

Cambridge University Press
978-1-108-04249-9 - Chronica Johannis de Oxenedes
Edited by Henry Ellis
Index
[More information](#)

~~~~~  
I N D E X.  
~~~~~

Cambridge University Press
978-1-108-04249-9 - Chronica Johannis de Oxenedes
Edited by Henry Ellis
Index
[More information](#)

I N D E X.

A.

- Abbo cardinalis, 189.
 Abel, Ricardus, 292.
 Abendone, Edmund de :
 elected archbishop of Canterbury, 146.
 his advice to the king for the dismissal of the Poitevins, 147.
 consecrated, 147.
 Aberconway, site of the abbey of, purchased by king Edward I., on which he reconstructed the castle and town of Conway, 310.
 Abingdon, monastery of, founded by king Edgar, 7.
 Aby, Elyas de, 299.
 Abydone, Ricardus de, 311.
 Acer, Johannes, 298.
 "Acies bellatrices in aëre," 240.
 Aquitaine, house for Præmonstratensian canons in, founded by king Richard I., 97.
 Acra, Johannes de, 245.
 Acre, the Christians defeated by the Saracens between Acre and Saphran, 215.
 Acre taken by the soldan of Babylon, 259.
 Acre, Ranulphus de, "collector tricesimæ in diversis comitatibus," 306.
 Adam, "primus homo," 51.
 Adam, abbot of St. Benet Holme :
 the constructor of a new presbytery in the church of Holme, 213.
 death of, 213.
- Adam clericus, 299.
 Adelia, daughter of Godfrey, duke of Louvain, 42.
 crowned by Ralph, archbishop of Canterbury, 42.
 Adinettus cissor, 301.
 Adrian, Henricus, 299.
 Adrian, John, 292.
 Adrian, IV., pope :
 by birth an Englishman, 50.
 crowns the emperor Frederic I., 51.
 verses on the coronation, 51.
 schism in respect of the Papacy at his death, 51.
 Adrianus imperator, 279.
 Ædgarus, "rex pacificus," 289
 Ædmund, son of king Edward the elder, 5.
 Ædmund, grandson of Edmund Ironside, 17.
 Ædmund and Ædward, sons of Edmund Ironside :
 sent by king Canute to Sweyn, king of Norway, to be murdered, 16.
 Sweyn sends them to Hungary, where Ædmund dies, 16.
 Ædward marries the daughter of the king of Hungary, 16, 17.
 Ædmund, brother of Æthelred, 289.
 Ædmund, bishop of Lindisfarne, 18.
 Ædmundus, S., abbas, 290.
 "Londoniis plastro vehitur," 290.

- Ædred, third son of Edward the elder, succeeds to the throne A.D. 946, 6, 289.
- Ædward, brother of Hardecnut, comes from Normandy to England, and is received by his brother, 21.
- Ædwynus rex, 289.
- Ægelmarus. *See* Aylmer.
- Ælfegus, bishop of Winchester :
 made archbishop of Canterbury, 290.
 slain by the Danes, 290.
 his body translated to Canterbury, 290.
- Ælfeda, called also Æthelfeda, daughter of king Alfred, wife of Æthelred earl of Mercia, 4.
- Ælwoldus :
 third abbot of St. Benet Holme, 269.
 marine guard of the coast committed to him by king Harold, 269.
 William the Conqueror unfavourable to him, 269.
- Ætheldreda, Sancta, abbatisa, 287.
- Æthelmar :
 the clerk, half-brother of king Henry III., comes to England, 160.
 the monks of Winchester compelled to take him for their bishop, 165.
 confirmed in the see, 167.
- Æthelnoth :
 archbishop of Canterbury, receives the pall, 17.
 his death, 20.
- Æthelred :
 son of king Edgar, 37.
 succeeds to the throne, 9.
 Dunstan's prophecy at his baptism, 13.
 marries Emma, daughter of Richard, duke of Normandy, 13, 290.
 his death, 14, 290.
 "Londoniis sepultus," 290.
- Æthelred :
 son of Edward the elder, 51.
 coronation of, 289.
- Æthelstan, son of Ædward, elected king of Mercia, 5.
- Æthelstan, bishop of Hereford, death of, 25.
- Æthelwald, bishop, 12.
- Æthelward, son of king Alfred, 4.
- Æthelwlf, first bishop of Carlisle, 44.
- Æthelwold, bishop of Winchester, 10.
- Æthelwold, abbot of St. Benet Holme, death of, 34.
- Agapetus [ii.] papa, 289.
- Agapinus papa, 289.
- Agapirus papa, 289.
- Agapius papa, 290.
- Agatha, daughter of the king of Hungary, married to Ædmund, son of Edmund Ironside, 16, 17.
- Agatha, sister of Henry the emperor, 57.
- Agaton papa, 286.
- Agelwin, bishop of Durham, removes the body of St. Oswin, king and martyr, from his tomb to a shrine, 27.
- Ailwin, founder of Ramsey Abbey, 10.
- Akaun, Willelmus de, 297.
- Alanus filius Sansonis, 297.
- Alban, St. :
 monks of, sent to take possession of the restored monastery of Tyne-mouth, 34.
 dedication of the church of, A.D. 1115, 41.
 Louis the dauphin's visit to the abbey, 125.
 town of, pillaged by Falcasius, 126.
 Pope Alexander IVth's letter to the abbot and convent of, 185.
 procession of the convent of, to the church of St. Mary de Pratis, 193.
- Albemarle, castle of, 34.
- Albemarle, earl of, 224.
- Albemarle, Evelina, countess of, 244.
- Albenitico, Philippus de, miles, 304.
- Albertus :
 the pope's notary, arrives in England; the cause of his coming explained, 173.
 returns to Rome, 176.
- Albineto, Willelmus de, has the custody of Rochester castle, 120.

- Albineto, Willelmus de—*cont.*
 ransom of, and release from prison,
 125.
 does homage to, and surrenders the
 castle of Latford to king Henry III.,
 125.
- Albineto, William de :
 third Earl of Arundel, death of, in
 his return from Damietta, 132.
 buried at Wimundham in Norfolk,
 132.
- Alby, Robertus filius Thomæ, 297.
- Aldred, bishop of Worcester, founds the
 abbey of Gloucester, 25.
- Alegod, Johannes, 295.
- Alexander, 231.
- Alexander papa, 279.
- Alexander II., pope, 26 :
 orders Berengarius's works to be
 burnt, 26.
 death of, 31.
- Alexander III.
 chosen pope, 52.
 holds a council at Tours, 53.
 reconciled with the emperor Frederic
 I., 61.
- Alexander IV., pope, succeeds, 180.
 asks for the prayers of ecclesiastics in
 favour of the church, 182.
 sends Rustand de Wasconia to England
 to collect the tithes of England,
 Scotland, Ireland, and Wales, 183.
 his letters to the abbot and convent of
 St. Alban, 185.
- Alexander V., pope, death of, 199.
- Alexander II. :
 king of Scotland, created knight, 115.
 does homage to Louis the dauphin as
 king of England, 122.
 interview of, with king Henry III. to
 treat of a marriage with Johanna
 the king's sister, 131.
 the marriage takes place at York, 132.
- Alexander III. :
 king of Scotland, singular marriage
 of, 168.
 youthful conduct of, 196.
- Alfonsus, rex Hispaniæ, 304.
- Alfred, king, "primus prothomonarcha
 Angliæ," 2, 51.
 his lineage, 3; *Pref.* vii.
 anointed and crowned by pope Leo
 IV., 3.
 his flight and retirement, 3.
 his offspring, 4.
 character and literary works, 4.
 founded two monasteries, 4.
 his death, 5, 289.
- Alfred and Edward, sons of king Æthelred,
 come to England from Normandy
 to see their mother, 20.
 violent death of Alfred, 21.
 earl Godwin's treachery to him and
 to his Norman followers, 22.
- Alien clergy of England, immense amount
 of their revenues, 173.
- Alkeby, 267.
- Alphage, St., body of, removed to Canter-
 bury, 17, 290.
- Alphonso, son of Edward I., birth of, in
 Gascony, 223.
 death of, and interment at Westminster,
 241, 305.
- Alphonso, king of Castile, message of, to the
 king of England, 168.
- Altobosco, Petrus de, 270.
- Aluina Danica, 19.
- Aluwin, church of St. Edmund built by,
 17.
- Alwold, prior of St. Nicasius de Mollent,
 made abbot of St. Edmunds, 41.
- "Amandus et Ebaudus in Gallia periculo-
 sus tumultus excitaverunt," 282.
- Ambois, king Edward I. in the parliament
 of France held at, quit-claims his
 rights in Normandy to the king of
 France in perpetuity, 230.
- Ambrosius, Sanctus, 284.
- Amesbury :
 Mary, daughter of king Edward I.,
 takes the veil at Amesbury, 243.
 Eleanor, queen of Henry III., also
 takes the veil there, 245.

- Amphibalus, St., discovery of the relics of, 61.
- Amundeham, Walter de, one of the commissioners for settling the conflicting claims to the crown of Scotland, A.D. 1291, 256.
- Anacletus, 43, 285.
- Anastasia, first prioress of the nunnery of Bungaye in Suffolk, 62.
- Anastasius II., pope, 50.
- "Andeliaci villa" burnt, 55.
- "Anglesey, recepta de navibus emptis ad constructionem pontis de, et postea venditis," 304.
- Anglesia, 308, 309.
- "Anglesiæ pons," 309.
- "Anglorum primus Adventus in Britanniam," 1, 25.
- Anjou, province of, abandoned by king John, A.D. 1203, 107.
- "Anni secundum Isidorum ab initio Mundi," 287.
- Anselm, abbot of Bec :
 made archbishop of Canterbury, 35.
 leaves England, 35.
 holds a council at London, at which the marriage of ecclesiastics is forbidden, 38.
 schism between the king and Anselm, 38.
 goes to Rome, 38.
 forbidden to return to England, 38.
 his death, 39.
- Anselm, grandson of St. Anselm, archbishop of Canterbury :
 made abbot of St. Edmund, 42.
 goes to Rome, 42.
- Anselmus, capellanus regis, one of the party who accompanied king Richard I. when retreating from the Holy Land, 78.
- Anselmus, abbot of St. Benet Holme, 44, *note*.
- Antingham, 267.
- Antioch taken A.D. 1098, 35.
 again taken by the soldan of Babylon, 213.
- Antoninus, Marcus, 280.
- Antonius Caracalli . . . , 281.
- Apulia, an expedition against, proposed by king Henry III., 184.
 recovery of, by Manfred, son of the emperor Frederic, 187.
 king Henry III. asks assistance from his parliament to enable his son Edmund to take the kingdom of Apulia upon him, 189.
- Aqueduct, sudden explosion from one in London, 188.
- Aragon, kingdom of, conferred by the pope hereditarily upon Philip, son of the king of France, 241.
- Arce, Philippus de, 132.
- Archadius et Honorius, 284.
- Archenbrai, battle of, 38.
- Arderne, Robertus de, 289, 295.
- Arfastus made bishop of the East Angles, 30.
- Arriana impietas, 283.
- Arthur, king of Britain, 2.
- Arthur, son of Geoffrey, king John's elder brother :
 chosen, upon king Richard I.'s death, by the Bretons and Angevins as their lord, 98.
 receives knighthood, and as earl of Brittany does general homage to the king of France for all the territories he possessed, the king promising him aid and protection, 99.
 the kings of England and France in hostility respecting him, 102.
- Arthur proceeds with a force to Poictou, and takes the castle of Mirabel, 102.
- Mirabel subsequently retaken by king John, with Arthur among the prisoners, 102.
 made close prisoner at Falaise, 103.
 report of prince Arthur's capture reaches the king of France, 103.
 advice of his councillors to king John respecting prince Arthur, 103.
 committed to the charge of Hubert de Burgh, the king's chamberlain, 103.

- Arthur—*cont.*
 prince Arthur's outcry when the king's orders to Hubert de Burgh were communicated to him, 104.
 report spread that he had died of grief and the effect of wounds, 104, 105.
 fresh reports that he was still alive, 105.
 king John not displeased that his orders respecting prince Arthur had been disobeyed, 105.
 removed to Rouen in the custody of Robert de Veteri Ponte, 105.
 that he was secretly put out of the way never made clear, 105.
 the king of France and the Bretons demand the delivery of Arthur to them, 105.
- Artois, Robert, count d', drowned in the Nile, 165.
- Arundel, Isabella, countess of, death of, at the nunnery of Marham, 237.
- Ashe, Thomas de, "collector tricesimæ in comitatu Warr.," 305.
- Ashridge, co. Buckingham, Christmas celebrated at, by king Edward I., 254.
- "Assaia duo, in thesaurario domini regis," 293.
- "Assaiorum Liberata per diversa loca, " tam de moneta quam de argento " examinato," 32 Henry III., 293, 300.
- Assay, manner of performing the, at the exchequer, 32 Henry III., recited, 291; *Pref.* xxvi., xxvii.
- Athanasius, 283.
- Athelric, bishop of Lincoln, death of, 18.
- Atmosphere, extraordinary appearance of, and storm, 144.
- Atte, Adam, 298.
- Audelee, William de, slain by the Welsh whilst reconnoitering, 237.
- Audenard, Egidius de, 301.
- Audoenus, Sanctus, 287.
- Avelina, countess of Albemarle, death of, 224.
- Avenois, John de, death of, 196.
- Averre, Martinus, 297.
- Aveynes, John de, earl of Agenois, 253.
- Augustinus, Sanctus, Yponensis episcopus, 284.
 "Augustino M. papa misit pallium," 286.
- Aula, I. de, "de Maydenstan in partibus de Anglesia," 307.
- Auñ, Henricus, 297.
- Auñ, Petrus, 299.
- Auñ, Radulfus, 296.
- Auñ, Thomas, 296.
- Auñ, Walterus, 299.
- Auñ, Willelmus, 297, 299.
- Aure, Johannes, 294.
- Aure, Robertus, 294.
- Aurelius Commodus, 280.
- Aurelius, Lucius, 280.
- Aurifaber, Johannes, 294, 296.
- Aurifaber, Radulfus, 295.
- Aurifaber, Thurð, 299.
- Aurifaber, Walterus, 295.
- Aurifaber, Willielmus, 291.
- Aurifabri jurati, 286.
- Aurora borealis, 243.
- Aurum Reginæ, 235.
- Ausbertus, Sanctus, 287.
- Austria, duke of:
 excommunicated by pope Celestine III. for laying hands on king Richard I., 87.
 his territory struck with sterility, 87.
 his death and attending circumstances 88.
 previous to his death releases king Richard's hostages, returns a portion of the ransom, and is himself released from Celestine III.'s excommunication, 88.
- Autophormoitarum Hæresis, 283.
- Aylmer (*Ægelmarus*), bishop of the East Angles, brother of Stigand, deprived, 30.
- Aylsham, inquisition and judgment upon the tenure of the abbey of St. Benet Holme as to the church of, A.D. 1289, 250.
- Aymerus, uterine brother of king Henry III. *See* Brun.

B.

- Babylon :
 truce between the soldan of, and the Christians, 152.
 release of prisoners by the soldan of, 172.
 defeat of the army of the soldan, 223.
 Acre taken by him, 259.
- Bachelor, Ricardus le, 292.
- Bachius, 281.
- Baldwin, physician to king Edward the Confessor, and monk of St. Denis in France, made abbot of St. Edmund's, 27.
 goes to Rome, and receives large presents from pope Alexander, 31.
 death of, 35.
- Baliol, John de, lord of Galway :
 claimant of the crown of Scotland, 256, 257, 258.
 election of, to the crown, 262.
 coronation of, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, 262.
 form of his homage as received by king Edward I., 262.
- "Balistarii a Vasconia," 308.
- Balsham, Hugh, bishop of Ely, return of, from Rome, after consecration, 196.
 death of, 245.
- Bangor, Herveus Cruste, bishop of, 39.
- Barens, Willielmus de, comes de Naverit, 123, 124.
- Barhad, Rocelin, 298.
- Barnewell, injury to the tower of the church of, and to the refectory of St. Edmund's, by a tempest, 248.
- Barons :
 conference of, at St. Edmundsbury, with the production of king Henry I.'s charter of liberties, and their oath, 118.
 meeting of the, at Brackley, 119.
 choose Robert Fitzwalter for their military chief, 119.
- Barons—*cont.*
 remove to London, 119.
 Pandulfus sent by king John to Rome to aid in counteracting them, 120.
 excommunicated by the pope, 121.
 especial excommunication of those, "nominatim et in specie," who chose Louis the dauphin of France to be king in the room of John, 121.
 the beginning of their difference with the king in relation to the statute of Oxford, 199.
 further contention arises, 200.
 they commence depredations through the country ; with the plunder of foreigners, 200.
 give back their homage to the king, 205.
 make all whom they take prisoners swear to preserve the provisions of the statutes of Oxford, 206.
- Bartolomeus, Johannes, 297.
- Baruch, 71.
- Basinges, Adam de, 291.
- Basset, Fulk, dean of York, made bishop of London, 153.
- Basset, Philip, death of, at Waldon, county of Northampton, 218.
- Basseth, William :
 succeeds to the abbey of St. Benet Holme, 43.
 death of, 44.
 "aliquantum dilapidator," 270.
- Bastwyke, 267.
 appropriation of the church of, 274.
- Bat, Nicholas, 291.
- Battle Abbey, building of, by William the Conqueror, A.D. 1068, 291.
- Baud, Robertus de, vicecomes Northampt., 302.
- Bay tree, 260.
- Bayonnois : naval fight off the headland of St. Matthew, of the Bayonnois, the seamen of the Cinque Ports and the men of Yarmouth united, against the Flemings, 253.

- Bazas, near Riol in Gascony, Christmas observed at, by king Henry III., A.D. 1254, 179.
- Beatrix, countess of Bretagne, death of, 224.
- Beaulieu, abbey of, in the New Forest, founded by king John, 107, 123.
- Beauvais :
 capture and imprisonment of the bishop of, and his archdeacon, by king Richard I., 89.
 released from imprisonment, 99.
- Becket, Thomas à, archdeacon of Canterbury :
 made chancellor by king Henry II., 51.
 goes to Paris to negotiate a marriage for prince Henry, son of Henry II., 52.
 his distress at the marriage of the abbess of Romsey, daughter of king Stephen, with Matthew, earl of Boulogne, 52.
 made archbishop of Canterbury, 53.
 translates the remains of king Edward the Confessor, 53.
 his regret for acceding to the "Constitutions of Clarendon," 54.
 his flight, the confiscation of his goods, and the banishment of him and his kindred, 54.
 excommunicates the approvers of the "Constitutions of Clarendon," 54.
 protected by Louis VIII., king of France, 54.
 excommunicates Alan de Neville for imprisoning one of his chaplains, 55.
 excommunicates Gilbert, bishop of London, 55.
 his reconciliation with the king, and return from exile, 56.
 excommunicates all who attended the coronation of the younger Henry, 56.
 his murder, 57.
 the pope excommunicates his murderers, 58.
 names of his murderers, 58.
- Becket, Thomas à—*cont.*
 miracles worked at his tomb, 58.
 Henry II. visits his tomb, 59, 60.
 priory of Westwode founded in honour of him, 61.
 Louis VIII. visits Becket's tomb, 61.
 Becket appears as a spirit to the commanders of king Richard's navy when at sea, 67.
 removal of his body from the crypt of the cathedral at Canterbury, 131.
- Beda, Sanctus, nascitur, 287.
 obitus, 287.
- Bedegate, Geremias, 297.
- "Bedewyni," 70.
- Bek, Walterus, "constabularius castri Lincoln. viij. et xj. Edw. I.," 303.
- Beke, Thomas de, "custos garderobæ," 304, 305.
- "Belegarde in terra Bernensi," 249, *note.*
- Beleothgen, brother of Griffin, king of Wales, 26.
- Belhus, Thomas de, "vicecom. Cant. et Hunt.," 302.
- Bellofago, Thomas de, 294.
- Belvoir Castle taken by king John, 121.
- "Benedicti beati transitus," 285.
- Benedictine monasteries, abbots of, meet at Bermondsey for the reformation of their Order, 162.
- "Benedictio cerei in Pascha," 285.
- Benedictus papa, 287, 289.
- Benet Holme, St. *See* Holme.
- Bereford, Asbertus de, "vicecomes Warr. et Leycestriæ," 302.
- Bereforde, Ricardus de, "collector tricesimæ comitatus Wigornia," 305.
- Berengaria of Navarre, queen of Richard I., 38.
- Berengarius of Tours :
 condemnation of by pope Leo IX., 24.
 his works condemned at Rome by pope Nicholas II., 26.
 and subsequently ordered by pope Alexander II. to be burnt, 26.
 his reputation revives, 30.
 death of, 35.
- Berkhampstede, 163.

- Bermondsey abbots of the Benedictine monasteries meet at, for the reformation of their Order, 162.
- Bernard, St., first abbot of Cîteaux, 40.
 death of, 49, 50.
- Berne, Johannes, 294.
- Beronable, 71.
- Berte, Johannes, 298.
- Berwick, commission for settling the claim to the crown of Scotland ordered to be held at, 256.
- Berwick and Roxburgh restored to the king of Scots by Richard I., 66.
- Bestone, 267.
- Bethleem, Prior de, 71.
- Betun, Baldwinus de, one of those who accompanied king Richard I. when retreating from the Holy Land, 78, 79, 80.
- Bigod, Hugh, earl of the East Angles :
 death of, 138.
- Bigod, Hugh, escapes from the fight at Lewes, 203.
- Bigod, Roger, earl of Norfolk and Suffolk, earl mareschal of England, death of, 216.
- Bigod, Roger, earl mareschal, marries Alice, daughter of John de Aveynes, earl of Agenois, 253.
- Biham, castle of :
 seized by William de Forre, earl of Albemarle, 131.
 besieged and retaken by king Henry III., 132.
- Binans, Peter de, 147.
- Birinus, St., translation of the remains of, 49.
- Biscopestede, William de, 298.
- Biset, Margaret, 149.
- Bishops, in regard to the taxation of the clergy in 1268, allowed to compound for their bishopricks, 214.
- Blakedone, Adam de, 299.
- Blanche, queen of France :
 honours heaped by her on Richard, earl of Cornwall, 164.
 her death, 173.
- Blaune, Ricardus, 296.
- Blood, flow of, "de fonte" at Gesich for six days, 43.
- Blumville, Thomas :
 succeeds to the bishoprick of Norwich, 138.
 death of, 148.
- Blundus, John, elected archbishop of Canterbury, but the election reversed, 146.
- Bochardus, Iterius, 306.
- Bolegambe, Matthæus, 298.
- Bollesby, land at, alienated from the abbey of St. Benet Holme by abbot Richerus, 270.
- Boltone, Johannes de, 297.
- Bonaventure, Richard, 292.
- Boniface, a native of Provence :
 chosen archbishop of Canterbury, 152.
 his election confirmed by the pope, 155.
 consecrated, 158.
 obtains a mandate from the pope in respect of the collection of the revenues of his diocese and province, 158.
 returns from Rome with extended privileges of visitation, 162.
 proceedings at Rome on the part of the bishops of England in regard to his claim to the power of general visitation, 172.
 returns to England, 173.
 excommunication by, of the violators of the charters of liberties and forests, 177.
 absence of abroad, and its consequences, 186.
 convenes the prelates and archdeacons of his province to take into consideration the oppressed state of the English church, 193.
 his death, 216.
 notices of in the Appendix, 286, 288, 289.
- Bonport, Cistercian abbey of, founded by king Richard I., 97.
- Bordeaux :
 Christmas celebrated at by king Henry III., 155.
 king Henry III. at, 178.

- Bordeaux—*cont.*
 the archbishop of, with certain nobles of Gascony, come over to make accusations against Simon de Montfort, earl of Leicester, 169.
 queen Eleanor goes to, with her sons Edward and Edmund, 179.
 Edward I. celebrates Christmas at, A.D. 1287, 248.
- Bosco, Ricardus de, 305.
- Botolph, St., fire at the fair of, and destruction of the house of Friars Preachers at, 249.
- Bouillon, Godfrey de, made king of Jerusalem, 35.
- Boulogne, Christmas celebrated at by king Henry III., 181.
- Boulogne, Matthew, earl of, married to Maria, abbess of Romsey, daughter of king Stephen, 52.
- Bow, St. Mary le, fall of the tower of the church of, 217.
 murder in, of a citizen of the name of Laurence, 241.
- Boy, prodigy of one, scarcely three feet high, but eighteen years of age, 163.
- Boylund, Richard de, justice itinerant, 243, 244.
 fine of, 252.
- Brabant, the duke of, marries the sister of Philip III., king of France, 224.
 conflict between the duke de, the archbishop of Cologne, and the count de Geldres, 249.
- Brackley, meeting of the barons at, *t.* John, 119.
- Bracy, Robertus de, "collector tricesimæ comitatus Wygornia;" 305.
- Bradfield, John de, made bishop of Rochester, 229.
- Bramelton, Nicholas de, prior of the church of the Holy Trinity at Norwich, death of, 214.
- Brancaleone chosen a senator of Rome, 175.
- Brand, Willelmus, 294.
- Brause, Matilda de, captured with her son, thrown into prison at Windsor, and by the king's order starved to death, 113.
- Brause, William de, 111.
 opposition to king John from Matilda the wife of, 112.
 they fly to Ireland, 112.
- Breaute, William de, brother of Falcasius, refuses to surrender Bedford castle, 136.
- Breius, John de, appointed by Gregory IX. to command the papal forces against the emperor Frederic, 142.
- Bremes, John de, 144.
- Bret, Alexander le, 194.
- Bretons, with the country of Anjou and city of Cenomannia, choose the boy Arthur, son of Geoffrey, John's elder brother, as their lord, 98.
 their excitement upon the report being spread that prince Arthur had died of grief and the effect of wounds, 104.
- Brictricus laicus, lands at Schotesham and Grengville given by to St. Benet Holm, *t.* king Canute, 267, 268.
- Bristol :
 Christmas celebrated at, 242.
 officers of the mint at, 32. Henry III., 299.
 Petrus de la Mare, "constabularius castri de, an. x. et xi. Edwardi I.," 301.
 castrum et balliva de, 303.
- Bristoll, Petrus de, 292.
- Brito, Richard, one of the murderers of Becket, 58.
- Britonia, Arthur de, Arthur son of Geoffrey Plantagenet, so called, 102.
- Bromholme, miracles at, 135.
- Bruce, Robert de, one of the two chief competitors for the crown of Scotland, A.D. 1291, 255, 256.
- Bruges, Willelmus de, 299.
- Brun, Aymerus le, bishop of Winchester, uterine brother of king Henry III., son of Hugh le Brun by queen Isabella, widow of king John, 203.

- Brun, Hugh le, son of Hugh le Brun, earl of Marche, married to Isabella, widow of king John; enumeration of their offspring, 203.
- Brunham, Hugo de, 296.
- Brunham, William de, made prior of the church of the Holy Trinity at Norwich, 214.
- Bruntone, William de, justice itinerant, fine inflicted upon, 252.
- Brus, Hugo de, 102, 120.
- Bruys, Robertus de, dominus de Valle Anandi. *See* Bruce.
- Buc, Walter de, 120.
- Buffaloes sent from abroad to earl Richard, 170.
- Bugenore, Johannes de, 310.
- Bukeham, or Bukeham, Richard de :
 succeeds to the abbey of St. Benet Holme, 213, 275.
 completes the building of the presbytery there, 275.
 his death, 275.
- Bukerel, Stephanus, 291.
- Bulloc, Ricardus, 298.
- Bungaye, foundation of the priory of, 62.
- Burgh, county of Norfolk :
 celebration of Christmas at, by king Edward I., 235.
 king Edward and his queen at, 250.
- Burgh, abbey of, ravaged by king John, 122.
- Burgh, Hubert de, king John's chamberlain :
 receives the king's instructions in respect of prince Arthur when prisoner at Falaise, 103.
 surrenders Dover castle to the dauphin, 125.
 marries Margaret, sister of the king of Scotland, 132.
 the king's justiciary, murmurs of the nobility against, 134.
 created earl of Kent, 141.
 removed from the office of justiciary, 146.
 the king's exactions from him, 146.
- Burgh, Hubert de—*cont.*
 the king relents, and bestows upon him a portion of his former possessions 146.
 death of, 155.
- Burghe, Rogerus de, "collector xxx" in com. Heref., 305.
- Burghull, Rogerus, vicecom. Heref., 302.
- Burgundy, duke of :
 joins king Richard I. at Acre, 70.
 with the Templars and French officers opposes king Richard's intention of attacking Jerusalem, 71.
 bribed by Saladin, 71.
 quarrel with king Richard, 71.
 sets out for Acre, but prevented by king Richard's orders from entering the city, 72.
 inflexible in regard to coalition, 73.
 his death, 73.
- Burnel, Robert, bishop of Bath and Wells, the king's chancellor, chosen archbishop of Canterbury, but the choice annulled by the pope, 229.
 chosen bishop of Winchester, but the election cancelled by the pope, 233.
 his death, 262.
- Bury St. Edmunds :
 foundation of the monastery of, 17.
 church of, built by Aluwin, bishop of the East Angles, 17.
 consecrated by Ægelnoth, archbishop of Canterbury, 18.
 abbot of, nominated by the king, removed, 38.
 Alwold made abbot, 41.
 king Richard I. a benefactor to, 97.
 oath taken by the barons at the altar of, *t.* king John, 118.
 its charter, among others, made void by king Henry III., 169.
 Rustand's address in the chapter-house of, 185.
 the liberty of St. Edmund respected by the barons during their war with king Henry III., 200, 205.

- Bury St. Edmunds—*cont.*
 king Henry III. at, in 1266, when the disinherited were excommunicated by Otto the legate, 211.
 composition made with the abbot of regarding the tenth of the ecclesiastical possessions of England granted to king Edward upon his return with his brother from the Holy Land, 222.
 privileges granted to the convent of, respecting weights and measures, 224.
 Discovery of the remains of ancient buildings at, 224.
 first stone of a new building laid by Robert, prior of the convent, 225.
 amount of the tenths paid by the abbey, in consequence of the order of the council of Lyons, 226.
 visit of Edward I. and his queen to, in their way to Norwich, 229.
 barony of, and other privileges taken into the king's hands upon abbot Simon's death, 231.
 infringement of the liberty of St. Edmund in regard to the moneyers, 231.
 separation of the goods of the abbot from those of the convent of St. Edmund, 235.
 tempest at, A.D. 1288, 245.
 king Edward I. and his queen at, 246.
 mint at, 293, 300.
 abbots of St. Edmunds, 38, 41, 42, 189, 231, 233.
 Butevant, castle of, besieged by the king of France, 102.
- C.
- Cadiensis episcopus, 304.
 Caen, king John and his queen celebrate Christmas at, A.D. 1203, 105, 106.
- Caithness, bishop of, chancellor of Scotland, one of the commissioners for making settlement of the claim to the crown of Scotland, A.D. 1291, 256.
- Calixtus II. :
 made pope, 41.
 visits Normandy, 41.
 takes Mauricius, whom the emperor had made pope, and makes him enter the monastic order, 42.
 his death, 42.
- Calne, accident at, 9.
- Caltorp, 267.
- "Calvus Mons," town of, burnt by the Normans, A.D. 1167, 55.
- Cam, Walter de, 49.
- Cambridge :
 great discord between the scholars and burgesses of, 162.
 great inundation at, 221.
 Jews ejected from, 220.
 a large portion of the town of, consumed by fire, 227.
- Camer^o, Henricus le, 298.
- Campania, 299.
- Candowre, Johannes de, 304.
- Canon, Timon, 296.
- Canons, order of, established in the cathedral of Salisbury, and in the church of St. Mary, Southwark, 38, 39.
- Canterbury :
 Christ Church, dedication of, 40.
 confiscation of the goods of the church of, A.D. 1207, 110.
 absolution of the monks of, obtained from the pope, 152.
 singular inundation at, proceeding from a cloud, 217.
 grant from the clergy of the province of, to king Edward I. of their ecclesiastical profits for two years, 240.
- Canterbury and York :
 dissension between the archbishops of, 37.
 controversy between, settled by king Henry I., 41.

- Cantilupe, Thomas de, bishop of Hereford,
 death of, at Rome, 238.
- Cantilupo, Fulk de, 110.
- Canute :
 chosen king by the Danes, 14.
 agreement of with Edmund Ironside,
 14, 15.
 marries Emma, the relict of king
 Æthelred, 17.
 gives three manors to the monastery
 of St. Benet Holme, 17.
 his foundation of the monastery of St.
 Edmund, 17.
 goes to Denmark with his army, where
 the English in it suffer, 17.
 becomes king of Norway, 18.
 grants the charter of privilege to St.
 Edmund's, beginning, "In nomine
 " Poliarchi," 18.
 exterminates earl Hacun and his wife
 Gunilda, 18.
 goes to Rome, and engages for the
 payment of Rome-scot in lieu of
 other exactions, 18.
 his division of his kingdom before his
 death, 19.
 his death, family, and general charac-
 ter, 19.
 his address to the sea when flattered
 by his courtiers, 19, 20.
 lands given by him in endowment of
 the monastery of St. Benet Holme
 particularly specified, 267.
 interment of at Winchester, 290.
- Caperun, Adam, 297.
- Caperun, Wymarus, 271.
- "Carius, tempore Marcelli papæ, iste de
 Persis triumphavit," 282.
- Carlisle, bishoprick of :
 created by king Henry I., 44.
 Æthelwolf the first bishop of, 44.
 officers of the mint at, 32 Henry III.,
 297.
- Carnarvon, 308.
- Carolus filius Pipini, rex Francorum, 288.
- Cartaphilas, John, the Wandering Jew,
 141.
- Carucagium, grant of, to the king, A.D.
 1225, 137.
- Castellans and citizens of king John's
 transmarine possessions send mes-
 sengers to him declaring the straits
 they are reduced to, 107.
- Castellis, Hamo de, 292.
- Castles, king John's order for strengthen-
 ing all his, 120.
- Castre, 267.
- Cateby, miracles at, at the tomb of St.
 Margaret, sister of St. Edmund, 169.
- Celaŕ, Ricardus de, 294.
- Celestine III., pope :
 excommunicates the duke of Austria
 for laying hands on king Richard
 I., 87.
 his remonstrance to king Richard I.
 upon the capture of the archbishop
 of Beauvais, with the king's reply, 89.
 his death, 89.
- Cenomania subdued by William duke of
 Normandy, 26, 31.
- Cenon papa, 287, 288.
- "Cerei benedictio in Pascha," 225.
- Chalichepetol, 91.
- Chalvern, Willelmus de, 297.
- Champeneis, Hugo, 295.
- Charles, king of the French, marries a
 daughter of king Edward the elder, 5.
- Charles II., king of Sicily, crowned by the
 pope, 251.
- Chatenes (*sc.* Caithnes), bishop of, 216.
- Charters, Great, and of the liberties of the
 forests :
 granted, 120.
 pope Innocent declares the charter of
 liberties void, 120.
 both charters acceded to by king
 Henry III., 137.
 cancelled in a council at Oxford by
 king Henry III., 139.
 religious and others to whom charters
 had been granted, compelled to
 secure such under the new seal, 139.
- Charters of liberties and forests, violators
 of the, excommunicated, 177.

- Chartres, meeting of the kings of France and England at, A.D. 1254, 180.
- Chateris, abbey of, 11.
- Chauncy, frater Josephus de, 301.
- Cheneye, William de, the founder of Sybenton, 49.
- Chester:
- city of, with the principal monastery burnt, 40.
 - king Henry III. at, 193.
 - David, the brother of Llewellyn, the last reigning prince of Wales, imprisoned in the castle of, 239.
- Chester, Ralph, earl of, seized and imprisoned by king Stephen, 48.
- Chester, the earl of:
- with his companions in conspiracy keep the festival of Christmas at Leicester, A.D. 1224, 135.
 - the archbishop of York demands of him the immediate surrender of the honours and castles held by him of the crown, 135.
 - comes to Northampton, and is reconciled to the king, 136.
 - his expedition to Anjou, 145.
- Chester, Roger de, constable of the castle "de Rupe Andeliaci," taken prisoner, 107.
- Chesterfield, the disinherited defeated at, 210.
- Chichester, Richard, bishop of, canonization of, 199.
- Chilendene, Adam de:
- succeeds to the archbishoprick of Canterbury, 216.
 - his election annulled by the pope, 220.
 - returns to England and resumes his former priorship at Canterbury, 222.
 - his death, 223.
- Chiley, Robertus de, 297.
- Chiltern district of England, earthquake in the, 165, 166.
- Chinon, king John, on succeeding to the kingdom, seizes his brother's treasure at, 97.
- Chinon—*cont.*
- castle of, surrendered to the French king, 108.
- Christchurch, London, Augustine monastery of, founded by prior Norman, 39.
- Christian æra, reflection on the completion of the twenty-fifth half century of the, 166.
- Christians:
- army of the, come to the aid of king Richard I., 73.
 - Christians defeated between Acon and Saphran, 215.
- Christina, daughter of king Æthelred, 23.
- Christina, sister of Edgar Atheling, 23.
- takes the veil, 28.
- Christina, daughter of the king of Norway, 195.
- Christmas, festive celebrations of at court recorded, beginning with the time of king William Rufus, 34, 36, 67, 107, 108, 114, 115, 119, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 135, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 144, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 152, 153, 155, 157, 158, 160, 161, 162, 163, 167, 170, 174, 179, 180, 181, 185, 189, 195, 233, 235, 240, 242, 243, 245, 248, 249, 251, 260, 263.
- Christoforus papa, 289.
- Chronica Sancti Albani, 149.
- Chronicle, remains of a, recovered from the fragments of the Cottonian fire. Appendix No. 2, p. 276–291.
- "Chronicon Roffense," extracts from the, *Pref.* xii., xxiii.
- Ciltria. *See* Chiltern, 165.
- Circles seen in the sun, 38.
- Cissor, Robertus, 298.
- Cistercian order of monks:
- beginning of the, 35.
 - limitation in regard to the number of the Cistercian abbeys, 49.
 - generosity of king Richard I. to the houses of the Order, 65.
 - exertion of the Order in assisting to raise money for king Richards ransom, 84.

- Cistercian Order of monks—*cont.*
 proffered donation from the emperor to them, of part of the ransom of king Richard I. to provide censers for their church, but refused, 89.
 grant to the general chapter of the, from king Richard I. of a rent from the church of Scardeburgh, 97.
 Cistercians obtain from the pope a privilege to erect schools of their Order, 162.
 abbots of the, summoned to appear before Rustandus, the pope's agent, at Reading, 186.
 abbots of the, Order summoned to appear before the king to grant an aid, 189.
 exceptions in relation to the goods of the, 211, 214.
- Clare, Gilbert de, earl of Gloucester, married to Joan of Acre, daughter of king Edward I., 252.
- Clarendon, Henry II. recognizes the customs and privileges of England at, as established by his predecessors, 53.
- Claudius, 277.
- Clemens Alexandrinus, 281.
- Clemens Clericus, 296.
- Clemens papa, "qui et Wybertus," death of, 23.
- Clement III. succeeds to the papacy, 63.
- Clement IV. :
 elected pope, 206.
 enthroned, 209.
 his death, 213.
- Clergy :
 the bishop of Lincoln's computation of the great amount of the revenue of the alien clergy of England, 173.
 taxation of the, both as to temporal and spiritual possessions, excepting the Templars, Hospitallers, and Cistercians, 213.
 a fifteenth of their spiritual goods granted to the king for three years, 234.
 taxation of the spiritualties of, A.D. 1291, 260.
- " Clerici flagitiosi curiæ traduntur," 54.
- Clericus, Adam, 299.
- Clerk, Alexander le, 297.
- Clerk, Jacobus le, 399.
- Cletus I., pope, 278.
- Clifford, seizure of the lord de, by Llewellyn, prince of Wales, 236.
- Cliftone, Gervasius de, 306.
- Clotarius rex, 286.
- Clugny, abbot of:
 comes to England to visit the houses of his Order, 168.
 papal concession to him for reformation of all the several priories and cells belonging to his Order, 254.
- Cobeham, John de, sent with Walter de Haliun, by the king, to St. Edmunds, in relation to the mint privileges of the abbey, 231.
- Cocus, Henricus, 294.
- Cocus, Jacobus, 296.
- Coggeshale, Ralph, chronicle of, *Pref.* ix.
- "Cognomen" as taken from the place of birth, customary with the kings of England, 203.
- Coinage, English:
 of king Henry II., 52; *Pref.* xviii.
 new coinage, A.D. 1180, 61; *Pref.* xviii.
 change of the, A.D. 1247, 160, 161.
 trial of the Pix, 32 Henry III., 291.
- Coinage of Ireland regulated by John de Gray, the justiciary, *t.* John, 113.
- Coins, Saxon, hoards of, still found in Denmark, Norway, and Sweden, *Pref.* x., xi.
- Coleman, Walterus, 294.
- Cologne, archbishop of :
 comes to London to encourage Richard, earl of Cornwall, in the endeavour to take possession of the kingdom of Germany, 190.
 and returns to prepare the way for him, 190.
 conflict of the archbishop of, with the duke de Brabant and the count de Geldres, 249.
- Columbario, Mathæus de, "camerarius," 307.

- Comet, 8, 48, 151.
 one supposed to prefigure the death of king Richard I., 91.
- Comin, John, lord of Badenoch, claimant for the crown of Scotland, A.D. 1291, 256, 257.
- Commodus Aurelius, filius Marci, 280.
- Conan, earl of lesser Brittany, account of, and his family,
- Conewey, "operationes regis Edwardi I. de," 304.
- Conference of the nobility at London upon the oppression of the church, with the king's reply, 175.
 "Confessores sancti claruerunt," 285.
- Conrad II., emperor of Germany, 18.
- Conrad III., emperor of Germany, 46, 48.
 his death, 49.
- Conrad, son of the emperor Frederic, makes war against the pope, 169.
- Conradus, monk and sacrist of the Holy Trinity of Canterbury, confessor to king Henry I.:
 made abbot of St. Benet Holme, 270.
 brings to the abbey with him various relics of St. Dunstan, 270.
- Conradus, sixth abbot of St. Benet Holme, 42.
 his death, 43.
- Constantia, sister of the king of Scots, A.D. 1168, 55.
- Constantine:
 insurrection raised in London by a citizen of the name of, 132.
 acknowledges himself the beginner of the sedition, and with two others is executed, 133.
- Constantinus Magnus, 282, 287.
- Constantinus papa, 287, 288.
- Constantius, 283.
- Conway, castle and town of, 311.
- Corfesgate, 9.
- Cormail, John de, "vicecomes Somers. et Dors.," 303.
- Corn, high price of, in Norfolk, A.D. 1128, 249.
- Cornubiæ, Lucas, 288, 294.
- Cornwall, Richard, earl of, founder of the monastery of Hales, 168.
- Coruñ, Mauricius de, comes Burgundiæ, 244.
- Council held at London by the bishop of Winchester, 47.
- Council, General, A.D. 1245, at which the emperor Frederic is deposed, 158.
 a general council, A.D. 1271, ordered by the pope, 220.
- Courts of justice, interruption of, *t.* John, 119.
- Coventry:
 church of, founded by earl Leofric, 25.
 monastery of, changed to a castle *t.* king Stephen, 48.
- Cox, Laurentius, 295.
- Crema, John de, priest cardinal, holds a council at London, 42.
- Cretis, Jacobus de, 199.
- Crisopolis captus, 281.
- Crokestone, king John bequeaths his heart, and lands to the value of ten pounds to the monastery of, 123.
- Cross:
 colour of the, as worn severally by the crusaders of France, England, and Flanders, 63.
 certain nobles of England take the cross, 160.
 the, king Henry III. and nobles take it, 163.
 nobles who had taken the cross summoned by the king's order to London to consider the condition of the Holy Land, 170.
- Cross of wood, said to be part of our Saviour's cross, shown to king Richard I. by a hermit, 72.
- Crown of thorns, brought to France, 151.
- Croydon, Will. de Warren, son and heir of John de Warren, earl of Surrey, murdered at, 245.
- Croyland, abbey of, 11.
 ravaged by king John, 122.
- Crukyn, 309.

Crusade, account of the, A.D. 1227, 140.
 Cruste, Herveus, bishop of Bangor, made the first bishop of Ely, 39.
 Crutched or Crouched Friars come to England, 157.
 Cunhyr, the body of Llewellyn, prince of Wales, interred in the abbey of, 235.
 Cuppyng, Nicholas, 294.
 Curboyl, William, archbishop of Canterbury, death of, 45.
 "Customa lanarum et coriorum, recept. de," 305.
 Cuthbert, St., discovery of the body of, 38.

D.

Dagobertus rex Francorum, 286.
 Damascus, soldan of, 183.
 Damasus papa, 23, 284.
 Damietta, 168.
 rumours brought to Henry III. of the capture of, 162.
 proceedings of the French at, 163.
 Dane, Robert de la, 294.
 Danegeld, 12, 17, 45; *Pref.* xi.
 Danes, ravages of the, 12, 13, 288, 289.
 scutage paid to the, A.D. 1007, 290.
 Daniel:
 "monachus et vitrarius," made abbot of St. Benet Holme, 271.
 founder of the chapter house and dormitory at St. Benets, and entire builder of the hospital of St. James, "juxta Calcetum," 271.
 Danube, great overflow of the, A.D. 1195, 87.
 Danubius, 278.
 David:
 the brother of Llewellyn, prince of Wales, joins in rebellion against king Edward I., 236.
 captured with one of his sons, 239.
 brought to the king, who orders him to be imprisoned in Chester castle, 239.

David—*cont.*

condemned to death in the parliament of Shrewsbury; detail of the sentence passed upon him, and of his execution, 239, 240.
 further mention of, 301.
 "quædam pars vasorum argenti quæ fuerunt David filii Griffini," 304.
 David, St., head of, one of the relics given by king Edward I. to the abbey of Westminster, A.D. 1285, 243.
 Debts of religious houses, 197.
 Decretals, brought into compendium by pope Gregory IX., 148.
 "Denarius magnus," coinage of a, by king Edward I., 232; *Pref.* xxvii.
 Denmark subjugated by Magnus, son of St. Olaf, 23.
 Derewentwatre, Thomas de, "collectorxxx", in com. Cornub., *t.* Edw. I., 306.
 Derlington, John de:
 made archbishop of Dublin, 230.
 consecration of, at Waltham in the presence of various bishops, 231.
 Desiderius made pope under the title of Victor VII., 32.
 Despenser, Hugh, slain in the fight at Evesham, 208.
 Deusdedit papa, 286.
 "Dictum de Kenilworthe," 212.
 Dioclicianus, 282.
 Diogenes in Alexandria, 281.
 Disinherited:
 a party of the, *t.* Henry III., seize Kenilworth castle, 209.
 carry their depredations through other parts of the kingdom, 210.
 commission appointed to regulate the confiscation of the property of persons disinherited, 211.
 some of the disinherited take possession of the isle of Ely, 211.
 plunder Norwich, and are subsequently excommunicated by Ottobon the legate, 211.
 Domesday survey:
 formation of by William the Conqueror, 33.

- Domesday survey—*cont.*
 reference to the, respecting the manor of Ludham Ferding, 262.
- “Domus Conversorum,” founded in London by king Henry III. for the Jews, 220.
- Donatus Epyri episcopus, 284.
- Dover castle :
 surrendered to Louis the dauphin of France, 125.
 surrendered after the flight from it of Eleanor countess of Pembroke and Leicester, who had held it against the king her brother, 208.
- “Dracena, qui vulgariter dicitur Lof,” 128.
- Dragon, royal banner of the, 200.
- Drapparius, Jordanus, 294.
- “Dromund,” the ship so called, captured by king Richard I., 68.
- Dunbar, Patrick de, earl of March, a claimant of the crown of Scotland, A.D. 1291, 253, 254.
- Dunelmo, Thomas de, 291.
- Duniston, Thomas de, “vicecomes Northumb.,” 302.
- Dunstan, St. :
 prophecy of, in regard to king Æthelred, 12.
 benedictional and chalice, the latter of St. Dunstan’s own fabrication, brought from Canterbury to St. Benet Holme to be preserved there as relics, 270.
 death of, 289.
- Dunstaple, meeting of justices itinerant at, A.D. 1224, 136.
- Dunwich :
 depredations of pirates upon the coast of, 238.
 inundation of the sea at, 245.
- Dureford, Osbertus de, “vicecom. Warr. et Leic.,” 301.
- Durham, St., bishop of, left by Richard I. in his absence as one of the “custodes regni;” as well as justiciary for a portion of the kingdom, 66.
- “Dyddy, Rogerus, et Agnes uxor ejus, 310.
- Dyggeby, Johannes de, “collector tricesimæ in comitatu Leycestr.,” 305.
- E.
- E. [Eustace], bishop of Ely, 115, 117.
- Eadmund Atheling, brother of Athelston :
 succeeds as king, 6.
 his character, 6.
- Earthquakes, 34, 160, 224.
- Earthquake and “ignis aëreus,” 224.
- East Angles, see of, transferred from Hengham to Thetford, 30.
- East-Anglia, St. Benet Holme the first monastery founded in, 267.
- Easter, celebration of at London by Henry III., A.D. 1223, 133.
- Ecclesiastics, marriage of, first prohibited, 38 ; *Pref.* ix.
- Eclipses of the moon, 145, 161, 198, 217, 227, 233, 235.
 total lunar eclipses, 235, 246, 249, 254.
- Eclipse “prodigaliter,” 183.
- Eclipses of the sun, 153, 185, 199.
- Edburga, daughter of king Edward the elder, 5.
- Edelstanus, bishop of Hereford. *See* Æthelstan.
- Edgar, king :
 succeeds to the throne, 7.
 his personal qualities, 7.
 monasteries of his foundation enumerated, 7.
 rowed by eight kings, 8.
 again panegyrised, 10, 11.
 verses in praise of him, 11.
 coins of, found in Sweden ; *Pref.* xi.
- Edgar Ætheling :
 grandson of Edmund Ironside, 17.
 with his sisters Margaret and Christina comes to England, 23.
 thought of by some of the nobles as of right to be successor to king Edward the Confessor, 28.

- Edgar Ætheling—*cont.*
 upon the Conqueror's arrival in England, takes ship with his mother and sisters, and is driven upon the coast of Scotland, 28.
- Edgiva, queen of Edward the elder, 5.
- Edgyue Swanneshals gives land at Thurgartone to St. Benet Holme, *i.* king Canute, 268.
- Editha, Edgiva, or Edieva :
 daughter of earl Godwin, queen of Edward the Confessor, 22, 23.
 her great character, 27.
 her death and interment at Westminster, 31.
- Edmund, St. :
 translation of, 35.
- Edmund, son of Eihelred, named Ironside, king :
 origin of his name and descent, 14.
 his mother a daughter of earl Thoret, 14.
 his character, 14.
 duel and agreement of with king Canute, 15.
 his death and the destinies of his family, 16.
- Edmund, son of Henry III. :
 his birth, and why named Edmund, 157.
 assistance of a parliament at London asked for, to enable him to take upon him the government of Apulia, 189.
 crosses the sea to visit his brother prince Edward, and the holy places at Jerusalem, 216.
 precedes his brother in their return from the Holy Land, 220.
 as earl of Lancaster, married to the queen of Navarre, 227.
- Edmund, son of Richard, earl of Cornwall :
 birth of, 163.
 marriage of, when earl of Cornwall, to Margaret, daughter of the earl of Gloucester, 219.
- Edmund [de Abbendon] :
 archbishop of Canterbury, goes to Rome to complain of injuries, and returns, 149.
 his death at Pontigny, 151.
 canonised, 160.
 translation of, 160.
 fresh translation of the body of at Pontigny, 162.
 arm of, cut off by the monks there, 164.
- Edmund, St., king of the East Angles, death of, 289.
- Edric, the murderer of Edmund Ironside, 16.
- Edric Styresman, enumeration of the lands given by, to St. Benet Holme, at the foundation of the monastery, 267.
- Edsi :
 succeeds to the archbishoprick of Canterbury, 20.
 death of, 24.
- Edward the elder, king, 5.
 founds "Nunnaminster" at Winchester, 5.
 his offspring, 5.
- Edward the Martyr :
 succession of to the English throne, death of, 8, 9.
 removal of his remains from Wareham, 10.
- Edward, son of king Edmund, comes to England and dies, 25.
- Edward, son of Edmund Ironside, 51.
- Edward, son of Æthelred (afterwards called Edward the Confessor) :
 visits England from Normandy, but speedily returns, 20.
 sent for from Normandy, and crowned king of England, 22, 290.
 marries the daughter of earl Godwin, 290.
 his character, 22.
 founds Westminster abbey, 23.

Edward—*cont.*

- his reception of earl William "bastard Normanniæ," 24.
- grants a charter of confirmation to the abbey of St. Benet Holme, 26, 268.
- restores the lands of Griffin, king of Wales, to his brothers Beleothgent and Ruwallan, 26.
- endows the abbey of Westminster, 27.
- death of, and interment at Westminster, 27, 291.
- want of decision among the nobles in regard to his successor, 28.
- translation of the remains of, by king Henry II., 53.
- copy of the Laws of, forwarded to king John by the barons, 119.
- new shrine of gold to receive his remains ordered to be constructed by king Henry III., 153.
- his body transferred by king Henry III. to a new shrine, 214.

Edward, prince, afterwards king Edward I.:

- birth of, 150.
- baptized by the legate Otto, 150.
- marriage proposed for, with the sister of the king of Castile, 177.
- receives Gascony, Ireland, Wales, &c. from his father in grant, 179.
- the Welsh rise against him as their new prince, 189.
- taken prisoner at the battle of Lewes, 202.
- his indignation at that battle in seeing the Londoners arranged on Simon de Montfort's side, and is the cause of his being made prisoner, having left the main battle to pursue them, 203.
- he escapes from those who received the charge of him under Simon de Montfort's order, 206.
- flies to the earl of Gloucester, who aids him with supplies, 206.
- joined by many of the nobility, 206.

Edward I., king—*cont.*

- as Prince, with the earl of Gloucester and other nobles, receives the cross from the legate Ottobon, 213.
- difference with the earl of Gloucester in relation to the Countess, 214.
- by intervention of the nobles reconciled to the earl, 214.
- crosses to France, and negotiates a loan from the king preparatory to going to the Holy Land, 214.
- with Henry of Almaine and other nobles, takes his departure for the Holy Land, 216.
- they arrive at Turin, 216.
- he returns for a short time to Sicily, 216.
- John, his eldest son, interred at Westminster, A.D. 1271, 217.
- wounded by an assassin previous to his return from the Holy Land, 221.
- visits Rome in his return, 221.
- grant from the pope to him of the tenth of all the ecclesiastical possessions of England for two years, to pay the expenses of him and of his brother in the Holy Land, 222.
- has a son Alphonso, born at "Bau-nam," in Gascony, 223.
- reconciled with the countess of Flanders, 223.
- crowned at Westminster with his queen, 224.
- makes a pilgrimage with her to St. Edmundsbury, 224.
- goes to Norfolk and Suffolk, and keeps Easter at Norwich, 227, 228.
- proceeds with a very large army to Wales, 228.
- present at the marriage of Llewellyn, prince of Wales, at Worcester, 229.
- does homage to the king of France for Ponthieu, in right of his queen, 232.

Edward I.—*cont.*

- in the parliament of France, held at Ambois, quit-claims his rights in Normandy to the king of France in perpetuity, together with the territories of Agenois, Limoges, Perigor, and St. Ouen, 232.
- coinage by, of a "Denarius magnus," 232; *Pref.* xxvii.
- celebrates Christmas at Burgh in Norfolk, 235.
- demands a subsidy from the different cities and towns of England to carry on war against Llewellyn, prince of Wales, 236.
- sums contributed from London, Yarmouth, Norwich, and the abbey of St. Edmund, 236.
- seizes the tenths which had been granted to the pope, and deposited in various parts of England for carrying on the Holy War, 239.
- the king and queen, with their three daughters, after devotion at the shrine of St. Edmund, proceed to Norfolk, 242.
- procession of, to Westminster, with certain relics, 243.
- goes to hold conference with the king and parliament of France, and to make homage for the territories he claims to hold, 245.
- accident to, with his nobles, in Gascony, 246, 247.
- the king and queen return to England, stay awhile in Kent and Essex, then pay their vows at the shrine of our Lady of Walsingham, 250.
- they visit Burgh, 250.
- return to London, 250.
- his generosity to William de Saham, justice itinerant, 252.
- orders the removal of his father's body to a higher situation in Westminster abbey, near the shrine of St. Edward, 253.
- recognized as the superior lord of Scotland, 255.

Edward I.—*cont.*

- his announcement to the abbot and convent of St. Edmundsbury of the settlement upon him of the Superiority of Scotland, 257.
- the pope grants to him A.D. 1291, for six years (in view of an expedition to the Holy Land), a tenth of all ecclesiastical possessions, 260.
- attends the ceremony at St. Edmunds of the translation of the Saint, and proceeds thence to pay his vows at Walsingham, 261,
- memorandum of money sent by him to Alphonsus king of Spain, but returned, in consequence of that king's death, 304.
- mission from the Mogul of India to, 226, 227; *Pref.* xxix.
- Edward II. :
 - birth of, at Caernarvon, 241.
- Edwy, son of Ædmund, succeeds as king, A.D. 955, 6.
- Edwyn, son of Edward the elder, 5.
- Egelwinus, alderman, enumeration of lands given by, to St. Benet Holme at the time of its foundation, 267.
- Egelwitha, wife of king Alfred, 3.
- Egestone, Johannes de, 298.
- Egewardus presbyter :
 - land at Randewrthe given by, to St. Benet Holme, 267, 268.
- Egidius, bishop of Hereford, 111.
- Egisippus historiographus, 280.
- Egwyna fœmina, mother of Æthelstan, the first-born son of king Edward the elder, 5.
- Eiche, Willelmus le, 295.
- Eleanor, queen of Henry II. :
 - delivered of a son named Geoffrey, 52.
 - of a daughter, Eleanor, 53.
 - of a daughter, named Joan, 54.
 - her son king Richard's liberality to her, 66.
 - follows him in his first expedition to the Holy Land, 67.
- Eleanor, queen of Henry III. :
 - delivered of a daughter, Beatrix, at Bordeaux, 154.

- Eleanor, queen of Henry III.—*cont.*
 delivered of a son, Edmund, 157.
 of a daughter, named Catherine, 178.
 goes with her sons Edward and Edmund to Bordeaux, 179.
 returns from France, whither she had fled after the battle of Lewes, 209.
 takes the veil at Amesbury, 245.
- Eleanor, queen of Edward I. :
 delivered of a daughter, named Eleanor, 216.
 delivered at Acre of a daughter, named Joanna, 221.
 of a daughter, named Margaret, 224.
 of a daughter, named Berengaria, 227.
 of another, named Mary, 239.
 at Rhuddlan of a daughter, named Elizabeth, 238.
 her death at Herdby, in Lincolnshire ; interred with great ceremony at Westminster, 254.
- Eleanor, daughter of Henry II. :
 birth of, 53.
 married to Alphonso, king of Castile, 55.
- Eleanor, wife of Llewellyn, prince of Wales :
 death of, after giving birth to a daughter, named Wenciana, 237.
 interred at Landmaris, 237.
- Eleanor, countess of Chester, sister to the king of Castile, arrives in England, 184.
- Eleanor, countess of Pembroke and Leicester, sister of Henry III., her flight from Dover castle, which she had held against the king, after the battle of Evesham, 209.
- Elephant, first, brought to England, 182 ; *Pref.* xxviii.
- Eleutherius papa, 280.
- Elfrida, "interfectrix," 10.
 founds the monasteries of Wherwell and Amesbury, 10.
- Elia, 279.
- Elizabeth, St., daughter of the king of Hungary, 130, 151.
- Elsinus, the first abbot of St. Benet Holme 268.
- Elsius, abbot of Canterbury, 22.
- Elwina, daughter of king Alfred, 4.
- Ely :
 church of, 11.
 death of Henry, first bishop of, 44.
- Ely, isle of :
 taken possession of by a party of the disinherited, *t.* Henry III., 211.
 surrendered to prince Edward, 213.
- Ely, W., bishop of, left by Richard I, during his absence from the country, one of the "custodes regni," and justiciary for a portion of the kingdom, 66.
- Ely, consecration of Wm. de Luda, bishop of, 253.
 at a council held there A.D. 1290 the clergy of the diocese grant to the king a fifteenth of their spiritual goods for a year, 253.
- Ely, visitation of the monastery of, by archbishop Peccham, 242.
- Ely, William, bishop elect of, ordained priest in the parochial church of St. Mary at, and then consecrated to his see there, 253.
- Ely, Nicholas de, bishop of Winchester, death of, 233.
- Ely, Rad. de, baron of the Exchequer, 292.
- Emc̄pse, Rogerius de, 294.
- Emma, daughter of king Edmund Ironside, 17.
- Emma, daughter of Richard, duke of Normandy :
 married to king Æthelred, 13.
 flies with her children to Normandy upon Swane's invasion, 13.
- Emma, queen of Æthelred, afterward married to king Canute, 17.
- Emma, widow of Canute :
 exiled by her son-in-law Harald to Flanders, 20.
 visited by her son Hardecnut, 21.
- Emma, daughter of Richard, "Consul," mother of Edward the son of Æthelred, 21.
 death and interment of, 24.

- Emma, mother of St. Edward, death of, 291.
 Emperor, the, and the kings of France and England, with many of their nobles, take the cross, 63.
- England:
 condition of, after the deaths of bishop Ethelwold and St. Dunstan, 12.
 misery of, during king Stephen's wars, 46.
 peace of, with France, A.D. 1177, 61.
 slavery of the church and prelates of, to the pope, 187.
 community of, grant to Edward I., A.D. 1283, a thirtieth for the charges of the late war, 238.
- English church, great harassment of, 186.
 English laws introduced into Ireland by king John, 113.
 Eraclius imperator, 286.
 Erculius, 282.
 "Ernaldi castellum," 70.
 Erpingham, 267.
 Esdrefelde, Johannes de, 294.
 Espeter, Gaufridus, 295.
 Estenſ, Nicholaus des, 296.
 Estone, 267.
 Ethelwald, St., bishop, translation of, 48.
 Euaristus papa, 279.
 Eugenius III. :
 succeeds to the papacy, 48.
 holds a council at Rheims on the business of the Holy Land, 48.
 received at Paris, 48.
 his death, 49, 50.
- Eusebius papa, 382.
 Eustace, son of king Stephen, *Pref.* xv.
 does homage to the French king for Normandy, 46.
 his death and character, 49.
 Eustace, bishop of Ely, 111.
 Eustachius, the monk, particulars attending his death, 128, 129.
 Everardus:
 made bishop of Norwich, 42.
 his death at Fontenay, 48.
- Evesham, details of the battle of, 206-208.
 Evesham, Hugh de, made cardinal "Sancti Laurentii," 235.
- Exeter :
 the king celebrates Christmas at, A.D. 1285, 243.
 mint at, 32 Hen. III., 293, 298.
- Exitus Judæorum, ann. vii., viii. Edw. I., 303.
- Explosion, sudden, in London, from an aqueduct, 188.
- F.
- Faber, Odo, 292.
 Falaise:
 prince Arthur a prisoner at, 103.
 removed thence to the tower of Rouen, 105.
- Falcasius, 132, 133.
 town of St. Alban's pillaged by, 126.
 thrown upon the king's mercy by the justices itinerant in respect of the new disseisin, and subsequently exiled, 136.
- Falling stars, 35.
 "Famis valida invasit Angliam, A.D. Mv.," 290.
- Fardein, Radulfus de, 296.
 Fekingeham castle taken by king John, 121.
- Felix papa, 285.
 Felmingham, appropriation of the church of, 274.
- Festivities of the court cease during king Stephen's wars, 46.
- Feteplace, Adam, 295.
- Fifteenth of all moveable goods through England granted to king Henry III., 139.
 Moiety of the, granted to the king in 1276, collected, 226.
- Fifteenth penny granted to the king by the nobles, 225.

- Fifteenth of spiritual goods, granted to the king by the clergy for three years, according to the taxation of Walter, formerly bishop of Norwich, 234.
- Fifteenth granted to the king in 1290 collected in the year following, 254.
- Finchale, interment of Godric the hermit at, 56.
- Fines, enumeration of the, inflicted upon the justices itinerant, 251.
- Fitz-Piers, Geoffrey, 98.
- Fitz-Urse, Reynold, one of the murderers of archbishop Becket, 53.
- Fitzwalter, Robert, death of, 148.
- Fitz-Warin, Fulk :
 interview of with "Magister Martinus," the pope's clerk, 157.
 king Henry III. orders Martinus to be protected, 158.
- Fiz, Johannes, 292.
- Flai, abbot of, sent to England to procure the abolition of trading on Sundays, 91.
- Flanders, arrival of the count of, in aid of the king against the Scots, 156.
- Flanders, countess of, reconciliation of the, with prince Edward, afterward king Edward I., 223.
- Fleming, Johannes le, 295.
- Florentius earl of Hoylland, a claimant of the crown of Scotland, A.D. 1291, 257, 258.
- Focas imperator, 299.
- Foliot, Johannes, 299.
- Fontevrand, king Henry III. at, 181.
- Forests :
 order of king John to burn hedges and fill ditches throughout the forests of England, with free pasturage for cattle, 112.
 charter of the, granted by king John, 120.
- Formosus papa, 288.
- Forr, William de, earl of Albemarle :
 disturbs the peace of the kingdom, 131.
 seizes the castle of Biham, 131, 132.
 brought to the king by the archbishop of York and pardoned, 132.
- Fountains abbey, building of begun, for monks of the Cistercian order, 43.
- France :
 agents from, come to invite association in a journey to the Holy Land, t. Richard I., 66.
 king of, prepares for war with king John, 115.
 disclosure of intended treachery on the part of, 122.
 crown of thorns brought to, 151.
 conspiracy of certain nobles of, against pope Innocent IV., 160.
 king of, taken prisoner by the Saracens, 165.
 Jews driven from, 176.
 visitation of the "Black Monks" through, ordered by the pope, but compromised, 178.
 king of, returns from the Holy Land, 180.
- Franceis, "recept. de catallis Baudetti de, suspensi," 304.
- François, Ricardus le, 294.
- Francorum rex, sc. Clotharius, 288.
- "Fratres Templi." See Templars.
- Frederic I., emperor of Germany, 49.
 crowned by pope Adrian IV., 51.
 reconciled with pope Alexander III., 61.
 takes the cross, 63.
- Frederic II., emperor of Germany :
 excommunicated by pope Gregory IX., 139.
 arrives in the Holy Land, and advances the crusade, 140.
 Jerusalem and the whole of the Holy Land yielded to him, 142.
 his entry into and reconciliation of the city, 142.
 return of from the Holy Land, and recovery of his power, 144.
 marries Isabella, sister of king Henry III., 148.
 has a son named Frederic, 149.
 seizes several prelates at sea, going to a council, amongst them the legate Otto, 152.

- Frederic II.—*cont.*
 excommunicated, 150.
 sentence of excommunication against,
 reversed by pope Innocent IV., 155.
 again excommunicated throughout
 England and France by the pope,
 157.
 deposed at a general council, 158.
 forces the nobles of Calabria and
 Apulia to swear fealty to his son
 Henry, 160.
 death of, A.D. 1250, 166, 167.
 an impostor arises to represent him,
 241.
 the impostor punished, 243.
- Free-warren, royal proclamation respect-
 ing grants of, 174.
- French fleet, under the guidance of the
 monk Eustachius:
 notice of victory over, 123.
 details of the defeat, 128.
- French king, peace between, and his barons,
 145.
- French shepherds:
 confederacy of the, and their attack
 upon the University of Orleans, 167.
 opposed by Simon de Montefort, 167.
 fate of their leader, 168.
- Friars Minors, 108.
 two sent to England by pope Innocent
 IV., to obtain money for him, 160.
- Friars Preachers and Minorites preach
 the taking of the cross, 162.
- Friars Preachers receive a stone of white
 marble from the Holy Land, bear-
 ing the impression of a foot, said to
 be that of our Saviour, given by the
 king to the church of Westminster,
 163.
 a brother of the Order of, murdered at
 Milan, 175.
 in controversy with the University of
 Paris, 187.
- Friezeland, great waterfloods of, *Pref.*
 xxxiii.
- Fromund, Robertus, 298.
- Frost, great, in 1205, and its effect on the
 succeeding summer, 108.
 another severe frost, 147.
- Frouville, story of disturbance at, by a
 malignant spirit calling himself
 "Willelmus ardens," 222.
- Frowike, Laurentius de, 291.
- Fulco, "prædiator egregius in Francia,"
 90.
- Fuldensis abbas, 288.
- Fulk, earl of Anjou, father of Geoffrey
 (Plantagenet), 43.
- Furneval, lay brethren of, slay many of the
 monks, 225.
- G.
- Gaietanus, John, elected pope by the
 name of Nicholas III., 228.
- Galdintone, Radulphus de, vicecomes Bed.
 et Buk., 302.
- "Galliæ a barbaris occupatæ," 282.
- Gamoc, Petrus de, 297.
- Gangy, Willelmus de, 295.
- Garald, Adam, 297.
- Gardens, English, note of the particular
 failure of the, in 1283 and two pre-
 ceding years, 240.
- Garments, custom of giving at Christmas
 omitted by king Henry III., A.D.
 1250, 167.
- Gascony :
 taken from Richard, earl of Cornwall,
 and given by king Henry to his
 eldest son, prince Edward, 171.
 accident to the king and nobles in,
 A.D. 1287, 246, 247.
- Gaytone, Alanus de, 294.
- Gelasius "anti-papa," 41.
- Geldres, count de, conflict of the duke de
 Brabant and the archbishop of
 Cologne with, 249.
- Geoffrey of Milan elected pope, 153.
- Geoffrey (Plantagenet), earl of Anjou, mar-
 ries the empress Matilda, 43.
- Geoffrey, son of the empress Matilda, birth
 of, 44.

- Geoffrey, natural son of king Henry II. :
 birth of, 52.
 made archbishop of York by his half-
 brother, king Richard I., 65.
 refuses consent to king John's tax of
 a tenth upon all goods, A.D. 1206,
 and flies from England, 108.
- Geoffrey, bishop of Chester, death of, 110.
- Geoffrey, archdeacon of Norwich, the
 king's treatment of, 113.
- Gerardinus, mercator de Luk, 306.
- Gerbereie, castrum de, 32.
- Germania, 278.
- Germany, a pretender arises in, represent-
 ing himself as Frederic II., who had
 died A.D. 1250, 241.
- Gesich, flow of blood "de fonte" at, for six
 days, 43.
- Gilbert, bishop of London :
 absolution of, 56.
 restored to his see, 59.
- Giles, St., super Grantam, church of, 11.
- Giles, St., London, hospital of, founded,
 41.
- Gisors, castle of, 52.
- Gisorz, Johannes de, 291.
- Glastonbury abbey, foundation of, com-
 pleted by king Edgar, 7.
- Gloucester, city of :
 burnt a second time, 42.
 abbey of St. Peter at, 25.
 royal celebration of Christmas at, 36.
 mint of, 32 Henry III., 293, 294, 295.
- Gloucester, Gilbert, earl of, and de Clare,
 his death, 145.
- Gloucester, G., earl of :
 entry of, into London, 212.
 makes his peace with the king, 212.
 receives the cross with prince Edward
 and other nobles from the legate
 Ottobon, 213.
 divorce of from his countess A.D.
 1271, 217.
 his sister Margaret married to Edmund,
 earl of Cornwall, 220.
 receives knighthood with Henry de
 Lacy, earl of Lincoln, 220.
- Gloucester, Joan, countess of, daughter of
 Edward I., delivered of a son at
 Gloucester, 255.
- Gloucester, Robert, earl of :
 accompanies his sister the empress
 Matilda to England, 46.
 takes king Stephen, and is afterwards
 himself taken prisoner, 47.
 exchanged for king Stephen, 47.
 takes hostages into Normandy, 47.
- Gloucestria, Henricus de, 295.
- Gnouille, Willielmus de, 310.
- Godefridus, archbishop of Rouen, dedicates
 the church of St. Alban, *t.* Henry I.,
 41.
- Godescale, 120.
- Godfrey de Bouillon made king of Jerusa-
 lem, 35.
- Godiva, called also Godgiva, wife of earl
 Leofric, her character, 25.
- Godric, St. :
 becomes a hermit at Finchale, 40.
 death and interment of, 56.
- Godricus, gift of lands by, to St. Benet
 Holme, *t.* king Canute, 267, 268.
- Godwin, earl :
 treachery of, to Alfred son of Æthel-
 red and his Norman followers, 22.
 his death, 25.
- "Godwinus comes ad mensam regis," A.D.
 1004, 291.
- Goldrun, Hugo, 298.
- Goldsmiths and moneyers throughout Eng-
 land seized in one day, and their
 residences searched, 230.
- Gras, Nicholas de, vicecomes Surr. et
 Sussex., 303.
- Gratianus, 284.
- Gray, John de, bishop of Norwich :
 made justiciary of Ireland, 113.
 regulates the coinage there, 113.
 death of, 118.
- Greby, Thomas de, death of, 199.
- Gregorius, called Innocentius, contest of
 for the papacy, A.D. 1129, 43.
- Gregorius Sanctus, papa (I.), 286.
- Gregory VI., pope, death of, 23.
- Gregory VII., pope, 32.

- Gregory VIII., 63.
 Gregory IX., pope, 140.
 excommunicates the emperor Frederic, 140.
 makes war upon him, appointing John de Breius, who had been some time king of Jerusalem, commander of the papal forces, 141, 142.
 his demand in a council at London of the tenth of all the revenues of the kingdom to enable him to make war upon the emperor, 143.
 the decretals brought into "compendium" by, 148.
 his death, 153.
 Gregory X. :
 elected pope, 218.
 his death, 226.
 Grengvile, 268, 275.
 manor of, lost from St. Benet Holme, 262
 Gri, John de, bishop of Norwich. *See* Gray.
 Griffin, king of Wales, 25.
 slain by his own people, 26.
 his head sent to Harold, and by him forwarded to king Edward the Confessor, 26.
 Griffin, eldest son of Llewelin, prince of Wales :
 seized by his brother, and delivered to king Henry III., 151.
 death of, in trying to escape from the Tower of London, 156.
 Grimolfus Danus, land at Castre given by to St. Benet Holme, *t.* king Canute, 267.
 Gris, Gervasius, 296.
 Grosseteste, Robert :
 made bishop of Lincoln, 148.
 translates the "Testament of the xii. Patriarchs," 155.
 Grundefelde, Griffin de, joins the Welsh, 192.
 Grusey, Ricardus, 297.
 Gube, Rocelinus de, 298.
 Guido de Limazun, half-brother of king Henry III., comes to England, 160.
 Guildford, Geoffrey de Limazun, his treatment at, of one of the king's chief cooks, 175.
 Gumier, castellum de, in Anjou, 145.
 Gunneys, Thomas de, 301.
 Gurnei, Hugo de, 100.
 "Guthlaci S. obitus," 287.
- H.
- H. [Hugh Wells], *Lincolniensis episcopus*, 117.
 Hacun, earl, with his wife, exterminated by Canute, 18.
 Hæresis Autophormitarum, 283.
 Hair, length of, as worn by the military, regulated by king Henry I., 43.
 Hales, monastery of, in Shropshire :
 Henry of Almaine brought to from Viterbo for interment, 217.
 interment of Richard, king of Almaine, at, 218.
 Hamelin, Johannes, 298.
 Hamelton, W. de, 303.
 Hamundus filius Wlfrici, donor of land at Hardele to St. Benet Holme, *t.* king Canute, 268.
 Hanging made by Henry I. the punishment for robbery, 39.
 Hannig, 267.
 Hantelowe, Johannes, 296.
 Hapesburge, Willelmus de, 296.
 Hardecnut, son of Canute by Emma :
 succeeds his father in Denmark, 19.
 his death, 19, 292.
 buried at Winchester, 19.
 his character, 21.
 succeeds to the throne, 290.
 Hardele, Radulfus, 292.
 Hardele, Willielmus, 292.

- Harold, son of Canute by Ælfgiva :**
 succeeds his father in England, 19, 20.
 exiles Emma his mother-in law, 20.
 divides the kingdom of England with
 Hardecnut, 20.
 his death, 20.
 subsequently reigns alone, 20.
- Harold, king of Denmark, visits his mother
 Emma in Flanders, 21.**
- Harold I, death of, and interment at
 Westminster, 21.**
- Harold II. :**
 visit of, when earl, to Flanders, 26.
 taken by the earl of Ponthieu and sent
 to William, duke of Normandy, 26.
 his oath to William, 26.
 favoured by a portion of the nobility
 as the right successor to king
 Edward the Confessor, 28.
 seizes upon the throne of Edward the
 Confessor, and places the crown
 upon his own head, 28.
 his body interred at Waltham, 28.
 termed "Haraldus proditor," 291.
- Hastingge, John de, lord of Bergavenny, a
 claimant to the crown of Scotland,
 A.D. 1291, 256, 257.**
- Hathelit, Henricus, 298.**
- Haverhulle, William de, dom. regis Henr.
 III. thesaurarius, 292.**
- Hecham, 273.**
- Heinrich, North Frisian Chronicle of, *Pref.*
 xxxii.**
- Heliun, Walter de, sent with John de
 Cobeham by the king to St. Ed-
 mund's in relation to the mint
 privileges of the abbey, 229.**
- Hengham, the See of the East Angles re-
 moved from to Thetford, 30.**
- Hengham, Ralph de, C. J. "de banco
 "superiori," fine inflicted upon,
 248, 251.**
- Henricus auř, 297.**
- Henricus le Cañ, 298.**
- Henry I. :**
 at his accession assembles the clergy
 and people at London, and promises
 reform of the laws, 37.
- Henry I.—*cont.***
 his promises accepted, 37.
 crowned by Maurice, bishop of Lon-
 don, 37.
 confirms his promises by a charter, 37.
 marries Matilda, daughter of Malcolm,
 king of Scotland, 37.
 crosses the sea, 38.
 reconciliation of with archbishop
 Anselm, 39.
 hanging made by him the punishment
 for robbery, 39.
 makes his nobles swear fealty to his
 son William, 40.
 with his queen, at the dedication of
 the church of St. Alban, 41.
 war of, with France, 41.
 enters Rouen in triumph, 41.
 his sons William and Richard drowned
 in their return from Normandy, 41.
 death of his first queen, 41.
 marries Adeliccia, daughter of Godfrey,
 duke of Louvain, 42.
 his punishment of the moneyers of
 England, 42.
 his regulation for the soldiery in regard
 to the wearing of their hair, 43.
 goes to Normandy; sends the hand of
 St. James to (the monastery of)
 Reading, 44.
 death of, "in insula Leonum," in
 Normandy, 44.
 brought for interment to Reading
 abbey, 44.
 general opinion of his character, 44.
 charter of liberties granted by, pro-
 duced and sworn to by the barons
 at St. Edmundsbury in the time of
 king John, 118.
- Henry Fitz Empress, afterwards Henry II,
 son of Geoffrey Plantagenet :**
 born, 44.
 becomes duke of Normandy, and does
 homage to Louis, king of France, 49.
 has also the earldom of Anjou, 49.
 marries Eleanor, formerly queen of
 France, and becomes duke of
 Aquitaine and earl of Poictou, 49.

Henry II.—*cont.*

- comes to England, 49.
- arrives with a strong military force, 50.
- his agreement with king Stephen, 50.
- his arrival again, and coronation in England, 50, 51.
- fealty sworn to his sons William and Henry, 50, 51.
- expedition of, against Wales, 52.
- again crowned at Worcester, A.D. 1157, then lays his crown aside, 52.
- his English coinages, 52, 61; *Pref.* xviii.
- goes with his queen to Paris, his reception, 52.
- treaty between him and Louis VIII., 53.
- present at the translation of the remains of king Edward the Confessor by abp. Becket, 53.
- recognizes at Clarendon the customs and liberties of England as established by his predecessors, 53.
- his dissatisfaction with the pope on account of Becket, 55.
- the pope's reply, 55.
- reconciliation of, with the king of France, 55.
- celebrates Christmas at Nantes, A.D. 1169, 56.
- coronation of his eldest son by Roger, archbishop of York, 56.
- reconciliation with Becket, 56.
- expresses his displeasure at Becket's excommunication of all who had attended the coronation of the younger Henry, 56.
- his sorrow for the murder of Becket, 56.
- sends ambassadors to the pope, 56.
- visits and reproaches the bishop of Winchester when dying, 58.
- homage to, by the archbishops, bishops, and "reguli" of Ireland, 58.
- his promises to the papal legates in relation to the Holy Land, and for remission of his sins, 59.

Henry II.—*cont.*

- returns to England, and visits the tomb of St. Thomas, 59, 60.
- his sons make peace with him, 60.
- the two Henries restored to confidence, 60.
- again visits Becket's tomb, 61.
- his generosity to the king of France and his attendants when they visited Becket's tomb, 61.
- his munificence to Henry, duke of Saxony, and his family, 62.
- takes the cross with many of his nobles, 63.
- death of, with a copy of his epitaph, 64.
- Henry the younger, son of Henry II. :
 - birth of, 51.
 - his marriage, 52.
 - crowned during his father's lifetime contrary to the pope's prohibition, 56.
 - his rebellious conduct to his father, 59.
 - joined by his brothers Richard and Geoffrey, 59.
 - reconciliation between father and sons, 60.
 - intended invasion of England by, frustrated, 60.
 - his death, 62.
 - named in many histories as Hen. III., *Pref.* xx.
- Henry III. :
 - birth of, at Winchester, 110.
 - coronation of, 123, 124.
 - reasons for the description of him as the third of his name, 124; *Pref.* xxii.
 - declared king at Gloucester, 124.
 - holds his Christmas at Northampton, 130.
 - first uses a seal, 130.
 - the wearing of chaplets of flowers ordered on the occasion by all but ecclesiastics at his coronation, 131.
 - interview with the king of Scots to treat of a marriage with Johanna, the king's sister, 131.
 - lays the first stone of a new Lady chapel at Westminster, 131.

Henry III.—*cont.*

- meeting of the king and nobles at Westminster, 132.
- retakes the castle of Biham from the earl of Albemarle, 132.
- takes 2s. for every carucate of land, 132.
- meeting held at London with the barons respecting the liberties of England, as sworn to by the king and barons at the time when Louis the dauphin withdrew from the kingdom, 133, 134.
- mission from to Louis VIII. to restore Normandy as he had promised when leaving England, his father being now dead, 134.
- adjudged by the pope to be of full age to take upon him the management of the kingdom, who further signifies his commands for all earls, barons, &c., who have the custody of castles, honors, and towns under the king's authority, to give them up to him, 135.
- refusal of the barons to give them up, 135.
- conference with the bishops and nobility at Northampton, 136.
- fifteenth of moveable goods through England, whether of clergy or laity, granted to the king, on condition of two new charters, one of general liberties, the other of the forests, to which the king accedes, 137.
- is taken ill at Marlborough, 138.
- demands of the citizens of London 5,000 marks, the sum which they had given to Louis the dauphin, afterwards king of France on his retirement from England, 139.
- the king's demand, moreover, of the fifteenth of all their moveable goods and substance, 139.
- the king's extortions from the burgesses of Northampton, 139.
- at a council at Oxford cancels the charters of liberties, 139.

Henry III.—*cont.*

- the archbishop of Bordeaux sent by the nobles of Gascony, Aquitaine, and Poitou, with other envoys from Normandy, wait upon the king announcing their readiness to join and support him in the recovery of his lost transmarine territories, 141.
- the king, under the advice of Hugh the justiciary, makes no reply, 141.
- extorts large sums of money from the religious houses and from the Londoners previous to his crossing to Britany to recover his lost territories, 144.
- his return from Britany, 145.
- disagreement between the king and Richard, archbishop of Canterbury, 145.
- obtains an aid for the payment of his debts, 146.
- holds his Christmas at Worcester, where he removes all the native officers of his court, and appoints foreigners, Poitevins, in their room, 146.
- founds a hospital at Oxford, near the East bridge, 146.
- change in the computation of his regnal year, 147; *Pref.* xxiii.
- dismissal of the Poitevins, 147.
- the king marries Eleanor, daughter of the count de Provence, 148.
- holds a parliament at London, in which of his own accord he promises to observe the liberties of Magna Charta, 148.
- grant in consequence to the king of the thirtieth part of all moveable property, 148.
- attempt to murder him, 149.
- orders a new shrine of gold to be constructed to receive the remains of king Edward the Confessor, 153.
- crosses with the earl of Cornwall to the continent, 153.
- the king arrives with his army in Gascony, 154.

Henry III.—*cont.*

- his flight from Poitou, and illness, 154.
- truce with the king of France, the king remaining in Gascony, 154.
- returns from Gascony, 155.
- takes possession of all lands in England belonging to Normans, 156.
- calls a council at London, and in person demands pecuniary assistance, 156.
- reply that the charter of liberty he had granted had not been observed, 156.
- further consideration of the king's request postponed, 156.
- arrival of the count of Flanders in aid of the king against the Scots, 156.
- the king goes with his army toward Scotland, 156, 157.
- the king orders inquiry as to the amount of rents in England received by Romans and Italians, 157.
- orders protection to be given to "Magister Martinus," the pope's clerk, 158.
- orders the church of Westminster to be rebuilt, 158.
- the king writes, himself, to the pope, 159.
- addresses letters to the prelates also, not to pay tallage to the pope, 159.
- the king's three half-brothers, Guido de Limezun, William de Valentia, and Æthelmar clericus, come to England, 160.
- change of the coinage, A.D. 1247, 160, 161, 291; *Pref.* xxv.
- gives a portion of our Saviour's blood to the abbey of Westminster as a relic, 161.
- he greatly enriches his uterine brethren, 161.
- his request for a grant in aid refused, 161.
- in consequence, sells his treasure, 161.
- compels the monks of Winchester to take his half-brother Æthelmar for their bishop, 165.

Henry III.—*cont.*

- gives great presents to the Gascon lords who came over to make accusations against Simon de Montefort, earl of Leicester, 169.
- does not scruple to annul former charters, even that of St. Edmunds, 169.
- extorts twenty marks of gold from the Londoners, and moreover compels them to attend the fair he had established at Westminster, 171.
- consults his nobles upon what should be done for Gascony, 171.
- the king takes an oath to go to the Holy Land within three years immediately following, unless prevented by death, 170, 171.
- hard to his creditors, lavish to foreigners, 171.
- gives Gascony to Edward, his eldest son, 171.
- consults his nobles on the affairs of Gascony, 171.
- their reply, 172.
- his anger, 172.
- his conduct at Winchester when keeping Christmas there, A.D. 1252, 174.
- offers his niece, the daughter of Guy, earl of Angouleme, to the earl of Gloucester in marriage, 176.
- demands a contribution from the citizens of London of a thousand marks, 176.
- levies a fine upon the city of London in consequence of the contest at the quintain, 177.
- makes oath before the shrine of St. Edward that he will go abroad, but repents of his intention, 177.
- goes to Gascony, leaving his brother Richard "custos regni," 178.
- keeps Christmas at Bazas, in Gascony, 179.
- gives Gascony, Ireland, Wales, and the honor of Chester and Bristol to prince Edward, 179.

Henry III.—*cont.*

- invited by the king of France to pass through that country in returning from Gascony, 180.
- his reception at Paris, and particulars of the banquet, 180.
- the king at Fontevraud, 181.
- detained by the weather, celebrates Christmas at Boulogne, 181.
- arrives at Dover, 181.
- presents to, from the nobles, 181.
- receives the present offered to him by the citizens of London with contempt, 181.
- exact a fine from them of three thousand marks, 181.
- great assembly of the nobles at London in consequence of the king's declaration of his large debts, 182.
- Rustand de Wasconia sent by the pope to release the king from his vow of going to the Holy Land, 183.
- asks a loan from his brother, the earl of Cornwall, that he may undertake an expedition to Apulia, 184.
- the aid requested is refused, 184.
- orders the different ports of England to be closed against the passing of the clergy out of the kingdom, 186.
- asks assistance from a parliament held at London to enable his son Edmund to take upon him the government of the kingdom of Apulia, 189.
- grant to the king from the prelates of England of 52,000 marks, 190.
- his grief and illness upon the successes of the Welsh, 192.
- hastens his return to London, 194, 195.
- charges made by against the citizens, 196.
- celebrates Christmas at Paris, where he resigns Normandy, Poitou, and Anjou to the king of France, 198, 199.
- alters his seal, 199.

Henry III.—*cont.*

- returns to England, 199.
- difference begins, in regard to the statute of Oxford, between the king and barons, 199.
- the king crosses to France, and goes to Paris, where he falls ill, 199.
- returns and celebrates his Christmas at Canterbury, 199.
- obtains absolution through the pope from his oath to observe the statute of Oxford, 200.
- raises an army, and marches with his son Edward to Lewes, 200.
- details of the battle which followed, 201–203.
- the king, his brother Richard, king of the Romans, and prince Edward, taken prisoners, 202.
- the king and the king of Germany give their sons as hostages, 203.
- the king's disherison of those who had borne arms against him, 209.
- goes to St. Edmund's, followed the next day by Ottobon the legate, who excommunicates the "disinherited," 211.
- proceeds to Cambridge, and thence to the isle of Ely, 212.
- relinquishes the siege of Ely for a while, 212.
- comes to Stratford, near London, 212.
- the earls of St. Pol, Boulogne, and Ghisnes bring forces to his aid, 212.
- enters London, 212.
- holds a parliament at Northampton, 213.
- transfers the body of king Edward the Confessor to a newly-prepared shrine, 214.
- demands a tenth from the clergy, from which, encouraged by the bishops, they appeal, 214.
- founds a "Domus Conversorum" in London for the Jews, 220.
- death of Henry III., 220.
- his interment, 220.

- Henry III.—*cont.*
 the government, till prince Edward's arrival, placed in commission with Edward, earl of Cornwall, and Gilbert, earl of Gloucester, 220.
 removal of the remains of, by king Edward I., to a higher situation in Westminster abbey, 249.
 his son Edmund marries the daughter of the earl of Albemarle, 214.
- Henry, son of prince Edward, interment of, at Westminster, 222.
- Henry I., king of France, death of, 26.
 "Henricus pius imperator obiit," 18.
- Henry IV., emperor of Germany :
 takes Rome and deposes pope Gregory VII., 32.
 again noticed, 38.
- Henry V., emperor of Germany :
 marries Matilda, daughter of Henry I., 40.
 his quarrel with pope Paschal, 40.
 his death, 43.
- Henry VI., emperor of Germany, death of, 89.
- Henry of Almaine, son of Richard, earl of Cornwall :
 made a knight by his father, 190.
 murdered at Viterbo on his return from Africa, 216.
 his body brought to England and interred in the monastery of Hales, 217.
 count Rubeus's declaration that he had no concern in the death of Henry of Almaine, 221.
- Henry, son of the king of Scotland, received by king Stephen as a hostage, 46.
- Henry, brother of the king of Spain, marries Christina, daughter of the king of Norway, 195.
- Henry, duke of Saxony, and his family, king Henry II.'s munificence to, 62.
- Henry, nephew of king Richard I. :
 made king of Jerusalem, 69.
 his death, 89.
- Henry, first bishop of Ely, death of, 44.
- Henry, bishop of Winchester, reproached on his death bed by king Henry II., 58.
- Hentelowe, Johannes, 296.
- Heraclius the patriarch comes to England, 62.
- Herbert, prior of Fecamp, afterwards abbot of Ramsey :
 purchases the bishoprick of Thetford, 35.
 transfers the seat of his see to Norwich, 41.
 his death, 41.
- Herdby, county of Lincoln, death of Eleanor queen of Edward I. at, 251, 254.
- Hereford :
 burnt by the Welsh, 25.
 officers of the mint at, 32. Henry III., 298, 299.
 "recept. de episcopatu Heref.," 303.
- Hereford, Peter, bishop of, and Robert Waleran's journey to Rome in 1255, 184.
- Hereford, H., comes, 177.
- Herinč, Ead., 298.
- Herleva, mother of William the Conqueror, 20.
- Herlewin, son of the king of Germany, affianced to a daughter of king Edward I., lost in going upon the ice, 236.
- Herlewinus, founder of the abbey of Bec, 18.
- Hermit, king Richard I.'s interview with a, 72.
- Herwaldus sacerdos, *i.* king Canute, gives land at Wychingham to St. Benet Holme, 268.
- Hickeling, Norfolk, mischief to the vill of, by irruption of the sea, 244, 247.
- Hildebrand :
 consecrated pope by the title of Gregory, 31.
 succeeded by Desiderius, 32.

- Hildegard, St., 151.
 prophecy of, regarding Germany
 thought to be verified, 188.
- Hillarius episcopus, 284.
- Hillarius papa, 285.
- Hobbosse, 267.
- Hoiġ, Rob. de, "collector tricesimæ in com.
 Lancastr.," *t.* Edward I., 306.
- Holand, William de, emperor of Germany,
 168.
- Holebroke, Ricardus de, senior, 304.
- Holme, St. Benet, monastery of :
 endowed by king Canute, 17.
 certain monks transplanted from, by
 him to the monastery of St. Edmund,
 23; *Pref.* vii., *note.*
 charter of confirmation of the posses-
 sions of St. Benet Holme granted by
 king Edward the Confessor, 26.
 church of, when first built of stone,
 "lapidea, antea lutea," 268.
 early history of the abbey, *App.* 267—
 276.
 abbots of, 34, 42, 43, 44, 50, 55, 62,
 63, 149, 169, 188, 213, 226.
 new presbytery at, built A.D. 1257,
 195.
 tenths paid by the abbey in compli-
 ance with the order of the council
 of Lyons, 133.
 visitation of the monastery of, by the
 archbishop of Canterbury, A.D.
 1280, 233.
 confirmation of former charters to the
 abbey by king Edward I., 244.
 great injury to, in consequence of an
 irruption from the sea, A.D. 1287,
 248.
 inquisition and judgment upon the
 tenure of the abbey of St. Benet
 Holme of the church of Aylesham,
 250.
 loses the manor of Grengveile, *App.*
 275.
 "Holmensis locus," 267.
- Holondia, Willielmus de, 167.
- Holy cross brought to France, 152.
- Holy Land :
 tax throughout England in aid of the,
 55.
 Henry II.'s promises regarding the, to
 the pope's legates, 59.
 agents from France come to England
 to invite association in a journey to
 the Holy Land, *t.* Richard I., 66.
 tenth granted in aid of the, and an
 "Iter Hierosolimitanum" agreed
 upon with the king of France, 66.
 fortieth part of the income of ecclesi-
 astical benefices, at pope Innocent's
 instance, granted for its relief,
 103.
 note of calamities in the, 166.
- Homage and investiture :
 dispute in relation to with the pope
 compromised, 39.
 homage from the king of Scots to
 king Richard I., 66.
 fresh homage demanded by king John
 from his free tenants throughout
 England, even from boys of twelve
 years old, 112.
- Honorius, 284.
- Honorius papa, 286.
- Honorius II., pope, 42.
 death of, 43.
- Honorius III., pope, death of, 140.
- Honorius IV., pope, 241.
 his death, 246.
- Hope, 309.
- Hoptone, Walterus de, 252.
- Horningge, 273.
 manor of, given to the monastery of
 St. Benet Holme by king Canute.
 17, 267.
 church of, 275.
- Horsa and Hengist, arrival of in Britain,
 1, 285.
- Hospitallers, exceptions relating to the
 goods of the, 211, 213.

- Hovetone, county Norfolk, 268.
 appropriation of the church of to the monastery of St. Benet Holme, 272.
- Houttone, Ad. de, "collector tricesimæ in com. Lancastr.," *t.* Edward I., 306.
- Hubert, archbishop of Canterbury, 90.
 the pope interferes for his removal from the office of justiciary, 91.
- Hubert, archbishop of Canterbury, and Geoffrey Fitz Piers, the king's justiciary, the enforcers of king John's rapine upon his return from Normandy in 1203, 106.
 death of Hubert, 109.
- Hugh, bishop of Lincoln :
 return of from the head house of the Carthusians, 101.
 king John's interview with him at the Temple, and confirmation of his will, 101.
 his death, and miracle at the time of his interment, 101.
 translation of the body of, 232.
- Hugh, grandson of king Stephen :
 made abbot of St. Benet Holme, 270.
 his very singular history, 271.
 afterwards abbot of Chertsey, 271.
- Hugh [de Norwold], abbot of St. Edmundsbury, made bishop of Ely, 144.
- Hugh [de Balsham], bishop of Ely, death of, 245.
- Hyclelinge. *See* Hickeling.
- I.
- Ignis æreus, vulgo dictus "sylvaticus," 24.
- Ilger, Bartholomæus, 292.
- Impostor calling himself Frederic II., the emperor, 199, 200.
- Indulgence in relation to the interdict granted to conventual churches, except those of the White Monks, 112.
- Indulgence, papal, of the tenths of ecclesiastical profits for three years to king Henry III., the goods of the Hospitallers, Templars, and Cistercians excepted, 210, 211.
- Ingleis and Ina, 2.
- Innocentius papa constituit jejunare Sabata, 284.
- Innocent II., pope :
 character of his reign, 43.
 his dedication of the church of Canterbury, 43.
 consecrates Louis, son of Louis VI., king of France, 44.
 his death, 44, 48.
- Innocent III. :
 succeeds to the papacy, 89.
 death of, 127.
- Innocent IV., pope :
 election of, 155.
 renews the sentence of excommunication against the emperor, 155.
 his inordinate demands, 159.
 sends two Friars Minors to England to obtain money for him, 160.
 contribution promised in consequence, 160.
 departure of, from Lyons, 167.
 death of, 180.
- Innocent V., pope, 225.
- Interdict. The bishops of London, Ely, and Worcester, as legates from the pope, have an interview with king John, and finally announce an Interdict, A.D. 1208, 110.
- Interdict of the kingdom released by Nicholas, bishop of Tusculum, in St. Paul's cathedral, 118.
- Inundation, great, 164.
 that of 1257 especially referred to for the mischief it caused to the succeeding year, 198.

- Inundations—*cont.*
 at Cambridge and Norwich more especially, 221.
 from the sea at Ipswich, 241.
 again twice at Ipswich and its neighbourhood in 1287, 245, 247.
- Ipswich :
 punishment of the town of, 242.
- Ireland :
 king John proceeds thither with an army, and receives the homage of many of the "Reguli," and introduces the English laws, 113.
 regulation of the coinage of, *i.* king John, 113.
- Isabella, queen of king John :
 marriage and coronation of, 100, 101.
 proceeds with the king to Normandy, 101.
 mother of king Henry III. subsequently married to Hugh le Brun, earl of March ; enumeration of her offspring from her last marriage, 203.
- Isabella, sister of king Henry III., marries Frederic the emperor, 148.
- Isabella, countess of Cornwall, wife of earl Richard, death of, A.D. 1238, 150.
- Isabella, daughter of the king of Scotland, countess of Norfolk, death of, 214.
- "*Iter Hierosolimitanum*" determined upon by king Richard I. and the king of France, 66.
- Ivecester, mint at, 32 Henry III., 296, 300.
- Ives, St. :
 church of, 11.
 charter of the fair of, made void by king Henry III., 169.
- Ivo, Carnotensis episcopus :
 his "*Exceptiones ecclesiasticarum regularum*," 35.
 his death, 41.
- J.
- Jacobites, institution of the, by pope Innocent III., 91.
- James, St. :
 relic of the hand of, 51.
 scrip and staff of, 67.
- James, St., hospital of, "*juxta Calcetum*," 271.
- Jeronimus presbyter, 285.
- Jerusalem :
 taken by the Christians A.D. 1099, 35.
 key of St. Stephen's gate at, forwarded to king Richard I. by a Syrian religious woman, 70.
 bishops of Winchester and Exeter go from England to, 140.
 the bishop of Sidon celebrates mass at, A.D. 1282, where it had long ceased to be performed, 234.
 Nicholas patriarch of, drowned, 256.
- Jerusalem and the Holy Land :
 restored to the emperor Frederic, 142.
 kingdom of, occupied by the Tartars, 229.
- Jews :
 persecution of the, 65, 66; *Pref.* xiii.
 their capture throughout England, 113.
 continued persecution of them, 114.
 they apply to the pope for protection from exactions, 148.
 fresh persecution, 164.
 driven from France, 176.
 forbidden to eat flesh in Lent, 176.
 further exactions demanded from them, 179, 181, 182.
 cruelty of, to a boy at Lincoln, and their punishment in consequence, 183.
 regulations enacted for them in their dealings, A.D. 1275, 224.
 of whatever condition, age, or sex, seized throughout England in one day, and placed in prison, 228.

Jews—cont.

- punishment both of Jews and Christians who had been concerned in clipping or falsifying the coin of the realm, 229.
- another boy crucified by them at Northampton, 231.
- driven from Cambridge by order of the queen mother, *t.* Edward I., 233.
- fresh oppression of them, through England, 246.
- final expulsion of the Jews, 253.
- “recept. de exitibus Judæorum ann. vii. et viii. Edw. I.,” 297.
- Joan, daughter of king Henry II., birth of, 54.
- Joan, countess of Gloucester, delivered of a son named Gilbert, 255.
- Joan of Acre, daughter of king Edward I.:
 married to Gilbert de Clare, earl of Gloucester, 249.
 delivered of a son named Gilbert, 251.
- Jocelinus, bishop of Bath, 111, 124.
- Johanna, sister of king Henry III.:
 proposal for her marriage with Alexander, king of Scotland, 131.
 the marriage celebrated at York, 132.
- Johannes papa, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290.
- Johannes VIII. papa, 288, 290.
- Johannes aurifaber, 294, 296.
- Johannes filius Simonis, 294.
- Johannes filius Rogeri le parmentarius, 296.
- “Johannes molendinarius fugitivus,” 304.
- Johannes et Paulus, 283.
- John, king:
 birth of, 54.
 proposed marriage of, with the daughter of Hubert de Moriana, 59.
 his brother king Richard’s liberality to him, 66.
 conspires against his brother, 77.
 his endeavour to seize his brother’s crown defeated, 85.

John, king—cont.

- king Richard pursues John’s adherents, and takes Nottingham castle, 86.
- John’s submission, and return to his brother’s favour, but without the restoration of his lands, 87.
- succeeds his brother in the duchy of Normandy as well as in the kingdom of England, 97.
- seizes his brother’s treasure at Chinon, 97.
- chosen duke of Normandy at Rouen, by acclamation, 98.
- burns the city of Cenomannia, and sends an army against the Angevins, 98.
- entrusts the administration of the government of England ad interim, to Hubert archbishop of Canterbury, William Mareschal, Geoffrey Fitz-Piers, and others, 98.
- arrives in England, and is peaceably received by the nobles, 98.
- his coronation and triple oath, 98.
- after his coronation visits St. Alban’s shrine, and then returns to Normandy, 98.
- his interview and treaty with the king of France, 99.
- agrees with the king of France, that Louis, the king of France’s son, shall be espoused to Blanche, daughter of Alphonso, king of Castile, 100.
- proposed terms of settlement in the event of the marriage, 100.
- the marriage of Louis takes place, 100.
- king John espouses Isabella, daughter of the count d’Angouleme, 100.
- edict from the king’s justiciaries for a tax of 3s. throughout England upon every carucate of land, 100.
- coronation of John and Isabella, 100, 101.
- visits Hugh, bishop of Lincoln, upon his return to England, 101.

John, king—cont.

celebrates Christmas at Guildford, and goes thence to Northumberland, where he extorts money from the chief persons of the county, 101.
 upon his return proceeds with his queen to Normandy, 101.
 treaty with the king of France, 101, 102.
 advice of his councillors to king John, respecting prince Arthur, 103.
 his orders respecting prince Arthur to Hubert de Burgh, to whom the charge of him had been given, 104.
 the king not displeased that his orders had been disobeyed, 105.
 his reply when the messengers arrived, and announced to him the king of France's ravages, 106.
 his nobles leave him, 106.
 he returns to England, and extorts large sums of money, taking the seventh part in value of all moveable goods, 106.
 his reply to the castellans and citizens of his transmarine possessions upon a remonstrance regarding the straits they were reduced to, 107.
 founds the abbey of Beaulieu, 107.
 assembles an army at Portsmouth, and crosses to Rochelle, 108.
 levies a tax of a tenth upon all goods throughout England, 108.
 his son Henry born at Winchester, 110.
 birth of his second son, Richard, 110.
 legates from the pope have an interview with king John, and announce an Interdict, 110, 111.
 upon the announcement of the interdict John confiscates the property of the clergy, 111.
 demands homage severally from the nobility, accompanied by hostages, 111, 112.
 sends to Rome, with a promise to the pope of satisfaction, but does not keep his promise, 111, 112.

John, king—cont.

order of, respecting the forests, 112.
 fresh homage demanded by him from all his free tenants throughout England, even from boys of twelve years old, 112.
 his cruel commands respecting a murder committed at Oxford, 112.
 his treatment of Geoffrey, archdeacon of Norwich, 113.
 goes with an army into Ireland, expels Hugh de Lacy, receives the homage of the reguli, and introduces the English laws, 113.
 severe tallage imposed by him upon the several religious houses, especially upon those of the Cistercians, 114.
 his conduct in opposing the interdict denounced by the archbishop of Rheims, 114.
 goes to Wales, penetrating to Snowdon, and destroying all before him, 114.
 the king continuing obstinate, the pope passes sentence of deprivation on him, 115.
 archbishop Langton, with the bishops of London and Ely, intrusted with the charge of carrying the sentence into effect, 115.
 interview with the pope's Legate proposed to him by two brethren of the Templars, 116.
 his interview with the Legate, in company with sixteen of his nobles, at which he swears to submit to the judgment of the Church, to resign his kingdom and crown, and to do homage to the pope; confirming the same by charter, 116.
 his remonstrance to Pandulph, 117.
 absolved by the clergy, having sworn that he would observe the ordinances of the Church, and renew the laws of king Edward, 117.
 repents, and in despair sends messengers to Marmuelius, king of Africa, Morocco, and Spain, offering to hold his kingdom tributary to him, 117.

John, king—*cont.*

- surrenders his crown at St. Paul's, under deed, 118.
- goes to Poictou, and reduces various castles, 118.
- removes his army to Lower Brittany, 118.
- receives the barons at the New Temple in London, 119.
- requires the renewal of homage throughout England, 119.
- the king's reply after the barons had forwarded to him a copy of the laws of king Edward the Confessor, 119.
- agrees to meet the barons at Runnymede, 119.
- great charter of liberties, and charter of the forests, granted, 120.
- the king goes to the Isle of Wight, 120.
- sends Pandulph to Rome to aid in counteracting the barons, 120.
- sends to the neighbouring territories beyond sea to engage troops, 120.
- sends orders for the further strengthening of all his castles, 120.
- takes Belvoir and several other castles, 121.
- ravages Norfolk and Suffolk, the possessions of the abbeyes of Burgh, Croyland, &c., 122.
- loses his baggage at "Wellestrem," 122.
- reaches Swineshead abbey, 122.
- goes thence to the castle of Lacford, 122.
- confesses to and receives the sacrament there from the abbot of Crockston, 122.
- names his eldest son Henry as his heir, 122.
- review of his reign, 122, 123.
- leaves his heart, and land to the value of ten pounds to the monastery of Crockstone, 123.
- enumeration of his loss of territories and treasure, un-redeemed at the time of his death, 123.

John, king—*cont.*

- tribute to the pope, conceded by king John, refused, 158.
- reputed crown of, in the possession of Adam de Stratone, *t.* Edward I., 252.
- John XIX., pope, 18.
- John XX., pope :
 - succeeds to the papacy, 225.
 - his death, 227.
- John, archbishop of Canterbury :
 - holds a visitation of the bishoprick of Lincoln, A.D. 1284, 241.
 - visits the monastery of Ely, 242.
- John, prior of Canterbury, elected archbishop, but his election cassated, 146.
- John, bishop of Hereford, death of, 233.
- John, bishop of Norwich, his exertions to aid in payment of king Richard I.'s ransom, 84.
- John, bishop of Norwich, circumstances attending his election to be archbishop of Canterbury, A.D. 1207, 109.
- John, abbot of St. Edmund's, having received the barony from the king, goes to Rome for confirmation, 231. great expense of his journey, 231.
- John, a monk of St. Edmund's :
 - elected abbot of St. Benet Holme, 272.
 - death of, before he had received episcopal benediction, 272.
- John, son and heir of Walter, duke of Brabant, marries Margaret, daughter of Edward I., 253.
- Joppa :
 - critical condition of, 73.
 - taken, except the castle, by Saladin, 73.
 - fearful condition of those who held the castle, 74.
 - the siege raised by king Richard, 74.
 - flight of Saladin and his army from, and their return to the siege, 75.
 - again defeated by king Richard, 75.
 - pestilence breaks out at, 76.
 - taken by Saladin, 79.

Julianus Apostata, tempore Liberii, 283.
 Justiciary, immediate appointment of a, required to strengthen the condition of the kingdom, 156.
 Justices itinerant :
 meeting of at Dunstable, 136.
 in Norfolk and Suffolk, A.D. 1269, names of the, 215.
 make visitations in the counties of Northampton and Essex, 243.
 in Norfolk also, 243.
 injury inflicted by it on the bishop of Norwich and his clergy, 243.
 all the justices itinerant ordered to attend the parliament of Westminster, A.D. 1286, 243.
 a portion of the amercements upon them carried to the king in Gascony, 246, 247.
 summoned before the parliament, 251.
 conduct of the justices de banco and itinerant, investigated in the parliament of Westminster, 252.
 their punishment, 252.
 appointed in place of those removed by king Edward I., make oath that in future they will neither receive pensions from the clergy nor gifts of any kind from the laity, daily refection only excepted, 252.
 Justinianus, 285, 286.
 Justinus imperator, 285, 286.

K.

Karlel, Henricus de, 299.
 Karleton Fourhowe, "terra de," 270.
 Karolomannus, rex Francorum, et Pipinus, 288.
 Karolus filius Pipini, rex Francorum, 287.
 Kenilworth :
 escape of Simon de Montefort the younger from the priory to the castle of, 207.
 surrender of the castle of, to king Henry III., 209.

Kenilworth castle :
 seized by a party of those who had been "disinherited," 210.
 siege and surrender of the castle, 210.
 Kilmain, Robertus de, 299.
 Kingston, Æthelward, son of Edward the elder, crowned at, 5.
 Kircham, Walter de, made bishop of Durham, 162.
 Kirtlington, synod of, 9.
 Knareburc, 194.
 Knighthood :
 order from king Henry III. for all persons possessing lands of fifteen pounds to receive knighthood or compound for exemption 187.
 all persons possessing 20*l.* a year in land commanded to receive the order of, 229.
 Knouille, Bogo de, 305.
 Knouille, Bogonus de, 310.
 Kylwardby, Robert de :
 appointed archbishop of Canterbury by the pope, 220.
 resigns his see on being made bishop of Ostia, and a cardinal, by the pope, 228.
 death of, supposed by poison, 231.
 Kyrkeby, John de, made bishop of Ely, 245.
 Kyrkeby, William de, prior of the Holy Trinity at Norwich, death of, 249.

L.

Lacy, Edmund de, birth of, 217.
 Lacy, Henry de, earl of Lincoln :
 receives knighthood, 219.
 commands an army sent to Wales, A.D. 1277, 226.
 Lagham, Johannes de, 307.
 Lakenham, Henry de, elected prior of the Holy Trinity at Norwich, 249.
 Lamehipam [*sc.* Lambetham], court held at, 145.

Z

- Lammenesse, 267.
 church of, 274.
- Lammenesse and Scothowe, monastery of St. Benet Holme deprived of the patronage of the churches of, 274.
- Landed property, the acquisition of forbidden to religious persons, 231.
- Lanfranc, abbot of Caen :
 elected archbishop of Canterbury upon the deposition of Stigand, 30.
 increase of monasteries in England in his time, 31.
 crowns king William Rufus, 34.
 his death, 34.
 the number of manors restored through his means to the church of Canterbury, 34.
- Langbord, Henricus, 299.
- Lange, Walterus de, 301.
- Langeleye, Geoffrey de, 189.
 an oppressor of the Welsh, 193.
- Langetone, Simon de, chosen archbishop of York, 121.
- Langton, Stephen de, circumstances attending his election to be archbishop of Canterbury, 109.
 pope Innocent sends letters to king John for the admission of him to the see, with the substance of king John's reply, 110.
 returns from Rome, 115.
 crowns king Henry III., 123.
 holds a council upon the pope's demand, through the legate Otto, respecting certain patronage, and receives refusal, 138.
 death of, 141.
- Lateran, council of, 40.
- Lacford, castle of, surrendered to king Henry III., 123.
- Lathegf, Johannes de, vicecomes Eborum, 302.
- La Ville, Walter de, bishop of Salisbury, death of, 216.
- Laurel (bay tree), particular notice of the, A.D. 1292, 257.
- Laurence, murder of a citizen so named in the church of St. Mary-le-Bow, 239.
- Laward, Jacobus, 299.
- Le Clerk, Jacobus, 299.
- Legates *a latere* sent to England to bring about a reconciliation between king Henry II. and Becket, 56.
- Legh, Hamo de la, 307.
- Leicester, 163 :
 town of, burnt by order of Henry II., 59.
 the earl of Chester and his companions in conspiracy keep their festival of Christmas at, A.D. 1224, 135.
- Len, town of, 210.
- Le Noir, Reginaldus le, 292.
- Leo imperator, 285.
- Leo papa, 289.
- Leo IX., pope :
 author of the Gregorian chaunt, 24.
 dedicates the church of St. Remigius at Rheims, 24.
 his death, 25.
- Leofric, earl, death of; founder of the churches of Coventry, Marie-Stowe, Leominster, and Wenlock, 25.
- Leofstan, abbot of St. Edmunds, 23.
 his death, 27.
- Leominster, church of, founded by earl Leofric, 25.
- Leonidas pater Origenis, 281.
- Letters addressed by the higher ranks of society in England to the pope and cardinals, A.D. 1246, 159.
- Levegarus, "ducis Haroldi capellanus," bishop of Hereford, killed by the Welsh, 25.
- Lewellinus, fil. Griffini, princ. Walliæ, 307.
- Lewes, details of the battle of, 200-203.
- Ley, Gilbertus de, 297.
- Leycestria, P. de, collector tricesimæ in com. Leycestr., 305.
- Leycestre, Roger de, commutation of fine of, 252.
- Liber Additamentorum apud St. Albanum, 197.
- "Liberata assaiorum per diversa loca," 32 Hen. III., 300.
- Liberties, great charter of, and of the liberties of the forests granted, 120.

- Limazun, Geoffrey de**, half-brother of king Henry III., his treatment of one of the king's chief cooks, 175.
- Limoges and Provence**, adjudication in the courts of the king of France respecting, 223.
- Lincoln** :
- siege of, *t.* king Stephen, 46.
 - king Stephen crowned at, 48.
 - siege of the castle of, A.D. 1217, 126.
 - battle of, 127.
 - beneficed clergy of the diocese of, ordered by the bishop to receive the grade of priesthood, 170.
 - crucifixion of a boy at by the Jews, 183.
 - release of certain Jews who had been concerned in the crucifixion of the boy St. Hugh, 186.
 - mint at, 32 Henry III., 293, 294.
 - "recept. de exitibus ballivæ castri, ann. viij. et xi. Edw. I.," 303.
- Lindisfarne**, Ædmund bishop of, 18.
- Lindsey**, great mortality of sheep in, and through England, A.D. 1226, 226.
- Linus**, castle of, taken by the king of France, 102.
- "Linus I. natione Tuscus," 277.
- Lisbon**, storm off the coast of, injurious to king Richard I.'s fleet in going to the Holy Land, 67.
- Lithlebyris, Robert de**, commutation of fine of, 252.
- Llewellyn**, prince of Wales, death of, A.D. 1240, 151.
- Llewellyn (last reigning)**, prince of Wales :
- sudden attack of upon the earl of Gloucester's territory, 192.
 - rebels, 224.
 - his submission to king Edward I.; receives "the kiss of peace," and accompanies the king to London, then returns, 227, 228.
 - marries Eleanor, daughter of Simon de Montefort, 228.
 - revolt and treachery of, 234.
- Llewellyn—cont.**
- death of Eleanor his wife, after having given birth to a daughter named Wenciana, 234.
 - his defeat and death, 236.
 - his head sent to the king in North Wales; by the king to Anglesey, to be shown to the Anglesians; and thence forwarded to London, where the citizens came out to receive it, with horns and trumpets. Thence carried to the tower of London and fixed upon a beam, 235.
 - the body interred in the abbey of Cumbyr, 235.
- Lokyntone, Johannes de**, vicecomes Gloucestræ, 303.
- Lokyntone, Rogerus de**, "collector tricesimæ in comitatu Gloucestræ," 305, 306.
- London** :
- royal celebration of Easter at by king William Rufus, 36.
 - again in 1223, by king Henry III., 133.
 - other royal celebrations of Christmas at, 34, 35, 149, 157, 158, 162, 186, 189, 195.
 - archbishop Anselm holds an ecclesiastical council at, 37.
 - interdict of, A.D., 1206, 108.
 - the bridge and much of the city of, destroyed by fire, 115.
 - insurrection raised in, by a citizen of the name of Constantine, 132.
 - the higher citizens summoned to the tower by Hubert de Burgh, the king's justiciary, to account to him for the insurrection, 133.
 - king Henry III.'s demand upon the citizens for five thousand marks, the sum which they had given to Louis the dauphin when he retired from England, 139.
 - the king's demand moreover of the fifteenth of all their moveable goods, 189.
 - dedication of St. Paul's church at, 151.
 - citizens of, compelled to pay 1,000 marks to the king, 158.

London—*cont.*

- parliament held at, 159.
 presents offered to king Henry III. by the citizens on his return from Gascony in 1254 received with contempt, 181.
 sudden explosion from an aqueduct at, 188.
 contest between the youths of, and others of the court, at the quintain, 177.
 assembly of the nobles at, 162.
 another assembly of the nobles at, in consequence of the king's declaration of his large debts, 182.
 the nobles again assembled, 184.
 charges made against the citizens of, by the king, 196.
 entry of the earl of Gloucester into, 212.
 king Henry III. founds a "Domus Conversorum" in, for the Jews, 220.
 earthquake felt at, 224.
 great thunderstorm at, A.D. 1291, 254.
 "recept. de exitibus cambii per manus Gregorii de Rok. et Ofland. de Podio," 303.
- Londoners, great payments from the, to king Canute, 19.
 joy of the, at the return of king Richard I., 85.
- Longchamp, William, bishop of Ely, 65.
- Longespee, William de :
 takes the cross, 160.
 death of, 165.
 his remains brought to Acre and entombed, 172.
- Loodium, Henry bishop of, deprived of his see at the council of Lyons, being "proletarius," murders his successor in the bishoprick, 233.
- Lotharius the emperor, 42.
 his death, 46.
- Loue, Walterus, 299.
- Lovetock, John de, one of the justices "de banco inferiori," fine inflicted upon, 252.
- Lovetone, Simon de, abbot of St. Edmund's, returns to England after confirmation by the pope, 196.
- Lough Dirgh, cave at, *Pref.* xv.
- Louis VI., le Gros :
 succeeds to the throne of France, 39.
 his death, 46.
- Louis, son of Louis VI., king of France, consecrated by pope Innocent II., 43, 44.
- Louis VII., king of France, protects Thomas-à Becket, 54.
- Louis, dauphin of France :
 arrival of, and reception by the barons, *z.* John.
 the castles of Hertford and Berkhamstead surrendered to him, 125.
 goes to St. Alban's and demands homage from the abbot, 125.
 excommunication of, 126.
 retires from England, 129.
 his abandonment of the siege of Toulouse, 130.
 insurrection raised in London by the invocation of his name, 132, 133.
- Louis the dauphin (now Louis VIII.), reply of, to king Henry III.'s application for the restoration of Normandy, 134.
- Louis IX., king of France :
 returns from the Holy Land, 180.
 gives his daughter in marriage to the king of Navarre, 196.
 death of his eldest son, 199.
 embarks at Aigues Mortes for the Holy Land, 215.
 his death and interment at St. Denis, 216.
- Luca, episcopus de, 30.
- Lucas, chaplain to Hubert de Burgh, 128.
- Lucas Cornubiæ, 294.
- Lucas filius Walteri, 296.
- Lucas parmentarius, 295.
- Luci, Galfrid de, takes the cross, 160.
- Luci, Godefridus de, bishop of Winchester, 65.
- Luci, Richard de, founds the priory of Westwode, 61.

- Lucianus presbyter, 284.
 Lucius Aurelius, 280.
 Lucius II., pope, election and death of, 48.
 Lucius III. :
 succeeds to the papacy, 62.
 death of, 62.
 Luda, Johannes de, 294.
 Luda, W. de, 303, 305, 306.
 Luda, "Compotus magistri Will. de, custodis de garderoba regis, de receptionibus et misis ejusdem regis in partibus Walliæ super Leulinum filium Griffini tunc principem Walliæ et David fratrem ejus, an. x. usque ad an. xiii. regni regis Edwardi per contrarotulatore[m] Thomam de Gurney, exhibitum," 301—311.
 Luda, William de, consecrated bishop of Ely, 250.
 Ludham Ferding, manor of, originally given by K. Canute to St. Benet Holme, 17, 267, 275.
 reference to the Domesday survey respecting it as belonging to St. Benet Holme, 258.
 Luk, mercatores de, 306, 311.
 Luneday, Rogerus, 243.
 Lusignan, Guy de :
 made lord of the island of Cyprus, 69.
 comes to England in A.D. 1251, 168.
 Lutere, Ricardus, canon of Sarum, 256.
 Luton, Simon de, elected abbot of St. Edmunds, 189.
 Lweday, Roger, justice itinerant, 240.
 Lyndesey, William de, slain by the Welsh whilst reconnoitring, 235.
 Lyons :
 the pope at, A.D. 1273, 222.
 council of, 222.
 exaction of tenths by order of the council of, 225.
 Lythegr., Joh. de, "collector tricesimæ in com. Ebor., t. Edw. I.," 306.
 Lyzenim, Guy and Geoffrey de. *See* Li-mazun.
 Lyzenim, Guy and Geoffrey de—*cont.*
 sons of queen Isabella, widow of John, by her later marriage with Hugo le Brun, uterine brother of Henry III., 203.
 their "cognomen" taken from the place of their birth, 203.
- M.
- Macedo, 284.
 "Machometi imago et fanum," 197.
 "Magna Charta" of king John, 148.
 proclamation for the observance of, A.D. 1255, 182.
 Magnus, son of Olaf, subjugates Denmark, 23.
 Magnus, king of Norway, death of, 232.
 "Magnus Magister," for Martinus, 155.
 Malcolm III., king of Scotland :
 death of, 35.
 his daughter Matilda married to king Henry I., 37.
 Malcolm IV., king of Scotland, does homage to king Henry II. and his son Henry, 53.
 Malgerus, bishop of Worcester, 111.
 Malo Lacu, Petrus de, 132.
 Mamworthe, Ricardus, 298.
 Mandeville, Geoffrey de, death of at Ramsey, t. Stephen, 48.
 Mandeville, William de, taken prisoner by king Stephen, 47.
 Manfred, son of the emperor Frederic, 184.
 recovers Apulia, 187.
 Manger, Willelmus, 298.
 Manichæorum hæresis, 282.
 Marcellus papa, 282.
 March, earl of, his defection from the English followed by the Poictevins, 154.
 Marche, Walterus de, vicecomes Lincolnæ, 302.
 Marcus Antoninus, 280.
 Marcus Aurelius, 280.
 Mare, Petrus de la, "constabularius castri Bristolii," 301, 303, 306.

- Maremu, Johannes filius, 294.
 Marescallus, Johannes, 294.
 Mareschal, Gilbert, his inheritance restored to him upon his father's death, 147.
 Mareschal, William, 98.
 Mareschal, William, "custos regis et regni," *t.* Henry III.:
 assembles an army to raise the siege of Lincoln castle, 126.
 his death, and interment at the New Temple, his epitaph, 130.
 Mareschal, William, earl of Pembroke:
 death of, 145.
 buried at the New Temple, near his father, 145.
 circumstances of his death, 147.
 Margaret, queen of Scotland, granddaughter of Edmund Ironside, 17.
 Margaret, daughter of king Æthelred, 23.
 Margaret, sister of Edgar Atheling, 23.
 married to Malcolm, king of Scotland, 28, 37, 51.
 Margaret, sister of St. Edmund, miracles at her tomb, 189.
 Margaret, daughter of Henry III.:
 birth of, 151.
 married to Alexander II., king of Scotland, 168.
 Margaret, queen of Scotland, death of, 223.
 Margaret, daughter of king Edward I., married to John, son and heir of the duke de Brabant, 250.
 Marham nunnery, the first house of foreign nuns, 236.
 Maria, abbess of Romsey, daughter of king Stephen, married to Matthew, earl of Boulogne, 52.
 Marie-Stowe, county Lincoln, church of, founded by earl Leofric, 25.
 Marinus (*sc.* Martinus papa), 290.
 Marisco, Galfridus de, 147.
 Marisco, William de, capture and execution of, with his associates, 154.
 Marlberge, Thomas de, 299.
 Marlborough:
 celebration of Christmas at, 131.
 king Henry III. taken ill at, 138.
 Marmiun, Robert, death of, 40.
 "Marshlandia," inundation of the sea, principally in the part of England so called, 245.
 Martinus imperator, 285.
 Martinus papa, 286.
 "M. Sanctus papa misit pallium Augustino," 286.
 Martini, S., obitus, 285.
 Martinus III., papa, "hic misit Ælfredo regi Angliæ partem crucis . . .," 283.
 Martinus IV., pope, death of, 242.
 "Martinus, magister :"
 sent by the pope to England upon the aid newly granted, 156.
 Fulk Fitz-Warin's interview with him, 157.
 Martinus's application to the king, 157.
 Martun, Johannes, 296.
 Mary, daughter of king Edward I., takes the veil at Amesbury, 243.
 Massacre in England by the Danes under Sweyn, 13; *Pref.* xii., xiii.
 Matilda, daughter of Baldwin, earl of Flanders, wife of William the Conqueror, crowned queen, 30.
 gives "Werkentone" to St. Edmund's Bury, 30.
 Matilda, queen of Henry I., 17, 40, 51.
 founds the hospital of St. Giles, London, 41.
 her death, 41.
 Matilda, daughter of king Henry I. :
 married to Henry, emperor of Germany, 40.
 consecrated empress, 40.
 upon the death of the emperor takes up her residence with her father in Normandy, 43.
 fealty sworn to her by the "primates" of England as heiress to the crown, 43.
 married to Geoffrey Plantagenet, earl of Anjou, 43.
 her son, afterwards king Henry II., born, 44.

- Matilda, daughter of king Henry I.—*cont.*
 birth of a second son, named Geoffrey, 44.
 delivered of a third son, named William, 45.
 arrives in England with her half-brother, the earl of Gloucester, to oppose king Stephen, 46.
 acknowledged by great numbers as queen, 47.
 besieged in Oxford castle, but escapes to Wallingford, 47.
 particulars of her descent, 51.
 her death and epitaph recorded, 62.
- Matilda, daughter of Henry II., birth of, 51.
 married to the duke of Saxony, 54.
- Matthew, St., naval fight off the headland of, A.D. 1290, 249.
- Maurice, bishop of London, 33.
 crowns king Henry I., 37.
 his death, 39.
 founder of St. Paul's church, 39.
- Mauricius imperator, 286.
- Maximianus, 282.
- Maximianus Erculus, 282.
- Mazere, Willelmus de, 301.
- Medueye, David de, 298.
- Mercer, Rogerius de, 298.
- Mercia, Leofric and Godiva, earl and countess of, 25.
- Merlane, John de, death of, 215.
- Mersland, 210, 245.
- Merton, Walter de, bishop of Rochester, death of, 227.
- Messina, quarrel between king Richard I. and the king of France at, 67.
- Mettingham, Johannes de, justice itinerant, 243.
- Middelton, Radulphus de, 304.
- Middleton, William de, bishop of Norwich, 228.
- Middleton, William de—*cont.*
 goes to king Edward I. in Gascony with money from the amercement of the justices itinerant, 243.
 his death, 246.
- Milo, abbas de Pima [*sc.* Pinu], 97.
- Mintage, places of, 32 Henry III., enumerated, 293.
- Minur, Johannes le, 292.
- Mirabel :
 castle of taken by prince Arthur, afterwards retaken by king John with Arthur among the prisoners, 102, 103.
 again besieged, 145.
- Miracles performed at the tomb of St. Margaret, sister of St. Edmund, 189.
- "Mira Mumelin," king of Morocco, invasion of Spain by, 88, 89.
- Miramumelin. *See* Murmuelius.
- Mogul, Great, mission from the, to the king of England, A.D. 1277, 226, 227 ; *Pref.* xxix.
- Moiz, castle of, among those abandoned by king John, A.D. 1204, 107.
- Molendinarius Johannes, fugitivus, 304.
- Moletone, Walterus, 298.
- Mollent, Alwold prior of St. Nicasius at, made abbot of St. Edmunds, 41.
- Monasteries abroad founded or endowed by king Richard I. enumerated, 97.
- "Moneta nova fabricata in Anglia," 52, 61, 160.
- "Monetarii, custodes, assaiatores, et clerici" appointed to the respective places of mintage through England after the trial of Assay, 32 Henry III., 291–300.
- Moneyers of England, punishment of the, by Henry I., 42.
- Monks of the "Black Order," through France, visitation of, ordered by the pope, but compromised, 178.
- Montchensi, William de, taken by surprise at Kenilworth by prince Edward, 207.

- Monteferrato, marquis de, king Richard I. accused of being the cause of his death, 83.
- Montefort, Eleanor de, with her brother Aymer, in going to Wales, captured at sea, 225.
 married to Llewellyn, prince of Wales, 228.
- Montefort, Guy de, marries the daughter and heiress of the comte le Rus, 216.
- Montefort, Henry de, younger son of Simon, earl of Leicester, death of, in the fight at Evesham, 208.
- Montefort, Henry de, justice itinerant, 215.
- Montefort, Robert de, his contest in fight with Henry of Essex, 53.
- Montefort, Simon, earl of :
 death of, at Toulouse, 130.
 epitaph of, 130.
 fate of his brother, 130.
- Montefort, Simon de :
 marries king Henry III's sister, 149.
 his opposition to the French shepherds, 167, 168.
 returns to England with Guy de Lusignan, 168.
 the archbishop of Bordeaux and certain nobles of Gascony come over to lay accusations against him, 169.
 leader of the barons at the battle of Lewes, 200.
 his arrival on the field, and address to those around him previous to the fight, 201.
 prayers uttered by the soldiers in response, 201.
 takes the king, the king's brother the king of Germany, and prince Edward prisoners, 202.
 his conduct referred to previous to the contest at Lewes; his retirement from England to his foreign inheritance; and his return at the call of the barons to command their forces, 205.
- Montefort, Simon de—*cont.*
 his conduct subsequent to the battle of Lewes, going from place to place, taking the king with him, and using his authority, thus trusting to increase his force, 207.
 arrives at Evesham, 207.
 particulars of his death in the battle which followed, 208.
- Montefort, Simon de, the younger :
 who had been sent by his father, with William de Montchensi, to raise forces in Norfolk and Suffolk, returning towards Evesham, to take a night's rest in Kenilworth priory, is surprised there by prince Edward, and flies to the castle, 207.
 surrenders, and is sent prisoner to the tower of London, 209.
 escapes from custody, 209.
- Montes Cormeñ, Wall, 309.
- Moon. *See* Eclipse.
 remarkable appearance of the, recorded, 32.
 two moons seen, 38, 243.
- More, Richard de la :
 chosen bishop of Winchester, 232.
 resigns his election into the hands of the pope, 236.
- Mortemer, battle of, between the French and Normans, 25.
- Mortmain, statute of, 231.
- Morville, Hugh de, one of the murderers of Becket, 58.
- Mowbray, Robert de, earl of Northumberland, restores the church of Tyne-mouth, 34.
- Muntchensi, Warinus de, death of; his great property, 183.
- Murmuellius, king of Africa, Morocco, and Spain; king John's offer to hold his kingdom tributary to him, with Murmuellius's reply, 117.
- Muro, Thomas sub, 295.

N.

- Nantes, Henry II. celebrates Christmas and holds his court at, A.D. 1169, 56.
- Naval fight of the Bayonnois, the men of the Cinque Ports, and the men of Yarmouth against the Flemings, off the headland of St. Matthew, 253.
- Naverit, Willelmus de Barens, comes de, 123, 124.
- Nero imperator, 278.
- Neteshirde :
- land at, given to St. Benet Holme by king Canute, 17, 267.
 - appropriation of the church of, 274, 275.
- Neteshirde, Adam de :
- made abbot of St. Benet Holme, 188, 274.
 - lays the foundation of a new presbytery, 195, 274.
 - his general character and services to the monastery, 274, 275.
- Neville, Alan de, excommunicated by archbishop Becket for ensnaring and imprisoning one of his chaplains, 55.
- Neville, Hugh de, death of, 133.
- Newcastle-upon-Tyne :
- coronation at, of John de Baliol, as king of Scotland, with the form of his homage to king Edward I., 258, 259.
 - Christmas celebrated at, by king Edward I., 263.
 - officers of the mint of, 32 Henry III., 299.
- New Temple at London, king John receives the barons at the, 119.
- Nicholas, St. :
- translation of, 33.
 - his death, 283.
- Nicholas II., pope :
- summons Berengarius of Tours to Rome, 26.
 - death of pope Nicholas, 26.
- Nicholas III., pope, 233.
- Nicholas IV. :
- election of, to the papacy, 248.
 - takes the opinion of the Christian world upon the undertaking of a new crusade, A.D. 1292, 257.
 - his death, 257.
- Nicholas, patriarch of Jerusalem, drowned, 256.
- Nicholas, bishop of Tusculum, in St. Paul's cathedral, releases the interdict, 118.
- Nicholaus S. episcopus, 283.
- Nicholaus filius Ivonis, 295.
- Nobles :
- take the cross, 160, 161.
 - assembly of the, at London, 162.
 - great assembly of, at London, respecting a proposed expedition to Apulia, 184.
- Nogériis, Raymund de, sent to England by the pope to make arrangements regarding the payment of the tenth of the ecclesiastical possessions of England, granted to prince Edmund and his brother after their return from the Holy Land, 221.
- Norais, Rogerius le, 299.
- Norfolk, high price of corn in, A.D. 1288, 249.
- R. Norfolchiæ et Suthfolchiæ comes, Marescallus, 177.
- great alteration in the coast line of, *Pref.* xxxii., xxxiii.
- Norfolk and Suffolk ravaged by king John, 122.
- Norman, prior, founds the Augustine monastery of Christ Church, London, 39.
- Normandy :
- abandoned by king John, A.D. 1204, 107.

Normandy—*cont.*

citizens and castellans of, in consequence of the king of France's overtures and threats, agree for a truce of a year, if not relieved within that time by king John, who had retired from his transmarine territories; in such case to place themselves under the king of France's protection, 107.

Normans, lands in England belonging to, seized by king Henry III., 156.

Normanvill, Thomas de, escaetor ultra Trentham, 303, 311.

North, Rev. G., *Pref.* xix.

Northampton :

castle of, besieged, 119.

festival of Christmas held at, 130, 135.

conference of the king, bishops, and nobility at, A.D. 1222, 136.

mint at, 32 Henry III., 293.

Northern lights, "acies bellatrices in aère?" 240.

Northwalesham, 267.

Northwold, John de, abbot of St. Edmund's, 230.

Nortone, 267.

Norwegians reject Olaf their chief, and take Canute for their king, 18.

Norwich :

ravaged by king Sweyn, 12, 290.

Ralph, earl of Norfolk, *t. Conq.*, takes shipping at, for Denmark, 31.

transfer of the see of Thetford to, 35.

Everardus made bishop of, 44.

John, bishop of, elected to Canterbury, 110.

plundered by the "disinherited," *t. Edward III.*, 211.

church of St. Peter and St. Paul at, injured by a storm, 218.

quarrel between the citizens and monks of, 218.

conflagration and pillage of the Priory, 218.

convention of the clergy of the diocese at Eye, by whom sentence of excommunication was passed upon the citizens who were the offenders, and

Norwich—*cont.*

the same subsequently confirmed at London, by a general council of the clergy, 219.

the king at Norwich, 219.

punishment of the rioters at, 219.

great inundation at, in 1273, 221.

sentence passed upon the citizens of, 224.

king Edward I. keeps Easter at, 226.

king Edward I. and his queen visit Norwich, A.D. 1278, 228.

visitation of the justices itinerant at, 241.

priory of the Holy Trinity at, 213.

attack upon by the Danes under Swain, A.D. 1004, 290.

visitation of the justices itinerant at, 243.

William, bishop of, goes to the king in Gascony, taking 1,000 marks with him, the produce of ameracements upon the justices itinerant, 246.

death of William de Kyrkeby, prior of the Holy Trinity at, 246.

Henry de Lakenham succeeds, 246.

mint at, 32 Henry III., 293, 295.

Not̃, Walterus de, 311.

Nottingham castle besieged and taken by king Richard I. after his return to England, 86.

Novi Castri, monetarii, custodes, assaiatores, clericus, 32 Hen. III., 299.

"recept. de exitibus cambii, per manus Hugel de Wyke et sociorum suorum," 303.

Nuchers, city of surrendered to Charles, king of Sicily, 214.

O.

Ocham, Nich. de, 307.

Oera, Walter de, comes to England with a mission from the emperor Frederic, 156.

- Octavianus, 276.
 Octavianus papa, 284, 290.
 Octavianus, Sanctus, 276.
 Odo, bishop of Ostium, a candidate for the papacy, 32.
 Odo fabr., 286.
 Offa, king, character of, 2.
 Okestone, Walterus, 298.
 Olaff, St., king, son of Harold king of Norway, put to death by the Norwegians, 18.
 Oleron, king Edward I. celebrates his Christmas, A.D., 1286, at the isle of, 245, 249.
 Oneleie, island of, 15.
 Oppeton, Walterus de, 241, 244.
 Orleans, university of, attack upon by the French shepherds, 167.
 Oswald, bishop of Worcester, 10.
 Oswald, St., discovery of the head of, 38.
 Oswin, St., king and martyr, remains of, removed to Tynemouth, 40.
 Otho, emperor of the Romans, marries a daughter of king Edward the elder, 5.
 Otho, afterwards emperor of Germany, birth of, 55.
 Otho, grandson of Richard I.:
 crowned king of Germany, 91.
 elected emperor, 99.
 Otho IV., emperor, comes to England, 108.
 Othulfus, donation of land by, to St. Benet Holme, *t.* king Canute, 267.
 Otto, the pope's legate:
 in the name of the pontiff demands certain patronages in every cathedral and abbey, 138.
 unwillingly returns to Rome, leaving it in Stephen de Langeton's, the archbishop's, hands to consult the clergy and make reply to the pope, 138.
 the measure refused, 138.
 arrival of, A.D. 1237, 148.
 convokes a general council, 148, 149.
 summons the abbots of the Black Order to appear before him at St. Martin's, London, to receive a reformation of their statutes, 150.
 Otto—*cont.*
 baptizes prince Edward, afterwards king Edward I., 150.
 demands fresh procurations, 150.
 his further endeavour at extortion, 151.
 recalled by the pope, 152.
 among the prelates seized at sea, by the emperor, going to a council, 152.
 verses on the occasion, 152.
 Ottobon:
 holds a council at St. Paul's, where he absolves Simon de Montfort, earl of Leic., and his accomplices, whom he had before excommunicated, 213.
 holds another council at Northampton, at which he invests prince Edward, the earl of Gloucester, and other nobles with the cross, 213.
 returns home, with the king's leave, 213.
 succeeds to the popedom by the name of Adrian V., 225.
 Oxenedes, John de, *Pref.* iii., iv.
 Oxford:
 birth of king Richard I. at, 52.
 disseminators of unsound doctrines at, banished the kingdom, 55.
 abandoned by the members of the university of, in consequence of a murder there committed, and of king John's cruel commands relating to it, 112.
 celebrations of Christmas at, by our kings 131, 133, 141.
 hospital at, near the East Bridge, founded by king Henry III., 146.
 meeting at, summoned by the earl of Cornwall, to consider the state of the kingdom, 179, 180.
 division arises between king Henry III. and the barons in relation to the statutes of, 199.
 the contention assumes a more decided character, 200.
 the king seeks and obtains absolution of the pope from his oath to observe them, 200, 204.
 parliament of, 1264, 204.
 mint at, 32 Henry III., 293, 285.

Oxford castle surrendered to king Stephen,
 47.
 Oxnead, village of, co. Norf., *Pref.* iv.
 Oxonia, John de, 53.
 made bishop of Norwich, 60.
 Oxoniæ, H., comes, 177.

P.

- P. episcopus Winton, 146, 147.
 Pampesworthe, Thomas de, 304.
 Pampeworth, Thomas de, 305.
 Pandulph, the pope's legate:
 Pandulph, with his brother Durandus, sent
 to England by the pope, but returned,
 unable to work upon the king's
 stubbornness, 115.
 first interview of, with king John, 116.
 receives the resignation of king John's
 crown and kingdom, by a charter,
 116.
 returns through France, taking with
 him eight thousand pounds of silver,
 as resitution to Stephen, archbishop
 of Canterbury, and the other exiles,
 for their losses, 116.
 advises the exiled bishops to return
 peaceably to England, 117.
 promoted to the see of Norwich, 130.
 retiring from his legation in England,
 goes to Rome, 132.
 consecrated bishop of Norwich, 132.
 his death, 138.
 Pantheon Romæ, 286.
 Papacy, contest for the, A.D. 1129, 43.
 Papal visitation of the religious orders
 throughout the world, 146.
 Papal concession of power to the abbot of
 Clugni for the reformation of all the
 several priories and cells belonging
 to his order, 254.
 Papede, Johannes de, 299.
 "Parabolæ" of king Alfred, 4.
 Paris:
 quarrel between the scholars and
 citizens of, 142.
 Paris—*cont.*
 reception of king Henry III. at, by
 the king of France when returning
 from Germany, 180.
 university of, in controversy with the
 Friars Preachers, 187.
 the university dispersed, 192.
 mortality at, among the English no-
 bles A.D. 1261, 199.
 Paris, Matthew:
 chronicles of, referred to, 166; *Pref.*
 ix., x.
 the termination of his chronicle
 noticed, 166.
 Paris, Walterus de, 299.
 Paris, Willelmus de, 294.
 Parliament:
 held at London, 171.
 of 1253, in which the violators of
 church and kingdom, and more
 especially of the charters of liberties
 and forests, were excommunicated,
 177.
 great, held at London, at which the
 king asks assistance to enable his
 son Edmund to take upon him
 the government of the kingdom of
 Apulia, 189.
 held at Westminster, 240, 243, 244,
 251.
 agents from the king of France present
 at it, 244.
 Paschal II., pope, 36, 37.
 holds the council of Lateran, 40.
 death of, 41.
 Patricius stoicus philosophus, 281.
 Patrick, St., purgatory of, 50; *Pref.*
 xiv.—xvii.
 Paul, St., church of, in London:
 burnt, *t.* king Stephen, 45.
 dedicated anew, 151.
 Paulus, 283.
 Paulus "primus heremita," 282.
 Pauly, Robertus, 303, 314.
 Pauncefot, Grimaldus, 301, 303.
 Peace proclaimed through England by
 order of Henry III. at the time of
 the barons' war breaking out, 206.

- Peccham, John de, 261.
 made archbishop of Canterbury, 229.
 holds a council at Reading, attended
 by the bishops of his province, 231.
 his visitation of the bishoprick of Lin-
 coln and of the monastery of Ely, 239.
 death of, 263.
- Pecche, Hugo, 310.
- Pecok, Robertus, 296.
- Pelagius papa, 286.
- Penne, Alexander de la, 310.
- Pentecoste, Robertus, 292.
- Perche, death and interment of the earl of,
 after the battle of Lincoln, *i.*
 Henry III., 127.
- Period and ages of the world, 1.
- Pertone, Willelmus de, 302, 303, 304, 305,
 309, 310.
- Pessi, Willielmus de, 124.
- Peter, king of Arragon :
 seizes upon Sicily, Calabria, and
 Apulia as in right of his wife,
 daughter of Manfred, son of Fre-
 deric, formerly emperor of the
 Romans, 237.
 his kingdom taken from him by the
 pope in consequence of his contu-
 macy and disobedience, 241.
- Peterborough, abbey of, founded by king
 Edgar, 7, 11.
- Petrus, called Anacletus, contest of, for the
 papacy, 43.
- Petrus aũ, 299.
- Petrus filius Clementis, 295.
- Petrus, S., 277, 278.
- Petrus Wyntoniensis episcopus, 124.
- Phil. Cæsarensis, 281.
- Philip I., king of France, 26, 35.
 death of, 39, 43.
- Philip II., king of France :
 treaty of peace with, 61.
 joins with king Richard in taking the
 Cross, 63.
 takes four castles belonging to the
 king of England, 63.
- Philip II., king of France—*cont.*
 agents come from to invite king Richard
 I. to join in a journey to the Holy
 Land, 66.
 quarrel of with king Richard at Mes-
 sina, 66.
 their reconciliation, 66.
 Philip sets out for Jerusalem, 66, 67.
 returns to his own country, 69.
 tries to seize Normandy, 85.
 invades Normandy, 98.
 interview and treaty with king John,
 99.
 another treaty, 101.
 besieges the castles of Andeli and Ruis
 in Normandy, 105, 106.
 his overtures to the citizens and cas-
 tellans of Normandy in 1203, after
 king John had quitted the country,
 106.
 besieges Butevant and several other
 castles, 102.
 prepares for war with king John, 115.
 death of, 134.
- Philip III., king of France :
 coronation of, at Rheims, 217.
 marries the daughter of the duke of
 Brabant, 223.
 makes war upon the king of Arragon,
 242.
 his illness and death at Pampeluna,
 242.
- Philip, son of the king of France, marries
 the heiress to the kingdom of Na-
 varre, 241.
- Philip IV., king of France, coronation of,
 244.
- Philip, bishop of Durham, death of, 110.
- Philippus clericus regis, one of three who
 accompanied king Richard I. when
 coming away from the Holy Land,
 78, 79.
- Philippus filius Roberti, 295.
- Picon, Robertus, 298.
- “Pima [*sc.* Pinu], abbatia de, fere ad Ni-
 chatam,” repaired and enriched by
 king Richard I., 97.
- Pin, Thomas de, vicecomes Devon., 302.

- Pincerna, William de, founder of Wymondham abbey, death of, 46.
- "Pinitursum" in Normandy [*sc.* Pontersum], castle and town of burnt, 145.
- Pipinus primus, 287.
- Pirates from Zealand and Holland make depredations upon the coasts of Yarmouth and Dunwich, 235.
- Pius I. papa, 280.
- Pix, trial of the, an. 32 Henry III., details of the 291-300; *Pref.* xxvi.
- Plantagenet, Geoffrey, father of Henry II., 44.
 his death, 49.
- Pleshy, castle of, surrendered to king Stephen, 48.
- Podio, Oflend de, 303.
- Poictou abandoned by king John, A.D. 1204, 107.
- Poictou, Richard, earl of, takes the cross, 63.
- Poictevins:
 substituted for natives of the country as officers of his court by Henry III., 147.
 but subsequently, upon advice, removed, 147.
- Pollard, Michael, 298.
- Ponte, Johannes de, 250.
- Ponte, Ricardus de, 294.
- Pontefract, Peter de, prophecy of, 115.
- Pontignac, translation of the body of St. Edmund to, 162.
 monks of, cut off the arm of St. Edmund, 164.
- "Pontiniacense monasterium," 97.
- Pope:
 extortions on the part of the, A.D. 1240, 151.
 slavery of the church and prelates of England to the, 187.
- Pope and emperor, peace between the, 145.
- Pope's mandate for granting to king Henry III. the ecclesiastical tenths of the kingdom for three years, 171.
- Popes, two created at one time at Rome, A.D. 1068. One, the bishop of Parma, who was driven away; the other, the bishop of Lucca, who remained pope, 30.
- "Popo papa, qui et Damasus," 23.
- Portsmouth, 108.
- Poterell, Robertus, 294.
- Pratis, St. Mary de, procession to the church of, 193.
- Prelates of England grant 52,000 marks to the king, 190.
- Prestone, Robert de, justice itinerant, fine of, 252.
- Pretender, a, arises in Germany, representing himself to be Frederic II., emperor, who had died A.D. 1250, 241.
 his severe punishment, 243.
- Pride, Ricardus, 295.
- Printeys, John de (Pontipara), elected bishop of Winchester, 236.
- Prior, Willelmus, 294.
- Probus, 282.
- Provence, adjudication in the courts of the king of France relating to, 223.
- Provinces, cities, &c., enumeration of the, surrendered to the king of France in consequence of king John's retirement from his transmarine possessions, 107.
- "Psalterium de vita et moribus Tartarorum," 197.
- Punde, Nicolas de la, 299.
- Purgatory of St. Patrick, 50; *Pref.* xiv.—xvii.

Q

- "Quinque Portuum vadia et stipendia nautarum," 309.
- Quintain, contest at the, between the youths of London and others of the court, 177.

R.

- Rabŕ, Radulfus, 292.
- Radepunt, castle of, taken by the king of France, 102.
- “Radulfus comes” gives land at Hoveton to St. Benet Holme, *t.* king Canute, 268.
- Radulfus (first of the name), abbot of St. Benet Holme, 34.
 believed to have been a Norman, 269.
- Radulphus, prior of St. Benedict Ramsey :
 made abbot of St. Benet Holme, 63.
 extended notice of, 272.
 covers the roofs of the several buildings of the abbey with lead, 272.
- Rain and inundations in the district of St. Edmund ; Essex ; and Cambridge-shire, 227.
- great inundation from, A.D. 1290, 250.
- Rale, William de :
 made bishop of Norwich, 150.
 the monks of Winchester desire to have him for the bishop of their diocese, 152.
 his estimate of the value of his bishoprick of Norwich, 152.
 discord between the king and him in consequence of the request of the monks of Winchester, 153.
 confirmed, contrary to the king’s wish, in the bishoprick of Winchester, 155.
 having fled abroad, is recalled to the king’s favour, 156.
 death of, 165.
- Ralph, earl of Norfolk, flight of, from Norwich to Denmark, 31.
- Ralph [de Turbine], bishop of Rochester :
 succeeds to the archbishoprick of Canterbury, 39.
 his election, 40.
 consecration, 41.
 crowns Adelicia, Henry I.’s second queen, 42,
 his death, 42.
- Ramsey, monastery of :
 founded by king Edgar, 7, 10, 11, 48.
 the abbot of, nominated by king Henry I., ordered to be removed, 38.
 the abbey deprived of the fair of St. Ives, 169.
- Randewrthe, 267.
- Randulfus aurifaber, 296.
- Reading, royal celebration of Christmas at, 139.
- Reading abbey :
 hand of St. James restored to, 51.
 dedication of the abbey church of, 54.
 abbots of the Cistercian order summoned to appear at, before Rustandus, 186.
- “Recepta a diversis de subsidio regi facta in guerra sua Walliæ versus Lewellinum filium Griffini,” 301—308.
- Reddinges, Robert de, justice itinerant, 243.
- Redham, 267.
- Redinge, Robert de, a friar preacher, skilled in the Hebrew language, a remarkable convert to Judaism, 225.
- Reginald :
 abbot of St. Benet Holme, builder of the great hall of the abbey, 272.
 his further exertions for the benefit of his monastery, 273.
 his death (noted in an earlier page), 144.
- Regnal year, change in the computation of the, *t.* Henry III., 147 ; *Pref.* xxiii.
- Religious houses :
 severe tallage imposed upon the, by king John, especially those of the Cistercians, 114.
 great debts of those of England, *t.* Henry III., 197.
 religious persons forbidden to acquire landed property, 231.
- Remigius confessor, 285.

- Res, brother of Griffin, king of Wales, head of, sent to king Edward the Confessor, 25.
- Resus, prince of South Wales, does homage to king Henry II. and to his son Henry, 53.
- Reymundus, of the order of Friars Preachers, author of the "Summa," 148.
- Reynerius taliator, 297.
- Rheims :
 council of, 48.
 Philip III. of France crowned at, 217.
 Philip IV. crowned at, 244.
- Rhuddlan, Christmas kept at, by king Edward I., 237.
- Rhys Maradoc (ap Meredith) :
 rebellion in South Wales under, A.D. 1287, 246.
 his death, A.D. 1292, with final suppression of all rebellion in Wales, 262; *Pref.* xxx.
- Ricardus junior, 299.
- Ricardus senior, 299.
- Richard I., king :
 birth of, 52.
 his accession to the throne and coronation, 65.
 his generosity to the monks of the Cistercian order, 65.
 fills the vacant ecclesiastical benefices, 65.
 his liberality to his brother John, and to his mother, queen Eleanor, 66.
 goes abroad, leaving certain bishops "custodes regni," 66.
 announces the loss of his seal, 66.
 quarrel of with the king of France at Messina, 67.
 the king of France apparently, but not sincerely, reconciled, 67.
 follows the king of France to the Holy Land, 68.
 takes Cursac, king of Cyprus, prisoner 68.
 marries Berengaria, daughter of the king of Navarre, 68.
 takes the ship called "Dromund," 68.
 captures Acre, 69.
- Richard I., king—*cont.*
 his further progress, 69.
 gives the kingdom of Jerusalem to his nephew Henry, and Cyprus to Guy de Lusignan, 69.
 takes Darum, 69.
 joined by the duke of Burgundy, 70.
 takes 7,000 camels laden with treasure, 70.
 enters into communication at Jerusalem with a Syrian religious woman, 70.
 his interview with a hermit, who prophesied that Jerusalem would not be taken, and also his own death, 72.
 carries the hermit with him to his camp, who on the seventh day after, as he had himself foretold, dies, 73.
 at Ptolemais, with his army, greatly exhausted, 73.
 driven towards Cyprus in going to relieve Joppa, 73.
 arrives at Joppa with a portion of his forces, and relieves the siege, 74.
 extraordinary valour of, at Joppa, 75, 76.
 advance of the forces which king Richard had left at Ptolemais, 76.
 his treasure falling short, and army decreasing, determines on returning home, 77.
 informed that his brother John was conspiring against him in England, 77.
 with his queen and sister suffers shipwreck in crossing the Mediterranean, 77.
 reaches Corfu, 78.
 purchases three rubies, 79.
 one of which leads to the identification of his person when retreating from the Holy Land, 79.
 his identity recognized, 79.
 escapes, but intelligence having been forwarded to the duke of Austria, he is intercepted and thrown into prison, 80.
 the duke of Austria sells king Richard to the emperor 82.

- Richard I, king—*cont.*
 his treatment of the king, 82.
 the king's reply in defence of himself to the emperor's various accusations, 83.
 king Richard agrees to pay 150,000 marks for his ransom, 84.
 contributions levied in England for the payment of it, 84.
 his release and return to England, 85.
 splendid appearance of the heavens at the moment of his arrival, 85.
 visits the shrine of St. Thomas, at Canterbury, 85.
 pays his devotions at St. Edmund's shrine, 86.
 besieges and takes Nottingham castle, 86.
 crowned again at Winchester by Hubert, archbishop of Canterbury, and afterwards crosses to Normandy, 86, 87.
 his capture of the archbishop of Beauvais and his archdeacon; the pope's remonstrance and the king's reply, 89.
 discord with the king of France, 90.
 subjugates Flanders, 91.
 truce with the king of France, 91.
 proceeds to Poitou to suppress a rebellion, and besieges the castle of Chaluz, 91, 92.
 wounded by an arrow, 92.
 particulars of his last illness and death, 92, 95.
 orders his body to be interred at Fontevraud, and his heart at Rouen, 95.
 his bowels in the church of the castle of Chaluz as a gift to the Poitevins, 96.
 verses on his death, 96.
 a house of Præmonstratentians founded by him in Aquitaine, 97.
 "Abbatia etiam de Pima [sc. Pinu] fere ad Nichatam" repaired and endowed by him, 97.
 his second seal, 97.
- Richard II., duke of Normandy, death of, 18.
 Richard, duke of Aquitaine, and Geoffrey, earl of Brittany, join their brother Henry against their father, king Henry II., 59.
 Richard, brother of Henry III. :
 birth of, 110.
 afterwards earl of Cornwall and king of Germany, 177, 292, 300.
 receives knighthood, and subsequently goes to Gascony, 137.
 he is received at Bordeaux, 137.
 made earl of Cornwall by his brother, and earl of Poitou, 137.
 military force sent against him by the king of France defeated, 138.
 returns to England, 140.
 marries Ysabella, countess of Gloucester, 145.
 brings about a truce between the sultan of Babylon and the Christians, 152.
 arrives at the port of Trapani, 152.
 met on his return to England by the king, 153.
 crosses with the king to the continent, 154.
 returns with other of the nobles to England, 154.
 marries Sinchia, sister to the queen of England, 155.
 honours heaped upon him by Blanche, queen of France, 164.
 his reception at Lyons, 164.
 receives news of the successes of the Saracens, 164.
 buffaloes sent to him from abroad, 170.
 his anger upon being deprived of Gascony, that it might be given to prince Edward, 171.
 his refusal of aid to the king, his brother, to support an expedition to Apulia, 184.
 elected king of Germany, 187.
 invited to take possession of the kingdom by the archbishop of Cologne, 190.

- Richard, brother of Henry III.—*cont.*
 his departure, arrival at Aix la Chapelle, and coronation, 190.
 makes his son Henry a knight, 190.
 enumeration of the parties present at his coronation, 190.
 description of his further reception in Germany, 191.
 the king of Spain discontented at the earl of Cornwall's election, 192.
 his extravagant expenditure, 194.
 gives certain of his possessions in England to his son Henry, 194.
 transfers his lands and makes away with his property in England to meet his German expenses, 194.
 his return, 198.
 taken prisoner at the battle of Lewes, 202.
 death of, at Berkhamstead, 218.
 interred at Hales in Shropshire, 218.
- Richard, earl of Gloucester, death of, 199.
- Richard, earl of Poitou :
 homage of for his father's land, 63.
 takes the cross, 63.
- Richard, natural son of king John, said to have been the person who killed the monk Eustachius, 127, 129.
- Richard [Wethershed], chancellor of Lincoln :
 made archbishop of Canterbury upon the cassation of Walter, a monk there, 142.
 his death, 145.
- Richard, bishop of Chichester :
 canonization of, 199.
 translation of, 226.
- Richard, abbot of St. Alban's, removes the remains of St. Oswin, king and martyr, to the church of Tynemouth, 40.
- Richard, prior of St. Benet Holme, 195.
- Richard, abbot of Westminster, made the king's treasurer, 234, 301.
- Richard, prior of Durham, made archbishop of Canterbury, 60.
- Richerus, fifth abbot of St. Benet Holme, 269.
 completes the "campanarium occidentale" of the monastery which abbot Ælwald had left unfinished, 270.
 his conduct in the abbacy detailed, 270.
 his death, 42.
- Ringesfeud [otherwise Ringgefulde], William de, abbot of St. Benet Holme, 169, 274.
- Rinne, Thomas, 295.
- Robbery ordered by Henry I. to be punished by hanging, 39.
- Robechild, Johannes, 296.
- Robert, bishop of Chester, 33.
- Robert, prior of St. Benet Ramsey :
 made abbot of St. Benet Holme, 273.
 occurrences during his abbacy, 274.
 makes additions to the abbey offices, 274.
- Robert, prior of St. Edmund's, resignation of, 231.
- Robert II., duke of Normandy, his death, leaving a son "Willelm Bastard de Herleva concubina," 20.
- Robert Curthose, eldest son of William the Conqueror, 18, 29, 33, 34.
 goes to Italy, 29.
 afterwards to the Holy Land, and subsequently returns to Normandy, 29.
 goes to Jerusalem, 35.
 returns from Jerusalem, 37.
 defeated by his brother at the battle of Arcebrai, 38.
 condemnation of, 39.
 his death, 44.
 buried at Gloucester, 44.
- Robert, bishop of Chichester, A.D. 1085, 33.
- Robert, bishop of Lincoln, A.D. 1250 :
 returns from Rome, 155.
 cites the religious of his diocese to appear before him respecting their churches and revenues, 163,

- Robert, bishop of London, succeeds Edsi in the archbishoprick of Canterbury, a Norman, related to William the Conqueror, 24.
- Robert, dean of Sarum, made bishop of the diocese, 216.
- Robert, prior of Ramsey :
 made abbot of St. Benet Holme, 149.
 death of, 169.
- Robertus cissor, 298.
- Robertus filius Johannis, 296, 298.
- Robertus filius Nicholai, 295.
- Rocestria, Salomon de, 243. *See* Roff.
- Rochelle. *See* Rupella.
- Rochester, bishop of, returns from Rome, A.D. 1257, 191.
- Rochester castle, siege of, *t.* king John, 120.
- Rodmarke, W. de, 303.
- Rodulphus, earl of Habsburgh, chosen king of Almaine, 222.
- Roff, Salomon de :
 justice itinerant, 243.
 fined, 248, 252.
- Roger, archbishop of York :
 who had been excommunicated by the pope in consequence of the coronation of Henry the younger, released from the interdict, 58, 59.
 Latin verses on the occasion, 59.
- Roger, bishop of London, 147.
- Rogierus le mercer, 298.
- Rogierus filius Willielmi, 299.
- Rokesle, G. de, 303, 307.
- Rollesby, 267.
- Roma, 280.
- Romans and Italians, inquiry ordered as to the amount of rents in England received by, *t.* Henry III., 157.
- Rome :
 council held at, 42.
 fall of a portion of the church of St. Peter at, 241.
- Romescot, 18.
- Ros, William de, one of the claimants for the crown of Scotland, A.D. 1291, 253, 254.
- Rose, Robert, one of the king's justiciaries, *t.* Edward I., 158.
- Rosemude, Thomas, 292.
- Rothelan, 308.
- Rothinge, Willielmus de, "vicecomes Norff. et Suff.," 302.
- Rouen :
 flight of the king of France from the siege of, 60.
 again besieged, 85.
- Roxburgh restored to the king of Scots by king Richard I., 66.
- Rubeus, the count, makes oath that he had no concern in the death of Henry of Almaine, 222.
- Rubeus, Petrus, 151.
- Ruffus, Walterus, 294.
- Runnymede, king John agrees to meet the barons at, 119.
- "Rupe de Andeliaci," siege of the castle de, 107.
- Rupella, castle of, among those abandoned by king John, A.D. 1204, 107.
- Rus, Hugo le, 290, 296.
- Rus, Stephanus le, 296.
- Russelle, Rogerus, 299.
- Rustand de Wasconia :
 sent to England by the pope for the collection of tythes, 183.
 also to release king Henry III., on certain conditions, from his vow of going to the Holy Land, 183.
 the prelates of England assemble to make reply to him, 185.
 preaches at St. Edmundsbury, 185.
 abbots of the Cistercian order summoned to appear before him at Reading, 186.
 tyranny of, over the prelates, 187.
- Ruwallan, brother of Griffin, king of Wales, 26.

S.

- Sabinus papa, 286.
- Saham, Willielmus de, justice itinerant, 243
 king Edward I.'s generosity to, 252.
- "Sainte Chapelle" at Paris, building of the, to receive the Holy Cross, 152.

- Saladin :
 takes Joppa, 73.
 flight of, with his army after Richard I.
 had raised the siege, 74.
 returns with his army to the siege, 75.
 again defeated by king Richard, 75.
 death of, 78, 84.
- Salisbury, order of canons established in
 the church of, 38, 39.
- Salopie, "recept. de quintadecima comita-
 tus, per Bogonem de Knouille," 305.
- Saltrey, Henry monk of, his "Narratio de
 Purgatorio S. Patricii," *Pref.* xvi.
- Sampson, prior of St. Benet Holme, after-
 wards elected abbot, 144, 149, 273,
 275.
- Sancta Frideswyda, Ricardus de, archid.
 Buckinghamiæ, 256.
- Sancto Claro, Willielmus de, 303, 310.
- Sancto Lando, Johannes de, vicecomes
 Sumerset, 303.
- Sancto Mare, Ingaunus de, 299.
- Sandwich, arrival of king Richard I. at,
 in his return from the Holy Land,
 85.
- Saphadinus, the successor of Saladin, 84.
- Saracens, slaughter of, at the taking of the
 city of Nuchers, 215.
- Sarsorius, Willelmus, 295.
- Saviour, reported discovery of the coat of,
 without seam, 51.
- "Sarcam, novum castrum super," in Anjou,
 145.
- Sauue, castle of, taken by king John,
 121.
- Saxi, donation of land by, to St. Benet
 Holme, *t.* king Canute, 267.
- Scabellis, Jacobus de, chosen to the papacy,
 assumes the style of Honorius IV.,
 246.
- "Scardeburch," rent of cxx. marks granted
 by king Richard I. to the chapter of
 the Cistercian order from the church
 of, 97.
- Scermugge, Rogerus :
 succeeds to the bishoprick of Norwich,
 209.
 his consecration, 209.
- Scawerbuſ, Nich. filius Nicholai de, 296.
- Schopesham, 272, 273.
- Scocwille, Gaufridus de, 295.
- Scothowe, 267.
 ecclesia de, 274.
- Scotland among the territories which
 belonged to Canute, 19.
 southern parts of, ravaged by king
 Stephen, 46.
 state of upon the death of Alexander
 III., 255.
 controversy respecting succession to
 the crown of, 255.
 king Edward recognized as its su-
 perior lord, 255.
- John de Baliol and Robert de Bruce
 the two chief competitors for imme-
 diate possession of the crown, 255.
- commissioners appointed to make
 settlement of the claim, 255, 256.
 enumeration of the minor claimants,
 256.
- Deeds of settlement and of seisin on
 the part of the competitors, as or-
 dered by king Edward to be entered
 upon the chronicles of the abbey
 of St. Edmund, 257, 259.
- Scutage, payment of, to the Danes, A.D
 1007, 290.
- Scutages of later times, 137, 145, 154, 198,
 243.
 examination of such as had been called
 for between the second and forty-
 second year of king Henry III., 198.
 scutage "pro exercitu Walliæ," 243.
- Sea:
 irruptions and encroachments of the,
 36, 62, 161, 168.
 great irruption of, at Yarmouth, Dun-
 wich, Ipswich, and their neigh-
 bourhoods, affecting various other
 places also throughout England, 245.
 another irruption occasioning great
 mischief to the town and priory of
 Hickling, 247.

- Seal of king Richard I., announcement of the loss of the, 66.
 religious and others to whom charters had been granted compelled by king Henry III. to secure them under a new seal, 139.
 alteration of the seal of king Henry III., 199.
- Segrave, Stephanus de, "miles et literatus," made justiciary, 146.
- Seia, Gilbertus, 299.
- Seleby, Andreas de, 297.
- Seleby, Johannes de, 297.
- Senare, Willelmus, 299.
- Sergius papa, 287, 289.
- Severinus papa, 286.
- Severus imperator, 281.
- Shaftesbury, nunnery of, founded by king Alfred, 4.
- Sheep, mortality among the, in Lindsay and through England, A.D. 1276, 226.
- Shepherds, French:
 confederacy of the, 167.
 their attack upon the university of Orleans, 167.
 Simon de Montefort's opposition to them, 167, 168.
- Shrewsbury, officers of the mint at, 32
 Henry III., 295.
- Sidon, the bishop of, celebrates mass at Jerusalem, where it had ceased to be performed, 234.
- Silvester, Hugo, 294.
- Simeone, Henricus, 295.
- Simon, prior of Norwich, election of to the bishoprick of Norwich set aside, 150
- Simon, abbot of St. Edmund's, death of, 230.
- Simon filius Rogeri, 295.
- Simplicius papa, 285.
- Sinanan, 80.
- Sinchia, sister to the queen of England, countess of Cornwall, 155.
 delivered of a son, named Edmund, 163.
 death of, 199.
- Sinebald, the cardinal, elected pope under the title of Innocent IV., 155.
- Sisinnius papa, 287.
- Siward, Walterus, 298.
- Sixtus papa, 279.
- Sket, miles, his donation of land at North-walesham to the monastery of St Benet Holme, 267.
- Soccingi, Girardus de, 120.
- Sodentone, Thomas de, justice itinerant, 252. *See* Sudingdon.
- Soldan of Babylon:
 truce between the, and the Christians, 152, 183.
 release of prisoners by the, 172.
 takes the city of Antioch, 213.
- Soldan of Damascus, 183.
- Somertone, 267.
- Sother I., 280.
- Sotherus papa, 280.
- Soules, Nicholas de, one of the claimants for the crown of Scotland, A.D. 1291, 253, 254.
- Southwark, church of St. Mary:
 order of canons established in the, 39.
 church of St. Mary burnt, 115.
- Sowy, Godefridus de, 298.
- Spain:
 invasion of, by the king of Morocco, "Mira Mumelin," 88, 89.
 the king of, discontented at the election of Richard, earl of Cornwall, to be king of Germany, 192.
 asserts his claim to that kingdom, 195.
 death of the queen of, lady of Ponthieu, mother of Eleanor, queen of England, 230.
- Spalding, priory of, 11.
- Spari, Henricus, 297.
- Speciarius, Thomas, 297.
- Spiciarius, Radulphus, 292.
- Spineto, Peter de, elected pope by the name of John XX., 225, 226.
- Staff., "Prior S. Thomæ juxta, collector xxx" in divers. comitat., t. Edw. I., 306.
- Stalre, Ralph, the donor of land at Suth-walesham to St. Benet Holme, 267.
- Standone, Petrus de, 292.
- Stanes, Adam de, 292.

- Stanes, Alexander de, 296.
 Stanes, Thomas de, 292.
 Stanforde, Adam de, 295.
 Stephani beati, prothomartyris, corpus, 284.
 Stephanus papa, 288, 289.
 Stephen, nephew of king Henry I.:
 swears allegiance to the empress Matilda, but breaks his oath, 45.
 accepted for king by the nobles, 45.
 his perjuries, 45.
 passes over to Normandy, 45.
 ravages the southern part of Scotland, 46.
 receives Henry, the king of Scotland's son, as a hostage, 46.
 taken prisoner by the earl of Gloucester and sent to Bristol castle, 47.
 exchanged for the earl of Gloucester after the latter had been taken prisoner, 47.
 castle of Oxford surrendered to him, 47.
 seizes the castle at Chester, 48.
 crowned at Lincoln, 48.
 agreement of, with Henry, duke of Normandy, 50.
 death of, and interment at Feversham, 50.
 Stephen IX., pope, death of, 25.
 Stigand, archbishop of Canterbury:
 episcopal invasions of, 24.
 the pall granted to, by pope Stephen IX., 25.
 taken by William the Conqueror, together with his other English pledges, to Normandy, 30.
 deprived of his archbishoprick at the council of Winchester, 30.
 Stigand, bishop of Worcester, interdiction of, by pope Alexander II., 26.
 Stirchesle, Walterius de, "collector tricesimæ in com. Lancastr.," 306.
 Stirchesle, Willelmus de, 243.
 Stoke, Rogerus de, "collector tricesimæ in comitatu Warr.," 305.
 Storms:
 succession of, at sea, A.D. 1180, 61.
 considered as presages of particular calamities, 84.
 and inundations, 164, 169, 232.
 Stratford, near London, king Henry III. at, in 1267, 212.
 Stratone, Adam de, wealth of, conviction and punishment of, with the justices itinerant, the possessor of the reputed crown of king John, 252.
 Styrkesle, Walterus de 244.
 Sub Muro, Thomas, 295.
 Sudingdon, Thomas de, justice itinerant, 244, 252.
 Suffolk, "acies bellatrices in aere." Northern lights?, 240.
 Sun:
 circles seen in the, 38.
 eclipses of the. *See* Eclipse.
 "Sunemannus interfectus est, cum patribus suis, primus inhabitator loci St. Benedicti de Hulmo," 288.
 Suthfeud, William de, chosen bishop of Norwich, 155.
 Suthwalesham, land at, given to St. Benet Holme by Ralph Stalre, 267.
 Suthwalesham, Nicholas de, abbot of St. Bennet Holme, 276.
 Swantone, 267.
 manerium de, 273.
 Sweyn, king:
 ravages Norwich, 12.
 enumeration of his ravages through the counties of England, *Pref.* xii., xiii.
 Canute sends the sons of Edmund Ironside to him to be slain, but Swein sends them to Hungary, 16.
 "Swein rex Dacorum navigio venit "Norwyci." 290.
 "obitus," 290.
 Sweyn, son of king Canute:
 succeeds to the kingdom of Norway, 19.
 his flight from Norway, 23.
 Swithunus episc. Wintoniensis consecratur, 288.
 Sybeton, abbey of, founded, 40.

Syleby, manerium de, 271.
 "Sylvaticus, ignis aëreus vulgo dictus,"
 24.
 Sylvester [de Evesham], bishop of Worcester, 124.
 Symacus, 281, 284.
 "Symon qui et filius Caphe," 278.
 Syrian religious woman enters into communication with king Richard I. at Jerusalem, 70.
 Syward, earl of Northumberland, death of, 26.

T.

Tailure, Henricus le, 297.
 Taliator, Raynerius, 297.
 Tanure, Robertus le, 297.
 Tany, Lucas de, slain, whilst reconnoitring, by the Welsh, 237.
 Tartars:
 population and military force of the, A.D. 1258, 197.
 occupy the kingdom of Jerusalem, 229.
 the king of the, takes the soldan of Babylon prisoner, 235.
 Taxation of the spiritualities of the clergy, A.D. 1291, 256.
 Tedmerche, Johannes de, vicecomes Oxoniæ, 302.
 Tempest, extreme, of the year 1222, 133.
 another, 192.
 "Textus antiquus magnus, imaginibus gemmisque pretiosis, circum-ornatus," 274.
 Templars:
 rise of the order of, 41.
 device upon their seal, 41.
 two brothers of the, propose an interview between king John and Pandulph, the pope's legate, 116.
 exception in relation to the goods of the, 211, 213.
 Templars and Hospitallers, defection of from the emperor Frederic in the Holy Land, 143.

Temple, New, interment of William Mareschal at, 130.
 Temple, Old, at Paris, reception of Henry III. at the palace of the, when returning from Gascony in 1254, 180.
 Tenths, exaction of, by order of the council of Lyons, 225.
 Terling, Essex, death of William, bishop of Norwich at, 246.
 "Testamenta xii. patriarcharum," 155.
 Tewkesbury, celebration of Christmas at, by king John, 107.
 Thames, river:
 head of Harold I. thrown into the, 21.
 failure of water in, A.D. 1114, 40.
 water of, exceeds its usual limits, 155.
 Thebea Legio, 282.
 Theobald, abbot of Bec:
 made archbishop of Canterbury, 45.
 crowns king Henry II., 51.
 death of, 53.
 Theobaldus Leodiensis:
 elected pope, taking the name of Gregory X., 217.
 his consecration, 217.
 Theodorus Magnus, 284.
 Theodorus papa, 286.
 Theodosius interpres, 280.
 Theokebiř, Nicolaus de, 295.
 Thetford:
 church of the Holy Trinity at, 11.
 see of the East Angles removed to, 30.
 Arfastus, bishop of, 33.
 William, bishop of, 33.
 bishoprick of, purchased by Herbert, who had been prior of Fescamp, 35.
 transfer of the see to Norwich, 35.
 Thiparun, Willelmus de, 297.
 Thirne, 267.
 Thomas auř, 296.
 Thomas, St., of Canterbury; translation his remains from the crypt of the cathedral, 131. *See* Becket.
 Thomas, archbishop of York, death of A.D. 1100, 37.
 Thomas, abbot of St. Benet Holme, 55.
 his death, 62.

- Thomas the archdeacon, 225.
- Thorendune, G. de, one of the king's justiciaries, *t.* Edward I., 258.
- Thorney abbey, founded by king Edgar, 7, 11.
- Thunder :
 heard throughout England, Ireland, Wales, and France, on Christmas night, A.D. 1172, 59.
 dreadful, 146.
 thunders and great inundations, 154.
 great thunder-storm at London, A.D. 1290, 254.
- Thurb, aurifaber, 299.
- Thurgartone, 268.
- Thurnham, Stephen de, seneschal of Anjou, seized by Richard, son of Henry II., 64.
- Thurstan, abbot of Glastonbury, outrage perpetrated by, upon his monks, 32.
- Thurstan, abbot of St. Benet Holme, 268.
 epitaph inscribed upon his tomb, 269.
- Tidmers, Johannes de, "collector tricesimæ in com. Norff. et Suff., *t.* Edward I.," 306.
- Tincto, Philippus, 298.
- Tithes of England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales :
 Rustand de Wasconia sent to England by the pope for the collection of the, 183.
- Toarz, castle of, among those abandoned by king John, A.D. 1204, 107.
- Torand, Thomas, 299.
- Toulouse, abandonment of the siege of, by Louis the dauphin, 130.
- Tours, council of, A.D. 1163, 53.
- Tovi, Michael, a citizen of London, execution of, 226.
- T'ovy, Michael, mayor of London, 291.
- T'raei, William de, one of the murderers of Becket, 58.
- Treachery, intended disclosure of, on the part of France, 122.
- "Trenchebarbe," textus Evangelii qui dicitur, 116.
- Treves, death of the bishop of, A.D. 1258, 196.
- Tripoli taken by the Saracens and destroyed, 251.
- Trivalli, fortress of, king Richard I.'s prison, 82.
- Trobbleville. *See* Frouville.
- Truce between king John and the French king, A.D. 1206, 108.
- Trumpetone, Rogerus, 310.
- Tuche, Lord Alan da le. *See* Zouche.
- Tunbertus, archbishop of Milan, created pope by the name of Urban III., 62.
- Turbe, William :
 consecrated bishop of Norwich, 49.
 his death, 60, 275.
- Turġ, Henricus, 299.
- Turonica, among the provinces abandoned by king John, A.D. 1204, 107.
- Turs, Nicholas de, justice itinerant, 215.
- Tutingtone, 267.
- Tynby, 309.
- Tynemouth :
 restoration of the church and foundation of the monastery of, 34.
 remains of St. Oswyn removed to, 40.
- Tyrrel, Walter, slays king William Rufus in the New Forest, 36.
- Tyrus, 278.
- Tybenham, 267, 272.
- Tyberius imperator, 286.

V.

- Val de Dunes, battle of, 23.
- Valence, William de, half brother of king Henry III. :
 comes to England, 161.
 son of Isabella, queen of king John, by Hugh le Brun, her second husband, 203.

Valencia, William, son of William de Valencia, slain by the Welsh when reconnoitring, 235.
 Valentinianus, junior, 280, 284.
 Valentinus, 283, 284.
 Vallibus, John de, justice itinerant. 243.
 Verdenel, Rob., fil. Thomæ, 291, 297.
 Vernouil, flight of the French from their camp at, 87.
 Vesci, Eustachius de, slain, 122.
 Vescy, John de, a claimant for the crown of Scotland on the part of his father, A.D. 1291, 253, 254.
 Visitation of the justices itinerant in Norfolk, 243.
 injury inflicted by it on the bishop of Norwich and his clergy, 244.
 Victor II., pope, death of, 25.
 Victor III., pope, 32.
 Victore, Hugo de Sancto, chronicle by, when written, 43.
 Viginus papa, 280.
 Vilain, Hugo le, 296.
 Visitation, papal, of the religious orders throughout the world, 146.
 of the monks "Nigri Ordinis" throughout France ordered by the pope, but compromised, 178.
 Vital, Will., "vicecomes Lond.," 291.
 Viterbo, Henry of Almaine murdered at, in his return from Africa, 216.
 Vivus, first abbot of St. Edmund's, 290.
 "Vizeleacum," meeting of king Richard I and the king of France at, 67.
 Vrie, Humbertus de, 246.

U.

Ulf, episcopus, interred at Rheims, 24.
 Urban II. :
 consecrated pope, 34,
 death of, 36, 40.
 Urban III., Tunbert, archbishop of Milan, made pope by the name of, 62.

Urban IV. :
 chosen pope, 199.
 death of, 246.
 Usury, increase of, *t.* Henry III., 197.

W.

W [de S. Mariæ Ecclesia] Londoniensis episcopus, 117.
 Wada, manor of, near Lynn, obtained by the abbey of St. Benet Holme after the loss of Grengewille, 258.
 Walden, castle of, surrendered to king Stephen, 48.
 Walderus comes. *See* Waltheof, 31.
 Walerun, Robert, journey of, with the bishop of Hereford to Rome, 184.
 Walery, St., castle of, 34.
 Wales :
 William the Conqueror "in suam dominationem accepit," A.D. 1071, 31.
 expedition of Henry II. against, 52.
 king John goes to, and penetrates to Snowdon, 114.
 army sent against, under Henry de Lacy, earl of Lincoln, 226.
 completion of the conquest of, by Edw. I., 236.
 final suppression of rebellion in, A.D. 1292, 258 ; *Pref.* xxx , xxxi.
 account of the monies raised and expended by king Edward I. in the reduction of Wales, 10th to 13th of his reign, 301—311 ; *Pref.* xxx.
 Walesdun, *sc.* Val de Dunes, battle of, 23.
 Walesham. *See* Northwalesham.
 Walesham, Nicholas de, abbot of St. Benet Holme, 225.
 Walfrannus episcopus, 287.
 Wallingford :
 Christmas celebrated at, 155.
 terms of agreement made at, between Henry duke of Normandy, and king Stephen, 50.
 Christmas celebrated at, 158.
 officers of the mint at, 32 Henry III., 296.

- Wallingford—*cont.*
 king Henry III. celebrates his Christmas at, A.D. 1244, the guest of his brother Richard, 155.
- Walo :
 the papal legate, 124, 126.
 leaves England much enriched, 130.
- Walpole, Ralph de, consecrated bishop of Norwich, 249.
- Walsingham, king Edward I. and his queen pay their devotions at the shrine of our Lady of, 250.
- Walter, Hubert :
 made bishop of Salisbury, 65.
 afterwards, when archbishop of Canterbury, A.D. 1194, crowns king Richard I. at Winchester after his return from the Holy Land, 86, 87.
- Walter, bishop of Carlisle, enters the order of Friars Preachers, 159.
- Walterus aur̄, 299.
- Waltham abbey :
 the body of Harold interred at, 28.
 secular canons removed from, and regulars introduced, 60.
 charter granted to, of special liberties upon vacancies in the abbey, 177.
- Waltheof, earl :
 death of, 31.
 interred at Croyland, 31.
- Walton, Simon de, bishop of Norwich :
 his consecration, 197.
 his death, 209.
- Waltone, terra domini Thomæ de, 275.
- Wandegisilus, S., abbas, obiit, 287.
- Wandering Jew, the, 141.
- Wardon, abbot and convent of, injury done to, by king Henry the third's proceedings in regard to free warren, 174.
- Warren, the earl of, and Hugh Bigod, fly from the fight at Lewes, and cross the sea, 203.
- Warren, John, earl of, wounds the Lord Alan de la Zouche in Westminster hall, 215.
- Warren, William de, son and heir of John de Warren, earl of Surrey, murdered in a tournament held at Croydon, 245.
- Warwic, H., comes, 177.
- Wauton, Simon de, bishop of Norwich.
See Walton.
- Waxtonesham, 267, 270.
- Weather, extreme darkness of, at the opening of the year 1292, 256.
- Weights and measures :
 uniformity of, ordered by king Richard I., A.D. 1188, 65.
 privileges in respect of, granted to the convent of St. Edmund's, 224.
- Welles, Hugh de, bishop of Lincoln, death of, 147.
- Welch :
 both rich and poor, come to do homage to king John, 112.
 made subject to the English laws, 169.
 irruption of the, A.D. 1256, 188.
 rise against their new English prince, 189.
 irruption and successes of the, in 1257, 191, 192.
 their endeavour to get the Scots to join them, 192.
 further successes, 192.
 the North and West Welch combine, joined by Griffin de Grundefelde, 192,
 continuance of the war with the, 193.
 seize a castle on the border, 196.
- Wenge, Robertus, 297.
- Wenlock, church of, founded by earl Leofric, 25.
- West-Acre, priory of, consumed by fire, 245.
- Westmele, Ricardus de, 279.
- Westm̄, Edwardus de, 292.
- Westminster :
 festival of Christmas celebrated at, 115, 137, 147, 152, 153, 251, 256.
 meeting of the king and nobles at, 132.
 fire in the palace, 200.
 a new fair at, ordered by the king, 161.

- Westminster—*cont.*
 parliament held there, A.D. 1285, 241, 243.
 agents from the king of France present at it, 241.
 another parliament, A.D. 1286, at which agents from the king of France were present, 244.
 all the justices itinerant summoned to attend it, 244.
 the justices itinerant again summoned before parliament, A.D. 1290, when judgment was passed upon them, 251.
- Westminster abbey:
 building and endowment of, by king Edward the Confessor, 23, 27.
 first stone of a new Lady chapel at, laid by king Henry III., 131.
 impression of a foot in white marble from the Holy Land, represented as that of our Saviour, given by king Henry III. as a relic to the church, 163.
 Alphonsus, son of Edward I., interred at, 238.
 Eleanor, queen of Edward I., interred there, 251.
- Westminster hall inundated by the Thames A.D. 1242, 155; *Pref.* xxv.
- Westmele, Ricardus de, 299.
- West Wallia, 309.
- Westwood, priory of, founded, 81.
- Whit, Laurentius, 295.
- White Monks, in opposition to the interdict, A.D. 1208, perform sacred duties, and are again excommunicated, 112.
- Wicke, Gaufridus de, 296, 297.
- Wilfricus, "sanctus anachorita," death of 51.
- "Willelmus ardens," story of a malignant spirit at Frouville in Normandy, so naming itself, 222.
- Willelmus auř, 293, 297, 299.
- Willelmus filius Johannis, 295.
- Willelmus filius Ivonis, 297.
- Willelmus filius Radulfi, 297, 298.
- Willielmus filius Hugonis, 296.
- William, the surname of, peculiar to the dukes of Aquitaine and earls of Anjou, 50.
- William, duke of Normandy ("Nothus, id est Bastardus"):
 afterwards king William the Conqueror, 18.
 "qui dum esset sub tutela regis Francorum tota Normannia fiscus regalis erat," 18.
 the Normans averse to receiving him as their duke, they fight at Walesdune, and are defeated, 23, 24.
 his visit to England, and reception from king Edward the Confessor, 24.
 Cenomania conquered by him, 26.
 arrives in England, and overthrows Harold, 28, 291.
 his coronation, 28.
 goes to Normandy, 29.
 confiscates and distributes the possessions of the English, 29.
 his religious character, 29.
 monasteries founded by him, one in England and one in Normandy, 29.
 his sons enumerated, 29.
 founds the abbey of Battle, in Sussex, 30, 291.
 goes to Normandy with Stigand the archbishop and his English pledges, 30.
 despoils the English monasteries of the treasure which the richer English had deposited in them, 30.
 goes to Scotland, where he receives the homage of the king, 31.
 visits the shrine of St. Cuthbert, at Durham, in returning home, 31.
 again reduces Cenomania, 31.
 after taking large sums of money from the English, goes again to Normandy, 32.
 his character for bravery, 32.
 fights the battle of Gerbereie against his son Robert, 32.
 subdues Wales, 32.

- William the Conqueror—*cont.*
 demands six shillings upon every hide of land in England, 32.
 acquires treasure "quocunque modo," 33.
 gives three bishopricks to three of his chaplains, 33.
 forms the Domesday survey, A.D. 1086, 33.
 his testamentary disposal of his several territories and of his treasure, 33.
 his death, 33.
 burial at Caen, 33.
 great treasure of, 33.
- William Rufus, king :
 wounded in the battle of Gerbereie, 32.
 distributes his father's treasure, 33.
 ornaments his father's tomb, 33, 34.
 coronation of, by archbishop Lanfranc, 34.
 opposes his brother Robert, 34.
 conspiracy of the nobles against him, 34.
 promises reform of the law, 35.
 sends money secretly to the king of France, 35.
 forgets his promises, 35.
 makes Anselm archbishop of Canterbury, 35.
 his extortions, 35.
 death of, 36.
 review of his reign, 36.
 interred at Winchester, 36.
- William and Richard, sons of Henry I :
 drowned on their return from Normandy, 41.
 Latin verses on the occurrence, 42.
- William, son of Henry, duke of Normandy :
 birth of, 50.
 his death, 51.
- William, king of Scotland, surrenders himself to king Henry II., 60.
- William, [Corboyl], archbishop of Canterbury, seeks the papal legation in England, 44.
- William [de S. Mariæ Ecclesia] :
 bishop of London, 111.
 return of, from Rome, A.D. 1212, 115.
- William, St., archbishop of York, flow of bright oil from his tomb, 134.
- William, bishop of Ely elect, ordained priest at Ely, in the parochial church of Ely, 253.
- William, bishop of Norwich, death of, A.D. 1288, 249.
- William, bishop of Thetford, 33.
- William, abbot of St. Benet Holme, by whom the chapter house and dormitory of the monastery were completed, notices of, 55, 188, 271, 275.
- Wilton, monastery of nuns founded at, by king Edgar, 7.
- Wiltonia, officers of the mint at, 32 Henry III., 294, 298.
- Wimburne, Thomas de, 292.
- Winchecombe, Gilbert son of Joan, countess of Gloucester, grandson of Edward I., born at, 255.
- Winchester :
 Edward the Confessor, anointed king at, 22.
 new minster at, completed by king Edgar, 7.
 council of, 30.
 king William Rufus interred at, 36.
 king Richard I. crowned a second time, at Winchester, 36, 37.
 royal celebrations of Christmas at, 108, 110, 130, 132, 137, 138, 145, 148, 150, 152, 160, 161, 163, 167, 174, 185, 231.
 officers of the mint at, 32 Henry III. 294.
 monks of, desire to have William de Rale, bishop of Norwich, made bishop of their diocese, 152.
 meeting of Simon de Montefort and the barons at, to declare their adherence to the statutes of Oxford ; the king in anger expresses his distrust of the barons in consequence, and the barons give back their homage, 205.

- Winchester—*cont.*
 conduct of Henry III. to the citizens of, when celebrating his Christmas there, A.D. 1253, 174, 175.
 Henry de Blois, bishop of, holds a council at London, A.D. 1142, 47.
 “recept. de exitibus episcopatus,” 303.
- Windsor :
 Matilda de Brause and her son thrown into prison at, and starved to death, 113.
 king John celebrates Christmas at, 115.
 storm at, 169.
 Margaret, daughter of king Edward I., born at, 224.
 Mary, daughter of king Edward I., born at, 230.
 Alphonsus, son of king Edward I., death of at, 241.
- Winter, severity of the, A.D. 1292, 257.
- Witbred, Walterus, 298.
- Withelarde, Johannes, 299.
- Wlfric, first inhabitant of the “locus Holmensis,” 267.
- Wlfricus, 17.
- Wlfricus laicus gives land at Hecham to St. Benet Holme, *z.* king Canute, 268.
- Wlfstan :
 who had been prior of the church of Worcester, raised to the bishoprick, in the room of Stigand deposed, 26.
 death of, 35.
 translation of the remains of, 160.
- Wilhamtone, Henry, justice itinerant, 215.
- Wlstan, grandson of king Arthur, tomb of, found in Wales, 30.
- Wlstan, abbot of Gloucester, 25.
- Woctone, Johannes de, vicecomes Wiltes, 302.
- Worcester, city of :
 burnt, 40.
 royal celebrations of Christmas at, 119, 146, 148, 233.
 Llewellyn, prince of Wales, married at, to Eleanor, daughter of Simon de Montefort, 228, 229.
- Wormhoř, Petrus de, 294.
- Wybert, archbishop of Ravenna, a candidate for the papacy, A.D. 1084, 32—36.
- Wybertus. *See* Clemens.
- Wychingham, 268.
- Wyke, Hugel de, 303.
- Wylaund, Thomas de, chief justice de banco :
 removed from his office and sent prisoner to the tower of London, 250.
 his further punishment, 248.
- Wylughby, Philippus de, 203, 307.
- Wymondham abbey :
 founded by Wm. de Pincerna, son of the earl of Arundel, 46, 60.
 chapel of St. Thomas there, 60.
 interment at, of William de Albini, third earl of Arundel, 132.
- “Wyncestria, Henricus de,” the cognomen of king Henry III., 203.
- Wynchelsey, Robert de, archdeacon of Middlesex, made archbishop of Canterbury, 259.
- Wyntertone, 267.

Y.

- Yarmouth :
 depredations of pirates upon the coast of, 235.
 inundation from the sea at, 242.
 more extraordinary irruption of the sea at, A.D. 1236, 245.
- Years, summaries of the condition of weather, &c., through successive years, 149, 150, 152, 153, 155, 157, 158, 160, 161, 163, 166, 170, 174, 178, 181, 185, 188, 189.
- Yoel, Thomas, 297.

York:

marriage at, of Alexander, king of Scotland, with Johanna, sister of king Henry III., 132.

royal celebrations of Christmas at, 114, 140, 170.

celebration of Christmas with the king of Scots at, 144.

again, when the king of Scotland did homage to king Henry, 170.

officers of the mint at, 32 Henry III., 294, 297.

archbishop of, made regent of the kingdom during an absence of the king upon the continent, 153.

Yvo. "Inventio sancti Yvonis et sociorum ejus," 290.

Z.

Zealand and Holland, depredations of pirates from, 235.

Zenon emperor, 285.

"Zosimus papa constituit benedictiones cerei in Pascha," 285.

Zouche, lord Alan de la, wounded in Westminster hall by John earl of Warren, 215.

Zouche, Roger de la, 215.