iorwerth (Iorueth), son of Ilywarch, killed in Powys by Llywelyn, son of Owain, 38.

Iorwerth (Iorueth), son of Owain, killed, 30.

Iorwerth the Red (Goch) opposes king Henry II. at Oswestry. 50.
 flees into England, 51.

Ireland, a mortality in, 8, 87.
 rains blood in, 8.
 famine in, 16.
 pirates from, invited over to Mona to defend the Venedotians, 31.

Isabella, countess of Gloucester, betrothed to Richard, earl of Cornwall, 78, 79.

Iscoed (Yschoit, Yscoïd, Hyscoïd), despoiled by the French of Pembroke and Flemings, 51.

Ithel (Iudhael, Ythail, Ithail), king of Gwent, slain by the men of Brecheiniog, 13.

Ithel (Ithail), son of Rhirid, released from prison, 37.
 slain by Gruffudd, son of Maredudd, 37.

Ivor, son of Cadwalader, 9.

Ivor (Yvor), son of Llywarch, wounds Einion Clud, 52.

J.

Jerusalem, a great earthquake at, 53.
 taken, with the king thereof, by the Pagans and Saracens, 55, 56.
 subsidy for the land of, 72, 73.
 the city of, taken by the emperor Frederick, 77.
 the kingdom of, occupied by the Tartars, 99.

Jews, the, crucify a boy at Norwich, 42, 43.
 expelled from France by king Philip, 55.
 many of, killed, 102.

Johanna, daughter of the king of England, and wife of Llywelyn, prince of Wales, dies, 82.
 is buried at Aber, 82.

John de Alderley made archdeacon of Caermarthen, 108.

John de Barry appointed treasurer of Me-nevia, 107.

John, earl of Chester, dies, 82.

John de Curcy expelled from Ireland by the sons of Hugh de Lacy, 63.

John, son of Edward, dies, and is buried at Westminster, 103.

John, son of Elidir, dies, 58.

John, king of England, succeeds to the throne, 60, 62.
 buys the castle of Aberteivy from Maelgwn, son of Rhys, 62.
 seizes Arthur, duke of Brittany, and his sister Eleanor, 63.
 lays an inhibition on the monks of Canterbury, 64.
 bribes the monks, 64.
 expels all the monks of Canterbury out of the kingdom, 65.
 inhibits the archbishop, 65.
 his kingdom put under an interdict, 65.
 enters Poictou with his army, 66.
 returns home without having accomplished his object, 66.

- John, king of England—*cont.*
 levies a tax for the purpose of recovering his inheritance in Normandy, 66.
 dissension between him and William de Bruse, 66.
 expels Walter and Hugh de Lacy from England, Wales, and Ireland, 67.
 on his return from Ireland, touches at Fishguard, 67.
 leads his army to North Wales, 67.
 assisted by Maelgwn and Rhys, sons of Rhys, Gwenwynwyn, son of Owain, and other chiefs of lesser note, 67.
 returns unsuccessfully to England, 67.
 leads his army a second time to North Wales, and fortifies several castles there, 68.
 on receiving three thousand head of cattle, returns to England, 68.
 offers the whole kingdom of England and Ireland to be held by himself and heirs as feudaries of the Church of Rome for the annual tribute of a thousand marks, 69.
 crosses with his galleys into France, and burns about 80 of the French ships, 69.
 recalls the archbishop and bishops, 69.
 enters Poitou, and is assisted by his nephew Otho and the Germans, 70.
 returns to England, 70.
 dissension between him and the barons of the North, 70, 72.
 dissension between him and the chief men of the kingdom, 73.
 seeks aid from the pope, 73.
 his kingdom made tributary to the pope, 73.
 his death, 73.
 his character, 73.
 John de Fekeham, archdeacon of Brecon, dies, 104.
- John Pain, Llywelyn, son of Owain, delivered up to, 38.
 John de Peccham, archbishop of Canterbury, confirms Thomas Becke as bishop of Menevia, 105.
 holds a provincial council at Lambeth, 106.
 visits the diocese of Menevia, Llandaf, Bangor, and St. Asaph, 108.
 John Strange in the English army between the Severn and Aberrhiv, 92.
 Jonathan, prince of Abergeleu, dies, 14.
 Joseph, bishop of Llandaf, dies at Rome, 24.
 Joseph, bishop of Menevia, dies, 25.
- L.
- Lacy, Hugh de, his sons expels John de Cury from Ireland, 63.
 expelled from England, Wales, and Ireland by king John, 67.
 his sons subdued by William Mareschal, 76.
 Lambeth, a provincial council held at, 106.
 Laudent, death of, 13.
 Legate, a, sent by the pope to England, 73.
 who excommunicates Louis, son of the French king, with all his partisans, 73.
 and afterwards absolves him, 73.
 he crowns Henry, son of king John, 73, 74.
 Leicester, the earl of, taken prisoner, 54.
 the town of, taken by the earl of Gloucester, 102.
 Leo, pope of Rome, effects a change in the time of Easter, 3.
 Letardus/Litelking, killed by Anarawd, son of Gruffudd, 40.
 Lewes, the battle of, 102.
 Lincoln, Thomas Becke, consecrated at, 106.
 one quarter of David, son of Gruffudd, suspended in, 107.

- Llanbadarn (Llan Patarn Llan Padarn),
 ravaged by the Pagans, 21.
 a castle erected at, 105.
 the castle at, destroyed, 106.
 the village of, burnt by Rhys, son of
 Maredudd, 109.
- Llanancarvan ravaged by the Pagans, 21.
- Llandeilo the Great, Rhys Gryg dies at,
 80.
 illustrious warriors encamp at, 93.
- Llandoverly (Llanaindewri, Lanamdeuery,
 Llanamdewri, Lanam Deweri,
 Lanamdevry) obtained by Rhys,
 49.
 the castle of, destroyed by Howel, son
 of Rhys, 58.
 the town of, taken by Gruffudd, son
 of Rhys, 62.
 taken by Rhys and Owain, sons of
 Gruffudd, 69.
 the castle of, destroyed, 106.
 the castle of, taken by Rhys, son of
 Maredudd, 109.
- Llandydoch (Llan Dethoch, Landedoch)
 ravaged by the Pagans, 21.
 the church of, spoiled by the Pagans,
 41.
- Llangwin (Languin), a battle near, 21.
- Llanilltyd (Llan Iltut) ravaged by the
 Pagans, 21.
- Llanrhystud (Llan Ristut,—Restut), the
 castle of, built by Cadwalader, 44.
 the castle of, taken by Cadell and his
 brothers, 45.
- Llanstephan taken by Cadell and his
 brothers, 43.
- Llanuhadein (Lanwaden, Llanwaden, Lan-
 huadeyn), the castle of, taken by the
 Welsh, 58.
 attacked by the French and Flemings,
 58, 59.
 the town of, demolished by Howel and
 Maelgwn, sons of Rhys, 59.
 many Welshmen slain at, 99.
- Llanvaes (Lanmaes), the battle of, 12.
- Llanwerth consecrated bishop, 14.
- Lleyn (Llyen), 80.
- Llychewein (Luchewein), the castle of,
 burnt by Rhys the Little, 66.
 a second time, 66.
- Llychwr (Lychur), the castle of, destroyed
 Maredudd and Rhys, 45.
- Llywarch (Loumarch, Llewarch,) son of
 Hyveidd, dies, 16.
- Llywarch (Lewarch), son of Owain falls
 in battle, 36.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin), son of Cadwgan,
 fights against Rhys, son of Owain,
 and is conquered by him, 27.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin, Leuelin), son of
 Gruffudd, succeeds his uncle, David,
 son of Llywelyn, 85.
 dissension between him and Owain
 and David, sons of Gruffudd, 89.
 the Welsh chieftains lay their
 grievances before him, 90.
 listens to their complaints and pro-
 ceeds to the Midland Country, 90.
 occupies that country in a week,
 except two castles, 91.
 burns Trallwng or Welshpool, 92.
 joined by Maredudd, son of Rhys
 Gryg, and Maredudd, son of Owain,
 92.
 marches at the head of a large army
 to Cydweli, Carnwylion, and Gower,
 92.
 burns the English possessions in those
 territories, 93.
 subjugates all the Welsh of those
 places, 93.
 returns joyfully home, 93.
 noblemen of his party burn castle
 Baldwin, kill Baldwin, and many
 other burgesses with their wives
 and children, 93.
 lays siege to the castle of Bodedon,
 and burns it, 93.
 proceeds to the territory of Maredudd
 of Ystrad Tywi, and subjugates it
 to himself, except the castles, 96.
 holds a council of his nobles at
 Arwystli, 97.
 proceeds with a large army to the
 province of Buellt, 98.

- Llywelyn (Lewelin, Leuuelin)—*cont.*
 recalls those who had been dispersed,
 98.
 proceeds to the village of Dinbric in
 Dimetia, and burns it, 98.
 his men obtain the castle of Buellt for
 a large sum of money, 98.
 a truce established between him and
 the king, 99.
 lays siege to Cevnllys, 100.
 sides with the barons of England
 against Edward, 100.
 in conjunction with the earls and
 barons takes all the castles and
 cities of England, except Windsor
 castle, 101.
 takes the castle of Diserth and levels
 it to the ground, 101.
 takes the castle of Dyganwy, 101.
 receives the homage of Gruffudd, son
 of Gwenwynwyn, 101.
 attacks the castle of Gwyddgrug, and
 levels it to the ground, 101.
 enters into terms of peace with king
 Edward, 105.
 marries the daughter of Simon de
 Montefort, 105.
 is killed by the English through the
 treachery of his own men, 106, 107.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin), son of Gurwareth,
 bailiff of king Henry III., carries
 away booty from the men of Elvael,
 88.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin), son of Iorwerth,
 expels David, son of Owain, 59.
 removes his goods to the mountain of
 Eryri, 67.
 betakes himself thither for safety, 68.
 gives three thousand head of cattle to
 king John, 68.
 enters into a treaty with Maelgwn and
 Gwenwynwyn, 68.
 commits a great slaughter among the
 French, 68.
 takes the castles in North Wales and
 Powys, which had been fortified by
 the king, 69.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin) son of Iorwerth—
cont.
 takes and demolishes the castles of
 Caermarthen, Cydweli, St. Stephen,
 St. Clare, and Trevaeth, 71.
 crosses the Teivi, and takes the castles
 of Aberteivy and Cilgerran, 71.
 expels Gwenwynwyn from his country,
 72.
 marches into Gower, and takes the
 castle of Abertawe, 72.
 proceeds thence to Rhos, 72.
 leads a large army into Dimetia, and
 burns the castle of Arberth, 74.
 destroys the castle of Gwys, 74.
 approaches the castle of Haverford,
 and burns the whole village, 74.
 tarries over night at Pyle in Rhos, and
 burns the whole country, 74.
 enters into a treaty with the men of
 Pembroke, 74.
 returns home, 74.
 takes the castle of Wittington, 76.
 commits a great slaughter in the king's
 army, and takes William de Bruse,
 77.
 liberates William de Bruse for a large
 sum of money, and for the castles
 of Buellt, 77.
 delivers him to death, 77.
 devastates Montgomery, Brecon, Hay,
 and the castle of Radnor, 78.
 proceeds to Gwent, and reduces to
 ashes the castles of Caerleon, Nedd,
 and Cydweli, 78.
 burns the villages of Brecon and
 Clua, demolishes the castle of
 Hithoet, and reduces the village of
 the White Monastery into ashes, 79.
 liberates his son Gruffudd from prison,
 30.
 his wife Johanna dies, 82.
 his own death, 82.
 his character, 82, 83.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin), son of Madog, is slain,
 49.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin), son of Maredudd, is
 slain at Clunon, 100.

- Llywelyn (Lewelin), son of Owain, seized, by Maredudd, son of Bleddyn, and delivered to John Pain, 38.
 blinded and castrated by Maredudd, son of Bleddyn, 38.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin), son of Rhys the Little, destroys the castle of Llanbadarn the Great, and takes the castles of Llandovery and Carreg Cennen, 106.
 imprisoned in London, 107.
- Llywelyn (Lewelin), son of Seisyll, dies, 23.
- London, a convention of the noblemen of England held in, 34.
 a stone bridge begun in, 54.
 the nuptials of king Henry III. celebrated with splendour in, 81.
 David, son of Llywelyn, cited by king Henry III. before a council in, 83, 84.
 many of the inhabitants of, slain, 102.
 G. earl of Gloucester enters the city of, 103.
 the legate Otho holds a council in, 103.
 a council held in, under John de Peccham, archbishop of Canterbury, 106.
 the head of David, brother of Llywelyn, conveyed to, and placed on the Tower of, 107.
- Longsword, William, seized by Philip, king of France, 70.
- Louis, king of France, comes to St. Thomas's, 55.
 his death, 55.
- Louis, son of the king of France, comes to England, to fight against king John, 72.
 excommunicated by the pope's legate, 73.
 is absolved, and returns from England, 73.
 king of France, overthrows Poitou, 76.
- Louis, son of the king of France—*cont.*
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 takes the city of Damietta, 88.
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- Loyer (q. Gower?) ravaged by the Normans, 16.
- Lucius succeeds Alexander in the see of Rome, 55.
- Ludlow (Lodolow), Edward, son of king Henry III., escapes to the earl of Gloucester at, 102.
- Lumberth (Lunweth, Luvert), bishop, dies in Menevia, 18.
- Lyons, a general council held at, 104.

M.

- Mabalan, in the English army that was arrayed near the Severn, 92.
- Mabudrut, the castle of, built by earl Gilbert, 43.
- Mabwynion (Mebwenniaun), the castle of, burnt by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 49, 50.
- Madog (Madauc), son of Bleddyn, expels Rhys, son of Tewdwr, from his kingdom, 28.
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- Madog (Madoc), son of Gruffudd Maelor, dies, 81.
- Madog (Madoc), son of Idnerth, goes to the assistance of Owain and Cadwalader, sons of Gruffudd, 40.
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- Madog (Madauc), son of Llywarch, killed by his cousin Meurig, 38, 39.
- Madog (Madauc), son of Maredudd, gives Cyveiliog to his nephews Owain and Gruffudd, 44.
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- Madog (Madoe), son of Owain, released from prison, 98.
- Madog (Madoe, Madauc), son of Rhirid, burns Meirionydd, and kills the inhabitants, 34, 35.
 flees to Ireland, 35.
 returns from Ireland, and conceals himself in the woods, 35.
 kills his uncle Iorwerth, 35.
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 is deprived of his eyesight by Owain, son of Cadwgan, 35.
- Madog (Madauc), sacrist of Menevia, detects a thief in the church, 87.
- Maelgwn (Mailcun) Gwynedd, death of, 4.
- Maelgwn (Mailgon), son of Maelgwn, goes to Llywelyn, and makes Maredudd, son of Owain, give up Mevenydd for Penarch, 81.
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 conducted by Nicholas de Moleyns to the presence of the king, and scarcely obtains his royal favour, 86.
- Maelgwn (Mailgon), son of Rhys, seized by his father, and imprisoned at Dinevwr, 57.
 removed by his brother Gruffudd from his father's prison, and placed in the custody of William de Bruse, 57.
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 sells the castle of Aberteivy to the king, 62.
 takes the castle of Cilgerran, 63.
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- Maelgwn (Mailgon) son of Rhys—*cont.*
 enters into a treaty with Llywelyn, and slays many of the French in Powys, 68.
 in conjunction with prince Llywelyn takes the castles in North Wales and Powys that had been fortified by the king, 69.
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- Maelienydd (Maelenit), the castle of Cevnllys taken and laid waste by the men of, 100.
- Maeleachlen (Maileachlen, Matusalem), death of, 14.
- Maenor (Maynour), David, son of Gruffudd, with other Welsh chieftains, encamps at, 96.
- Maes Hyveidd (—Hewed, Hiveidd), ravaged by Maredudd, son of Owain, 21.
- Maes Osmeliaun held by Igmond, 16.
- Magnel, Philip. See Philip Magnel.
- Maesmain Cymro (Maismain Cemro), the battle of, 36.
- Magnus, son of Harold, ravages the territories of the English, 25.
 comes with an army to Mona, and encounters the French, 31.
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 is killed at Dublin, 33.
- Malcolm (Mailcholum, Malcolum), king of the Scots, slain, 29.
- Malefaunt (Malefant), Walter, is slain, 97.
- Malmesbury besieged by Henry, duke of Normandy, 44.
- Maredudd (Maredut, Mareduch), seized by his brother Iorwerth, 33.
 escapes from prison, 34.
 takes Llywelyn, son of Owain, prisoner, 38.
 blinds and castrates him, 38.
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- Maredudd (Mareduc), son of Cadwgan, killed by his brother Morgan, 37.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Edwin, holds the government of Rhydderch, son of Iestyn, 23.
 killed by the sons of Cynan, 23.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Gruffudd, killed in the battle of Mechain, 26.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Gruffudd, destroys the castle of Llychwr, 45.
 his death, 46.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Gwrward, archdeacon of Caermarthen, dies, 107, 108.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Howel, slain by the sons of Bleddyn, 41.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Llywarch, kills his own cousin, 38.
- Maredudd (Mareduth), son of Llywelyn, of Meirionydd, dies, 89.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Madog, slain by Hugh de Mortimer, 43.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Madog of Yale, said to have plotted the death of his brother Gruffudd, 82.
 his death, 90.
- Maredudd (Maredut) son of Owain, slays Cadwallon, son of Idwal, and possesses himself of his country, 20.
 pays a ransom to the Pagans for those who had been taken captive in Mona, 21.
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- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Owain, killed by Caradog, son of Gruffudd, 26.
- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Owain, made to give up Mevenydd to Maelgwn, son of Maelgwn, for Penarch, 81.
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- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Owain—*cont.*
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- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Rhys, seized by his father, 60.
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- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Rhys, archdeacon of Cardigan, dies, 76.
- Maredudd (Maredut, Mareduth), son of Rhys the Hoarse, plunders the village of Caermarthen, 86.
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 meets warriors from Cydweli, Caermarthen, Pembroke, Rhos, and Cemaes, at Aberteivy, 97.
 makes his escape with difficulty to Cilgerran, 97.
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- Maredudd (Maredut), son of Robert, dies after taking the religious habit at Strata Florida, 85.
- Mareschal, Anselm, dies at Striguil, 86, 87.
 is buried at Tintern, 86.
- Mareschal, Gilbert, espouses the sister of the king of Scotland, 81.
- Mareschal, Richard, dissension between him and king Henry III., 79.
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- Mareschal, Richard—*cont.*
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- Mareschal, Walter, sent by the English with a large army to fortify the castle of Cardigan, 83.
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- Mareschal, William, the elder, made earl of Pembroke, 62.
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- Mareschal, William, the younger, enters Ireland, 75.
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- Margaret, queen Eleanor gives birth to a daughter named, 84.
- Margaret (Margeria), daughter of Maelgwn, and wife of Owain, son of Maredudd, dies, 90.
- Marisco, Walter, captured in the island of Londey, 84.
- Martin, pope, death of, 108.
- Matilda the second, queen of England, dies, 36.
- Matilda the empress comes over to England, 41.
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- Matilda (Mahalt), daughter of king Henry I., dies, 51.
- Maurice, son of Gerald, dies, 55.
- Mechain (Methein), the battle of, 26.
- Medrawd (Medraut, Modret), slain in the battle of Camlan, 4.
- Meigen (Meiceren), the battle of, 7.
- Meilir slain by his nephew Cadwallon, 37.
- Meilir (Meiler), son of Llywarch, wounds Einion Clud, 52.
- Meirchion (Meirchaun) kills his cousin Rhydderch, son of Caradog, 27.
- Meirionydd (Meirionnith, Meyronnith, Meirionnyth, Meironit, Meronnyth) burnt by Owain and Madog, sons of Rhirid, 34.
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- Mellitus converts the Anglians, 5.
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- Mervyn (Mermin, Merhin, Merwin), death of, 13.
- Mervyn (Merwyn, Mervin), son of Rhodri, killed by the Pagans, 16.
- Meules, *see* Molyns.
- Meurig (Mouric, Meuric) slain by the Saxons, 13.
- Meurig (Mouric, Meuruc), death of, 14.
- Meurig (Mouric, Meuruc), death of, 17.
- Meurig (Meuruc), a battle between the

- Meurig (Meuruc)—*cont.*
 sons of, and Maredudd, son of Owain, 21.
- Meurig (Meuruc), son of Adam, slain, 52.
- Meurig (Meuric), son of Arthrael, killed, 23.
- Meurig (Meuruc), son of Cadvan, death of, 19.
- Meurig (Meuric), son of Gruffudd, receives Cyveiliog from his uncle Madog, son of Maredudd, 44.
- Meurig (Meuric), son of Howel, seized by the Pagans, 23.
- Meurig (Meuric), son of Idwal, deprived of his sight, 19.
- Meurig (Meuric), son of Madog, slain through treachery by his own men, 43.
- Meurig (Meuric), son of Meurig, blinded and castrated, 39.
- Meurig (Meuric), son of Rhirid (?), kills his cousin Madog, son of Llywarch, 38.
- Meurig (Meuric), son of Trahaiarn, killed by Owain, son of Cadwgan, 33.
- Mevenydd (Mevenit), Maredudd, son of Owain, made to give up, 81.
- Michael, the archangel, consecration of the church of, 9.
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- Milo, earl of Hereford, slain, 42.
- Minorites, the order of, instituted, 67.
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- Molyns (Meules), Nicholas de, seneschal of Caermarthen, marches at the head of a large army to the territory of Maelgwn, 86.
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- Mona (Mon, Monia), the isle of, subdued by Howel, 12.
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- Mona (Mon, Monia) the isle of—*cont.*
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- Monmouth (Monemu), the village of, burnt by Richard Mareschal, 79.
- Montefort, Simon de, marries Alienora, countess of Pembroke, 82.
- Montgomery (Mungumeri), Hugh de, ravages Ceredigion, 26.
- Montgomery (Mungumria, Mungumbria) devastated by prince Llywelyn, 78.
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- Monthenesy, William de, oppressed under the wall of Dyryslwyn castle, 109.
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- Morgan, son of Cadwgan, kills his brother Maredudd, 37.
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- Morgan Gam (Cam), *i. e.* the Crooked, his castle, 86.
- Morgan (Morgant), son of Owain, kills Richard, son of Gilbert, 40.
 is killed, 47.
- Morgan Patta dies, 55.
- Morgan, son of Rhys the Great, dies, 88.
- Morganeu, bishop, killed by the Pagans, 22.
- Morganwg (Morgannuc), bishop, dies, 23.
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 Nedd (Neth), the abbey of, founded, 39.
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O.

Offa, king of the Saxons, destroys the Britons of South Wales, 10.
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 Osbrit (Osfrith), king of the Saxons, dies, 9.
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 Otho assists his uncle king John in Poitou, 70.
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 Otho (Oto), legate of Rome, comes over to England, 82.
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- Otho (Oto), legate of Rome—*cont.*
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 bishops, abbots, and other ecclesiastics,
 83.
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- Otter (Oter, Othyr) comes to Britain,
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- Owain (Owin, Owen, Owein), son of Cadwgan,
 kills Meurig and Gruffudd, sons of
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 (son of Rhirid, A.), burns Meirionydd,
 34.
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- Owain (Owin, Owyn, Owein) de Cyveiliog,
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- Owain (Owin), son of Dyvnwal, is slain,
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- Owain (Owin, Owein), son of Edwin, dies,
 after a long illness, 33.
- Owain (Owin), son of Gruffudd, death of,
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- Owain (Owyn, Oweyn), son of Gruffudd,
 commits depredations in Meirionydd,
 37.
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 Stephen, Humphrey, and Caermarthen,
 41.
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 truce, 41.
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 42.
 is reconciled to him, 42.
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 to flight, 42.
- Owain (Owyn, Oweyn), son of Gruffudd
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 44.
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- Owain (Owin, Owyn), son of Gruffudd,
 with his brother Llywelyn, succeeds
 David, son of Llywelyn, 85.
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 Llywelyn, 89.
 seized by Llywelyn, and deprived of
 his land, 89.
- Owain (Owin), son of Gruffudd, son of
 Gwenwynwyn, left by his father in
 free custody with Llywelyn, 104.
- Owain (Owin, Owein), son of Gruffudd,
 son of Maredudd, receives Cyveiliog
 from his uncle Madog, 44.
- Owain (Owin), son of Gruffudd (son of
 Rhys), takes Dinevwr and Llan-
 dovery, 69.
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 marthen, Cydweli, St. Stephen, St.
 Clare, and Trevdraeth, 71.
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- Owain (Owin, Owein), prince of North
 Wales, encamps, and erects a for-
 tification near Basingwerk, 46.
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 47.
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 49.
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 53.
- Owain (Owin), son of Howel, death of,
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- Owain (Owein), son of Iorwerth, death of,
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- Owain (Owein), son of Madog, takes the
 castles of Conoclas, Trevelawdd, de
 Nortun, and Llanandras, 100.
- Owain (Eugem, Owin, Oweyn), son of Ma-
 redudd, dies, 11.

- Owain (Owin), son of Maredudd, makes peace with the lord Llywelyn, 98.
 Owain (Owin), son of Maredudd, son of Robert of Cydwain, dies, 81.
 Owain (Ougen, Owin, Oweyn), king of the Picts, dies, 9.
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- Pagans, their first arrival among the Southern in Ireland, 11.
 the black, ravage Mona, 20.
 ravage Menevia, Llanbadarn, Llanilltyd, Llancarvan, and Llandydoch, 21.
 ravage Menevia, and kill bishop Morganeu, 22.
 ravage Dimetia, 22.
 capture Meurig, son of Howel, 23.
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 a fleet of, in Aberteivy, 24.
 devastate Menevia and Bangor, 26.
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 of the isles, demolish Menevia, 29.
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 and Saracens conquer the Christians at the sea of Tiberias, 55, 56.
- Pain, John de, Llywelyn, son of Owain, delivered up to, 38.
- Pain (Paen), the castle of, built of stone and mortar, 78.
- Pantha=Penda.
- Pasetra detains Otho the pope's legate in the Tower of London against the king's will, 103.
- Patrick, lord of Cydweli, sacrilegiously enters the White House, 92.
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 Patta, Morgan, death of, 55.
 Paulinus, bishop of York, baptizes Edwin, 6.
 Peccham, John de, confirms the election of Thomas Becket, 105.
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- Pembroke devastated by Uchtryd, son of Edwin, and Howel, son of Goronwy, 30.
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- Penarch, Maredudd, son of Owain, made to give Mevenydd up for, 81.
- Pencadeir (Penchaideirn), the battle of, 24.
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- Pencon (Pentun, C.), the battle of, 9.
- Penda (Fantha) slain, 7.
- Pengelli (Penkelli), the castle of, burnt by Richard Mareschal, 79.
- Penletherw (Penlethern, Penletherew), the battle of, 38.
- Pepin (Pipin), the elder king of the French, dies, 9.
- Peredur (Peretur), son of Eliver, dies, 5.
- Perveddwlad (Pervewalt), Llywelyn, son of Gruffudd, goes to the region of, 90.
- Peter of Oxford, archdeacon of Menevia, made bishop of Exeter, 106.
- Peter, prior of Wenlock, succeeds to the see of Menevia, 55.
 his death, 61.
- Peuluniawg (Peuluniauc), Howel the Saxon kills many of the Flemings at, 59.
- Philip, king of the French, expels the Jews from France, 55.
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- Philip, king of the French—*cont.*
 proceeds to the Holy Land, 57.
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 dominion, 63.
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 order to restore Stephen, archbishop
 of Canterbury, to his see, 69.
 returns, 69.
 attacks and routs the army of Otho, 70.
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- Philip, king of France, son of king Louis,
 dies, 108.
- Philip, his son, succeeds him, and is
 crowned, 108.
- Philip Magnel falls in battle, 60.
- Picts, the, war between them and the
 Britons, 9.
- Pilgrims from Dimetia and Ceredigion
 drowned, 43.
- Pirates from Ireland invited by the Vene-
 dotians to their assistance, 31.
- Poictou, an army from, accompanies king
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- Pope, the, quarrels with king John, 64, 65.
- Poresmue, king Henry II. at, 78.
- Porthlagi reduced by Richard, earl of
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- Powys reduced under the power of the
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- Powysians, king Henry I. marches against
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- Præmonstrants, the order of, instituted, 34.
- Preachers, the order of, instituted, 62.
- Precentor, a, appointed in the church of
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- Prior, the, of Canterbury, goes to Rome,
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- Provence, king Henry III. marries the
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- Pwllgydig (Pullgudic, Pullgudit), the bat-
 tle of, 27.
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R.

- Radnor burnt by Rhys, son of Gruffudd,
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 devastated by Llywelyn, prince of
 North Wales, 78.
 the castle of, rebuilt by Richard, earl
 of Cornwall, 79.
 the castle of, taken by the barons, 101.
- Rain of blood in Britain and Ireland, 8.
- Randulph, earl of Chester, seizes king
 Stephen and sends him to prison, 41,
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- Randulph (Radulph) de Mortimer, death
 of, 86.
- Reginald de Bruse, death of, 76.
- Reginald, earl of Cornwall, encamps at
 Dinweileir, 48.
 his death, 54.
- Rein (Regin, Reyn), king of the Dimetians,
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- Rein (Reyn), a Scot, pretends to be the son
 of Maredudd, 23.
 attacked and killed by Seisyll, king of
 Venedotia, 23.
- Rhesterwein (Resterwein), Rhys, son of
 Gruffudd, removes his men and
 effects to, 48.
- Rhirid (Ririt, Ririd), son of Bleddyn, exp-
 els Rhys, son of Tewdwr, from his
 kingdom, 28.
 slain in battle, 28.
- Rhirid (Ririt, Ririd), son of Owain, killed
 by his nephew Cadwallon, 37.
- Rhiwallon (Ruallu, Ruallaun), slain in
 battle, 26.
- Rhodri (Rotri, Rodri), king of the Britons,
 death of, 10.
- Rhodri (Rotri, Rodri), the Great, killed by
 the Saxons, 15.
 avenged in the battle of Conwy, 15.
- Rhodri (Rostri, Rodri), son of Hyveidd,
 beheaded in Arwystli, 16.

- Rhodri (Rotri, Rodri), son of Howel, death of, 19.
- Rhodri (Rodri), son of Idwal, killed, 19.
- Rhodri (Rodri), son of Owain, death of, 59.
- Rhos (Ros), the long sleep of Maelgwn in the court of, 4.
 obtained by Gruffudd, son of Rhys, 40.
 conflagrations in, 57.
 Llywelyn, prince of North Wales, goes to, 72.
 passes the night at Pyle in, 74.
 armed men from, assist in killing William Techo and Henry Goeth, 95.
- Rhuddlan (Rudglann, Rudlan, Ruthlan, Rutlan), the battle of, 11.
 king Henry II. proceeds to, and encamps at, 47.
 the castle of, taken by Owain, son of Gruffudd, and Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 51.
 king Edward encamps at, 105.
- Rhun (Run), son of Owain, dies, 43.
- Rhun (Run), son of Urien, baptizes Edwin, 6.
- Rhuvonion (Roweynauc), the region of, attacked by the Saxons, 12.
- Rhydderch (Riderch), bishop, dies, 19.
- Rhydderch (Riderch, Rederch), son of Caradog, holds South Wales, 27.
 is engaged in the battle of Camddwr, 27.
 killed by his cousin Meirchion, 27.
- Rhygewarch (Rigewarc), clerk, the treachery of, 50.
- Rhys, son of Bledrig, death of, 59.
- Rhys (Res), son of Gruffudd, obtains the portion of his brother Maredudd, 46.
 marches against Owain Gwynedd as far as Aberdovey, 46.
 makes a fosse there, and afterwards founds a castle, 46.
 carries on the war against the English king alone, 47.
 takes Cantrev Mawr, 47.
 takes at the first onset the castle of Llandoverly, 48.
- Rhys (Res), son of Gruffudd—*cont.*
 burns the castles in Ceredigion which had been erected by the French, 48.
 also those which had been made by them in Dimetia, 48.
 leads his army against Caermarthen, and besieges it, 48.
 removes his men and goods to Rhes-terwein, 48.
 forcibly acquires Dinweleir and Llandoverly, 49.
 makes peace with the king, 49.
 harasses Roger, earl of Clare, burns the castle of Aber Rheidol, and the castle of Mabwynion, and subdues the whole region of Ceredigion, 49, 50.
 joins the allied princes against king Henry II., 50.
 takes the castle of Aberteivy, 50.
 imprisons Robert, son of Stephen, 50.
 rebuilds the castle of Caercinion, 51.
 takes the castle of Rhuddlan, 51.
 builds the castle of Abereinion, 52.
 leads his army to Brecheiniog, 52.
 is put to flight, 52.
 leads his army again to Brecheiniog and burns a great part of the land, 52.
 destroys the castle of Buellt, 52.
 returns home victorious, 52.
 rebuilds the castle of Aberteivy, 53.
 leads his army into South Wales, 57.
 causes conflagrations in Rhos and Pembroke, 57.
 plunders Gower, 57.
 destroys the castle of Carnwyllon, 57.
 takes other castles in Dimetia, 57.
 lays siege to the castle of Caermarthen, 57.
 makes peace with the king, 57.
 besieges the castle of Clare and takes possession of it, 57.
 gives it to his son, Howel the Saxon, 57.
 takes the castle of Nyver, 58.
 liberates his son Maelgwn from the prison of William de Bruse, 58.
 besieges Abertawe, 58.

- Rhys (Iles), son of Gruffudd—*cont.*
 raises the siege, 58.
 captured by his sons Howel and Maelgwn, 59.
 seizes his two sons Maredudd and Rhys the Little, 60.
 burns Caermarthen, 60.
 leads his army to Hereford, 60.
 burns Radnor, 60.
 slays a large number of the soldiers of Roger de Mortimer, 60.
 his death, 60.
 his character, 60.
 his elegy, 61.
- Rhys, son of Gruffudd, with the assistance of the French, takes Dinevwr and Llandovery, 69.
 obtains possession of Cydweli and Carnwyllon, 71.
 plunders Gower and demolishes its castles, 71.
 his death, 75.
- Rhys (Rees), the Hoarse (Gryg), dies at Llandeilo the Great, 80.
- Rhys, son of Howel, goes to Aberteivy to the assistance of Owain and Cadwalader, sons of Gruffudd, 40.
 kills Howel, son of Rhydderch, 42.
 taken and imprisoned by Hugh de Mortimer, 43.
 deprived of his sight by the same, 44.
 takes possession of Ceredigion, and builds Ystrad Meurig, 45.
 (son of Gruffudd?), destroys the castle of Llychwr, 45.
 (son of Gruffudd?), ravages Cyveiliog, 45.
- Rhys the Little captured by his father, Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 60.
 released from prison, 61.
 holds possession of Cantrev Bychan and the town, 63.
 burns the castle of Llycheweini, 66.
 burns it a second time, 66.
 goes to the assistance of king John, 67.
 burns the castle of Aberystwyth, 68.
 taken by the French, 69.
- Rhys the Little—*cont.*
 joins the expedition of prince Llywelyn, 72.
- Rhys the Little (Vychan), ejected from his territory, 91.
 utterly demolishes the castle of Buellt, 98.
 destroys the castle of Llanbadarn the Great, takes the castles of Llandovery and Carreg Cennen, 106.
 imprisoned in London, 107.
- Rhys, son of Maelgwn, dies at Strata Florida, 89.
 buried near his sister, midst great lamentation, 89.
- Rhys, son of Maredudd, dies, and is buried, 103.
- Rhys, son of Maredudd, holds lands by gift of the king, 107.
 takes the castles of Llandovery, Dinevwr, and Carreg Cennen, 109.
 burns the village of Swayne and the manor of Osterlof, with other places, 109.
 escapes with a few men, 110.
 recovers his castle, called the New Castle, 110.
- Rhys (Res), son of Owain, kills Bleddyn, son of Cynvyn, 26.
 engaged in the battle of Camddwr, 27.
 conquers Goronwy and Llywelyn, sons of Cadwgan, in the battle of Gwynnotyll, 27.
 slain by Trahaiarn, son of Caradog, 27.
- Rhys, son of Rhys, released from the king's prison, 71.
 his death, 84.
- Rhys (Res), son of Rhys Mechyll, escapes to the castle of Dinevwr, 94.
- Rhys (Res), son of Tewdwr, begins to reign, 27.
 kills Trahaiarn son of Caradog, Caradog son of Gruffudd, and Meilir son of Rhiwallon in the battle of Carn mountain, 27, 28.
 expelled from his kingdom by the sons of Bleddyn, 28.

- Rhys (Res), son of Teudwr—*cont.*
 returns from Ireland with a fleet, 28.
 pays a vast sum of money to the Pagans and Scots, 28.
 attacks and kills Gruffudd, son of Maredudd, 29.
 is himself killed by the French of Brecheiniog, 29.
- Richard son of Baldwin, expels Howel, son of Goronwy, 33.
- Richard, archbishop of Canterbury, elected, 54.
 consecrated by the pope, 54.
 his death, 55.
- Richard de Carrew succeeds to the see of Menevia, 90.
 consecrated by the pope, 91.
 goes to France, 103.
 returns, 103.
 his death and burial, 105.
- Richard de Clare marries the daughter of I. de Lacy, 82.
- Richard, earl of Cornwall, espouses Isabella, countess of Gloucester, 78, 79.
 rebuilds the castle of Radnor, 79.
- Richard, earl, brother of king Edward, elected emperor, 91.
- Richard I., king of England, assumes the sign of the cross, 56.
 succeeds to the throne of England, 56.
 goes to the Holy Land, 56, 57.
 subjugates the isle of Cyprus under his dominion, 57.
 being released from the prison of the emperor, returns to England, 59.
 issues an edict in respect of weights and prices, 60, 61.
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- Richard, son of Gilbert, killed by Morgan, son of Owain, 40.
- Richard, earl, son of Gilbert, death of, 54.
- Richard, brother of king Henry III, captured in the battle of Lewes, 102.
- Richard, the second son of king John, born, 66.
- Richard Mareschal, dissension between him and king Henry II., 79.
- Richard Mareschal—*cont.*
 besieges the castle of Caermarthen, 79.
 sails to Ireland with the view of subduing it, 79, 80.
 his character, 80.
 wounded and dies, 80.
- Richard de la Mere, his castle destroyed, 40.
- Richard, earl of Striguil, goes to Ireland and marries the daughter of king Diernit, 52, 53.
 reduces Porthlagi and Dublin under his power, 53.
 dies in Ireland, and is buried in Dublin, 55.
- Rienuch ravaged by Offa, 11.
- Robert de Belesme (— Belem, Belleem) quarrels with king Henry I., 33.
 seized and imprisoned by him, 33, 35.
- Robert Courthouse, on his return from Jerusalem, captured by his brother Henry, 32.
- Robert, earl of Gloucester, takes king Stephen, and sends him to prison, 41, 42.
 taken by the friends of the king, 42.
 dies in prison, 44.
- Robert, bishop of Hereford, dies, 44.
- Robert, earl of Leicester, dies, 63.
- Robert, treasurer of Menevia, made archdeacon of the same, 106.
- Robert, son of Mor, killed, 51.
- Robert de Mulun, bishop of Hereford, dies, 51.
- Robert, duke of Normandy, blinded by command of his brother Henry, 39.
 dies at Gloucester in prison, 39.
- Robert, son of Richard, loses the castle of Haverford, with the whole barony, 67.
 his death, 68.
- Robert, son of Stephen, imprisoned by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 50.
 released, 52.
 goes to Ireland, 52.
 builds the castle of Carreg, near Wisford, 52.
 made prisoner by the burgesses of Wisford, 53.
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- Robert Tybetot (— Tynetot), quarrels with Rhys, son of Maredudd, 109. takes the castle of Rhys, called the New Castle, 110.
- Roger, earl of Clare, invades Ceredigion, 47, 48. fortifies the castles of Ystrad Meurig, Humphrey, and Aberdovey, 48. encamps at Dinweleir, 48. returns without success, 48. harassed by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 49.
- Roger, son of Hugh the Fat, succeeds his father, 33.
- Roger de Mortimer (— Mortuo-mari), fortifies the castle of Cameron, 59. forty of his soldiers killed by Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 60. fortifies the castles in Maelienydd, 84. deprived of the land of Gwerthrynion, 91. enters the ruins of Cevnlllys, with the view of repairing them, 100. gets the custody of the castles of Huntington and Hay, with the adjacent villages, 101. taken prisoner, 110.
- Rome, a schism in the church of, 48. a general council held in, 72. the dispute between the Cistercians and Claravallenses settled in the court of, 102.
- Rungy, 103.
- Rutuant, sixty Welshman killed near, 59.
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- Saladin, the, overcomes the Christians at the sea of Tiberias, 56.
- Saracens, the, overcome the Christians, 55, 56. take the city of Damietta through treachery, 75. slain by the Tartars, 99.
- Satur biu (— win, Sadurnven), bishop of Menevia, dies, 13.
- Saxons, the, Easter first celebrated by, 8. war between them and the Britons, 10. invade the mountains of Eryri and the kingdom of Rhuvoniog, 12. destroy the fort of Dyganwy, 12.
- Schism in the church of Rome, 48. healed, 55.
- Scotland, an army from, follows king Henry II. against the Welsh, 50. the king of, marries the sister of the king of England, 75. the sister of the king of, espoused to Gilbert Mareschal, 81.
- Scots, the king of the, dies, 28. they receive much money from Rhys, son of Tewdwr, 28.
- Seisyll (Seisil, Seysill), son of Dyvnwal, killed by William de Bruse, 54.
- Seisyll (Seisil), king of Venedotia, kills Rein the Scot, 23.
- Selim, son of Cynan, falls in the battle of Caerleon, 6.
- Severn, the slaughter of the, 7. the English army arrayed against the Welsh, near the, 92.
- Shrewsbury, David, brother of Llywelyn, hanged and quartered at, 107.
- Shrine, the, of St. David, stolen from the church, 28, 29. of St. David begun in the church of Menevia, 104.
- Simon de Montefort marries Eleanor, countess of Pembroke, 82. his daughter gives birth to a daughter and dies in childbed, 107.
- Snow, of long continuance, called the great snow, 24.
- Snowdon subjugated by king Edward, 106.
- Spain, Edward espouses the daughter of the king of, 89.
- St. Alban, dedication of the church of, 36.
- St. Bridget, birth of, 3. death of, 4.
- St. Clare, the castle of, taken by Llywelyn and his confederates, 71.
- St. Columille, birth of, 4.

- St. David (Dewi), birth of, 3.
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 Baldwin, archbishop of Canterbury,
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- St. Dogmael, the church of, robbed by the
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- St. Egydius, the castle of the earl of,
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- St. Mary de Suwerke, the order of Cano-
 nicals instituted in the church of,
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- St. Patrick, death of, 3.
- St. Peter, William de Bruse escapes from
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- St. Stephen, the castle of, taken by Lly-
 welyn and his confederates, 71.
- St. Thomas's, Louis, king of France, visits,
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- Star, the rising of a, 7.
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- Stanlowe, the abbey of, 106.
- Stephen Bauson (— Bauson, — Bauthun)
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- Stephen, earl of Blois, comes over to
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 takes the castle of Bungaye, 41.
 seized by Randolph, earl of Chester,
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- Stephen the Constable opposes Owain and
 Cadwalader, sons of Gruffudd, with
 their confederates, 40.
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- Stephen de Langton recommended by the
 pope for the archiepiscopal see of
 Canterbury, 65.
- Stephen de Langton—*cont.*
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- Stranges, John, in the English army on
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- Strata Florida, Owain, son of Gruffudd,
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 lity to David, son of Llywelyn, at,
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- Stratford, king Henry III. encamps at, 103.
- Strath Clyde (Strat Clut), ravaged by the
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- Strongbow, Gilbert, death of, 44.
- Subin, death of, 15.
- Sulien (Sulgen) succeeds to the see of
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- Summer, a hot, 9.
- Sun, *see* Eclipse.
- Sunday, the battle on a, 15.
- Sweyn, son of Harold, ravages Eumonia,
 or the Isle of Man, 21.
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- Sweyne, the village of, burnt by Rhys, son
 of Maredudd, 109.
- Synod of Victory, 5.
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T.

- Talargan, king of the Picts, killed by the Britons, 9.
- Tanchard (Tankard), a monk, killed by Maelgwn, son of Rhys, 59.
- Tartars, the, occupy the kingdom of Jerusalem, 99.
- Techo, William, slain by armed men from Pembroke and Rhos, 95.
- Teivy (Tewy, Tegui), the French and Flemings, drowned in the, 40. appears bloody for two days, 50.
- Tenby (Tinebeth, Dynbech), Cadell, son of Gruffudd, severely wounded near, 45.
- Tewdwr (Teudubr, Teudur), son of Beli, death of, 9.
- Tewdwr (Teudur), son of Einion, killed, 21.
- Theobald, archbishop, death of, 49.
- Thief, a, detected in the church of Menevia, 87.
- Thomas Becke, *see* Becke.
- Thomas, archbishop of Canterbury, consecrated, 49. banished, 50. crosses over into Flanders to avoid the wrath of the king, 51. the bishops and many of the great men of England write to the pope against him, 51, 52. excommunicates Geoffrey Foliot, archbishop of York, 52. suffers martyrdom, 53.
- Thomas Wallensis succeeds to the see of Menevia, 87. consecrated, 88.
- Thomas, Archbishop of York, dies, 32.
- Thunder, great, 12.
- Tiberias, the Christians overcome near the sea of, 56.
- Tintern, foundation of, 39. Walter and Anselm Mareschal, buried at, 86.
- Trahaiarn (Traharin, Traharn), son of Caradog, succeeds to the kingdom of Venedotia, 26, 27. victorious in the battle of Pwllgydig, 7. kills Rhys and his brother Howel, 27.
- Trahaiarn (Trahair), son of Cedivor, killed by the French, 57.
- Trallwng (Trallug), Llywelyn, son of Gruffudd, at, 92.
- Translation of St. Thomas the Martyr, 75.
- Trenchemer, William, killed, 47.
- Trevclawdd (Trefeclaud), the castle of, taken by Owain, son of Madog, 100.
- Trevdraeth (Trefraid), the castle of, taken by Llywelyn, prince of North Wales, 71.
- Trevetland (Trefetland), the village of, burnt by the lords of Ceri and Cydewig, 98.
- Tregarn (Trefgarn), a place at, given to the Cistercians, 43.
- Trevilan (Trefilan), the castle of, built by Maelgwn, son of Maelgwn, 81.
- Trifun (Trifin), son of Rein, dies, 12.
- Trinity, the, foundation of the abbey of, 34.
- Trirbelevile, Henry, succours the castle of Caermarthen, 79.
- Troyt, Gruffudd, killed, 58.
- Tudur, son of Pret, killed, 59.
- Tybetot (Typetot), Robert, quarrels with Rhys, son of Maredudd, 109. takes his castle, 110.
- Tywi (Tewy), many persons drowned in the, 79.

U.

- Ubis ravages Menevia, 22.
- Uchtryd (Uthtrit, Uchrid, Vedrith), son of Edwin, devastates Pembroke, 30. the castle of, demolished by Einion, son of Cadwgan, and Gruffudd, son of Maredudd, 36.

Uchtryd (Uthtrit, Uchdrit), bishop of Llandaf, dies, 44.
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Valencia, William de, the spoliation of Haverford by, 108.
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 Venedotia (Wenedocia) taken possession of by Maredudd, son of Owain, 20.
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Wales, a treaty between the barons of England and the princes of, 70.
 all the princes of, swear fidelity to David, son of Llywelyn, 82.
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 all the princes of, except three, join David, son of Llywelyn, 85.
 the nobles of, represent their grievances to Llywelyn, son of Gruffudd, 90.
 Llywelyn holds a consultation with the nobles of, 97.
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Wallensis, Thomas, succeeds to the see of Menevia, 87.
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 Walter Clifford, lord of Cantrev Bychan, plunders the territory of Rhys, son of Gruffudd, 48.
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 Walter de Lacy expelled by king John, 66, 67.
 Walter, son of Llywarch, treacherously kills Einion, son of Anarawd, in his sleep, 49.
 Walter Mareschal sent to fortify the castle of Cardigan, 83.
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 Walwern (Wawerin), the castle of, taken 51.
 Wareham, the empress Matilda with her son Henry lands at, 45.
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 of Dimetia take the castle of Llanuhadein, 58.
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- Wenlock, Peter, prior of, made bishop of Menevia, 55.
- Wepini, Robert de, put to flight, 68.
- Westminster, the foundation of, laid, 85.
 king Edward I. crowned at, 104.
 he enacts many statutes at, 104.
- White monks, an ordinance respecting the tithes of the, 73.
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 Tower, prince Edward finds his father in the, 99.
- Whittington, the castle of, taken by Llywelyn, 76,
- Wilfre, bishop of Menevia, dies, 35.
- William, son of Baldwin, dies, 30.
- William the Bastard deprives Harold of the kingdom of England, 25.
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- William de Bruse, *see* Bruse.
- William de Burrethe (— Burreche), canon of Menevia, succeeds to the treasury, 106.
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- William Dewer, bishop of Hereford, dies, 62.
- William Gerald destroys the castle of Gwys, 44.
- William Long-sword seized by Philip, king of France, 70.
- William Mareschal, *see* Mareschal.
- William de Monthenesy oppressed under a wall, 109.
- William the Red (Goch), his two sons killed by the English, 93.
- William Rufus succeeds to the throne of England, 28.
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- William Techo killed by armed men from Pembroke and Rhos, 95.
- William Trenchemer killed, 47.
- William de Valencia, *see* Valencia.
- Winchester, a quarter of David's remains suspended at, 107.
- Wingan, Henry, constable of Erbert, slain in battle, 95.
- Wiseford, the burgesses of take Robert, son of Stephen, prisoner, 53.
- Wolf, a rabid, at Caermarthen bites twenty-two persons, nearly all of whom die, 50, 51.

Y.

- Yale, Owain, son of Gruffudd, builds a castle in, 44.
- York, the bishop of, dies, 3.
 the city of, laid waste, 14.
 Thomas, archbishop of, dies, 32.
- Ysgythrog (Eschitrauc) Brochwel, dies, 7.
- Ystrad Brunus, the Flemings kill Owain in, 37.
- Ystrad Meurig (Stratmeuric), the castle of, destroyed by Owain and Cadwalader, 41.
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- Ystrad Tywi (Strattui, Stratewy, Stratewi) devastated by Anarawd and the English, 15.
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