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The Works of Thomas Carlyle

VOLUME 6:
OLIVER CROMWELL'S
LETTERS AND SPEECHES I

EDITED BY HENRY DUFF TRAILL





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CENTENARY EDITION

THE WORKS OF THOMAS CARLYLE

IN THIRTY VOLUMES

VOL. VI

CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES

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CAMBRIDGE

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your most humble sexual MASS (TOMNELL)

June 14! 1645.

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THOMAS CARLYLE

OLIVER CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES WITH ELUCIDATIONS

IN FOUR VOLUMES
VOLUME I

LONDON
CHAPMAN AND HALL
LIMITED
1897



Originally published 1845



PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION

THE First Edition of this Work ¹ having, contrary to expectation, spread itself abroad with some degree of impetus, has, as in that case was partly natural, brought me into correspondence with various possessors and collectors of Cromwell Letters; has brought obliging contributions, and indications true and fallacious, from far sources and from near; and, on the whole, has disinterred from their widespread slumber a variety of Letters not before known to me, or not before remembered by me. With which new Letters it became a rather complex question what was now to be done.

They were not, in general, of much, or almost of any intrinsic importance; might here and there have saved some ugly labour and research, had they been known in time; but did not now, as it turned out, tend to modify, in any essential particular, what had already been set down, and sent forth to the world as a kind of continuous connected Book. is true, all clearly authentic Letters of Cromwell, never so unimportant, do claim to be preserved; and in this Book, by the title of it, are naturally to be looked for. But, on the other hand, how introduce them now? To unhoop your cask again, and try to insert new staves, when the old staves, better or worse, do already hang together, is what no cooper will recommend! Not to say, that your Set of Cromwell Letters can never, in this Second or in any other Edition, be considered as complete: an uncounted handful of needles to be picked from an unmeasured continent of hay,-how can you ever assure yourself that you have them all?

After deliberation, the law of the case seemed to be somewhat as follows: First, that whatever Letters would easily fit

1 December 1845.



vi PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION

themselves into the Book as it stood,—easily, or even with labour if that were all,-should be duly admitted. Secondly, that for such Letters as tended to bring into better relief any feature of the Man or his Work,-much more, had they tended to correct or alter in any respect any feature I had assigned to him or to it: that for these an effort should be made, if needful; even a considerable effort; effort, in fact, to be limited only by this consideration, Not to damage by it to a still greater degree the already extant, and so by one's effort accomplish only loss. Thirdly, that for such Cromwell Letters as did not fall under either of these descriptions, but were nevertheless clearly of his composition, there should be an Appendix provided. In which, without pretension to commentary, and not needing to be read along with the Text. but only apart from it if at all, they might at least stand correctly printed: -they, and certain other Pieces of more doubtful claim; for most part Letters too, but of half, or in some cases of wholly, official character;—if by chance they were elucidative, brief, and not easily attainable elsewhere. Into which Appendix also, as into a loose back-room or lumberroom, not bound to be organic or habitable, bound only to be maintained in a reasonably swept condition, any still new Letters of Cromwell might without ceremony be disposed.

Upon these principles this Second Edition has been produced. New Letters intercalated into the Text, and Letters lying in loose rank in the Appendix, all that I had, or could hear of or get any trace of hitherto, are here given. For purchasers of the First Edition, the new matter has been detached, printed as a Supplement, which the Bookseller undertakes to sell at prime cost.—And now, having twice escaped alive from these detestable Dust-Abysses, let me beg to be allowed to consider this my small act of Homage to the Memory of a Hero as finished;—this Second Edition of Oliver's Letters and Speeches as the final one. New Letters, should such still turn up, I will not, except they contradict some statement, or fibre of a statement, in the Text, under-



PREFACE TO THE THIRD EDITION vii take to introduce there; but deposit them without ceremony in the loose lumber-room, in a more or less swept condition.

T. CARLYLE.

London, 11th May 1846.

TO THE THIRD EDITION

THE small leakage of new Cromwell matter that has oozed in upon me from the whole world, since the date of that Second Edition, has been disposed of according to the principles there laid down. Some small half-dozen of Authentic new Letters, pleasantly enough testifying (once they were cleared into legibility) how every new fact fits into perfect preëstablished correspondence with all old facts, but not otherwise either pleasant or important, have come to me; one or two of these, claiming more favour, or offering more facility, have been inserted into the Text; the rest, as was my bargain in regard to all of them, have been sent to the Appendix. In Text or Appendix there they stand, duly in their places; they, and what other smallest of authentic glimmerings of additional light (few in number, infinitesimally small in moment) came to me from any quarter: all new acquisitions have been punctually inserted; generally indicated as new, where they occur; too insignificant for enumerating here, or indeed almost for indicating at all.

On the whole, I have to say that the new Contributions to this Third Edition are altogether slight and insignificant, properly of no real moment whatever. Nay, on looking back, it may be said that the new Contributions to any Edition have been slight; that, for learning intelligibly what the Life of Cromwell was, the First Edition is still perhaps as recommendable a Book as either of its followers. Exposed, since that, to the influx of new Cromwell matter from all the world, one finds it worth observing how little of the smallest real importance has come in; what of effort has had to expend itself not in



viii PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION

improving the Book as a practical Representation of Cromwell's Existence in this world, but in hindering it from being injured as such,—from being swollen out of shape by superfluous details, defaced with dilettante antiquarianisms, nugatory tagrags; and, in short, turned away from its real uses, instead of furthered towards them. An ungrateful kind of effort, and growing ever more so, the longer it lasts;—but one to which the Biographer of Cromwell by this method has to submit, as to a clear law of nature, with what cheerfulness he can.

Certain Dictionary Lists, not immediately connected with Oliver, but useful for students of this Historical Period, a List of the Long Parliament, and Lists of the Association Committees; farther a certain Contribution called The Squire Papers, which is for the present, and must for a long time remain, of doubtful authenticity to the world: these I have subjoined to the Second¹ Volume, which offered space for such a purpose; but have been careful, in Text, Appendix, Index, to make no reference to them, to maintain a perfect separation between all parts of the Book and them, and to signify that these are not even an Appendix, or thing hooked-on, but rather a mere Adjacency, or thing in some kind of contact,—kind of contact which can at any moment be completely dissolved, by the very Bookbinder if he so please.

And in general, for the reader's sake, let me again say plainly that all these Appendixes and Adjuncts are insignificant; that the Life of Cromwell lies in the Text; and that a serious reader, if he take advice of mine, will not readily stir from that on any call of the Appendixes etc., which can only be a call towards things unessential, intrinsically superfluous, if extrinsically necessary here, and worthy only of a later and more cursory attention, if of any whatever, from him.

T. C.

London, 16th October 1849.

¹ The Lists will be given at the end of the Third Volume in the present Edition; the Squire Papers are adjoined to the Second Volume.



CONTENTS OF VOLUME I

Editor's Introduction	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	xix
INT	RO	DU	СТІ	ON	ĺ			
chap. I. Anti-Dryasdust .			•					1
II. OF THE BIOGRAPHIES	or (Liver						12
III. OF THE CROMWELL I	Kindr	ED						19
IV. Events in Oliver's	Вюся	RAPHY						84
V. OF OLIVER'S LETTER	S AND	SPEE	CHES			,	•	75
	PΑ	RT	I					
TO THE BEGINNING	3 OF 7	гне сі	VIL V	VAR.	16	36-49	2	
LETTER I. To Mr. Stor Lectur		t. Ives a Hunti	-		1635-	6.	•	85
" II. To Mrs. St.		: Ely,		Oct. 1	638	•	•	94
Two Years								104
LETTER III. To Mr. Will	•	m : Lo ots Dem		n, Fe	b. 164	1 0-1	•	107
In the Long Parliamen	r.			•	•	•		110
	PΑ	RТ	H					
TO THE END OF T	HE FI	RST CI	VIL V	VAR.	16	42-40	6	
Preliminary								115
LETTER IV. To R. Barr	nard,	Esq. :	Hu	nting	don,	23 J	an.	
1642-3					•			129
4	A Domi	iciliary	Visit.			£)	S	

PAGE



x C	ROM	WI	ELL'S	LET	TE	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{S}$	ANI	SP	EEC	HI	ES
Cambr	IDGE .							•			130
Сом. (Cant.	(°C	ambridg Con	geshire stribution				•	•	•	132
LETTE	R V.	To	Suffolk	Comn	nittee	: Ca	ambrio	lge, 1	0 Ma	rch	
			1642- Capta	3 . in Nelso	on: Mo	oney v		•	•		133
Lowes	TOFF .					•					135
Lettei	R VI.	To	the Ma	ayor of	f Cole	chest	ter: (Cambr	idge,	23	
				rch 16			•				140
		Ca	ptain Do	dsworth	: Mone	ey an	d more	Men.			
,,	VII.	To	Sir J.	Burgo	yne:	Hu	nting	don, 1	10 A _]	pril	
			1643				•		•		142
				sist agair							
,,	VIII.	То	R. Bar	nard, l	Esq. :	Hu	nting	don, 1	17 A	pril	
			1643		•		•	•	•	•	143
		_		Barnard	-						
"	IX.	То	Lincoln	Comr	nittee	e: L	incolr	shire,	, 3 M	lay	146
			1643								
	**			endezvoi				_			
"	X.	Unk	nown : S	Grant kirmish	•		•	643	•	•	148
,,	XI.	To t	the May	yor of	Colch	ıeste	r: Li	ncolns	shire,	28	
			Ma	y 1643 Wants			•	•	٠		150
,,	XII.	To	Cambri	dge C	ommi	ssior	iers:	Hun	tingd	on,	153
			31 Jul	у 1643	;						
				ction at							
,,	XIII.	Unk	nown : Help f	Hunti rom You	_		-	1643	•	•	158
"	XIV.	To	Cambr	idge (Comm	issio	ners :	Hun	tingd	on,	
			6 Lin c oln le	Aug.		vous i	nstantl	, y.	•		159



	CONTENTS	xi
LETTER	XV. To the same: Peterborough, 8 Aug. 1643. Urgent for Men and Money.	PAGE 161
"	XVI To Suffolk Committee: Cambridge, Sept. 1643	166
,,	XVII. To O. St. John, Esq.: Eastern Association, I1 Sept. 1643	167
"	XVIII. To Suffolk Committee: Holland, Lincoln-	
	shire, 28 Sept. 1643	170
Winceb	у Гібнт	174
LETTER	XIX. To Rev. Mr. Hitch: Ely, 10 Jan. 1643-4 . Ely Cathedral.	179
22	XX. To Major-General Crawford: Cambridge, 10 March 1643-4	180
,,	XXI. To Col. Walton: York, 5 July 1644 Marston Moor.	186
n	XXII. To Ely Committee: Lincoln, 1 September 1644	190
,,	XXIII. To Col. Walton: Sleaford, 6 or 5 September 1644	192
THREE]	FRAGMENTS OF SPEECHES. Self-denying Ordinance.	193
LETTER	XXIV. To Sir T. Fairfax: Salisbury, 9 April 1645 Proceedings in the West: Goring, Greenvil, Rupert.	199
,,	XXV. To Committee of Both Kingdoms: Bletch ington, 25 April 1645	2 02



xii C	ROMW	ELI	ĽS	LET	TE.	\mathbf{RS}	AND	\mathbf{SI}	PEE	CHI	ES
LETTER	XXVI.	То	Go	vernor	R.	Bu	rgess:	Far	ringd	on,	PAGE
				il 164							205
							son ;—(A				ı
				y before						•	
,,	XXVII.	То	the	same:	same	e da	te				205
				Same	subjec	et.					
,,	XXVIII.	To	Sir	T. Fa	irfax	: F	Iunting	don	, 4 Ju	ıne	
,,		164									206
				Affair	s at E	ly.					
Ву Ехн	RESS	•					•				208
LETTER	XXIX.	То	Ho	n. W.	Len	thal	l: Har	boro	ough,	14	
		Ju	ne 1	645						•	210
				Battle o	of Nas	eby.					
,,	XXX.	То	Sir	T. Fa	irfax	: S	haftesb	ury,	4 A	ug.	
		164	4 5				•				217
				The C	lubme	n.					
,,	XXXI.	То	Ho	n. W.	Len	thall	l : Brist	tol,	14 Se	pt.	
		164	45				•		•		222
				Storm	of Bris	tol.					
,,	XXXII.	То	Sir	T. F	airfa	κ: Ί	Winche	ster	, 6 C	et.	
		164	45	•	•	•			•	•	230
			T	aking of	Winc	heste	er.				
,,	XXXIII.	То	Ho	n. W.	Len	thal	l: Bas	ings	toke,	14	
		Oc	t. 10						•	•	231
				asing Ho							
"	XXXIV.			T. F	airfax	:: \	Wallop,	16	Octo	ber	
		16					•		•	•	238
	******	m		arching							
"	XXXV			n. W.	Lent	hall	: Salisb	ury,	17 C	ct.	
		16			•	•		•	•	•	239
		1	surre	nder of	Langfo	ord E	Iouse.				



CONTENTS xiii PART III BETWEEN THE TWO CIVIL WARS. 1646-48 PAGE LETTER XXXVI. To T. Knyvett, Esq.: London, 27 July 1646 . 245 Parishioners of Hapton. XXXVII. To Sir T. Fairfax: London, 31 July 1646 247 Adjutant Fleming. XXXVIII. To the same: London, 10 Aug. 1646 248 ,, News: Commissioners to the King and Scotch Army have returned. XXXIX. To J. Rushworth, Esq.: London, 26 Aug. ,, 1646 . 251 On behalf of Major Henry Lilburn. XL. To Sir T. Fairfax: London, 6 Oct. 1646. 252 ,, Staffordshire Committee-men. XLI. To Mrs. Ireton: London, 25 Oct. 1646. 253 ,, Fatherly Advice. XLII. To Sir T. Fairfax: London, 21 Dec. 1646 255 News, by Skippon: Agreement with the Scots concluded; City disaffected to Army. XLIII. To the same: London, 11 March 1646-7. 260 Army matters; City still more disaffected. XLIV. To the same: London, 19 March 1646-7. 261 ,, Encloses an Order to the Army, Not to come within Twenty-five miles of London. ARMY MANIFESTO 263 XLV. To Archbishop of York: Putney, 1 Sept. LETTER 1647 282 Williams in Conway Castle. XLVI. To Col. Jones: Putney, 14 Sept. 1647 284 ,,

Congratulates on the Victory at Dungan Hill.



xiv CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES

Letter	XLVII.	To Sir T. Fairfax: Putney, 13 Oct. 164 Captain Middleton, Court-Martial.	!7	286
"	XLVIII.	To the same: Putney, 22 Oct. 1647. Col. Overton for Hull Garrison.	•	288
,,	XLIX.	To Hon. W. Lenthall: Hampton C 11 Nov. 1647 King's Escape from Hampton Court.	ourt,	290
"	L.	To Col. Whalley: Putney, Nov. 1647 The Same.	•	292
,.	LI.	To Dr. T. Hill: Windsor, 23 Dec. 1647 Interceding for a Young Gentleman.	7.	294
,,	LII.	To Col. Hammond: London, 3 January 1647-8	ıary	295
,,,	LIII.	To Colonel Norton: London, 25 l 1647-8 On Richard Cromwell's Marriage.	Feb.	299
,,	LIV.	To Sir T. Fairfax: London, 7 Ma 1647-8	arch	302
Free O	FFER		•	303
Letter	LV.	To Col Norton: Farnham, 28 March 16 Richard Cromwell's Marriage.	348	304
"	LVI.	To the same: London, 3 April 1648 The same.	•	306
"		To Col. Hammond: London, 6 April 1ste-of-Wight Business; King intends Escape.	648	309
,,		To Col. Kenrick: London, 18 April 16. Recommends the Bearer for Employment.	48	311
Prayer	-MEETING.			312



CONTENTS	xv
PART IV	
SECOND CIVIL WAR. 1648	
LETTER LIX. To Hon. W. Lenthall: Pembroke, 14 June 1648	321
,, LX. To Major Saunders: Pembroke, 17 June 1648	323
,, LXI. To Lord (late Sir Thomas) Fairfax: Pembroke, 28 June 1648 Siege of Pembroke.	325
,, LXII. To Hon. W. Lenthall: Pembroke, 11 July 1648	331
PRESTON BATTLE	333
LETTER LXIII. To Lancashire Committee: Preston, 17 Aug. 1648 Battle of Preston.	336
,, LXIV. To Hon. W. Lenthall: Warrington, 20 Aug. 1648	338
,, LXV. To York Committee: Warrington, 20 Aug. 1648 To pursue the Scots.	353
,, LXVI. To the same: Wigan, 23 Aug. 1648 The Same.	354
,, LXVII. To O. St. John, Esq.: Knaresborough, 1 Sept. 1648	357
vol. i.	



xvi CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES PAGE LETTER LXVIII. To Lord Wharton: Knaresborough, 2 359 Sept. 1648. Religious Reflections; Congratulations on public events and private. 363 DECLARATION LXIX. To Lord Fairfax: Alnwick, 11 September LETTER 1648 . 364 Col. Cowell's Widow. LXX. To the Governor of Berwick: Alnwick, ,, 15 Sept. 1648 . . 366 Summons. LXXI. To Marquis Argyle, and the Well-affected ,, Lords now in arms in Scotland: near Berwick, 16 Sept. 1648 367 Announces Messengers coming to them. LXXII. To Scots Committee of Estates: near Berwick, 16 Sept. 1648 368His Reasons for entering Scotland. LXXIII. To Earl Loudon: Cheswick, 18 Sept. 1648 371 Intentions and Proceedings as to Scotland. PROCLAMATION 375 LETTER LXXIV. To Scots Committee of Estates: Norham, 21 Sept. 1648 375 In excuse for some disorder by the Durham horse in Scotland. LXXV. To Hon. W. Lenthall: Berwick, 2 Oct. ,, 1648 . 378 Surrender of Berwick and Carlisle. LXXVI. To Lord Fairfax: Berwick, 2 Oct. 1648 381 To have Sir Arthur Haselrig take care of Berwick.



		CONTENTS	xvii
LETTER	LXXVII.	To Scots Committee of Estates: Edinburgh, 5 Oct. 1648	PAGE
,,	LXXVIII.	To Hon. W. Lenthall: Dalhousie, 8 Oct. 1648 Colonel R. Montgomery: For Two-thousand of the Preston Captives.	386
2,	LXXIX.	To the same: Dalhousie, 9 Oct. 1643 Account of his Proceedings in Scotland.	387
,,	LXXX.	To Governor Morris: Pontefract, 9 Nov. 1648	391
9;	LXXXI.	To Derby-House Committee: Knotting- ley, near Pontefract, 15 Nov. 1648 What will be necessary for the Siege of Pontefract.	391
,,	LXXXII.	To Jenner and Ashe: Knottingley, 20 Nov. 1648	394
,,	LXXXIII.	To Lord Fairfax: Knottingley, 20 Nov. 1648	398
))	LXXXIV.	To T. St. Nicholas, Esq.: Knottingley, 25 Nov. 1648	400
,,	LXXXV.	To Col. Hammond: Knottingley, 25 Nov. 1648 Exhortation and Advice concerning the Business of	401
"	LXXXVI.	the King. To Master and Fellows of Trinity Hall. Cambridge: London, 18 Dec. 1648 Dorislaus: For a Room in Doctors Commons.	410
DEATH-V	WARRANT		411



xviii CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES

LIST OF PLATES

OLIVER CROMWELL	•	•	•	•	•	frontispiece			
CHARLES I			•	٠		at page 8	35		
PRINCE RUPERT .						. ,, 17	7		



EDITOR'S INTRODUCTION

The present, like an earlier, volume of the series has a history of some, though of a slighter, interest connected with the name of Mr. John Stuart Mill. In the year 1840, Carlyle had, at the suggestion of Mill, then editor of the Westminster Review, undertaken to contribute to that periodical an article on Oliver Cromwell. While this article was being written, ill-health compelled the editor to go abroad, and his temporary successor, who, probably through some misunderstanding or oversight on Mill's part, had been left uninformed of the engagement, decided to deal with the subject himself, and wrote in that sense to Carlyle. It was undoubtedly a somewhat provoking incident, and Carlyle was not unnaturally annoyed by it; but he was, fortunately, too much attracted by his subject to abandon it, and, instead of throwing aside his uncompleted essay, resolved to expand it into a history of the Civil War.

As, however, was not unusual with him, and, as became still more his habit in later life, the hot fit of enthusiasm for a newly conceived project was succeeded by the cold fit of regret for his decision, and of disenchantment with his task. Even after he had determined, warned by the discovery of its true dimensions, to reduce the scope of the work, and to make it mainly a biography of Cromwell, embodying a narrative of the principal events of the Civil War and the Commonwealth, we still find him lamenting, always with his customary touch of exaggeration, the difficulties and labours of the undertaking. 'My progress with Cromwell, he writes, 'is frightful.' 'A thousand times I regretted that this task was ever taken up.' Again, he describes it as 'the most

xix



XX CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES

impossible book of all I ever before tried,'—an unconscious 'Grecism' which numbers the book among its own predecessors, but which has the august countenance of Milton, in the well-known passage wherein he includes Adam among 'his sons since born,' and calls Eve the 'fairest of her daughters.' Even in looking back upon the completed work, Carlyle could find no less despairing terms in which to speak of it than these: 'Cromwell I must have written in 1844, but for four years previous it had been a continual toil and misery to me; four years of abstruse toil, obscure speculation, futile wrestling and misery, I used to count it had cost me.'

Happily for himself and for the world, we can trace much other and far more fruitful employment of the period of preparation than he here acknowledges. In 1842, he visited the field of Naseby, in company with Dr. Arnold, and in the following year, he inspected the scene of the 'crowning mercy' at Worcester, and also that of the decisive victory of Dunbar, on the very anniversary of the fight: journeys which, in their inspiring effect upon his wonderfully vivid descriptions of those memorable battles, count for a good deal more in the success of the *Cromwell* than all the 'abstruse toil, obscure speculation and futile wrestlings' of which he speaks.

In the course, however, of his four years of preparatory labour, his plan, as we all know, underwent a still further modification. Commenced as a History, and transformed into a Biography, it was now to become virtually an Autobiography with copious editorial annotations. Having originally proposed to compose a narrative of the Civil War, and next to write in place thereof a Life of Oliver Cromwell, Carlyle's final idea was to let his hero relate the story of his own career, in the words of his own written and spoken deliverances, as explained, illustrated and amplified by their Editor. And so at last the book took the definitive form of its description on the title-page as Oliver Cromwell's Letters and Speeches: with Elucidations.



EDITOR'S INTRODUCTION xxi

Assuredly that description is not, on the first blush of the matter, a very promising one. To this day, indeed, it must remain more or less of a marvel, and much more than less of a testimony to Carlyle's remarkable gifts, that he succeeded in producing a masterpiece from such forbidding materials. A priori, one would have said that whatever merits such a book might possess, they could not possibly be those of a continuous and coherent narrative; whereas nothing is more noticeable about the Cromwell than the unity of the impression which it produces on the reader, and the completeness with which the fire of its author's genius has fused it into an artistic whole. Of his battle-pieces, with their intense reality and dramatic vigour of narrative, mention has already been made; but these might well have been and probably would have been in most other hands mere 'purple patches' on a fabric of the dullest and plainest hodden-grey. But the inexhaustible animation which he has contrived to infuse into a story, the main thread of which is carried on through a series of what, with all respect to Carlyle's hero, are some of the most undistinguished and ineffective letters ever written, it is this that makes the work a living thing. The mere editing of the letters, the emendations, 'elucidations' and explanatory scholia are full of critical ingenuity and insight; and it will be superfluous information to any one who has studied the text without their assistance, to remark that few letter-writers have ever demanded more of these qualities from an Editor than Oliver Cromwell.

From the historical point of view, the work displays much the same merits and the same defects as the French Revolution. Carlyle approaches both the English and the French revolutionary movement from the same standpoint of preconception; as indeed he frankly confesses in his Introduction. 'To see God's own law then universally acknowledged for complete as it stood in the holy Written Book, made good in this world.' This, according to Carlyle, is the whole, sole, and sufficient cause, beginning, and end of the Puritan-Democratic uprising; and he dismisses all political



xxii CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES

and constitutional questions, all disputes between Royal prerogative and popular liberties, as mere irrelevances. To uphold the law of God was 'the general spirit of England in the seventeenth century,' as 'in other somewhat disfigured form' (somewhat disfigured indeed!) 'we have seen the same immortal hope take practical shape in the French Revolution, and once more astonish A man who will set about to explain the whole of the world.' the events between 1635 and 1659, on this theory and this alone, will, in Carlyle's own language, 'go far.' Much, too, is demanded from one who essays to pose Cromwell as a single-minded soldier in the warfare of truth against quackery and sham. mentally sincere,' that great man may well have been and was: but to deny that, like hundreds of other men of his age and faith, he habitually abode in a spiritual region in which the dividing line between the genuine and the spurious forms of religious emotion was continually getting obscured, and words which were at one moment the outpourings of a devout soul, sank at another moment into the merest cant of the conventicle—to deny this, is surely not only to shut the eyes to certain obvious features in Cromwell's career, but to leave many of his otherwise easily explicable utterances unexplained. Carlyle applies his own theory to these with courage: but as regards the more unctuously and offensively pietistic among them, not without effort; nor is the result success-Fortunately, however, it is pre-eminently as a man of action that Cromwell lives for his countrymen of all political schools and religious sects; and since the time has now come when they can agree to differ as to his motives, Carlyle's too heroic theory of him need not, and does not, any longer irritate even those who are least in sympathy with it. They willingly acquiesce in Carlyle's canonisation of the Lord Protector; for they feel that he has earned a right to his saint, by drawing them so masterly a portrait of the man.

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