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978-1-108-02821-9 - A Voyage to the East Indies: Containing an Account of the Manners, Customs, &c. of the Natives, with a Geographical Description of the Country

Paolino da San Bartolomeo Edited by John Reinhold Forster

Translated by William Johnston

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GEOGRAPHICAL INDEX.

A.

- ADIRAMPUSHE**, a place on the coast of Malabar where the ginger grows. 163.
- Agra**, one of the places of residence formerly of the Great Mogul, or emperor of India. 38.
- Alangatta**, a river and city with a very large church. By the Portuguese it is called very improperly *Mangatte*. The river discharges itself into the sea near *Aycotta*, or *Tschuvocad*. 104, 137.
- Allahabad**, a considerable city at the confluence of the *Yamuna* and the *Ganges*. (See *Palibothra*.) It is in the possession of the English. 37, 39.
- Alapuzhè**, a place on the coast of Malabar, where a canal has been dug for the convenience of conveying goods on board ships lying on the sea-coast. Excellent pepper, in particular, may be procured here. 81, 120, 136.
- Allakandara**, a river in the northern part of India, on which lies *Sirinogur*, formerly called *Nischadapuri*, *Nisa*, or *Dionysopolis*. It is named also *Allaknanda*, or *Allaknandara*. 37.
- Ambàdi**. See *Modbura*. 37.
- Ambalacòtta**, a village on the coast of Malabar, where the Jesuits formerly had a convent and seminary. At present it is in a state of decline. 138.
- Ambelapuzha**, a celebrated temple dedicated to *Shiva*. 119.
- Andiputti**, a city in the interior part of the province of *Madura*, which formerly sent, and still sends, various articles of merchandise to the coast of Malabar. 56.
- Angamali**, an old city on the coast of Malabar, in which there are three Christian congregations, and where the bishop of the Christians of St. Thomas formerly resided. It was burnt and plundered by Tipoo Saib. 116, 138.
- Angenga**, a city on the coast of Malabar, in the kingdom of *Travancor*, in possession of the English. It is called also *Angintenga*.

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- tenga*. The river *Modelapofcha* discharges itself there into the sea. 103.
- Angisaimal*, a place in the neighbourhood of Cochin, on the coast of Malabar, which the river *Feirá d'Alva* flows past. 104.
- Angiutenga*. See *Angenga*. 114.
- Aragofche*, a place with a Christian church at the bottom of the Gaults, in the forests, near which are found wild elephants, buffaloes, tygers, deer, apes, and parrots. 125.
- Arampalli*, said to be the *Argyropolis* of the ancients, from which the Bay of *Manar* is called *Sinus Argaricus*. It lies at the distance of three leagues from Cape *Comari*, and as far up the country from *Covalam*. 56, 110.
- Arcate*, or *Arcati*, but properly *Arrucati*, a fortified city in the kingdom of *Carnàta*, or *Carnate*, the nabob of which is frequently called the nabob of *Arcate*, or *Arcot*. It lies on the river *Palur*. 28, 64.
- Ariancopan*, a place to the south of *Pondiaberri*, where the bishop of the Catholic Christians in that district resides, and where there is also a feminary. 25, 65.
- Arrucate*, *Arrucati*. See *Arcate*. 28, 60, 64, 89.
- Asbtamiciare*, a place belonging to the king of *Cochin*. 135.
- Artunkel*, a place on the sea-coast to the south of Cochin. 121.
- Atur* (*Attur*), a fortified place in the territories of the nabob of *Carnate*, lying on the river *Gudnam*. This river falls into the *Valaru*, which discharges itself into the sea at *Porto-Nuovo*. 28, 63.
- Atinga*, a city called also *Attançal*, which is the residence of the queen, that is to say, of the eldest sister of the king of *Travancor*, as the king's consort can never become queen. 114.
- Aur*, a place in the kingdom of *Madura*, where the Jesuits had formerly a congregation. 64.
- Aurungabad*, a city in the south-west part of the *Soubah* of the *Deccan*. Near it lies *Ellur*, or *Dauletabad*, where there is a temple, which has been described by *Thevenot*. 38.
- Ayambel*, a place in the kingdom of *Madura*, where the Jesuits had formerly a congregation. 64.
- Aybica*, a village where the river, on which merchandise is transported from the *Gaults* to *Culam* or *Collam*, discharges itself into the sea. 117.
- Aycotta*, called also *Tschuwocat*, a place in Malabar near which the river *Alangatta* falls into the sea. 104, 137.
- Ayodhya*, a very old Indian city on the river *Deva*, or *Gagra*, the residence of the first conquerors of India. *Faizabad* is situated on the spot where *Ayodhya*, or *Audh*, stood formerly. 37.

Badagare.

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B.

- Badagare*. There are two places of this name: the first lies in *Madura*, and sends merchandise to the coast of Malabar. It has a Christian church, and is situated close to the large forests at the foot of the *Gauts*, where wild elephants are found in great abundance. The second is called also *Vaypin*, and lies on the sea-coast to the north of *Cochin*. 56, 125, 137.
- Budeati*, lies eastward from *Diamper* and *Cochin*, and was formerly the residence of the court of *Travancor*. It is called also in the English maps, by *Rennel* and by *La Rochette*, *Barrate*. 123.
- Balancada*, a fortress in the kingdom of *Carnate*, which, like a great many others, is of a square form. 63.
- Baliapainam*, one of the rivers in the district of *Calicut*, on the Malabar coast, which take their rise in the *Gauts*, and form an innumerable multitude of islands. A city also near *Mount Illy*, on the above river, has the same name. 104.
- Barcale*, a village, mountain, and celebrated spring, together with a temple, to the south of *Culam* or *Collam*. 115.
- Benares*, called also *Venares* and *Kasi*, the *Cassidia* of the ancients, has a celebrated temple, a Brahmanic academy or school, and an observatory. 37.
- Bengalur*, formerly the residence of the Sultan *Hayder Ali Khan*. It is strongly fortified, and its name signifies the white land. 32.
- Bijnagari*, a city which had formerly a prince of its own, but became subject to the Great Mogul, and belonged to the district of *Sanor*. It was afterwards conquered by *Hayder Ali*. It was called also *Narajinha*. 63.
- Bombay*, an English colony in an island to the north of *Goa*. It has an excellent harbour, and is the seat of a presidency. 107, 114.
- Budhapadi*, a city in the territories of *Tippoo Sultan* in *Maissur*. On the maps it is called *Budhapari*. Its name signifies the town of *Budha*. 32.

C.

- Cabul*. See *Kabul*. 35.
- Cadaturuti*, a place on the coast of Malabar which produces abundance of ginger. 123, 163.
- Cagnarapalli*, a town celebrated for its trade with the province of *Madura*. In the neighbouring districts of the *Gauts*, mountain-snakes thirty or forty feet in length are found. 55, 118, 248.
- Calapada*, a place between *Pondichery* and *Sadras*. 71.
Calianatur,

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- Calianatur*, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. Its name signifies the town of joy. 28, 63.
- Calianapuri*, a maritime city on the coast of Malabar near Mount *Illy*. Foreign ships obtained here cargoes of the productions of the country. 56.
- Calicurici*, a fortified city in *Carnate*. 63.
- Calicut*, a maritime city on the coast of Malabar, destroyed by Tippoo Sultan. 8, 103, 140.
- Calcutta*, the capital of the province of Bengal, where the English have established the seat of their chief presidency. 39.
- Calini* (*Caliny*), a river, at the influx of which into the Ganges lies the city of *Canoaschi*, in lat. 27°. 38.
- Callare*, a city which the river *Collam* flows past. 117.
- Callupare*, a place on the coast of Malabar inhabited by Jacobite Christians. 118.
- Callurcada*, a place on the coast of Malabar, where, on account of its wet situation, a great deal of rice is cultivated. It is therefore called the storehouse of Malabar. 118, 186.
- Camanaichenpatti*, one of the places in the kingdom of *Madura* where the Jesuits formerly established considerable congregations. 65.
- Cambam*, a city in the interior part of *Madura*, which, like many other cities, sent merchandise formerly to the coast of Malabar. 56.
- Canarú*, a principality on the coast of Malabar, which, towards the south, borders on Mount *Illy*. 103.
- Canantora*, a town in the kingdom of *Travancor*. 113.
- Canannur*, a maritime city in Malabar, which exports merchandise sent thither from the interior parts. It has a fortress belonging to queen *Collatiri*, called by the Europeans *Collastri*, 56, 144.
- Canatur*, a place in the *Jagbire* of the British on the coast of Coromandel, or what the English possess in the neighbourhood of Madras. 73.
- Candanalá*, a place which belongs to the king of *Cochin*, a petty prince on the coast of Malabar. It is called also *Candanate*. 135.
- Cangimaram* (*Congimaram*), a place called in the English maps *Congimer*, lying on the sea-coast between Pondichery and Madras. 71.
- Cangipuri*, or *Congipuram*, a place in *Carnate*; called also *Cangivaron*, which signifies the city of gold. 28.
- Canialala*, a place on the coast of Malabar, not far from *Angenga*. 114.
- Canigia*, the seat of the governor of *Cochin*. 192.
- Canudi*. See *Calini*. 38.

Cariapatnam,

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- Cariapatnam*, one of the many rivers by which the coast of Malabar is intersected. 103.
- Caricatur*, a city in the interior part of *Madura*, which formerly sent merchandise to the coast of Malabar. 56.
- Carimbanàda*, a place in the kingdom of *Travancor*, which is inhabited by Pagans and Christians, and carries on a great trade in pepper and cardamoms. 117.
- Carnada* (*Carnate*), a kingdom or province on the coast of Malabar, which is under the government of a nabob. 8, 59.
- Carpunçolam*, a place between *Pondichery* and *Sadras*. 71.
- Caschemir*. See *Kaschemir*. 35.
- Cattur*, a fishing village on the coast of Malabar, near *Cochin*. 119, 121.
- Caveri*, one of the most considerable rivers on the coast of *Coromandel*, which, by a number of mouths, discharges itself into the sea, in the kingdom of *Tanjaur*. 48, 54; 231.
- Caveripac*, a fortified town in *Carnate*, 63.
- Cayancollam* (*Cayancollam*), a city on the coast of Malabar. 8.
- Celicolam*, a place in the kingdom of *Tanjaur*, called by the Europeans *Celicolon*. 30.
- Cencotta*, a city in *Madura*, which formerly sent merchandise to the coast of Malabar. 56.
- Cennotta*, a place on the river *Alangatta*, which belongs to the king of *Cochin*. 104, 135.
- Cerenga*, a place on the coast of Malabar, which the river *Modelapofcha* flows past. 103.
- Certele*, a town on the coast of Malabar, with a celebrated temple of *Bhagavadi*, the spouse of *Shiva*, 121.
- Ceruwattii*, a city in *Madura*, which formerly sent merchandise to the coast of Malabar. 56.
- Cettiyatti*, a place on the coast of Malabar with a Christian church. 129.
- Cettupeli*, a fortified place in *Carnate*, 63.
- Cettur*, a fortified place in the interior part of *Madura*. 56.
- Cettuva*, one of the numerous rivers which flow from the *Gauts* through Malabar into the sea. 104, 138.
- Ceylon*, one of the largest islands in the Indian ocean, the coasts of which were formerly in the possession of the Dutch; at present they are in the hands of the British. 57.
- Chidàcolam*, a place on the coast of Malabar, which the river *Paru* flows past. 103.
- Chonanbar* (*Chonanbar*), the name of a river called properly *Chiovanàru*, on the coast of *Coromandel*, which flows to the south of *Pondichery*. 26.
- Ciacrapuri* (*Ciacrapuram*), a city in *Carnate*, the name of which has been corrupted into *Cacrapur*. 28.

H h

Cialembon,

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- Cialembon*, *Cilamburam*, *Cillumbaram*, *Cilumbrum*, a celebrated pagoda between *Porto-nuovo* and *Desycotta*. 61.
- Ciandrapati*, a place in the kingdom of *Maißur*. 33.
- Ciangaceri*, the residence of a petty prince, who, in 1746, was defeated and taken prisoner by *Vira Martanda* the king of *Travancor*, and several other petty sovereigns. 115.
- Ciangancèri*, a village surrounded by rice fields on the coast of Malabar. 120.
- Ciangracoil*, a temple in the kingdom of *Madura*. 31.
- Ciangucotta*, a city in the province of *Marava*, on the coast of Coromandel. 45.
- Ciavacàda*, a maritime place on the coast of Malabar. 138.
- Cinnabellapuram*, a city in the kingdom of *Maißur*. 33.
- Cinnapatnam*, a small city on the coast of Coromandel, which the English, in the year 1645, obtained from king *Narfsnba*, or *Bijnagari*, and on the spot where it stood built Fort St. George at Madras. 77.
- Cidlaburam*, a city in the province of *Marava*. 45.
- Ciolanandala* (*Coromandel*), signifies the land of millet; because that grain (*Holcus sorgbum*, and *Durra*), are cultivated there in abundance. 3.
- Ciovanàru*. See *Chonenbar*. 26.
- Ciovare*, a place on the coast of Malabar, which the *Feira D'Alva* runs past. 104, 134, 135.
- Cirangam* (*Cberingam*), in the kingdom of *Tanjaur*, not far from *Trinnapali*. 29, 61.
- Cirangapatnam* (*Scringapatam*), the capital of the kingdom of *Maißur*, where Tipoo Saib resided. 32, 114.
- Cirumuttu*, a very fruitful district, which belonged to the old kingdom of *Cottara:are*, and is situated near Cape *Comari*, not far from *Collam*. 117.
- Ciuncam*, a place between *Maißur* and *Cochin*, which carries on trade with both. 125.
- Ciundrapandi*; a city in the interior part of the kingdom of *Madura*, which formerly sent merchandize to the coast of Malabar. 56.
- Cocci*, a city on the coast of Malabar, which exports merchandize obtained from the inland parts. Not far from this city there is a river of the same name. 56.
- Cochin*, a place with a citadel on the coast of Malabar, lying nearly under 10 degrees of north latitude. It belonged to the Dutch; but is now in the possession of the British. 103, 104, 121, 126, 130.
- Cochinchina*, a kingdom on the eastern side of India, beyond the Ganges, towards China. 21.
- Codamalur*, a place on the coast of Malabar, where ginger grows.

Codama:-

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- Codamangalam*, one of the Malabar cities which still carry on trade, as formerly, with Madura. 56, 220.
- Codolur* lies in the large forests of the Gauts. 220.
- Codungalur* (*Cudungalur*, *Cranganor*), a fortress on the river *Allangatte*, which was demolished, in 1790, by Lally, Tippoo Saib's general. 56, 104, 120, 136.
- Cognur*, a place not far from *Cochin*, which is washed by the river *Feira D'A'va*. 104.
- Colarru* (*Colaru*), that is the river of wine; it is commonly written *Coleroon*. It flows through the kingdom of *Tanjaur*. See *Caveri*. 48, 231.
- Collam* (*Collamedu*), a place where the merchandise of the coast of Malabar is shipped. 56, 147.
- Colanada*, the capital of the kingdom of *Cannanur*, in 11° 50' N. Lat. 144.
- Coleci*, a place not far from Cape *Comari*, or *Comorin*, with a small but safe harbour, which by Strabo is called *Colias*. 56, 103, 112.
- Colicotta*, a place not far from Cape *Comari*, which sends on board foreign ships the merchandise of the country. 56.
- Comari* (*Canyamuri*), the extreme point of India, on this side the Ganges, where the ridge of mountains called the *Gauts* ends. 3, 103, 110, 111.
- Concao*, a kingdom in the neighbourhood of Bombay, on the eastern bank of the Ganges, called properly *Concan*. 8.
- Congimaram*. See *Cangimaram*.
- Conoam*, a place in the neighbourhood of the kingdom of *Travancor*. 139.
- Corolongatta*, a town in *Travancor*, where a bishop of the Jacobites has his residence. 121, 123.
- Cottaracarc*, formerly a principality conquered by the king of *Tranquebar*. 115, 117.
- Cottaram* (*Cottate*), a place in *Travancor*, which in the time of the Greeks and the Romans was called *Cottana*, or *Cottiana*. 8, 112.
- Covalam*, called also *Coulam*, was the *Colis* or *Colias* of the ancients. 56, 57, 74, 94, 110.
- Coytetta*, a place lying east from *Cochin*, which carries on a considerable trade. 117.
- Cudungalur* (*Crangalor*, *Cranganor*), a place on the sea-coast, to the north of *Cochin*. 46.
- Cudur*, one of the places in Madura which formerly sent merchandise to Malabar. 56.
- Curiapalli*, the magazine and arsenal of the king of *Travancor*. 137.
- Curumpana*, a place on the sea-coast, nearly in the latitude of 8° North. 112.

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Dakshina,

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- Dakshina*, or *Dekam*, a kingdom situated in the southern part of Indostan. 42.
- Delly* (*Delhi*), formerly the residence of the emperor of India. 38, 42, 43.
- Dèva* (*Devi*), a river formerly called also *Gagra*. It is known likewise by the names *Vipafcha* and *Vipal*. 37, 39, 232.
- Dharàburani* (*Dharapuram*), a city in the kingdom of *Maïssur*, at the bottom of the *Gauts*, and in the district of *Coimbutur*. 32.
- Dhermapuri*, a city in *Maïssur*, called also *Dhermapura*. 32, 60.
- Divicotta* (*Divyacotta*), a castle at the mouth of the *Coleroon* or *Colaru*. 29, 48.
- Douletabad*. See *Aurungabad*. 38.

E.

- Edapalli*, a place in the kingdom of *Travancor*, called also *Rambali* and *Rapolim*. There is a temple and palace here of the king of the Brahmins. 124, 137.
- Elagnil*, a place in the *Gauts*, with a Christian church. 125.
- El-phantis* (*Elephanta*), an island near Bombay, which contains one of the oldest Indian temples. 22.
- Eloura* (*Ellur*). See *Aurungabad*. 38.
- Ellurancotta*, a city in the province of *Marava*. 45.
- Etumatur*, a celebrated temple of *Vishnu*, on the coast of *Malabar*. 121.

F.

- Faizabad*. See *Ayedhya*. 37.
- Feira D'Alva*, a stream on the coast of *Malabar*, which falls into the sea near *Cochin*. 104.

G.

- Ganga* (the *Ganges*). 39.
- Gauts*, a ridge of mountains which divides the peninsula of India from north to south. 3, 12.
- George* (St.). See *Cinnapatnam*. 77.
- Ginggi*, a fortified city in the territories of the nabob of *Carnate*, lying

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- lying on a river of the same name north-west from Pondichery. 10, 64.
- Golconda*, formerly a kingdom in India, conquered by *Sbab Geban*. 42, 60.
- Gocula*. See *Modbura*. 38.
- Goculator*, a place in the kingdom of *Maissur*. 32.
- Govalam*, called also *Covalam*, the *Colis* or *Colias* of the ancients. 28, 32.
- Gudalur*, or *Kudalor*, a place on the coast of *Coromandel*, between *Porto-nuovo* and *Pondichery*. 60.

H.

- Harani*, a fortified city in *Carnate*. 63.
- Hastinapuri*, in the Sacred *Hastinagari*, called at present *Ash-nagur*, one of the oldest cities of India, lying under the latitude of 32°. 35.
- Hima* (*Himala*), the name of a mountain where the river *Sarayouva*, which is probably the *Imaus* of the ancients, has its source. 232, 233.

I.

- Jamunà*, a river called also the *Jumna*. It has several other names; and, in all probability, is the *Jomanes* of the ancients. 231.
- Illi*, a mountain which separates the kingdom of *Canara* from *Malabar*. 103, 145.
- Illoura*. See *Elloura*. 38.
- Ipiur*, a place in the kingdom of *Madura*, where the Jesuits established formerly a Christian congregation. 64.
- Iratuge* (*Irasùshe*), a city in *Malabar*, at the bottom of the *Gauts*, which carries on trade with *Madura*. 55, 121.

K.

- Kabul*, the capital of a province on the eastern boundaries of *Persia*, near the river *Bebat* or *Sirbin*. 35.
- Karincalla*, called also *Carical*, a place which the French obtained from the king of *Tanjaur* in 1638, but which at present is in the hands of the English. 49.
- Kashemir* (*Cachemir*), a province surrounded by mountains, which was formerly subdued by the Mogul conquerors, and taken from its own princes. The capital is called also *Kashemir*. At present it is named *Sirinegur* or *Sirinagar*. 35.

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Kef,

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Kol-dimalà, a mountain in the neighbourhood of the *Gauts*. 141.
Kottaracare, the name of a very ancient small kingdom on the coast of Malabar. 117.
Krishnapuram, a town on the coast of Malabar, which carries on a great trade. 117.
Krishnavaram, a town in *Carnate*, which on the maps is called *Quichnavaron*. 28.

L.

- Labor*, a province in the north-west extremity of India, with a capital of the same name. 43.

M.

- Mahalicarè* (*Mavlicarè*), a populous city in the kingdom of *Travancor*: 118.
Màdèvipatnam, a considerable city in the kingdom of *Travancor*. 47.
Ma ra'patnam, the present seat of the British government on the eastern coast of India. 5, 12, 27, 60, 76.
Madura, an ancient kingdom, with a capital of the same name, called formerly *Methora*. 25, 31, 44, 46, 65, 103.
Magnapre, a place in the *Gauts*, where the author saw wild elephants tamed. 213.
Mabe (*Mabi*), the name of a river, and of a fortress not far from *Calicut*, in Malabar, which formerly belonged to the French, but is now in the hands of the English. 104, 143.
Mailacomba, a place in the forests at the bottom of the *Gauts*. 125.
Mailapuram (*Mailapuri*), called also *Maiiapur*, or *St. Thomas*, near Madras. 27, 60, 65, 75.
Mainàda, a town on the coast of Malabar which the river *Paru* flows past. 103.
Maissur, the name of a kingdom, with its capital, lying between the coast of *Malabar*, *Carnate*, and *Madura*. 8, 32, 64.
Malabar, called properly *Malayalam*, the land of mountains. 102.
Malanàda, *Malangàra*, other appellations for Malabar. 102.
Maleatur, a place in Malabar which the *Feira D'Alva* flows past. 104.
Malayalam (*Malayala*). See *Malabar*. 3, 102.

Mampulli

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- Mampulli*, a town on the coast of Malabar, not far from *Angenga*. 114.
- Mannacôri*, a place on the coast of Malabar. 121.
- Mannacodam*, the same. 121.
- Mannacudi*, a place on the coast of Malabar, where there are still to be seen the ruins of a palace belonging to the king of *Travancor*. 112.
- Mannapara*, a place on the coast of *Pescaria*, not far from *Tutucurim*. 31.
- Manclur*, a town in the kingdom of *Madura*. 31.
- Mangalur*, a city in *Carnate*. 28.
- Manimûla*, one of the places in *Madura* which formerly sent merchandise to the coast of Malabar. 56.
- Mantôpo* (*Mantôpu*), a town in *Madura*. 31.
- Marava*, a province on the coast of Coromandel. 44.
- Mattanceri* (*Mattincera*), not far from *Cochin*, belongs to a small kingdom of the same name. 130, 134.
- Modelacodata*, a province in the forests of the *Gauts*, where wild elephants are found. 212.
- Modelapôsha*, a river in Malabar, which flows past *Angenga*. 103.
- Modbura* (*Moturapuri*), on the river *Yaume*, the *Modura Deorum* of Pliny, called also *Moturapuri*. On the map by La Rochette and Mannert it is called *Mathra*, and on that of Renel *Matura*. It lies in the latitude of 27°, and is known by the names likewise of *Gocûla* and *Ambâdi*. 37, 54, 55.
- Mobatugè* (*Mobatushè*), one of the places in the interior part of Malabar which still continue to carry on trade with *Madura* and *Maïssur*. 55, 126.
- Molicolam*, a Christian congregation in the interior part of the *Gauts*. 201.
- Monguiri* (*Monghir*), a place in the possession of the English, on the Ganges, in the province of *Babar*. 39.
- Mont-Grand*, a fortified garden belonging to the East-India Company's government at Madras, not far from St. Thomas. 49.
- Mullaaventuruti*, one of the places which the Dutch suffered to remain in the hands of the king of *Cochin*. 135.
- Multan* (*Mollan*), one of the eastern provinces of the ancient kingdom of *Hindostan*, on both sides of the *Sind* or *Hindus*, the capital of which is called *Mulan* also. 43.
- Muttam*, one of the places on the coast of Malabar which procured the productions of the inland parts for foreign ships. 56.
- Muttiera*, a place in the kingdom of *Cochin*, where there is a church belonging to the Christians of St. Thomas. 123.

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- Nâgapatnam* (*Nagapatana*, *Nêgapatnam*), called by the Greeks *Nigamos* and *Nigama Metropolis*, a city in the kingdom of *Tanjaur*, at the mouth of an arm of the *Coleroon*; belonged formerly to the Dutch, but is now in the possession of the English. 29, 48, 49.
- Naidshadabur*. See *Allakandara*. 36.
- Narasnha*. See *Eishagari*. 60, 63.
- Naur*, *Nâvur*, and *Nagur*, a place between *Negapatnam* and *Carical*, at the mouth of an arm of the *Coleroon*. 29, 53.
- Nereram* a considerable town in the kingdom of *Cochin*, where the bishop of the Jacobites resides. 120.
- Nharakel*, a place in the kingdom of *Cochin*, with a Christian congregation. 127.
- Nhârca*, one of the places which the Dutch have left in the hands of the king of *Cochin*. On the maps it is called also *Gnârîca*. 135.
- Nishadabury*. See *Naisbadabur*. 36.

O.

- Odcaguri*, a fortified place and arsenal of the king of *Travancor*. 113.
- Oriâ* (*Oriffa*), a large province to the south-west of Bengal. 54.
- Ottocutta*, that is, the solitary city. It is situated in *Carnat*. 27.

P.

- Padmanahuram*, a castle not far from *Travancor* or *Tiruvancoda*, where the king resides and keeps his treasure. 8, 113.
- Palacolicutri*, a celebrated city and fortrefs on the river *Paniani* in the *Gaus*, called also *Policat*. 139, 175.
- Palancotta* a fortified place in *Tanjaur*. 30, 63.
- Palarru* (*Pal r*), a river which flows through *Carnate* from the *Caus*, and falls into the sea near *Sadras*. 60, 89, 97.
- Paliacata*. See *Kaliacadâ*. 60.
- Palamcotta*, a strong fortified place in the kingdom of *Madura*, near *Tiniwelly*, and on the river *Tunmerbury*. 58.
- Palipuram*, a place with a Christian congregation, not far from *Cochin*. 137.
- Pallibotbra*, a place known to the Greeks and Romans; at present

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- sent a town called *Palipatur*, at the confluence of the *Ganges* and the *Jamuna*, near *Allababad*. 37.
- Pallicaré*, a place which the Dutch left in the hands of the king of *Cochin*. 135.
- Palur*, a fortified town in *Carnate*, on the sea-coast. 63, 138.
- Pandi*, one of the names formerly given to the kingdom of *Madura*; and for this reason it was called also *Pandimandala*, from king *Pandi*, (in Pliny, *Pandion*.) 45.
- Paniani*, one of the small streams which fall down from the mountains. 104, 138.
- Paravur*, a considerable town not far from *Cochin*, which was destroyed by the troops of Tippoo Sultan. 137.
- Paru*, a river, and a place situated on it, not far from *Cochin*. 103, 115.
- Patna* (*Painam*), a celebrated city on the *Ganges*, in the province of *Bahar*. 39.
- Pattucotta*, city in *Tanjaur*. 47.
- Pegu*, a kingdom on the coast of India, beyond the *Ganges*. 57.
- Penatur*, one of the fortified places in *Carnate*. 63.
- Periaculum*, one of the places which formerly sent merchandise from *Madura* to the coast of *Malabar*. 56.
- Perimanur*, a place like *Pallicaré*. 135.
- Perimatora*, a place on the coast of *Malabar*, not far from *Aungenga*. 114.
- Perumaculum*, one of the fortified places in *Carnate*. 63.
- Perumanel*, one of the places which formerly sent merchandise from *Madura* to the coast of *Malabar*. 56.
- Perumnada*, a place to the east of *Collam*, which belonged to the very ancient kingdom of *Cottaracara*. 117.
- Pescaria*. The coast of *Pescaria* lies between *Cape Mannapper* and *Adam's Bridge*, where the pearl islands are. 103.
- Pondamala* (*Pondamalay*), a high mountain with a fortress, called by the Europeans *Mont Grand*, not far from *Mailiapur*. 27, 93.
- Ponnaru* (*Pannar*), that is, the gold river. It takes its rise in the *Gauts*, not far from *Dhermapuri* in *Moissur*, and falls into the sea near *Cudalur*. 60.
- Porca* (*Porrocadu*), one of the places which send inland merchandise to the coast of *Malabar*. 56, 81, 115, 118.
- Porotta*, a small river on the coast of *Malabar*. 104.
- Porto-nuovo*, a place in *Carnate*, at which the river *Velarru* discharges itself into the sea. 60.
- Pucotta*, a place which the Dutch left in the hands of the king of *Cochin*. 135.
- Puduceri*, called commonly *Pondicheri*, lies on the coast of *Coromandel*, and was the capital of the French possessions in India: at

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- at present it is in the hands of the English. 1, 7, 12, 18, 24, 25, 64.
- Puducurici*, a place on the coast of Malabar, not far from *Angenga*. 114.
- Pugnada*, one of the places on the coast of Malabar which still carry on trade with *Madura*. 55.
- Pugnatil*, a place where formerly, according to the account of Ptolemy, beryls were found. 118.
- Pullingunne*, a considerable town on the coast of Malabar, where there are a great many rice-fields. 120.
- Pullavalley-Bingiam*, a new harbour caused to be constructed by the king of *Travancor*. 113.
- Puntora*, a place on the coast of Malabar. 113, 120.
- Puradacudi*, one of the Christian congregations established by the Jesuits in the kingdom of *Madura*. 64.
- Puttencàra* (*Puttencèra*). See *Pallicarè*. 117, 135, 138.
- Puttenpalli*, a place lying at a great distance in the forests of the *Gauts*, where there are a great many Christian congregations. 201.
- Puttentopo*, a place on the coast of Malabar not far from *Angenga*. 114.

Q.

- Quichenavarom*. See *Krishnavaram*. 28.

R.

- Rajacilla mangalam*, a city where there are still to be seen the remains of a palace belonging to the king of *Travancor*. 112.
- Ramanàthapuram*, on the coast of *Pescaria*. 31, 45.
- Rampurà'a*, a place in the *Gauts*. 125.
- Rèvè*, a river which takes its rise in the mountain *Vindhia*. It is called also *Ravi*. 232.
- Rotafgar*, a place on the river *Son*. 39.

S.

- Sadras*, a place with a castle in the British *Jaghire*, on the coast of *Coromandel*, at the mouth of the *Palor* or *Palarru*. 60, 72, 73, 96.
- Sankya*, the name of a mountain where the *Deva* has its rise. 232.
- Saravadi*, the name of a river. 231.
- Sarayouvà*, the name of a river. See *Déva*. 39.

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- Satara*, a province on the coast of Coromandel. 42.
Saude, a place on the coast of Malabar, not far from *Cochin*.
 121.
Sharavadi, the name of a river. 231.
Shelon, a fortified place in *Carnate*. 63.
Shivagari, a place in *Madura*. 56.
Sbrinagari. See *Allakandara*. 36.
Siam, a kingdom in the peninsula beyond the Ganges. 21.
Sina, or China. 21.
Sindacalla, a place in *Madura*. 56.
Sindhu. the western great river of India, which is commonly, but improperly, called the Indus. 231.
Sirgani, a place in *Tanjaur*. 65.
Son, a river in Hindostan, which discharges itself into the Ganges.
 39.
Sultanpatnam, a place on the coast of Malabar which Tippoo Sultan caused to be spared. It is called also *Vaypur* or *Baypur*.
 139.
Suran, a place in *Tanjaur*. 65.
Sushindram, a town with a celebrated temple of the god *Kâma-deva*, on the coast of Malabar. 112.

T.

- Tacaculam*, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
Talicri, a city on the coast of Malabar, a mile north from *Make*. It belongs to the English, and is an arsenal for the coast of Malabar. 143.
Tanghi, a place on the sea-coast not far from *Cochin*. 121.
Tangut, a kingdom in the interior part of Asia, lying north-west from China, which was conquered in 1202 by Gengis Khan.
 40.
Tanjaur, the name of a kingdom with its capital lying between the two arms of the *Caveri*. 7, 12, 29, 48, 65.
Tannur, a place on the coast of Malabar, called also *Tanor*, between *Paniani* and *Calicut*. 138.
Tatagari, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
Tatta (*Tartaragur*), a city at that part of the *Sindhu* where it divides itself into several branches, called formerly *Pattalone* or *Pattala*. 35.
Tedunâta, a place in the interior part of *Madura*. 56.
Tenzacetii, a place on the coast of Malabar, not far from *Sadras*.
 72.
Terpunatre, the residence of the nominal king of *Cochin*. 134.
Tevâram, a place in *Madura*. 56.

Tevelacare,

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- Tevelacare*, a place on the coast of Malabar which exports a great deal of pepper and cardamoms. 117.
- Timeri*, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
- Tindacalla* (*Tinducalla*), in *Madura*, probably the *Tindis* of Arrian and Ptolemy. 31.
- Tindivanam*, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
- Tirucolur*, the same. 63.
- Tirumala*, the same. 63.
- Tirumaladūvajam*, that is, the temple of the god of the holy mountain. The Europeans call it *Tiremalevajen*. It lies in *Tanjaur*. 29.
- Tirumanur*, called also *Tremnanur*, lies in *Tanjaur*. 29, 47.
- Tirunamala*, corrupted into *Tirnamalet*, a place in *Carnate*. 28, 61.
- Tirunaveli* (*Tirnaveli*), a place in the interior part of *Madura*. 31, 56, 58, 65.
- Tirupati* (*Tirapali*), a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 28, 61, 63.
- Tirupalur*, a place on the coast of Coromandel, not far from *Sudras*. 73.
- Tiruvalur*, a place with a beautiful pagoda in the kingdom of *Tanjaur*. 47, 61.
- Tiruvavanangur*, a fortress on the borders of *Tanjaur*, belonging to *Marava*. 47.
- Tiruvamatur*, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
- Tiruvancāda* (*Tiruvanoor*, *Travancor*), a place on the coast of Malabar. 45, 58, 112.
- Tiruvandapuram* (*Tiruvandaram*), the summer residence of the king of *Travancor*. 113.
- Tiruvandapuram*, a place on the coast of Malabar. 8.
- Tiruvanelur*, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
- Tiruvatur*, a fortified place in the same kingdom. 63.
- Tovāla*, a fortified place in *Travancor*, on the boundaries of *Marava*. 59, 103, 111.
- Tremanour*. See *Tirumanur*. 29.
- Tricinnapalli*, a city on the *Caveri*. 47.
- Tricūr*, a town and district on the Malabar coast, where the *Brabmans* have a celebrated seminary. 138.
- Tricoūr*, that is, the town of the three ponds, in *Tanjaur*. 30, 60.
- Trividi*, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
- Tjheendranagar* or *Schandranager*, lying to the north of *Calcutta* in *Bengal*; belonged formerly to the French, but at present is in the hands of the English. 39.
- Tumbanur*, a place on the coast of Malabar, which exports a great deal of pepper and cardamoms. 117.
- Tumbōli*, a fishing village on the coast of Malabar, inhabited by Catholic Christians. 119, 121.

Tunquin,

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Turangaburam. (*Torangapuri*, also *Tranquebar*), the water-city, or horse-city; the factory of the Danes on the coast of Coromandel, and the chief place of the Danish missions. 29, 48, 65.
Tutucuri (*Tütucudi*), a place on the coast of *Pescaria*. 31.
Tuwàrencurici, a place in the kingdom of *Madura*. 56.
Tuyam, a place washed by a river which flows into the sea on the coast of Malabar near *Cybika*. 117.

U.

- Udiampér* (*Diampér*), a place where the celebrated synod was held in the year 1599 against the Indian Nestorians. 123.
Utamalür, corrupted into *Utmalar*, a place in *Carnate*. 28.
Utampälcam, a place in *Madura*. 31, 56.
Utamatür, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.

V.

- Vadäkencolam*, a city in *Pescaria*. 31.
Vaikam (*Vaikatta*), a place and district belonging to the Brahmans near *Cochin*, with a seminary and a celebrated temple. 122.
Vairavadi (*Vetravadi*), one of the largest rivers in India. 231.
Valavaley, the name of a river and place on the coast of Malabar, not far from Cape Comari. 103, 112.
Valdur, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
Valiacada (*Paliacate*), a place lying on the sea-coast to the north of Madras. 60.
Valiapatnam, a place on the coast of Malabar. 144.
Valiotorä, a town on the coast of *Travancor*. 113.
Vallam, a considerable city in *Tanjaur*, called also *Vellum*. 47.
Vandavagi, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate*. 63.
Varugüpatti, a place in *Tanjaur*. 65.
Vayparra, that is, the three great rocks, a town near these rocks in *Pescaria*. 31.
Vaypi, a small island formed on the north side of *Cochin* in 1341 by an eruption of the sea. 126, 127.
Vaypur (*Baypur*). See *Sultanpatnam*. 104, 118, 138.
Velarru, a river in *Carnate*, which falls into the sea near *Portonuroo*. 59.
Veli. See *Canintora*. 113.
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- Venares.* See *Benares.* 37.
Vencattigüiri (*Vencattigbiri*), a place in *Carnate*, where the Jesuits formerly had a residence. 28, 64.
Vepur, an insignificant place not far from *Sadrac.* 72.
Verapole (*Verapoli*), a town with a monastery on the coast of *Malabar.* 15, 128, 137.
Vettiaccotta, an inland fortress in the kingdom of *Travancor.* 138.
Veyarru, a large river which flows through the kingdom of *Madura* and *Marava.* 44, 54.
Vicravandi, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate.* 63.
Villamur, a fortified place in the kingdom of *Carnate.* 63.
Villanur (*Villenur*), in *Carnate.* 28.
Vindhia (*Vindhya*), a mountain in which the river *Rèva* has its source. 232, 234.
Virapatnam, a town not far from *Pondicheri.* 18.
Visapur (*Visapur*, *Bejjapur*), formerly a kingdom which, together with *Vilur* and *Golconda*, was conquered by *Aureng-Zeb* in 1686. 42.

Y.

- Yamuna*, a river which takes its rise in *Sirinagur*, and falls into the *Ganges* near *Allahabad.* It is called also the *Jumna* and *Dschunna.* 37.
Yindacalla, a place in *Madura.* 64.

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