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# Ecclesiasticus: The Greek Text of Codex 248

Ecclesiasticus is a religious work, written in Hebrew in the second century BCE by the Jewish scribe Jesus ben Sirach. Although it was not accepted into the Hebrew Bible and the original version is lost, its Greek translation is found in the Septuagint. The focus of this study by Cambridge scholar J. H. A. Hart (1876–1952) is on the Greek text of Ecclesiasticus from a fourteenth-century codex, written in a minuscule cursive hand. First published in 1909, the book contains the text in transcription, based on the work of Charles Taylor, who had previously published a study of the text. Hart next investigates its relationship to surviving fragments of the Hebrew version, and the results of his research are included in his textual commentary. He provides a thorough analysis of the Greek translator's prologue and compares variant Greek versions of the work. Hart's edition remains of use to biblical scholars today.

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# Ecclesiasticus: The Greek Text of Codex 248

*Edited with a Textual Commentary and Prolegomena* 

Edited by J. H. A Hart



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# **ECCLESIASTICUS**

# THE GREEK TEXT OF CODEX 248

#### EDITED WITH A TEXTUAL COMMENTARY AND PROLEGOMENA

BY

# J. H. A. HART, M.A.

FELLOW OF ST JOHN'S COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE

Cambridge : at the University Press 1909

Cambridge :

PRINTED BY JOHN CLAY, M.A. AT THE UNIVERSITY PRESS.

> καὶ εἰ μεν καλῶς εἰθίκτως τῷ ςγντάζει τοῦτο καὶ αἴτός ἔθελον· εἰ δὲ εἰτελῶς καὶ μετρίως τοῦτο ἐφικτόν ἦν moi.



> MATRI MEAE NECNON CONIVGI MEAE DONVM AEREVM QVOD SOLVM POTVI DO DICO DEDICO DONVM AVREVM DVPLEX MIHI IN EIS DIVINITVS DONATVM ANIMO GRATO RECORDATVS I. H. A. H.

## PREFACE

I N his preface to *The Wisdom of Ben Sira* Dr Charles Taylor mentioned three cases in which Codex 248 had variants peculiar to itself among Greek manuscripts but common to the long-lost Hebrew. "These few examples," he said, "will suffice to call attention to the excellence of this late cursive codex, and by implication of the versions and editions which it has most influenced." At the instance of Dr Schechter Professor Swete procured photographs of this text of Ecclesiasticus and invited the Syndics of the University Press to publish a transcript.

The work of transcription was simple enough: it was begun in July, 1900, and was soon finished. But the mechanical processes of transcription and comparison of the transcript with the apparatus of Holmes and Parsons opened up a series of problems to which traditional and accepted theories seemed to give inadequate answers. It was obvious at once that, although all the known Greek manuscripts derived from one parent, since all had become disarranged after chapter 30, the variations and still more the additions of Codex 248 on the one hand and Codex 253 on the other exceeded the powers of any mere copyist—supposing always that the great

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Preface

uncials deserved their pride of place. And these aberrations seemed to point to the disturbing influence of a second Greek translation.

In 1901 I was enabled by my election to the Allen Scholarship to devote myself to an independent investigation of the Hebrew fragments, of the Peshitta Syriac and the Syro-Hexaplar, of the Greek m'anuscripts whose readings are recorded by Holmes and Parsons, by Fritzsche, and by Swete, of the Vulgate and of the quotations which were to be found in the works of Clement of Alexandria, Origen, Chrysostom, Cyprian and other patristic authors.

The first result of this enquiry was a collation of the Syro-Hexaplar with the text of Codex Vaticanus as printed in the second volume of the Old Testament in Greek.

To the text and the collation I added in 1902 a dissertation which dealt tentatively with the drift of the evidence already taken into account. Parts of this appear now in a completely revised form in the Prolegomena described below.

In September, 1903, the Textual Commentary, which includes all the available evidence, was printed off. To the facts collected I added such explanations of variants as I was able to deduce from a study of the Septuagint in general. In revising my copy I consulted some of the books enumerated in the list of editions, and made a few alterations which are distinguished by initials.

From that time onwards I have been engaged upon a study of such problems as the date of the book, the origin and character of the second Greek version and so forth. In the Prolegomena, which now follow the

Preface

Textual Commentary, I have attempted to maintain the theses that the book was written and translated before the date commonly assigned to it, that in its fullest form the Greek version contains primitive but specifically Pharisaic teaching, and that the ancestor of the uncial manuscripts formed part of such a work as Origen's Hexapla.

To the Managers of the Hort Fund who provided the photographs of Codex 248, to the Syndics and the staff of the University Press, who undertook and accomplished respectively the publication of my book, and to Professor Swete, I offer my sincere thanks.

J. H. A. HART.

LITTLE SHELFORD, 6 May 1909.

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# LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

- ${\mathfrak C}$  the Greek text of Clement, the catechists and the cursives as distinct from the text of the four uncials.
- G the Greek text in general and in particular the text of the four uncials and of Origen.
- $\mathfrak{H}$  the Hebrew text H<sup>A</sup> etc.
- L the Latin ("Vulgate").
- If the Syriac (Peshitta) text.
- p the Syro-Hexaplar.
- 🕏 the Sahidic.
- $\aleph$  = Codex Sinaiticus.
- A = Codex Alexandrinus (H.P. III.)<sup>1</sup>.
- B = Codex Vaticanus 1209<sup>1</sup>.
- C = Cod. Ephraemi rescriptus<sup>1</sup>.
- V = 23.
- 23 = Cod. Graec. 1. of the Library of S. Mark in Venice<sup>2</sup>.
- 55<sup>1</sup> unknown.
- $68 = Cod. Venet. v.^{2}$
- 70 = Cod. Graec. 551 of the Hofbibliothek at Munich<sup>3</sup>.
- 106 =Cod. 187 of the Library of the Carmelites at Ferrara<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> Quoted from the Old Testament in Greek edited by Professor Swete.

- <sup>2</sup> Quoted from the apparatus of Holmes and Parsons.
- <sup>3</sup> Quoted from the apparatus of Fritzsche.

#### List of Abbreviations

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= Cod. Hagensis Meerman II. in the Bodleian at  $Oxford^{1}$ . 155 =Cod. B vi. 23 of the Public Library in Basle<sup>1</sup>. 157 =Cod. Vaticanus 346 248 printed from photographs of the original. =Cod. Vaticanus 336<sup>1</sup>. 253 =Cod. Vaticanus 337<sup>1</sup>. 254 296 = Cod. Vaticanus-Palatino-Heidelbergensis 337, century xiii<sup>1</sup>. =Cod. 129 of the Hofbibliothek in Munich, century xiv<sup>1</sup>. 307 3081 unknown.

<sup>1</sup> Quoted from the apparatus of Holmes and Parsons.

# AUTHORITIES

#### The Hebrew Text

Facsimiles of the Fragments hitherto recovered of The Book of Ecclesiasticus in Hebrew. Oxford and Cambridge, MDCCCCI. The Explanatory Note describes the contents as follows:

#### MS. A

(a) 8 pp. belonging to the Taylor-Schechter collection in the University Library, Cambridge, containing chapters iii,  $6^{b}$  to vii,  $29^{a}$  and xi,  $34^{b}$  to xvi,  $26^{a}$ ....

(b) 4 pp. belonging to E. N. Adler, containing chapters vii, 29 to xii, 1+, edited by him in the 'Jewish Quarterly Review' for April, 1900, pp. 466 sqq.

#### MS. B

(c) 14 pp. belonging to the Taylor-Schechter collection, containing chapters xxx, 11 to xxxi, 11; xxxii, 1<sup>b</sup> to xxxii, 3; xxxv, 11 to xxxvi, 26; xxxvii, 27 to xxxviii, 27<sup>b</sup>; xlix, 12<sup>c</sup> to the end.

(d) 4 pp. in the British Museum, containing chapters xxxi, 12 to xxxi, 31; xxxvi, 24 to xxxvii, 26, edited by G. Margoliouth in the 'Jewish Quarterly Review' for October, 1899, pp. 1 sqq.

(e) 2 pp. (the first leaf found) belonging to Mrs Lewis and Mrs Gibson, containing chapters xxxix,  $15^{\circ}$  to xl, 8, edited by Schechter in the 'Expositor' for July, 1896, pp. 1 sqq., and afterwards with (f).

(f) 18 pp. in the Bodleian Library, Oxford, containing chapters xl, 9 to xlix, 11, edited together with (e) by Cowley and Neubauer...1897.

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#### MS. C

(g) 4 pp. belonging to the Taylor-Schechter collection, containing chapters iv, 23, 30, 31; v,  $4-7^{\circ}$ , 9-13+; xxv, 8, 13, 17-24; xxvi, 1, 2<sup>a</sup>, edited by Schechter in the 'Jewish Quarterly Review' for April, 1900, pp. 456 sqq.

(k) 2 pp. in the library of the Consistoire israélite (Paris), containing chapters vi, 18<sup>b</sup>, 19, 28, 35; vii, 1, 4, 6<sup>ab</sup>, 17, 20, 21, 23—25, edited by I. Lévi in the 'Revue des Études Juives' for Janvier—Mars, 1900, pp. 1 sqq.

(i) 2 pp. belonging to M. Gaster, containing chapters xviii, 31<sup>b</sup> to xix, 3<sup>b</sup>; xx, 5-7, 13; xxxvii, 19, 22, 24, 26, edited by him in the 'Jewish Quarterly Review' for July, 1900, pp. 688 sqq.

#### MS. D

(&) 2 pp. in the library of the Consistoire israélite (Paris), containing chapters xxxvi, 29 to xxxviii,  $I^a$  edited with (&).

#### Syriac Text<sup>1</sup>

- CERIANI (A. M.). Translatio Syra Pescitto Veteris Testamenti ex Codice Ambrosiano Sec. fere VI photolithographice edita... Mediolani, MDCCCLXXVI.
- LAGARDE (P. A. DE). Libri Veteris Testamenti Apocryphi Syriace. Lipsiae et Londinii, 1861.

#### Greek Text

HOLMES (R.) and PARSONS (J.). Vetus Testamentum Graecum... Tom. v...Oxonii, MDCCCXXVII.

FRITZSCHE (O. F.). Libri Apocryphi V. T. Gr. Leipzig, 1871.SWETE (H. B.). The Old Testament in Greek. Volume II. Cambridge, 1896.

 $^1$  I collated chapters of ben Sira chosen at random with Camb. Univ. Add. 1964 but found few substantial variations.

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#### Latin Text

LAGARDE. Codex Amiatinus, in Mitteilungen I. 1884.

#### Editions

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- HERKENNE (Dr Theol. HENR.). De veteris Latinae Ecclesiastici capitibus i.—xliii. una cum notis ex eiusdem libri translationibus Aethiopica, Armeniaca, Copticis, Latina altera, Syro-Hexaplari depromptis. Leipzig, 1899.
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Der jüngst wiederaufgefundene hebräische Text des Buches Ecclesiasticus untersucht, herausgegeben, übersetzt und mit kritischen Noten versehen. Freiburg im Breisgau, 1902.

Ecclesiasticus Hebraice ... vocalibus adornatus addita versione Latina cum glossario Hebraico-Latino. Friburgi Brisgoviae, MCMV.

SCHECHTER and TAVLOR. The Wisdom of Ben Sira. Portions of the Book Ecclesiasticus from Hebrew Manuscripts in the Cairo Genizah Collection, presented to the University of Cambridge by the Editors. Cambridge, 1899.

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- SMEND. Die Weisheit des Jesus Sirach erklärt... Berlin, 1906.

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Griechisch-syrisch-hebräischer Index zur Weisheit des Jesus Sirach. Berlin, 1907.

STRACK (Prof. D. Dr HERMANN L.). Die Sprüche Jesus des Sohnes Sirachs. Der jüngst gefundene hebräische Text mit Anmerkungen und Wörterbuch... Leipzig, 1903.

### EKKAHCIACTIKOC

#### Σοφία 'Ιησοῦ υἱοῦ Σιράχ:

Ίησοῦς οὖτος Σιρὰχ μέν ἦν υίός, ἔγγονος δὲ Ἰησοῦ ὁμωνύμου αὐτῷ· οῦτος οὖν ἐν χρόνοις κάτω γέγονε μετὰ τήν αἰχμαλωσίαν καὶ ἀνάκλησιν, καὶ μετὰ τοὺς προφήτας σχεδόν απαντας· ό ουν πάππος αύτου Ίησοῦς, καθὰ καὶ αὐτὸς μαρτυριῶ, φιλόπονός τε γέγονεν άνηρ έν Έβραίοις και φρονιμώτατος, δς ού μόνον τά έτέρων των πρό αὐτοῦ συνετων ἀνδρων ἀποφθέγματα συνήγαγεν, άλλα και αυτός ίδιά τινα απεφθέγξατό, πολλής συνέσεως και σοφίας γέμοντα έπει ουν την βίβλον ταύτην ό πρώτος 'Ιησούς σχεδόν τι συνειλεγμένην καταλιπών έξ άνθρώπων ὤχετο, Σιράχ οἶτος μετ' αὐτόν πάλιν λαβών τῷ οἰκείω παιδί κατέλιπεν Ίησοῦ. δς δή αὐτής λαβόμενος, εἰς ἕν ἅπασαν ἐναρμόνιον σύνταγμα συνήγαγε, σοφίαν επί τε αύτοῦ καὶ τῷ τοῦ πατρòs άλλά μήν και τά πάππου ονόματι έκληκώς, έξ αυτοῦ τοῦ τῆς σοφίας ὀνόματος ἀγαπητῶς μαλλον ἔχειν τον ακροατήν πρός την αυτής της βίβλου μελέτην έπισπώμενος. λόγους οὖν Φρονήσεως αἰνίγματά τε καὶ παραβολὰς περιέχει, καὶ μερικάς τινας παλαιὰς θεοφιλεῖς ἱστορίας, περί τε ἀνδρῶν εὐαρεστησάντων τῷ θεῷ, καὶ εὐχὴν καὶ ὕμνον αὐτοῦ· ἔτι δὲ ὧν ό θεός εύεργεσιών ήξίωσε τόν λαόν αύτου, και ών έπλησε κακών τούς έχθρούς αὐτών. ἀπαδός τοῦ Σολόμωντος ούτος ό Ίησους γέγονεν, ούδεν ηττον εκείνου περί την σοφίαν και παιδείαν ευδοκιμήσας, πολυμαθής άληθως και ών και καλούμενος.