

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

INDEX  
TO THE  
HISTORY OF ROME

BY  
THEODOR MOMMSEN



LONDON  
RICHARD BENTLEY AND SON  
NEW BURLINGTON STREET  
Publishers in Ordinary to Her Majesty  
1875

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

## ABB

**A** BBREVIATIONS, Roman, i. 224  
 Abdera, iii. 305  
 Abella, iii. 320  
 Abgarus, Arab prince, iv. 140. Joins the Parthians against Crassus, iv. 330  
 Aborigines, i. 480  
 Abrupolis, ii. 291, 293  
 Abydus, ii. 223, 231, 232, 235, 266  
 Academy, the Newer, iii. 427  
 Acarnania, and the Acarnanians, ii. 72, 73, 152, 153, 215, 220, 232, 235, 241, 243, 245, 248, 263, 309  
 Accius, L., tragic poet, iii. 449, 471  
 Acco, beheaded by the Romans, iv. 266  
 Accusers, professional, iii. 353  
 Acerrae, ii. 142  
 Achaeans, i. 141-143; ii. 72, 73, 153, 221, 222, 235, 236, 240, 241, 242, 245, 248, 249, 251, 260, 262, 277, 278, 279, 281, 291, 294, 310; iii. 20, 42, 44, 49, 89  
 Achaean colonies in Italy and Sicily, i. 138, 139. Their distinctive character, 141, 142. League of the cities, 141. Coins, 142. Alphabet, 141, 144. Decay, 143  
 — League, ii. 72, 221, 235, 248, 249, 250, 259, 280; iii. 20. War against it, iii. 45-48. Dissolved, iii. 49  
 Achaens, ii. 253  
 Achaia, province of, iii. 48  
 Achilles, general of Ptolemy Dionysus, iv. 424, 427  
 Achilles, i. 396  
 Achradina, ii. 148, 149  
 Acilius Glabrio, M'. [consul, 563], ii. 263, 348. Attempts to rectify the calendar, ii. 467  
 — — [consul, 687] in Armenian war, iv. 72, 102, 108

## AEM

*Acta diurna*, iv. 15 n., 606  
*Actus*, i. 215  
*Adcensi velati*, i. 97  
 Adherbal, iii. 146 *et seq.*  
 Adoption, i. 60  
 Adriatic Sea, origin of the name, i. 333  
 Adrogatio, i. 83  
*Adsidui*, i. 95  
*Adsignatio viritana*, i. 195 n.  
 Aduatuca, iv. 266  
 Aduatuci, origin of, iii. 190. In Gallic war, iv. 233, 249, 250  
 Aeacus, i. 396  
*Aedacula*, i. 183  
*Aediles curules*, their institution, i. 306. Original functions: market-supervision and police, and celebration of the city-festival, i. 306, 472. Plebeians eligible, i. 306. Police duties in Rome, i. 460. Jurisdiction, i. 418  
 — *plebis*, founded on model of the quaestors, i. 284 n. Original functions: charge of the archives, i. 280, 284 n.; and support of the tribunes in their judicial functions, 281, 292  
 — in the Municipia, founded on the model of the curule aedileship in Rome, i. 360  
 — *Ceriales*, iv. 481, 503  
 Aegates Insulae, battle at the, ii. 55  
 Aegina, ii. 154, 220, 232, 237, 248  
 Aelius Paetus, Sextus [consul, 556], his legal treatise ('Tripartita'), ii. 468  
 — Praeconinus Stilo, L., of Lanuvium, teacher of Roman literature, iii. 442, 472  
 Aemilii, clan-village, i. 38. Their descent, i. 481  
 Aemilius Lepidus Livianus, Mamercus [consul, 677], iv. 8

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

622

## INDEX.

## AEM

- Aemilius Lepidus Livianus, Mamercus [consul, 567], ii. 231, 232  
 — — [consul, 676], his party-position, iv. 17. Governor of Sicily, iv. 17. Preparations for civil war, iv. 22. Insurrection, iv. 23. Defeat and death, iv. 25, 26  
 — — —, Caesar's city-prefect, iv. 382  
 — — Porcina, M. [consul, 617], defeated by the Vaccaeii, iii. 16, Orator, iii. 442  
 — Macer, poet, iv. 589  
 Aemilius Papus, L. [consul, 529], ii. 79, 80  
 — Paullus, L. [consul, 538], ii. 76, 128, 131  
 — — — [consul, 572, 586], ii. 211. Opposed to Perseus, ii. 300, 301. His incorruptibility, ii. 337. His demeanour to the provincials, ii. 339. Carries Greek art-treasures to Rome, ii. 479. His austerity, ii. 347. His estate, ii. 382. Angur, ii. 400. His appreciation of Greek art, &c., iii. 439  
 — Regillus, L. [praetor, 564], ii. 267  
 — Scaurus, M. [consul, 639; censor, 645], leader of the aristocracy, iii. 135, 137, 147, 148, 149, 177, 207, 214, 237, 406  
 — — —, adjutant of Pompeius, iv. 136, 139  
 Aenaria, Syracusan, i. 331  
 Aeneas in the West, an invention of Stesichorus, i. 482  
 Aenus, ii. 231, 269, 305  
 Aepulo, ii. 196  
 Aequi, their conflicts with Rome, i. 113. Subdued by the Romans, i. 354, 355  
 Aequiculi, i. 39  
 Aerrarii, settlers paying a tax for protection, i. 80. Equivalent to *metoeci* or non-freeholders, i. 101  
 Aerarium, i. 115. After the abolition of the monarchy legally under the control of the quaestors nominated by, and representing, the consuls, i. 259, 270  
 Aeschylus, ii. 445  
 Aesculanius, god of copper, i. 452  
 Aesculapius, early worshipped in Rome,

## AGR

- i. 188. Brought thither from Epidaurus, i. 452  
 Aesernia, colonised, i. 424. *Jus* of, i. 433, *n.* Opposed to the Romans in the Social War, iii. 242, 244, 253, 342  
 Aesis, ii. 76  
 Aestimatio, derived from *aes*, i. 204  
 Aethalia, i. 147, 151. See Ilva  
 Aetna, ii. 29  
 Aetolians, ii. 72, 215, 220, 221, 222. Take part with Rome against Macedonia in the second Punic war, ii. 152, 153. Position thereafter, ii. 221. Share in the war with Philip, ii. 225, 234, 238, 239, 241, 244, 246. Treatment by the Romans, ii. 248. Quarrel with Rome, and share in the war with Antiochus, ii. 258, 259, 260, 262, 264, 265, 269, 277. Attitude during the war with Perseus, ii. 292, 293, 294, 297. How dealt with by the Romans, ii. 309  
 Afranius, L., poet, iii. 454  
 — —, lieutenant of Pompeius in the Sertorian war, iv. 29. Subdues the Arabs, iv. 136. Triumph, as governor of Cisalpine Gaul, iv. 289. In Spain, iv. 382. Slain by Caesar's soldiers, iv. 446  
 Afri, i. 154  
 Africa, before the time of the Gracchi, iii. 22–40. Made a province, iii. 39. Relations after the battle of Pharsalus, iv. 421. In the hands of the Pompeians, iv. 435 *et seq.* Its regulation by Caesar, iv. 447  
 Agathocles, of Syracuse, i. 333, 382, 391–415; ii. 14, 41  
 Agedincum, iv. 270  
 Agelaus, of Naupactus, ii. 151  
 Agepolis, Rhodian envoy, ii. 307  
 Ager publicus. See Domains.  
 Agesipolis, ii. 248  
 Agnati and Gentiles, distinction between, i. 64  
 Agriculture, its original home, i. 32. More recent than the Indo-Germanic culture, i. 15, 17. Known to the Graeco-Italians, i. 19–22. Basis of the whole Italian economy, i. 51, 192.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

623

## AGR

Priestly supervision, i. 184. Kinds of produce, ii. 364 (*compare* Spelt; Wheat). Defective management, but unwearied diligence, i. 197. Employment of slaves (*see* Slaves). Free labourers, ii. 367. Later estate-farming, ii. 362, 369. Husbandry of the petty farmers, ii. 370. Insolvency of the landholders and diminution of the farmer-class, i. 200, 275, 278. Improvement in the relations of credit, i. 311, 312. Recurrence of the old evils, ii. 374, 375, 386, 389–393. Carthaginian estate-farming, ii. 9, 10. Writings on agriculture, ii. 468 (*compare* Soil, division of; Grain). Condition of, before and at the time of the Gracchi, iii. 77 *et seq.*, 82, 407. Revival by the Gracchi, iii. 96. Condition after the Gracchan revolution, iii. 134, 407. Colonizations of Sulla, iii. 407. In the time of Caesar, iv. 523, 527.

Agrigentum founded, i. 138, 152. Conquered by the Carthaginians, i. 416; ii. 14, 28, 147. Besieged and occupied by the Romans in the first Punic war, ii. 37, 63. Becomes a Roman colony, ii. 150

Agron, ii. 73

Agylla, Phoenician name of Caere, i. 136

Ajax, name, whence derived, i. 209

Akragas. *See* Agrigentum

*Alae sociorum*, i. 351 *n.*

Alaesa, ii. 36, 68 *n.*, 70

Alalia, battle at, i. 153; ii. 6

Alba, oldest canton-community in Latium, i. 40. President of the Latin league, i. 41, 42. Subdued by Rome, i. 105. Dictator there, i. 352 *n.* 'At the time of its fall, under annual dictators, i. 352 *n.* Opposes Rome, iii. 242

—, on the Fucine Lake, colonised, i. 387

Alban Lake, outfall of, i. 243

Albanians, i. 11 *n.*

— in the Caucasus, iv. 123, 124, 126

Albinovanus, iii. 339

Albucius; Titus, iii. 430

Alcibiades, i. 464, 468

Aleria, conquered, ii. 41

## ALP

Alesia, besieged by Caesar, iv. 276, 278

Alesini, iv. 220

Aletrium, i. 386

Alexamenus, ii. 259

Alexander the Great, his relations to the West, i. 394, 395, 428 *n.* Political value of his enterprises in the East, i. 396, 397; ii. 214, 217; iv. 287

— II., of Egypt, his will, iv. 46, 48, 207

— Jannaeus, iv. 46

— the Molossian, general of Tarentum, conquers the Lucanians, Samnites, Daunians, and Messapians, i. 371. Breaks with the Tarentines, i. 372. His plan to unite all the Italian Greeks, i. 372. Death, i. 372

— the pretended son of Perseus, iii. 43

Alexandria in Egypt, ii. 217, 218; iv. 426–431

Alexandria Troas, ii. 255, 260

Alexandrinism, Greek, iv. 564, 575

— Roman, iii. 477; iv. 576, 577, 587

Allia, battle on the, i. 341

Allies, Italian, bound to furnish naval or military contingents, i. 435, 436. In the Hannibalic war, ii. 174. Diminution of their rights thereafter, ii. 332, 333. And increasing oppression, ii. 232, 233. Acquisition of Roman franchise made more difficult, ii. 334. Relations to Rome in time of Gracchi, iii. 123, 124. Later, iii. 226 *et seq.* Their war with Rome, iii. 233 *et seq.*, 318, 320. Italians abroad, iii. 411, 422; iv. 519, 522. *Compare* Latin League.

Allobroges, ii. 107; iii. 168, 169, 170. Betray the Catilinarians, iv. 176, 177. Insurrection and subjugation, iv. 213. Their towns, iv. 218.

Almonds, ii. 362 *n.*

Aloe, ii. 363 *n.*

Alphabet, whether a Phoenician invention, ii. 5. Aramaean consonantal writing vocalised in the West, i. 221. History of the Greek alphabet, i. 221 *n.* Its older form among the Italian Achaeans, i. 142. More recent in the Iono-Doric colonies, i. 144. Etruscan and Latin alphabets both derived from the Greek, i. 209,

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

624

## INDEX.

## ALP

- 221-222. Development of, in Italy, i. 223 *et seq.* Latin, regulated with the progress of culture, i. 486, 487. Adjusted by Carvilius, adopting the 'g,' and rejecting the 'z,' ii. 465. Ennius introduces the double writing of double consonants, ii. 466. Carried by the Etruscans to the Celts and Alpine peoples, i. 437. Libyan, ii. 11 *n.* Iberian, ii. 206, 207.
- Alps, passes from Gaul to Italy, i. 337 *n.*; ii. 105 *n.*, 106. Passage by Hannibal, ii. 105-109. Peoples of the, in Caesar's time, iii. 176; attacked by the Romans, iv. 240, 289
- Alsium, i. 148
- Ambacti*, derivation of the word, iv. 223, 224 and *n.*
- Amber-route from Baltic to Mediterranean, i. 135
- Ambiorix, king of the Eburones, iv. 262, 265
- Ambitus*, law against, i. 303; iii. 75
- Ambracia, ii. 277
- Ambrani, iv. 168 *n.*
- Ambrones, iii. 190
- Ameria, city-chronicle of, i. 478
- Amisus, rebuilt and enlarged by Lucullus, iv. 145
- Amphipolis, ii. 303, 309
- Amynander, ii. 235, 247, 262, 276
- Anagnia, i. 384, 386, 412
- Anares, ii. 76, 81
- Anaxilas of Rhegium and Zancle, i. 331
- Ancestral lays, i. 231, 232
- Ancona, i. 146, 332, 346
- Ancus Marcius. *See* Marcius
- Andronicus. *See* Iavivus
- Andros, ii. 232, 239, 265
- Aneroestus, ii. 78, 80
- Anicius, L. [praetor, 587], ii. 302
- Annales*, i. 477, 478. Their character, iii. 468, 469 (*compare* Historical Composition)
- Annius, C., Sulla's lieutenant in Further Spain, iii. 343
- Milo, T., iv. 302, 322, 324, 325, 326, 459, 515
- Annus*, i. 217
- Antemnae, i. 48, 105

## ANT

- Antigonus, general of Alexander the Great, i. 398
- Doson, ii. 75, 96
- Gonatas, i. 422
- Anticyra, ii. 154, 242
- Antioch in Syria, iv. 46, 65, 131, 134
- Antiochus I., Soter, ii. 219
- Asiaticus, Syrian prince, iv. 61, 65, 134, 143
- of Ascalon, the Stoic, iv. 559
- III., the Great, ii. 150. War with Egypt, ii. 224, 253, 254. Conduct during Roman intervention in Macedonia, ii. 231, 234, 239, 253, 254. Breach with Rome, ii. 254, 257, 260. War, ii. 260, 271. Peace, ii. 272, 273; iii. 60. Death, ii. 272
- IV., Epiphanes, of Syria, ii. 295. War with Egypt, and Roman intervention, ii. 309. Introduces Roman gladiatorial games into Syria, ii. 412. Levelling policy, iii. 58 *et seq.*
- Eupator, recognized by the Romans as the successor of Antiochus Epiphanes, iii. 58
- of Commagene, iv. 65, 134, 142
- of Syracuse, i. 481
- Antipatreia, ii. 235
- Antistius, P., murdered by order of Marius, iii. 336
- Antium, i. 484. Navigation and piracy, i. 150, 332, 425. Mentioned in treaty of Rome with Carthage, i. 360. Temporarily a Latin colony; finally subdued, i. 355, 356. Colonized as a Roman burgess-community, i. 368. Orators' platform in Rome adorned with beaks of Antiatic galleys, i. 368, 464. Antiatic galleys brought to Rome, i. 427. Prohibited from maritime traffic, i. 427
- Antonius, C. [consul, 691], iv. 90, 167, 175, 181
- — Caesar's lieutenant in Illyria, iv. 395
- M., the orator [praetor, 652; consul, 655], iii. 322. Suppresses piracy, iii. 139
- — murderer of Sertorius, iv. 34
- — admiral in Mithradatic war, iv. 53, 73, 101
- Antonius, M., Caesar's lieutenant, after-

## INDEX.

625

## AOU

- wards triumphvir, iv. 154, 358, 394, 406, 476, 497, 515  
 Aous, the river, ii. 241  
 Apennines, i. 4, 5, 35; ii. 198  
 Aperantia, ii. 265  
 Appeal (*provocatio*), pardon of the condemned criminal on an appeal to the people allowed by the king, i. 67, 83, 159. In capital sentences, after abolition of the monarchy, no longer dependent on the pleasure of the magistrates except the dictator, i. 259, 262. Allowed even against the dictator, i. 294; also in fines, i. 259, 275, 445. Transferred to the centuries, i. 264, 265. After appointment of plebeian tribunes, might be addressed to the plebeian assembly, i. 282. Procedure in cases of, i. 450. The symbolic view of its origin, i. 479, 480. Right of, iii. 112, 118, 228; iv. 160, 173  
 Appellate jurisdiction of the Emperor, introduced by Caesar, iv. 484  
 Apple-tree, ii. 364  
 Appuleius Saturninus, L., iii. 186, 207-221  
 Apollo = Apello = Aperta, i. 209. God of oracles, i. 187. Increasing worship of, in Rome, i. 452  
 Apollonia, ii. 74, 151, 152, 235, 238, 244. Founded, i. 146. Treaty with Rome, i. 430. Becomes Roman, ii. 74. Mint of, ii. 381  
 Apricots, ii. 363, *n.*  
 Apuan, ii. 198  
 Apulia, Hellenized, i. 11, 466; ii. 398. Position during Samnite wars, i. 373. Colonists sent thither, ii. 190. After the Hannibalic war, ii. 391, 393. Depopulation of, iv. 520  
 Apustius, L., ii. 238  
 Aquae Sextiae, foundation of, iii. 171. Battle of, iii. 191; iv. 213. Importance of, iv. 215  
 Aqueducts, Anio, i. 422, 463; iii. 404. Appian, i. 463; iii. 404. Marcian, iii. 404  
 Aquileia colonized, ii. 196, 290, 333, 352. *Jus* of, i. 433 *n.*; iii. 167, 172  
 Aquillius, M., iii. 56, 120 *n.*, 143, 289, 293, 294. Ambassador to Mithra-

## ARI

- dates, iii. 289. Stirs up Nicomedes to war, iii. 290, 292  
 Aquitani, iv. 217. Subdued, iv. 254  
 Ara maxima, i. 188  
 Aratus, ii. 221, 235  
 Arab princes in Syria, iv. 130  
 Arausio, battle at, iii. 183  
 Arcesilaus, iii. 427  
 Archagathus, first physician in Rome, ii. 467  
 Archelaus, general of Mithradates, iii. 292, 293 *et seq.*, 299, 302, 303, 304, 305, 345  
 —, high priest of Comana, iv. 144, 153  
 Archers in earliest Roman army, i. 79  
 Arches, building of, i. 173, 249  
 Arcestratus, of Gela, ii. 455  
 Archias, the poet, iii. 424  
 Archidamus of Sparta, i. 371  
 Archimedes, ii. 147, 158  
 Architecture, Italian, earliest under Greek influence, i. 243-245. First developed in Etruria, probably from Attic models, i. 245, 248. Its later development, i. 491; ii. 477  
 — Roman, iii. 475, 476; iv. 616  
 Ardea founds Saguntum, i. 153. In the Aricine league, i. 359. Dispute with Aricia, i. 355. Assigned as a Latin colony, i. 302, 355. Supports Rome against the Celts, i. 342. About 370, member of the Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 359. Mentioned in treaty with Carthage, i. 360. City-chronicle of, i. 478, 484. Frescoes of, i. 494, 497  
 Ardiaei, or Ardyaei, in Illyria, ii. 74; iii. 176, 323  
 Arca Capitolina, i. 115  
 Aretas, king of the Nabataeans, iv. 134, 137, 138, 139, 143  
 Arevacae, defeat the Romans, iii. 6. Peace with, iii. 7. Revolt to Viriathus, iii. 13  
 Argean chapels, i. 54, 88, 98  
 Argentarius, ii. 378  
 Argentinus, god of silver, i. 451  
 Argentum Oscanse, ii. 207  
 Argonauts, legend of the, i. 481  
 Argos, ii. 242, 248, 249. Emporium for the Romans, iii. 52  
 Aria cattiva, i. 37

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

626

## INDEX.

## ARI

Ariarathes IV., king of Cappadocia, ii. 258, 274, 296  
 — V., Philopator, iii. 56, 57  
 — VI. assassinated, iii. 285  
 Aricia, i. 40. Aricine league, i. 359.  
 Battle at, i. 330. Dispute with Ardea, i. 335. About 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 359.  
 A Roman burgess-community, i. 386  
 Ariminum, King Arimnus in early intercourse with the Delphic oracle, i. 149. Latin colony, i. 424, 429. Bulwark against the Celts, ii. 62, 77. Seat of a naval quaestor, i. 429. *Jus* of, i. 433 and *n.*  
 Ariobarzanes, of Cappadocia, iv. 57, 73  
 Ariovistus, iv. 235, 236, 243, 244, 245  
 Aristion, tyrant of Athens, iii. 297  
 Aristo, of Tyre, ii. 203  
 Aristobulus, king of Judaea, iv. 133, 134, 137, 151  
 Aristodemus, i. 124, 131  
 Aristonicus, pretender to the Attalid kingdom, iii. 55  
 Aristotle, i. 483, 484; iii. 427  
 Armenia, ii. 219, 274. Greater and Lesser, iii. 58 (*compare* Artavasdes, Tigranes). Lesser, annexed by Mithradates, iii. 284. Tradition in, respecting first Mithradatic war, iii. 310 *n.*  
 Army, its earliest organization: the burgesses at the same time the warriors, i. 77. Legion of 3,000 foot and 300 horse, i. 78. High estimation of the cavalry, i. 77. After the accession of the Collini, number of cavalry, and apparently also that of infantry, doubled, i. 88. Servian arrangement: all freehold burgesses and non-burgesses, from 17 to 60, liable to serve, i. 95, 97. Two legions of the first levy regularly called out for service in the field, and two legions of the second levy for garrison service, each legion having 3,000 hoplites and 1,200 light troops, i. 99. Phalangite arrangement after Doric model, i. 98. Five classes of infantry, i. 95. Levy districts: Palatine, Subura, Esquiline, Colline,

## ART

i. 98. Burgess-cavalry amounting to 1,800 men, i. 99. But only 300 take the field with the legion, i. 99. Free places in the cavalry, i. 97. Classes according to age, instead of according to property, i. 454. Reduction of the qualification for army and fleet, ii. 352. Advantages of the Roman military system, i. 455. Traces of Greek influence, i. 456 *n.* Commencement of standing army in Spain, ii. 210. Decay, ii. 297. Falling off of the legionary cavalry: close aristocratic corps, ii. 321. No advancement from the place of a subaltern to that of tribune, ii. 323. Decay of martial spirit, ii. 347. Decline of, iii. 69, 76, 257; iv. 243, 486, 487. Reorganized by Marius, iii. 164, 165, 199, 203. Reorganized by Caesar, iv. 487 *et seq.* Burgess-cavalry abolished, iii. 200. Mercenaries in Caesar's cavalry, iv. 487. Difference between Roman and Parthian warfare, iv. 332, 333. Standards in army, iii. 202. Pay of army: first contributed by the tribes, then from the state-chest, i. 304, 339; raised by Caesar, iv. 403  
 Arpi, i. 467. Its conflicts with the Samnites, i. 361. Its fate in the second Punic war, ii. 134, 143, 165, 167, 190  
 Arpinum, i. 384, 386  
 Arrest can only take place out of doors, i. 450  
 Arretines persecuted by Sulla, iv. 4  
 Arretium, internal troubles of, aid of Rome invoked, i. 348. Peace with Rome, i. 382, 390. Road to, i. 387. Conduct in second Punic war, ii. 175, 182  
 Arrius, Q., praetor, iv. 80  
 Arsacidae, iii. 62, 273, 274  
 Art in Caesar's time, iv. 617. Art-treasures brought to Rome, iii. 49  
 Artavasdes, king of Armenia, iv. 329 *n.*, 330, 332, 337  
 Artaxata, ii. 282 *n.*; iv. 122  
 Artaxias, ii. 274, 282 *n.*  
 Arthetaurus, ii. 290  
 Artichokes, ii. 362 *n.*

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

627

## ART

Artisans concentrate themselves in Rome, i. 461. Chiefly slaves, i. 461  
*Arvales*, i. 175. Arval chant, i. 230  
 Arverni, iii. 168 *et seq.*, 185; iv. 168 *n.*, 217, 222, 226, 227, 234, 267  
*Arx*, i. 39, 115  
 Asclepiades, physician, iv. 572  
 Asculum, iii. 234, 240 *n.*, 244, 250, 251  
 Asia (Syria), first contact with Rome, ii. 72. Position in second Punic war, ii. 150. Extent and character of the kingdom: claims to represent the universal empire of Alexander, ii. 216. Its political position after the war with Antiochus, ii. 273, 274, 289 (*compare* Antiochus)  
 Asia Minor, population of, iii. 274 *et seq.* Before the time of the Gracchi, iii. 52 *et seq.* Made a province, iii. 56. Oppression of Roman rule, iii. 274. Revenue farmed, iv. 96. Administration withdrawn from Lucullus, iv. 101. Regulated afresh by Pompeius, iv. 141. Subdued and regulated by Caesar, iv. 433. Roman taxation, iii. 115, 121, 359, 399; iv. 96, 150, 496  
 Asinius Pollio, C., iv. 318, 611  
*Assâ voce canere*, i. 231  
 Assassinations. *See* Agrarian Laws  
 Association, right of, i. 447  
 Associations, ii. 385  
 Astapa, ii. 155  
 Astolpa, Spanish prince, iii. 10  
 Astrologers in Rome, iii. 438  
 Asturians, ii. 210  
 Atarbas, ii. 50  
 Atella, ii. 134, 170. In Roman comedy, ii. 430  
*Atellanae fabulae*, Latin character-masks, i. 234; ii. 443 *n.*; iii. 454, 455, 456 *n.* Supplanted by mime, iv. 579, 580, 581  
 Athamanes, ii. 153, 235, 237, 238, 241, 244, 262, 264, 277, 278, 284  
 Athenagoras, ii. 239  
 Athenians, commercial intercourse with Etruria, i. 208. Seem to have furnished the models for Etruscan artists, i. 248. Resolve to found a colony in the Adriatic against the Etruscan pirates, i. 346. Sicilian expeditions of, i. 332; ii. 13. In

## AUR

second Punic war side with Rome against Macedonia, ii. 152. Attitude during the war with Philip, ii. 221, 233, 236. During the war against Antiochus, ii. 262. During the war with Perseus, ii. 292, 309  
 Athens, siege by Sulla, iii. 279  
 Athenion, leader in Servile War, iii. 142, 143, 144  
 Athletes, Greek, in Rome, ii. 411  
 Atilius, L. [praetor, 536], ii. 113  
 — Regulus, C. [consul, 529], ii. 79, 80  
 — — M. [consul, 537], ii. 128  
 — — [consul, 498], ii. 42–46, 60  
 — Serranus, A. [praetor, 562], ii. 260  
 Atintanes, ii. 74, 154, 240  
 Atis, ii. 77  
 Atrax, ii. 241  
 Atrium, i. 23, 243; ii. 478  
 Atropatene, ii. 219  
 Attalidæ, iii. 47. Their policy, iii. 53, 55. Become extinct, iii. 55; iv. 143  
 Attalus, of Pergamus; his kingdom and government, ii. 220. In second Punic war sides with Rome against Macedonia, ii. 153. Share in the war with Philip, ii. 227, 228, 229, 232, 234, 236, 238, 239, 241, 248. Antiochus violates his territory, ii. 255  
 — brother of Eumenes, ii. 305  
 — II., Philadelphus, iii. 54  
 — III., Philometor, iii. 54  
 Attis, priest of Pessinus, iii. 53 *n.*  
 Attius Varus, P., lieutenant of Pompeius, iv. 374. Pompeian governor in Africa, iv. 391  
*Auctores iuris*, i. 485  
*Auctoritas senatus*, i. 266  
 Augurs, Latin, i. 178, *n.* A college of experts for interpreting the flight of birds, i. 178. Their number, i. 178. Increased to nine, and plebeians made eligible, i. 307. Increased to fifteen, iii. 370. In the municipia, iii. 375. Discipline, iii. 433  
 Aurelia, Caesar's mother, iv. 451  
 Aurelius Cotta, C. [consul, 502], ii. 321, 328  
 — — C. [consul, 679], friend of Drusus, iii. 237, 359; iv. 15, 91  
 — — L. [consul, 635], iii. 177



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

628

INDEX.

## AUR

- Aurelius Cotta L. [praetor, 684], iv. 91  
 — M. [consul, 680], iv. 52–57  
 — Orestes, L. [consul, 597], iii. 45  
 — Scaurus, M. [consul, 646], iii. 183  
 Aurunculeius Cotta, L., Caesar's lieutenant in Gaul, iv. 261  
 Aurunci, war with the, i. 361  
 Ausculum, battle of, i. 413–415  
 Ausones, the, i. 379  
 Auspices, iii. 434; iv. 202  
*Auspicia publica*, i. 67  
 Autronius Paetus, P., Catilinarian, iv. 165, 174  
*Auxilium*, i. 322  
 Avaricum, besieged by Caesar, iv. 270  
 Aviaris, iv. 155, 506, 507

## BACCHANALIAN association, ii. 403

- Bachelors, tax on, i. 448  
 Bactrians, ii. 216  
 Baebius, M. [praetor, 562], ii. 261  
 Baecula, battles at, ii. 163  
 Bakers in Rome, of late introduction, i. 202; ii. 409. *Pistor* = miller, ii. 410  
 Balearic isles, Carthaginian, ii. 13; iii. 19  
 Ballad singers, i. 473  
 Bankruptcy, ordinances of Caesar, iv. 525  
 Banquets in Rome, iv. 514, 515 n.  
 Barbers in Latium, i. 459  
 Bar-Cochba, iii. 61 n.  
 Bargylia, ii. 228  
 Basilicas in Rome, ii. 410 n. *Bas. Porcia*, ii. 477.  
 Bastarnae, ii. 290  
 Baths, warm, in Spain, ii. 207. In Rome, improved by Caesar, iv. 505  
 Bato, ii. 236  
 Beer (barley wine), ii. 207  
 Belgae, iv. 226, 234, 247, 248, 250, 275, *et seq.*  
 Bellona, iii. 438  
 Bellovaci, iv. 217 n., 249, 275, 280  
 Beneventum, ii. 165, 168. Colonized, i. 424. *Jus* of, i. 433 n. Beneventane consuls, i. 432. Battle near, i. 418  
 Bernard, pass of the Great St., iv. 254  
 Bessi, made subject to the Romans, iv. 39

## BRI

- Betrothal, its enforcement by action-at-law early abolished at Rome, but retained in the Latin communities, i. 110, 162  
 Betuitus, king of the Arverni, iii. 169  
 Bibracte (Autun), battle of, iv. 241  
 Bithynia, ii. 219, 281. A Roman province, iv. 51, 141  
 Bituriges, i. 337  
 Blood-revenge, traces of, i. 158, 479  
 Boarding-bridges, ii. 39, 40  
 Bocchar, ii. 204  
 Bocchus. *See* Mauretania  
 Boeotians, ii. 220, 235, 241, 243, 250, 252, 262, 264, 293, 294  
 Bogud. *See* Mauretania  
 Boii, on the Platten See, ii. 197 n.  
 — Italian, i. 337 n., 338, 346, 402; ii. 77, 81, 99, 113, 194, 195  
 Destruction of, ii. 197  
 — in Germany, iii. 174, 178, 181; iv. 232, 237, 269  
 Boiorix, iii. 183, 193  
 Bomilcar, ii. 144, 149.  
 — the confidant of Jugurtha, iii. 150, 154, 156  
 Bona Dea, i. 187  
 Bononia, formerly Felsina, Celtic, i. 338.  
 A Latin colony, ii. 198, 199, 352.  
*Jus* of, i. 433 n.  
 Bookselling, iv. 573, 574  
 Booty, belongs to the state, not to the soldier, i. 166. Given in largesses to the troops, ii. 346. Revenue from, ii. 329  
 Bosporan kingdom, iii. 282 *et seq.*; iv. 369  
 Bostar, ii. 168  
 Bovianum, i. 123, 379, 384  
 Bovillae takes the place of Alba, i. 108 n. About 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 n., 358. Decay of, iv. 520  
 Boys accompanying their fathers to the senate, i. 471  
 Brachyllas, ii. 251  
 Brennus = king of the army, i. 341  
 Bridge, Milvian, iii. 403. Sublician, i. 54, 114, 118, 479; iii. 405  
 Bridge-building, i. 178, 249  
 Brigandage in Italy, after the second Punic war, ii. 192

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

629

## BRI

- Britain, origin of the name, iv. 216 *n*.  
 Tin trade, iii. 171. Caesar in, iv. 257-260  
 Britomaris, i. 401  
 Brittany, iv. 251, 252  
 Brixia, i. 337  
 Brundisium, i. 146; ii. 134, 135, 145, 151, 165, 233, 306; iii. 355; iv. 395 *et seq.* A Latin colony, i. 424, 427; ii. 72. *Jus* of, i. 433 *n*.  
 Bruttians, origin, i. 362; bilingual, i. 363. Under Greek influence, i. 364, 467. Art, i. 493. Attitude during the Samnite war, i. 373. Share in the war with Pyrrhus, i. 410, 413. Submit to the Romans, i. 423. Alliance with Hannibal, ii. 134, 165, 166, 172, 178, 179. Treatment after second Punic war, ii. 191. Pastoral husbandry, ii. 393  
 Brutulus Papius, i. 375  
 Bruttius Sura, lieutenant of the governor of Macedonia, defeats the fleet of Mithradates, iii. 297  
 Building in Rome: impulse given to it in fifth century, i. 463. Stagnation in the sixth century, ii. 330, 331. In the seventh century, iii. 403, 405, 408. Under Caesar, iv. 301, 504  
*Bulla*, ii. 317 *n*, 348  
 Burgess-body, its primitive Latin divisions and normal number, i. 72 *et seq.* This normal number tripled in the earliest Roman body composed of three communities, i. 73. Practical value of these normal numbers, i. 74. Equality of rights in the earliest times, i. 75, 77. Equality among patricio-plebeian burgesses, i. 313. Division, i. 73. Rights, i. 77, 78. Burdens, i. 77. Extension, ii. 341. Clients and city rabble, ii. 343. Incipient corruption, ii. 344-346  
 Burgess-cavalry. *See* Army  
 Burgess-colony. *See* Colony  
 Burgess-rights. *See* Civitas  
 Byrsa, citadel of Carthage, iii. 31  
 Byzantium, ii. 153, 222, 226, 227, 234, 258, 262, 291, 293, 295

## CACUS, i. 19, 188

C Cabira, battle of, iv. 58, 71, 146

## CAL

- Caecilius Metellus, L. [consul, 503], ii. 48  
 — — Celer, Q., lieutenant of Pompeius, iv. 124, 136  
 — — almaticus, L. [consul, 635], iii. 177  
 — — Macedonicus, Q. [consul, 611], iii. 13, 19, 42, 45, 48, 89, 93, 101, 104, 127, 152, 159, 161, 207, 208  
 Caecilius Metellus Nepos, Q. [consul, 697], iv. 189, 195  
 — — Pius, Q. [consul, 674], lieutenant of Strabo in the Social War, iii. 251-254, 271, 318, 320, 321, 327, 331. His character, iv. 8, 9. Spanish campaigns, iv. 19, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 35, Subdues Crete, iv. 75. Collision with Pompeius, iv. 115. Leader of the aristocracy, iv. 92, 95, 155  
 — — Scipio, Q. [consul, 702], iv. 341, 410, 435, 443, 444, 447  
 — (Statius), Roman poet, ii. 441  
 Caecina, A., iv. 463  
 Caelian Mount, i. 132  
 Caelius Antipater, L., historian, iii. 470  
 — Rufus, M., brings in a law of debt, iv. 459 *et seq.*, 610  
 Caenina, i. 48, 105 (*compare* Latin League)  
 Caere, the first Italian town mentioned by the Greeks, i. 133. Punic factory, i. 136. Relations with the Greeks, i. 149. Relations with the Phocaeans, i. 153. Embassy sent to Delphi, i. 153. Treasury at Delphi, i. 149. The Tarquins at, i. 132, 256. Primitive neighbourly relations with Rome, i. 121, 130. War with Rome, i. 345. Unfavourable terms of peace, i. 318, 345. *Jus* of, i. 345, 369. Roman praefect at, i. 435. Frescoes of, i. 207. Art at, i. 209, 494, 495  
 Caiatia, ii. 142  
 Calatia, i. 380, 384; ii. 134, 169, 170  
 Calendar, oldest Roman table of festivals, i. 171. Based at first solely on the synodic lunar month and its multiplication by ten, the circle or year, i. 218, 219. The lunar month determined by immediate observation, i. 218. This mode of reckoning time subsequently long

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

630

INDEX

## CAL

retained, i. 220. Oldest Italian solar year, i. 217, 218. Oldest Roman year, i. 218. Publicly promulgated by Appius Claudius, i. 485. Reformed by the Decemvirs, i. 488. Confusion of, ii. 122 *n.* Reform of, by Caesar, iv. 555

Cales, ii. 135, 142, 170. A Latin colony, i. 369, 377. The colony reinforced, ii. 191. Station of a naval quaestor, i. 429

Callias, i. 480, 483

Callicrates, ii. 281, 309

Callimachus, iv. 564

Calpurnii, i. 431

Calpurnius Bestia, L. [consul, 643], iii. 145, 152

Calpurnius Bibulus, M. [consul, 695], iv. 201, 202, 301, 339

— Flamma, M., i. 365 *n.*

— Piso, C. [praetor, 569; consul, 574], ii. 211, 408

— — C. [consul, 687], iv. 102, 108, 113

— — Cn., the Catilinarian, iv. 167, 169

— — L. [consul, 621], iii. 33, 73, 82

— — — Caesar's father-in-law, iv. 204

— — Q. [consul, 619], iii. 16

Camarina, ii. 51

Camars = Clusium, i. 120

Camenae, i. 240

Cameria, i. 105

Camillus. *See* Furius

Campanians in Sicily, ii. 28. *See* Capua

Camps, entrenchment of, i. 454

Canaan, ii. 1

Cannae, battle of, ii. 128–133

Cantabrians, ii. 210

Cantonal constitution in Gaul, iv. 222, 224, 226

Canusium, i. 397; ii. 128, 131, 137, 141

Capacity, measures of, i. 207

Capena, supports Veii against Rome, i. 340

Capital punishment, i. 159. Limited, i. 450; iii. 112. Abolished by Sulla, iii. 373

*Capitolini*, guild of the, i. 115 *n.*

Capitolium, i. 39, 55, 115. Temple of the, i. 480

Cappadocia, ii. 219, 261; iii. 53, 54, 57, 60, 62, 63. Acquired by Mithradates, iii. 285. Restored, iii. 286, 287.

## CAR

Subdued by Tigranes, iv. 45, 46. Enlarged by Pompeius, iv. 142

Capua, i. 207. Wrested from the Etruscans by the Samnites, i. 332, 361. Under Greek influence, i. 363, 468. Wealth and luxury of the city, i. 364, 461. Seeks aid from Rome and submits to her supremacy, i. 364. Revolts, i. 367. The nobility adhere to Rome, i. 367. Their cavalry decide the battle of Sentinum, i. 390. Capuan nobility favoured by the Romans, i. 438. Receives Aeclerite rights, i. 369. Praefect, i. 435. Number of its soldiers, i. 437 *n.* A recruiting field, ii. 29. Hannibal attempts to get possession of it, ii. 125. Passes over to Hannibal, ii. 134, 139, 142. Roman party at, ii. 134. Hannibal at, ii. 143. Besieged and taken, ii. 165, 170. Deprived of its municipal constitution, ii. 171, 190. Ruined by the Hannibalic war, ii. 391. Campanian domain, ii. 329. Mint of, i. 465. Art, i. 493. In Roman comedy ii. 430. Its territory, domain-land; occupied by private persons, resumed by the state, iii. 96. Colonization by C. Gracchus, iii. 110, 134. Renewed in 671, iii. 325, 333, 341. Abolished by Sulla, iii. 356, 371, 377. Affected by Servilian law, iv. 170. Colonized anew by Caesar, iv. 200, 204. Gladiatorial school at, iv. 78.

Caralis, ii. 13

*Carcera*, Roman and Sicilian, i. 166

Caria, ii. 245, 275

Carinae, i. 53

*Carmen*, i. 230

Carmenis, i. 240

Carneades, iii. 427 *et seq.*

Carni, ii. 196; iii. 175

Carnutes, iv. 264, 267, 272, 280

Carpenters, i. 202

Carrhae, battle of, iv. 334 *et seq.*

Carrinas, lieutenant of Carbo in the Social War, iii. 337–340.

Carsioli colonized, i. 387

Carteia in Spain, iii. 4

Carthage, name, i. 154. Situation, ii. 6. Fortified, ii. 25. Rome and Carthage compared, ii. 20–27. Consti-

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

631

## CAR

tution, ii. 15, 18, 21. Council, ii. 15. Magistrates, ii. 16, 22. Hundred-men or judges, ii. 16. Citizens, ii. 18. Their numbers, ii. 24. War and peace parties, ii. 85, 86, 87, 132, 133, 185. Opposition party, ii. 18. Democratic reform of constitution by Hannibal, ii. 201. Rigour of its government, ii. 21. Position of the subjects, ii. 22. Army and fleet, ii. 23-27, 88. Wealth and its sources, ii. 18, 19. State-finances, ii. 19, 23. Science and art, ii. 19. Interweaving of the foundation-legend of Carthage with that of Rome, i. 483. Leads the Phoenician nation in the struggle against the Hellenes for the dominion of the sea, i. 152-153; ii. 8, 9. Changes the character of the Phoenician occupation, and establishes its dominion over North Africa, i. 152; ii. 9-11. Close alliance of the Phoenicians with the Siculi, the Latins, and especially the Etruscans, i. 153, 154; ii. 13. Early relations to Rome, i. 153. Western Sicily held against the Hellenes, i. 154; ii. 13. Sardinia subdued, i. 154; ii. 12. Carthaginians in Spain, ii. 12. Excludes the Hellenes from the Western Mediterranean and the Atlantic, i. 155; ii. 8, 13. Compelled by its relations with Persia to a decisive attack on the Sicilian Greeks, i. 330. Defeat of the Carthaginians at Himera, i. 331; ii. 6. Subsequent conflicts with Syracuse, i. 332; ii. 13, 28. Maintains naval ascendancy in the Tyrrhene Sea: breaking up of the alliance with the Etruscans, i. 333. Position in Sicily: league with Rome against Pyrrhus, i. 416-418. Almost expelled by Pyrrhus from Sicily, i. 419. Designs on Rhegium, i. 403. On Tarentum, i. 422; ii. 14. Commands the Italian seas in the fourth and fifth centuries, i. 425. Navigation of the Romans restricted: commercial treaties, i. 110, 155, 360, 425, 426, 428, 429; ii. 15. Quarrels with Rome partly from maritime jealousy, i. 429. First oc-

## CAT

cupies Messana, then dislodged from it, by the Romans, ii. 35. First Punic War, ii. 35-61. Peace, ii. 57. Mercenary War, ii. 63-65, 87. Second Punic War, causes of, ii. 85, 86. Carthaginian preparations, ii. 87-93. Breach with Rome, ii. 95. War, ii. 95-187. Alliances with Macedonia, ii. 133, 288, 290. After the second Punic War, ii. 199-201. Attitude in the war with Perseus, ii. 295. Site and fortifications, iii. 29-32. War with Massinissa, iii. 23, 24. Third war with Rome, iii. 26. Destroyed, iii. 39. Colony sent thither by Gracchus, iii. 110; prohibited by the Senate, iii. 126, 133. Its territory distributed, iii. 209. New colony sent by Caesar, iv. 544. Carthage, New or Spanish (Cartagena), ii. 91, 100, 206. Taken by Scipio, ii. 161, 162. Carthalo (Carthaginian admiral), ii. 51 — with Hasdrubal, leader of the patriot party in Carthage, iii. 24. Carvilius, Sp. [consul, 461], i. 391, 494 — — teacher of writing: regulates the Latin alphabet, ii. 465. Carystus, ii. 242, 259. Cassius, C. [consul 681], iv. 80 — lieutenant of Crassus, iv. 338 *et seq.* — L. [tribune of the people, 617], iii. 73, 87 — L., governor of Asia Minor, iii. 289, 292 — Longinus, L. [consul, 647], defeated by the Helvetii, iii. 182 — Longinus, Q. [tribune of the people, 705], iv. 358, 438. Cassius, Sp. [consul, 252, 261, 268], i. 288, 344, 463; ii. 358. Casilinum, ii. 124, 142, 166, 168. Cassivellaunus, iv. 259 *et seq.* Castor and Pollux, early worshipped by the Romans, i. 187. Temple of, i. 451. Castra, custom-house at, ii. 329. Castrum Novum, a burgess colony, i. 424, 427. Catana, i. 138. Cato. *See* Porcius

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

632

INDEX.

## CAT

Cattle and sheep, the earliest medium of exchange, i. 203. Breeding of, in Italy, 197, 198. For plough, i. 197. Increase of cattle-rearing, ii. 365, 370, 357, 380, 389, *n*.  
 Caudine Forks, i. 375  
 Caudium, peace of, i. 377, 378  
 Caulonia, i. 141  
 Caunus, ii. 255  
 Cavalry. *See* Army  
*Cavum aedium*, i. 243; ii. 478  
 Celeres, i. 78  
 Celetrum, ii. 238  
 Celts, character of the nation, i. 334–336. Migrations, i. 336, 337. Cross the Alps to Italy, i. 337, 338. Cross the Po, i. 338. Attack Etruria and capture Rome, i. 341–343. Subsequent incursions into Latium, i. 344. End of their migrations and the results of the same, i. 345. Take part in the last Samnite war, i. 388. Effect of the Celtic wars on the union of Italy, i. 440. Subdued by the Romans in the course of the sixth century, ii. 76–83, 194–198. Join Carthage in second Punic War, ii. 113, 114, 118. Forbidden to acquire Roman citizenship, ii. 195, 332. Different tribes of, iii. 173. In Roman army during the Social War, iii. 240  
 — Of Asia, ii. 217, 219, 305. War with, ii. 272, 273, 275; iii. 56  
 — Transalpine, ii. 77, 78 *n*., 79. Their advance into Italy checked, ii. 196  
 Celtiberians, ii. 132, 157, 182, 183, 210, 212; iii. 5 *et seq.*, 217  
 Cenchreae, ii. 243  
 Centuripa, ii. 36, 68 *n*., 70 *n*.  
 Cephalenia, ii. 276  
 Cephaloedium, ii. 48  
 Cenomani, i. 337, 346; ii. 76, 78, 79, 81, 82, 115, 194, 195; iii. 174  
 Censorship, instituted, i. 300. Importance of the office for the governing aristocracy, i. 300; ii. 322. Plebeians eligible, i. 306. Patricians excluded from one censorship, i. 306. Moral jurisdiction over the burgesses, i. 317, 325 *n*., 446. Rendered thereby the first of the magistracies, i. 447. Superior in rank to the consulate, i.

## CHI

320. Might not be held twice, i. 321. Not a curule office, ii. 317 *n*. Limitations, ii. 324, 325. Insignia, ii. 348. Set aside by Sulla, iii. 360, 370. Renewed, and term of office extended to five years by Pompeius, iv. 96, 325. Remodelled by Caesar, iv. 548  
 Census, arose out of the Servian military arrangements, i. 99. Every fourth year, i. 266. Extended to Italy, i. 439 *n*. Extended to Sicily, ii. 68. But not to the more recently added provinces, ii. 340. Rating originally in land, i. 99, *n*. In money, . 316. Later modifications, ii. 352 *n*. Numbers of, when introduced into the Annals, i. 477. Those of the first four centuries probably all fictitious, i. 477. *Compare* Population  
 Centenius, C., ii. 122  
 — M., ii. 168  
 Centumviri, a Latin senate, i. 73  
 Centumviral court, iii. 372; iv. 483  
 Centuria, land measure of one hundred homesteads of two *jugera* each, i. 73. *Compare* Comitia centuriata  
 Ceres, Temple of, in Rome, i. 284, 463, 490 *n*., 496  
 Cermalus, i. 52  
*Cervestia*, iv. 217  
 Ceutrones, ii. 108  
 Chaeronea, battle of, iii. 302, 303  
 Chalcedon besieged, iv. 54  
 Chalcidian colonies in Italy and Sicily, i. 138, 139, 140  
 Chalcis, ii. 215, 236, 239, 242, 243, 244, 251, 259, 260, 263, 264, 298, 302  
 Chaldaeans in Rome, iii. 438  
 Chaplet, as prize of victory, i. 236, 237, ii. 363  
 Charondas, laws of, i. 145  
 Charops, ii. 241  
 Chatti, iv. 232, 265  
 Cherry trees, from Asia Minor, iv. 507  
 Cherries, ii. 362  
 Chersonese, Tauric, iii. 280 *n*.  
 — Thracian, ii. 218, 275, 278; iii. 173  
 Chios, ii. 153, 223, 226, 227, 232, 265, 266, 275. Treatment of, by Mithradates, iii. 306. Indemnified by Sulla, iii. 312

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

633

## CIL

- Cilicia, ii. 216, 254, 274, 276. Seat of pirates, iii. 66; iv. 40–43, 113. A Roman province, iii. 140; iv. 44. Partly occupied by Tigranes, iv. 46, 47. Enlarged by Pompeius, iv. 141
- Cimbri, iii. 178–189
- Cincinnatus. *See* Quinctius
- Cineas, i. 406, 411, 417
- Ciphers, earliest in general use throughout Italy, i. 204, 214. Greek aspirades afterwards adopted for 48, 94, and 1000, i. 206. Etruscan, i. 207, 226
- Circeii, i. 360. A Latin colony, i. 355. Rises against Rome, i. 356. About 370, a member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358, 359
- Circus, i. 118
- Cirta, ii. 182, 206; iii. 147, 148. And surrounding district, given by Caesar to P. Sittius, iv. 447, 544
- Cistophorus*, iii. 415; iv. 555
- Citrons, ii. 363 *n.*
- Cius, ii. 223, 226, 230, 235, 256
- Cives sine suffragio*, protected burgesses, i. 101. Burgesses without right of electing or being elected: origin of this category, i. 345. Their position: subject to Roman civic burdens and Roman tribunals, but with administration of their own, i. 433, 434, 437. Their number, i. 436 *n.* Disappearance of this class, ii. 332, 334, 335, 355. Such rights given to Caere, i. 345. To Capua and other places, i. 369. To Anagnina, i. 386. To the Sabines, i. 392
- Civitas* (citizenship), originally coincident with patriciate, i. 66. Could not be lost within the state, i. 110, 164. With Latium, i. 110. Sparingly conferred in very early times, i. 92, 93. Given to the Alban clans, i. 108. Later *civitas* of plebeians, i. 268. Burgess-rights formerly forced upon the holders, then coveted and conferred as a favour, i. 433. After subjugation of Italy, less frequently bestowed, iii. 229. Its assumption forbidden, iii. 231. After the Social War, bestowed, with limitations, on the Italians, iii. 246, 247, 249, 255, 317. The Sulpi-

## CLA

- cian law equalizing old and new burgesses, iii. 260. The same confirmed by Cinna, iii. 325. By Sulla, iii. 355, 361, 362. Extensively conferred by Caesar on non-Italians, iv. 540 *et seq.*
- Civitates foederatae*, iii. 396
- *immunes*, iii. 396
- Civic community as opposed to a state, iii. 98, 239, 374, 376
- Clans form the community, i. 65, 66. Clan consists of ten households, i. 72. Clan-villages, the oldest form of settlements in Latium, i. 37. Without political independence, parts of the canton, i. 39. *Gentes maiores et minores*, i. 89. Significance of gentile ties even at the time of the abolition of the monarchy, i. 256
- Classes*, i. 95
- Classici*, i. 95
- Clastidium, battle of, ii. 82, 115, 117 *n.*
- Claudia [sister to the consul of 505], ii. 393
- Claudius [decemvir, 303, 304], i. 294, 501
- Ap. [officer in the war with Antiochus, 562], ii. 263
- — [officer in the war with Perseus, 585], ii. 297, 299
- — [consul, 611; censor, 618], a friend of the Gracchi, iii. 88, 92, 101
- — praetor before Nola, iii. 271
- — [consul, 675], iii. 380; iv. 38
- Caecus, Ap. [censor, 442; consul, 447, 458]. His character. i. 315, 470. His censorship, i. 316, 507. De-meanour in reference to Pyrrhus, i. 411, 471. Founds the system of useful public works and buildings, i. 380, 463, 470. And of honorary memorials of private persons, i. 468. His poems, i. 475. His calendar and formulae for actions, i. 485. Introduces *r* instead of *s*, i. 487
- Caudex, Ap. [consul, 490], ii. 35
- Pulcher, Ap. [mil. tribune, 538; consul, 562], ii. 137, 168, 170
- C. [mil. tribune, 490], ii. 34, 35
- Cento, C., [commands the fleet, 654], ii. 236
- Marcellus, C. [consul, 704], iv. 355 *et seq.*

VOL. IV.

2 T

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

634

## INDEX.

- CLA COM
- Claudius Marcellus C. [consul, 705], iv. 358 and *n.*
- — M. [consul, 532, 539, 540, 544, 546], his character, ii. 140, 141. Defeats the Celts, ii. 82. Takes the command after Cannae, ii. 137, 141, 142, 172. War in Sicily, ii. 146, 148. His treatment of the Syracusans, ii. 339. The first to bring art-treasures from conquered Greek cities to Rome, ii. 477. His death, ii. 173
- — M. [consul, 588, 599, 602], iii. 7, 72 *n.*
- — M. in the Social War, iii. 242
- — M. [consul, 703], iv. 347, 350, 462
- Nero, C. [censor, 550; consul, 547], propraetor in Spain, ii. 158–163, 168, 176, 178, 180, 322
- Pulcher, P. [consul, 505], defeated at Drepana, ii. 50.
- Claudius Quadrigarius, Q., chronicler, iv. 602
- Clavus*, ii. 316, 348
- Clazomenae, ii. 266, 275
- Cleonymus of Sparta, i. 385
- Cleopatra, daughter of Antiochus, ii. 254, 256, 257, 308.
- daughter of Mithradates, iv. 118
- daughter of Ptolemy Auletes, iv. 424, 426
- Clientship, meaning of the word, i. 90. A state of protected freedom, i. 64, 65. Earliest position in the community, i. 66. A curse rests on its violation, i. 184. Based on assignation of land by protector to protected, i. 199. Referred originally to the clan, not to the individual patron, i. 199. Not applied officially to relations of state law, i. 430 *n.* Of towns, originating out of honorary citizenship, i. 76; ii. 339
- Clitarchus, i. 394, 484
- Cloaca maxima*, i. 118, 490
- Cloacae, construction of, ii. 331
- Clodius, P., iv. 207, 296, 308, 323
- Cloellii, from Alba, i. 108
- Cluentius, A., iv. 517
- Clupea, ii. 43, 45, 46
- Clupeus*, i. 456 *n.*
- Clusium = Camars, i. 120, 340; ii. 79.
- Cohorts. *See* Legion
- Coinage. *See* Money
- Colchis, iii. 280; iv. 124
- Collatia, i. 48, 105
- Collegia* (clubs) in Rome, iv. 296, 501. Restricted by Caesar, iv. 503
- Collini*, i. 56
- Colline Gate. battle at the, iii. 340 *et seq.*
- Collis*, i. 56
- Colonies, their salutary effect on the social state of Rome, i. 312. Between the Apennines and the Po, ii. 391. Stoppage of colonization in Italy since end of sixth century, iii. 83. Colonies of C. Gracchus, iii. 110, 133. Of the younger Drusus, iii. 222. Of Sulla, iii. 267, 356; iv. 4. Of the Servilian agrarian law, iv. 170. *Compare* Capua
- Coloniae civium Romanorum*, i. 106 *n.* At first all on the sea coast, i. 418, 432. Inland, ii. 333. All established in Italy after Aquileia, burgess colonies, i. 433 *n.*
- *Latinae*, oldest, i. 113. Founded by Romano-Latin league, and received into it as new independent members, i. 350. Colonists at first a mixture of Romans and Latins; subsequent predominance of Romans, i. 350, 351. *Compare* Latin Communities and Latin League
- Colonies, Non-Italian, projects of T. Gracchus, iii. 83. Of C. Gracchus, iii. 110. Founding of Narbo, iii. 133, 159, 160, 422; iv. 542. Proposals of Saturninus, iii. 208, 218. Of Caesar in Cisalpine Gaul, iv. 313. In Transalpine Gaul, iv. 285 *et seq.* At various points, iv. 541 *et seq.*
- Colophon, ii. 275
- Columns, building of, ii. 478
- Comana, high priest of, iv. 143
- Comedy, newer Attic, ii. 425, 429
- Roman; Hellenism and political indifference, ii. 429, 430. *Dramatis personae* and incidents, ii. 432, 433. Composition of, ii. 434. Roman barbarism, ii. 434. Metres, ii. 435. *Mise en scène*, ii. 436
- Comitia*, non-freehold burgesses admitted generally by Appius Claudius, i. 316. In a more limited sense by



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

635

## COM

- Fabius Rullianus, i. 316. Gradual extension of their functions, i. 316, 317. First step towards consulting them on administrative affairs, i. 318, 319. Demagogic enlargement of their functions, ii. 356, 357. Voting districts disorganized, ii. 343, 344. Nullity of later comitia, ii. 358 *et seq.* Condition in the time of the Gracchi, iii. 74 *et seq.*, 100 *et seq.* In the time of Sulla, iii. 257, 258. In the time of Caesar, iv. 476. Appoint directly to military commands, iv. 103. Their corruption, iii. 75; iv. 7, 513
- *Centuriata*, earliest, i. 100. On the abolition of the monarchy, obtain the right of annually designating the consuls, of judging in appeals, and making new laws in concert with presiding magistrates, i. 264. Priority in voting of equestrian centuries, i. 265. Assembly of the centuries in the camp, i. 268, 269. Reform of: each of the five classes has equal number of votes; equestrian priority of vote abolished, ii. 353, 354. Order of voting fixed by lot by C. Gracchus, iii. 110. Servian order of voting restored by Sulla, iii. 267, *compare* iii. 362. Position after the Sullan restoration, iii. 363
- Comitia curiata*, summoned by the king to do homage, and to sanction changes in, or exceptions from, the existing legal order, i. 81–83. Ordinary, twice a year (March 24 and May 24), i. 81. Vote taken by heads, i. 288. After admission of plebeians restricted to legislative formal acts and decrees in matters affecting the clans, i. 264. Plebeian curiate assembly, i. 282, 283, 288. *Compare* Burgess-body
- Comitia tributa*, originally assembly of plebeian landholders, i. 288. Introduction of, i. 288. Patricio-plebeian, i. 295. Predominance in later times, ii. 354. After Sulla's time, nominate new senators, iii. 361. Nominate quaestors, iii. 361
- Comitium*, i. 117

## CON

- Commagene. *See* Antiochus
- Commerce, oldest Italian inland, its fairs, i. 203. Media of exchange: oxen and sheep, i. 203; and copper, i. 204. Subsequent development, i. 458
- earliest Italian transmarine, especially on the west coast; import chiefly of Greek and Oriental articles of luxury, i. 205–207. Export of Italian raw produce, i. 207. Subsequent development of transmarine commerce, i. 459, 461; ii. 379. Latin commerce passive, Etruscan active, i. 207, 208; ii. 386. Roman wholesale, iii. 408. African, centres at Utica, iii. 40. Greek, at Argos and Delos, iii. 52. Gallic and British, at Narbo, iii. 171. Roman, penetrates to Northern Gaul, iv. 231
- Commercial interests, their influence on Roman politics, iii. 23, 24, 52, 69, 167, 171, 410, 411; iv. 421
- Commercium, withdrawn from the Italian communities, i. 435. From the Sicilians, ii. 68
- Common tillage by the clanships, i. 38, 193
- Complega, ii. 208
- Compulteria, ii. 143
- Comum, ii. 82, 195; iii. 175; iv. 313
- Concilium, withdrawn from the Italian communities, i. 435
- plebis, i. 288
- Concolitanus, ii. 78, 80
- Concord, temple of, in the Capitol, i. 305; iii. 129
- Confarreatio, relation to the earliest constitution of ten curies, i. 73 *n.* Symbolic act, i. 167
- Confiscations by Sulla, iii. 354
- by Caesar, iv. 497
- Consensual contracts, actionable, ii. 384 *n.*
- Consentia, i. 371; ii. 134
- Consuls, meaning of name, i. 257 *n.* Their earliest appellations, i. 257
- Supreme administrators, judges, and generals, i. 257. Each of them possessing the whole regal power: in case of collision, the *imperia* neutralize each other, i. 257, 258. Could not be deposed, i. 262. Authority

2 T 2



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

636

## INDEX.

## CON

dormant during a dictatorship, i. 260. Bound to resign office after the expiry of a year, i. 257. No fixed day for entering on their year of office, i. 258 *n.* Power similar to the royal, i. 257. But differing from it, by the introduction of responsibility: consul impeachable after the expiry of his term for a crime perpetrated while in office, i. 258; by the abolition of royal taskwork and clientship, i. 259; by the legal establishment of the right of the community to judge on appeal in capital sentences other than those of martial law, i. 259; by restrictions on right to delegate his powers, i. 259, or to nominate his successor, i. 261; by the loss of the nomination of priests, and by the abolition of the more striking insignia, i. 261. Their position in reference to senate, i. 269, 270. Chose senators at pleasure, i. 266. Conduct quaestorial elections, i. 294. Checked by the intercessio and jurisdiction of the tribunes, i. 281, 282. Their power weakened in consequence of the conflicts between the orders, i. 319. Limited to the mainland, ii. 67. Receive a quasi-dictatorial power by decree of the senate, ii. 357. The consul conducting a consular election might propose list of, and reject, candidates, i. 261. Limitation of right to propose successors, i. 289. One consul must be a plebeian, i. 305. Re-election restricted, ii. 324. Exclusion of the poorer citizens, ii. 325. Right of proposal but not of deposition, vested in the community, i. 261. *Consul suffectus* in the earlier times, i. 258 *n.* Consuls at Beneventum, i. 432. Decay of office under Caesar, iv. 155, 469, 471, 480. Re-election forbidden, iii. 72, 327 *n.* This repealed by Sulla, iii. 362. Consular duties regulated by C. Gracchus, iii. 117, 159. By Sulla, iii. 364

*Contio*, i. 81; iii. 99

Contracts under earliest law not actionable, with the exception of betrothal,

## COR

purchase, and loan, i. 161. Of the state with a burgess need no form, i. 162. Defaulter and his property could be sold, i. 164. Consensual contracts and *obligatio litteris*, ii. 383, 384

Conubium between Romans and Latins, i. 110; ii. 68. Withdrawn from the Italian communities, i. 435

Cookery, art of, ii. 426

Copia. *See* *Thurii*.

Copper, the second oldest medium of exchange, i. 204

— coinage, Roman, iii. 413

Coppersmiths, guild of, i. 202, 247

Cora, Latin colony, i. 354. In the Aricine league, i. 359

—, about 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 *n.*

Corbio, about 370, a member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358

Corcyra, commercial connections with Italy, i. 146. Occupied by Agathocles, Cleonymus, Demetrius, and Pyrrhus, i. 385, 391, 399. Occupied by the Illyrian pirates, ii. 73. Roman, under a praefect, ii. 74, 220

Corduene, iv. 45, 65

Corfinium, head-quarters of the insurgents in Social War, iii. 238, 252. Siege and capture by Caesar, iv. 375

Corinth, ii. 215, 241, 242, 258, 244, 248, 249, 251. Its commercial connections with Italy, i. 146. Destruction of, iii. 50. Restored by Caesar, iv. 544. 'Copper' of, iii. 52 *n.*

Corioli, about 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358

Corn in public granaries, its distribution by enactment of C. Gracchus, iii. 109, 110. Continues after his fall, iii. 132, 134. Increased by Saturninus, iii. 210. By the elder Drusus, iii. 222. Restricted in Social War, iii. 237. Renewed by Cinna, iii. 325. Abolished by Sulla, iii. 359. Re-established partially in the year 681, iv. 89. Completely in 691, iv. 184. Re-modelled by Caesar, iv. 495

Cornelia, mother of the Gracchi, iii. 86, 100, 470

Cornelia, wife of Caesar, iv. 16

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

637

## COR

- Cornelii, clan-village, i. 38  
 Cornelii, freedmen of Sulla, iii. 358  
 Cornelius Balbus, L., of Gades, Caesar's confidant, iv. 479  
 — Cethegus, P., a Marian, goes over to Sulla, iii. 341, 365. His influence at Rome in appointments, iv. 8, 73  
 Cornelius Cinna, C., Strabo's lieutenant in the Social War, iii. 251  
 — — L., iii. 270, 315 *et seq.*, 325, 328  
 — — — son of the preceding, iv. 23  
 — Cossus, A. [consul, 411], i. 366 *n.*  
 — — [consul, 326], i. 339  
 — Dolabella, P. [consul, 471], i. 402  
 — — Caesar's admiral in Illyricum, iv. 395. Tribune of the people, iv. 460  
 — Lentulus Clodianus, Cn. [consul, 682], defeated by Spartacus, iv. 78, 96  
 — — Crus, L. [consul, 705], iv. 358  
 — — P., besieges Haliartus, ii. 295  
 — — — *praetor urbanus*, iii. 97  
 — — Spinther, P., a Pompeian, iv. 374  
 — — Sura, P. [consul, 683], Catilinarian, iv. 174, 176 *et seq.*  
 — Merula, L. [consul, 666], iii. 317, 319  
 — Nepos, iv. 603  
 — Rufinus, P. [consul, 464, 477], i. 315, 446, 464 *n.*  
 — Scipio Aemilianus Africanus, P., his character, iii. 85 *et seq.*, 105, 446. Military tribune in Spain, iii. 8, 25. In Africa, iii. 33, 34. Destroys Carthage, iii. 39. Destroys Numantia, iii. 17, 18. Mission to the East, iii. 66. Bearing towards the populace, iii. 99. Attitude in reference to Sempronian agrarian law, iii. 100, 101. Death, iii. 104. Scipionic circle, iii. 424, 432, 446  
 — — Africanus, P., his character, ii. 158, 160. Saves his father's life at the Ticino, ii. 114. His conduct after the battle of Cannae, ii. 137. His Spanish campaigns, ii. 161–165. His African expedition, ii. 181–189. Triumph, ii. 193. Opposed to Antiochus, ii. 268–270. Separates the orders in the theatre, ii. 321. At enmity with Cato, ii. 347, 350. His political position, ii. 360. Nepotism, ii. 326. Early

## COR

- rise of, ii. 327. Introduces honorary surnames, ii. 348. Largesses of foreign grain at nominal prices, ii. 372. Ridiculed by Naevius, ii. 431. His death, ii. 282, 283  
 Cornelius Scipio Africanus, P., son of Africanus, writes Roman history in Greek, ii. 459  
 — — Asiaticus, L. [consul, 564], general in war with Antiochus, ii. 268, 270, 283. Originator of special collections, ii. 344. Erased from the roll of the equites, ii. 351. Takes the surname of Asiagenus, ii. 283, 397 and *n.*  
 Cornelius Scipio Asiaticus, L. [consul, 671], iii. 329, 333, 334, 351, 353  
 — — Asina, Cn. [consul, 494], ii. 40  
 — — Calvus, Cn. [consul, 532], conquers the Celts, ii. 82. In Spanish campaign, ii. 132, 145, 155–158  
 — — L. [consul, 456], epitaph on, i. 468, 469, 478, 493  
 — — — [consul, 495] takes Aleria, ii. 41  
 — — Nasica, P., commands at Pydna, ii. 300  
 — — — — [consul, 592, 599] opposes the destruction of Carthage, iii. 23, 39. In Macedonia, iii. 42. Leader of aristocracy against T. Gracchus, iii. 94. Takes Delmum, iii. 172  
 — — P. [consul, 536] commands against Hannibal in Gaul and Upper Italy, ii. 103, 104, 105, 113, 114, 115. In Spain, ii. 156, 158  
 — Sisenna, L. [praetor, 676], lieutenant of Pompeius, iv. 115, 116. Historian of the Social and Civil War, iv. 600  
 — Sulla, L., character, iii. 264, 380. Political career, iii. 383. Serves against Jugurtha, iii. 159. Against the Teutones, iii. 189. Governor of Cilicia, iii. 287. General in Social War, iii. 250 *et seq.* Quarrels with Sulpicius, iii. 262. Marches on and occupies Rome, iii. 264, 265. First legislation, iii. 267. Mithradatic campaign, iii. 271. Conquers Greece, iii. 298 *et seq.* At Athens, iii. 299. Victorious at Chaeronea, iii. 302. At Orchomenus, iii. 304. Crosses to

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

638

## INDEX.

## COR

Asia, iii. 309. Makes peace at Dardanus, iii. 311. Regulates Asiatic affairs, iii. 311. Returns to Italy, iii. 313, 331. In conflict with the Marian party, iii. 333–342. Dictator, iii. 348. His executions, iii. 350. Proscriptions and confiscations, iii. 351–355. Assignations to the soldiers, iii. 356. Abolishes the Gracchan institutions, iii. 358, 359. Re-organizes the senate, iii. 359. Regulations as to the burgesses, iii. 361. As to the priestly colleges, iii. 362. Regulates qualifications for office and magistracies, iii. 363–367. His finance, iii. 371. Judicial system, iii. 371. Quaestiones, iii. 372. Police laws, iii. 374. Resigns the dictatorship, iii. 380. Death and burial, iii. 390, 391; iv. 22. His opinion of Caesar, iv. 17. Political results of his death, iv. 22. Vengeance of democrats on Sullans by legal process, iv. 162

Cornelius Sulla, P., Catilinarian, iv. 165

Cornificius, L., lieutenant of Caesar, iv. 433

Coronea, ii. 251, 294, 297

Corniculum, i. 105

*Corona civica*, ii. 185

Correspondence, published, iv. 606

Corsica, Phocaeans settle in, i. 153. Etruscan, i. 154, 329, 333. Carthaginian, i. 425. Roman fleet sent thither to found colony, i. 428. Roman, ii. 41, 66. War with, ii. 199. Marian colony in, iii. 218

Cortona, i. 484. Peace with Rome, i. 382

Coruncanus, C., ii. 73

— L., ii. 73

— Tib., i. 412, 486

Cos, ii. 228

Cosa in Etruria, i. 245. In Lucania, ii. 135. A Latin colony, i. 424, 427. Reinforced, ii. 191

Cossyra, ii. 13

Cothon, inner harbour of Carthage, iii. 31

Cotta. *See* Aurelius

Cottian Alps, road over the, iv. 27

Cotys, ii. 290, 297, 303

## CUR

Crates Mallotes, grammarian, iii. 441

Credit, earliest Roman system of: no landed security, but guaranteed right of personal arrest, i. 169. Effects of, i. 196. *See* Agriculture

Cremona, ii. 113, 117, 194, 198. A Latin colony, ii. 83, 352. *Jus* of, i. 433 *n.*

Crete, ii. 222, 244, 249, 276, 308. Seat of piracy, iii. 65; iv. 41, 44. Made a province by Metellus and Pompeius, iv. 76, 115, 141

Criminal procedure: fundamental ideas, i. 26. Interference of the king, even without appeal of the injured person, in breaches of the public peace, i. 159. Imprisonment during investigation the rule, i. 159. Capital punishment, i. 159. Pardon by the community, or by the gods, i. 159. Later development, i. 450; iii. 112, 116. Under Sulla, iii. 373

Critolaus, iii. 46

Croton, i. 142, 144, 364; ii. 135, 185. Repulses the Bruttians with help of the Syracusans, i. 372. Occupied by the Romans, i. 403, 418. Burgess colony, ii. 191

Crustumia, i. 105, 280. Crustumian tribe, i. 288

Culture, in Caesar's time, iv. 563, 567

Cumae, or 'Cyme,' in Asia Minor, ii. 266, 275

Cumae in Campania, ii. 142. Oldest Greek settlement in Italy, i. 137, 139. Transferred to mainland, i. 145. Its constitution, i. 145. Attacked by Tyrrhenians, 230 *v.c.*, i. 124, 132. Checks the Etruscans at Aricia, i. 330. Helps to defeat Tyrrhene fleet, i. 331; ii. 6. Conquered by Sabellians, i. 334, 361, 363. Obtains Caerite rights, i. 369. Sibylline oracles brought thence to Rome, i. 187. Old relations with Rome, i. 210, 211

Curia consisted of 10 *gentes*, or 100 households, i. 72. Fundamental part of the community, i. 73. *Compare* Comitia tributa

Curia Saliorum, i. 52

Curiae veteres, i. 52

Curiatii, from Alba, i. 108

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

639

## CUR

- Curio*, i. 78. *Curio maximus* chosen by the burgesses, ii. 357; iii. 362  
*Curius Dentatus*, M., [consul, 464, 479, 480; censor, 482], i. 314, 315, 392, 422, 463; ii. 324  
*Cursor*. See *Papirius*  
*Curule magistracies*, ii. 317  
*Customs*, Sicilian, ii. 69. Extension of Italian, ii. 329. In the Roman state, iii. 397. Districts, iii. 398. Officers, iii. 402  
*Cyclades*, the, ii. 218, 226, 227  
*Cycliades*, ii. 242  
*Cynics*, iv. 560  
*Cynoscephalae*, battle of, ii. 244, 245  
*Cyprus*, ii. 4, 218. Separated from Egypt, iii. 272. Annexed by Rome, iv. 48, 152, 207  
*Cyrene*, ii. 8, 214, 218, 226, 229. Separated from Egypt, iii. 272. Roman, iii. 273; iv. 51  
*Cyssus*, battle of, ii. 265  
*Cythnus*, ii. 232  
*Cyzicus*, ii. 222, 258. Besieged by Mithradates, iv. 54, 55, 144

## DACIAN kingdom founded, iv. 291

Dalmatia. See *Illyricum**Damascus*, iv. 46, 136*Damium*, i. 188*Dancing*, its early religious and artistic significance, i. 229. In later times, iii. 476; iv. 618, 619*Dardani*, ii. 236, 238, 239, 246, 288, 290. Subdued by Romans, iv. 38*Dardanus*, ii. 275*Darius*, king of the Medes, said to have been defeated by Pompeius, iv. 141 n.*Dassaretae*, ii. 237, 239*Daunii*, i. 467*Day* divided into hours, i. 217. Different times of its commencement among Italian races, i. 217*Dea dia*, i. 176*Debt*, actions for, altered by the *Lex Poetelia*, i. 310, 447. Demand for legal diminution of, during the Social War, iii. 258, 259. Remission of, by the law of L. Valerius Flaccus, iii. 325. Catiline's projects, iv. 173. Condition of debtors in Caesar's time,

## DEN

iv. 515, 516. Caesar's regulations as to, iv. 523. Laws of M. Coelius and P. Dolabella, iv. 460. Caesar's bankruptcy law, iv. 525

*Decemviri consulari imperio legibus scribundis*, institution and overthrow, i. 289, 294. Introduction of money by them, i. 458— *litibus iudicandis*, i. 281— *sacris faciundis*. See *Duoviri**Decimal system*, its origin, i. 214. Older than the duodecimal system, i. 214, 215. At first exclusively prevalent in Italy, i. 215. But the duodecimal system early acquired preponderance, i. 215*Decius Magius*, ii. 134— *Mus*, P. [military tribune, 411; consul, 414], i. 366 n. Self-sacrifice probably false, i. 366 n.

— — [consul, 457, 459], i. 389, 390

*Declamation*, iii. 440*Decurio*, origin of the name, i. 73*Decuriones turmarum*, i. 351 n.*Dediticii*, communities of, ii. 332, 335. Definition of, iii. 256 n., 356 n.*Deiotarus*, iv. 53, 143*Delium*, ii. 263. Peace-conference at, iii. 308*Delmium*, iii. 172*Delos*, free port, ii. 308, 309; iii. 52, 66, 78, 80, 296, 409. Delian bronze, iii. 52 n.*Delphic oracle*, embassy to, from the Romans, i. 187, 430. From the *Caerites*, i. 153*Demeter*, secret worship, ii. 404*Demetrius*, ii. 215, 243, 251, 259, 260, 261, 264, 278, 303*Demetrius Nicator*, iii. 61— *Poliorectes*, i. 391, 398, 399, 428 n.

— son of Philip of Macedonia, ii. 246, 286, 287

*Demetrius of Pharos*, ii. 74, 75, 99, 127, 133— *Soter*, of Syria, iii. 41, 58*Democrates*, ii. 227*Democritus*, i. 490*Demophilus of Himera*, i. 493*Denarius*, i. 465*Dentatus*. See *Curius*

## DEU

*Deus fidius*, i. 174, 188  
 Diaeus, leader of the Achaean League, iii. 44, 45, 48, 49  
 Dialogue in the professional sciences, iv. 611  
 Diana, temple of, on the Aventine, i. 111. Sanctuary of the league, i. 118. After a Greek model, i. 188. Festival probably combined with a fair, i. 203. Effigy formed after that of Ephesus, and the oldest image of the gods in Rome, i. 247  
 Dicaearchus, ii. 224, 228  
 Dice playing in Rome, ii. 410  
*Dictator*, i. 66. Colleague of the consuls with superior authority, i. 262. Relation of his power to the regal and consular, i. 262. Originally general, i. 262. Nomination by the consul, i. 262. Appeals against him, i. 294. Plebeians eligible, i. 306. Dictatorship set aside, i. 126, 128, 137, 353. Latin municipal authority, as regards ritual, throughout not collegiate, i. 352 n. Sulla's dictatorship, iii. 349. Caesar's dictatorship, iv. 455  
 Didius, T. [consul, 656], defeats the Lustranians, iii. 217, 241; iv. 19  
 Dido, i. 483  
*Dies fasti*, i. 157  
 Digitus, i. 215  
*Dū inferi*, i. 174  
 Diodorus, philosopher and lieutenant of Mithradates, iii. 305  
 Diomedes, fable of, i. 482  
 Dionysius of Syracuse, i. 332; ii. 14. Helps the Sabellians to ruin the towns of Magna Graecia, i. 362  
 Diophanes, ii. 267  
 Diopos, i. 247  
*Disciplinae septem liberales*, iv. 564  
*Dis pater*, i. 188  
*Divisores tributum*, iv. 7  
 Divitiacus, iv. 235  
 Dium, ii. 244  
 Documents, earliest Roman, i. 224  
 Dolabella. *See* Cornelius  
 Dolopia, ii. 265, 278  
 Domains, property of the state, not of the king, i. 80. Still vested in the clans, i. 193–195. Originally perhaps

## DOE

not very extensive, i. 201. Use of them regularly granted only to the burgess, i. 201. Change in their treatment under the rule of the senate: reserved substantially for the patricians, and possibly for such plebeians as sat in the senate, i. 276. Assignations of land restricted, i. 277. Formation of the system of occupation: usufruct of portions of public land, until further notice, for payment of a proportion of the produce, i. 277. Vain attempt of Cassius to set aside the system of occupation, i. 281. Increasing distress of the farmers, i. 302; 310. New regulation by the Licinio-Sextian laws; occupation and the right of pasturing cattle restricted by maximum rates, i. 304. Leasing of the domains acquired in the Hannibalic war, ii. 329. Extension of the possessions, ii. 352. Large assignation in the sixth century, ii. 351. Decision as to assignations falls to the burgesses, ii. 358. Occupation of Italian domains, iii. 83, 90, 134, 356. Distribution by Ti. Gracchus, iii. 96, 102, 133. By Caesar, iv. 527. Servilian law, iv. 170. Revenue from the extra-Italian domains, iii. 395. *See* Capua  
 Domitius Ahenobarbus, Cn. [consul, 632], fights against the Allobroges, iii. 169  
 — — — son-in-law of Cinna, iii. 343  
 — — — L. [consul, 660], iii. 337  
 — — — [consul, 700], iv. 317, 375, 383, 380, 420, 511  
 — — — Calvinus, Cn. [dictator, 474], i. 412  
 — — — [praetor, 698], iv. 410  
 — Cn., commands against Antiochus, ii. 270  
 Doric colonies in Italy and Sicily, i. 139, 140, 141  
 Doris, ii. 215  
 Drachmae, Attic, iv. 554 n. Standard of the, iii. 415  
 Drepana, ii. 41, 49. Battle of, ii. 50  
 Dress, iii. 417  
 Druids, iv. 225  
 Duel, replaced by money-wager and

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

641

## DUI

- action at law, ii. 384. Celtic, i. 336.  
In Spain, ii. 208  
Duilius, C. [consul, 494], ii. 40. Demonstrations of honour to, ii. 348  
Dumnorix, iv. 240, 261  
Duodecimal system in Italy, early in use as well for the measurement of time as for measures of length and surface and for weight, i. 214, 215  
*Duoviri navales*, i. 428  
— *perduellionis*, i. 159  
— *sacris faciundis*, custodiers of oracles, i. 187. Increased to ten and opened up to plebeians, i. 304  
Dyers, guild of, i. 202, 205; ii. 379 *n.*  
Dyme, ii. 154, 242  
Dyrrhachium, iv. 290. Caesar's operations near, iv. 406, 412. *See* Epidamnus

**E**AGLE introduced as a standard, iii. 202

- Eburones, iv. 250, 261, 262, 263, 264, 266, 281  
Echetla, ii. 35  
Echinus, ii. 234  
Ecnomus, battle of, ii. 42  
Edessa. *See* Osroene  
*Edictum praetoris urbani*, iv. 552  
Education, its rise, i. 238, 241, 487; ii. 414–416. In Latin, iii. 441; iv. 565, 566. In Greek, iii. 439; iv. 564  
Educational training by the State begun under Caesar, iv. 563  
Egeria, i. 481  
Egesta. *See* Segesta  
Egnatius, Gellius, i. 389, 390  
Egypt, character of the kingdom, ii. 217, 218. First contact with Rome, i. 442. Its relations to Rome, ii. 72. Position in the second Punic War, ii. 151, 153. Supplies Rome, ii. 174. Before the time of the Gracchi, iii. 20, 58. After the time of the Gracchi, iii. 272. Financial character of the Ptolemaic government, iii. 401. Discussions as to its annexation after the death of Alexander II., iv. 48, 152. Ptolemy XI. recognized by the Romans and conducted back by Gabinius, iv. 153. State at the time of the

## EPU

- battle of Pharsalus, iv. 424. State under Caesar, iv. 431, 479. Egyptian objects of luxury in Italian tombs, i. 205, 206  
Elaeus, ii. 231  
Elatea, ii. 242  
Elephants, use of, in battle, i. 409, 413, 414, 422; ii. 245. Carthaginian, ii. 25, 45, 46, 47, 48, 100  
— the first seen in Rome, i. 422  
Eleusinian mysteries, admission of the Romans to, ii. 75  
Eleusis, ii. 236  
Eleuthero-Lacones, ii. 249, 259  
Elis, ii. 152, 222, 234, 262, 265, 278  
Elymaea, ii. 238  
Elymais, ii. 272  
Emancipation allowed, i. 448. More recent than manumission, i. 63, 165  
Emigrants, Roman, in Spain, iv. 9, 18, 19, 35. With Mithradates, iv. 32, 47, 56, 60  
Emporiae, in Africa, ii. 200  
— in Spain, ii. 92, 206, 208  
Endowments, religious, ii. 399  
Engraving on stone in Etruria, i. 247, 248, 494. On metal, i. 492, 493  
Enna, ii. 148  
Ennius, Q., Roman poet, ii. 448, 449–457. Introduces the hexameter, ii. 456. His *Practextatae*, ii. 453. His *Saturae*, ii. 455. His *Annales*, ii. 456. Changes in orthography, ii. 466. Religious position, ii. 402  
Entella, ii. 29  
Eordaea, ii. 238  
Ephesus, ii. 259, 272, 27  
Ephorus, i. 482  
Epicharmus of Megara, ii. 402. Edited by Ennius, ii. 455  
Epicurus and his school, iii. 427; iv. 560  
Epicycles, ii. 147, 148  
Epidamnus founded, i. 146. Roman, ii. 74. Coins of, ii. 381  
Epirots, ii. 220, 235, 241, 262, 264, 277  
Epitaphs, imitation of a Greek custom, i. 468  
Eporedia (Ivrea), colony of, iii. 167  
Epos, Roman, iii. 459; iv. 577  
*Epulones*. *See* *Tres viri ep.*

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

642

## INDEX.

## EQU

Equestrian centuries: 6 centuries = 600 horses, 18 centuries = 1800 horses, ii. 319, 320 *n.* Divided into fifty-four turmae under six leaders each (*seviri*), ii. 320 *n.* Proposed increase of, by Cato, ii. 319 *n.* *Equites equo publico*, *equites equo privato*, ii. 320 *n.* The nobility in possession of the, ii. 319–321. Surrender of the state-horses, ii. 320

Equestrian order, beginning of, ii. 387. Elevated by G. Gracchus, iii. 114. Insignia of the, iii. 114. Restriction of, by Sulla, iii. 359. *Compare* Jury-Courts

Eratosthenes, ii. 15

Ercte, ii. 53

Eretria, ii. 242, 259

Ergastulum, ii. 367 *n.*; iii. 79 *n.*

Erythrae, ii. 227, 266, 275

Eryx, ii. 49, 54

*Esquiliae* = *Exquillae*, i. 52, 54

Etruria, boundaries, i. 130. In the southern portion many traces of Umbrians, who were probably only dislodged at a late period, i. 130. Southern part conquered by the Romans, i. 315. Husbandry in, ii. 391

Etruscans, different in figure and language from the Italian race, i. 125. Earlier period of the language with complete vocalization, i. 125. Later period with rejection of vowels and blunting of the pronunciation, i. 126. Such affinity as subsists between Latin and Etruscan may be traced to borrowing, i. 127. Not otherwise demonstrably related to any known race, i. 127. May be presumed Indo-Germanic, i. 129. Came probably from Raetia to Italy, i. 128. Not from Asia Minor, i. 129. Settled up to the Celtic invasion between Alps and Po, i. 129. Also, south of the Po, i. 130. Lastly, and more especially, in Etruria named after them, as far as the Tiber, i. 130, 131. Conflicts with the Celts, i. 133. Urban life early developed in Etruria, i. 133. Constitution of the communities, and of the league, i. 133, 134. Antagonism to the Greek na-

## ETR

vigators along their coasts developes among them piracy and a commerce of their own, i. 150. Establish themselves on the Latin and Campanian coasts, i. 150, 151. League of the twelve Campanian towns, i. 150. Active commerce, i. 151, 207. Wealth and luxury, i. 208, 460. Conduct the carrying trade of the Sybarites in competition with the Milesians, i. 140, 151. Commercial intercourse with Attica and Carthage, i. 208, 209. Their fellowship in arms with the Phoenicians, i. 153. Rule in consequence of it the Italian seas, i. 154, 329. Kept aloof from the Atlantic by the Phoenicians, i. 155. Culmination of their power, i. 329. War with Rome after expulsion of the kings, i. 256, 330. Attack on Latium; victory over Rome, i. 330. Defeat at Aricia, i. 330. Naval supremacy broken by the united exertions of the Italians, Greeks, and Syracusans, i. 331–333. Their naval power thenceforth gone, i. 425. Destructive conflicts with Dionysius of Syracuse, i. 332, 333. Changed position towards Carthage, i. 333. Dislodged by the Samnites from Campania, i. 334, 361. Dislodged by the Celts from northern Italy, i. 338, 339, 341. Contemporary wars of Veii with Rome, i. 333, 338. Veii conquered, i. 339. Sudden collapse of the Etruscan power under these united attacks, i. 340. South Etruria Roman, i. 344. Position after the conflicts with Celts and Romans, i. 347. Position during the Samnite wars, i. 373. Support the Samnites, i. 382. Lay down arms, i. 382. Rise afresh against Rome, i. 388. Peace, i. 390. In combination with the Lucanians, Celts, and Pyrrhus against Rome, i. 401, 406, 407. Conclusion of peace with Rome, i. 412. Conduct in the second Punic war, ii. 175. Not the source of Latin civilisation, i. 225. Etruscan culture of the Roman boys a fable, i. 235 *n.* Religion, i. 189, 191, 452. Lore of lightning, i. 191. National festival,



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

643

## EVA

- i. 242. Arts, i. 249, 291, 496. Relation to Latin art, i. 496. Tragedy, ii. 469. Hellenism, i. 467. Support the Equites against Drusus, iii. 224, 235. Faithful to Rome in Social war, iii. 235. Incipient insurrection checked, iii. 250. Struggles against Sulla, iii. 337, 355. State after his death, iv. 4, 24, 25
- Evander of Crete, ii. 301
- Euboea, ii. 215, 239
- Euchair, i. 247
- Eudamus, ii. 268
- Eudoxus, i. 489
- Euganei, iii. 174
- Eugrammos, i. 247
- Euhemerus of Messene, ii. 426. Edited by Ennius, ii. 455
- Euhemerism, iii. 427
- Eumenes of Pergamus, ii. 257, 261, 267, 271, 274, 276, 278, 282, 284, 292, 293, 295, 304, 306; iii. 44, 53
- Euphorion, iv. 564, 588 and *n.*
- Euripides, ii. 416, 444, 451
- Euromus, ii. 258
- Eurylochus, ii. 260
- Eurymedon, battle of, ii. 268
- Exarare*, i. 225
- Exile, right of, i. 450
- Exports, Italian, iii. 400
- Exposure of children, i. 61
- Exul*, i. 257 *n.*

- FABII**, i. 89 *n.* Clan-village, i. 37. Celebrate the Lupercalia, i. 55 *n.* 176. Ascendancy in the first times of senatorial rule, i. 288. Destruction at the Cremera, i. 288. Prominence of their family-tradition in the Roman annals, i. 478.
- Fabius Hadrianus, C., Marian governor in Africa, iii. 327, 343
- M., lieutenant of Lucullus, iv. 58
- Labeo, Q. [consul, 571], poet, ii. 454 *n.*
- Maximus, Q. [dictator, 537; consul, 521, 526, 539, 540, 545], ii. 122-128, 136, 137, 142, 165, 172, 180, 185, 356. Pronounces the funeral oration over his son, ii. 463

## FIC

- Fabius Maximus Aemilianus, Q. [consul, 609]. In conflict with the Lusitanians, iii. 11, 16
- — Allobrogicus, Q., iii. 168
- — Servilianus, Q. [consul, 612]. In conflict with the Lusitanians, iii. 11
- Pictor, C., the painter, i. 494, 497
- — Q., first writes Roman history in the Greek language, ii. 459, 461. Latin annals under his name, ii. 459 *n.*
- Rullianus, Q., named Maximus [censor, 450; consul, 432, 444, 446, 457, 459], ii. 312, 321, 326, 385, 391, 392
- Fabrateria, town of the Volsci, i. 370
- colony of, founded on Fregellan territory, iii. 107
- Fabricius Luscinus, C. [consul, 472, 476; censor, 478], i. 315, 402. Embassy to Pyrrhus, i. 412
- Fabula Atellana*, ii. 443 *n.* *Palliata*, iii. 454. *Prætextata*, ii. 453. *Togata*, ii. 442; iii. 454
- Faesulae, ii. 79. Rendezvous of Cati-line's conspiracy, iv. 173
- Falerii, i. 207. Supports Veii against Rome, i. 339. Wars with Rome, i. 344, 391; ii. 76. Enters into perpetual league with Rome, i. 345
- Faliscan alphabet, i. 120
- Familia pecuniæque*, i. 160, 194
- Family among the Romans, i. 58, 66. Relaxation of family life, ii. 407, 408
- life in Caesar's time, iv. 516, 513, 522
- Fannius, C. [consul, 632], opposes G. Gracchus, iii. 124
- L., a commander in the Mithradatic war, iv. 52, 55, 60, 70
- Fanum, ii. 83
- Fasts, origin of, i. 476
- Faunus, i. 176, 230
- Felsina = Bononia, i. 130
- Fenerator*, ii. 378
- Fenus nauticum*, ii. 389 *n.*
- *unciarium*. See Interest
- Ferentinum, i. 386
- Feriae Latinae*, i. 41, 43 *n.*
- *publicae*, i. 171
- *sementivæ*, i. 197; ii. 368 *n.*
- Feronia, Grove of, fair at, i. 203
- Fetiales, keepers of state-treaties and of state-law, twenty in number, i. 179
- Ficoroni casket, i. 461, 469, 494



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

644

## INDEX.

## FIC

**Ficulnea**, i. 105  
**Fidenae**, i. 48. Conflicts between Romans and Etruscans for its possession, i. 105, 112, 131. Formula of accursing for, i. 105 *n.* Roman, i. 334. Revolts and is reconquered, i. 339. Two dictators there, i. 352 *n.*  
**Fides** = strings, i. 235  
**Fiducia**, no mortgage, but transference of property, i. 161  
**Fig-tree**, indigenous in Italy, i. 196; ii. 364  
**Financial position** during second Punic War, ii. 165, 173. In seventh century, iii. 371, 394, 401. Under Caesar, iv. 479, 493, 499  
**Fine-processes**, i. 159, 275, 445, 446. Chiefly instituted by the aediles, i. 449. Application of the *multae*, i. 464. At what time introduced into the Annals, i. 477. Compare *Provocatio*  
**Finger-rings**, golden, ii. 316, 348  
**Fire-kindling**, i. 23  
**Firmum**, Latin colony, i. 424. *Jus* of, i. 433 *n.*  
**Fish-ponds**, iv. 507  
**Flamen curialis**, i. 75, 176  
— *Dialis*, i. 159, 176, 196; ii. 400  
— *Martialis*, i. 87, 89, 175  
— *Quirinalis*, i. 87, 89, 175  
**Flamines maiores**, i. 177. Always patrician, i. 307  
— *minores*, i. 177  
**Flaminius**. See *Quinctius*  
**Flaminius**, C. [consul, 531, 537; censor, 534], makes war on the Celts, ii. 81. Fights with Hannibal, ii. 118, 121, 136, 328. Suggests the *Lex Claudia*, ii. 386. Originator of the *Flamian* circus and of the plebeian games, ii. 345. Distributes the Picenian possessions, ii. 351. Does away with the equalization of the freedmen and the freeborn, ii. 354. Founder of Roman demagogism, ii. 360  
**Flavius**, Cn., i. 485  
— *Fimbria*, C., conquers at Miletopolis, iii. 306. Death of, iii. 324  
— *M.*, draws up edict for Caesar's reform of the calendar, iv. 555 *n.*  
**Fleet**. See *Maritime Affairs*  
**Flexuntis**, i. 78

## FUL

**Flute**, i. 29. *Latin*, i. 233  
**Flute-blowers**, guild of, i. 202  
**Fodder-plants**, ii. 365  
**Fordus** and *deditio*, iii. 256 *n.*  
**Following**, personal, among Celts and Germans, iv. 20  
**Fonteius**, M., subdues the Vocontii, iv. 213  
— T. [legate in Spain, 543], ii. 157  
**Fora et conciliabula**, ii. 342  
**Foreigners** had no rights in Rome except by state-treaties, i. 166. These treaties the basis of the *Ius gentium*, i. 166  
**Formiae** obtains Caerite rights, i. 369  
**Formula**, iv. 549  
— *togatorum*, i. 435  
**Fors fortuna**, i. 174  
**Fortes sanates**, i. 107 *n.*  
**Forum boarium**, i. 117  
— *Flaminii*, ii. 83  
— *Iulium*, at Rome, iv. 505  
— *Romanorum*, i. 117. Embellished, i. 383, 464  
**Fregellae**, Latin colony, i. 370, 374, 377; ii. 332. Stormed by the Samnites after the Caudine victory, i. 378. Reoccupied, i. 379. Conquered by Pyrrhus, i. 412. Attitude of, in second Punic war, ii. 175. Revolt and destruction, iii. 106  
**Free Laconians**, ii. 249, 259  
— labourers in Sicily placed among the slaves, iii. 141  
**Freedmen**, their position in Rome, iv. 500. Their limited right of voting, iii. 248. An unrestricted suffrage proposed for them by Sulpicius, iii. 259. And by Cinna, iii. 325. Agitate for complete political equality, iv. 4, 159  
**Frentani**, i. 123; iii. 235  
**Fruit**, iv. 507  
**Frusino**, i. 386  
**Fullers**, guild of, i. 202, 205; ii. 379 *n.*  
**Fulvius Centumalus**, Cn. [consul, 543], ii. 172  
— *Flaccus*, Cn. [praetor, 542], ii. 168  
— *M.*, a friend of the Gracchi, iii. 101, 104, 123, 124, 126, 128, 167  
— Q., [consul, 517, 530, 542, 545], ii. 168, 170, 172, 180

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

645

## FUL

- Fulvius Flaccus, Q., [governor in Spain, 573], ii. 211  
 — — — iii. 129  
 — Nobilior, M. [consul, 565], conquers the Aetolians, ii. 277. Publicly exhibits the Roman calendar, ii. 467. Introduces Greek art-treasures into Rome, ii. 479  
 Fulvius Nobilior, Q. [consul, 601], in Celtiberian war, iii. 5  
 Functions, first defined in the case of secondary offices, especially the quaestorship, i. 320. Then in that of the supreme magistrates, and even of the dictator, i. 320  
*Funda*, i. 456  
 Fundi obtains Caerite rights, i. 369  
 Funeral rites, i. 236; ii. 395, 396. Enactments of the Twelve Tables thereon, i. 446. Gladiatorial games, ii. 412. Orations at, i. 478. Burning of the dead, i. 184  
 Furius, A., epic poet, iii. 460  
 — Bibaculus, M., poet, iv. 319, 589  
 — Camillus, L. [dictator, 404], i. 343  
 — — M. [dictator, 358, 364, 365, 386, 387], his party-position, i. 303. Found Temple of Concord, i. 305. Conquers Veii, i. 340. Defeats the Gauls at the Allia, i. 344. A military reformer, i. 456. Taxes bachelors, i. 438  
 — Philus, L. [consul, 618], against Numantia, iii. 16  
**GABII**, i. 41, 48, 105, 109. Form of accursing for, i. 105 *n.* Treaty with Rome, i. 224. About 370, member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358  
 Gabinus, A., iv. 105, 107, 109, 110, 136, 151, 153, 154, 155, 193, 203, 204, 321, 329, 434  
 Gades, ii. 12, 90, 164, 206, 213; iv. 389, 543  
 Gaesati, ii. 78 *n.*  
 Gala, ii. 156  
 Galatas, ii. 76  
 Galatians, ii. 258; iii. 53  
 Galba. *See* Sulpicius  
 Gallaei, ii. 210; iii. 18. Subdued by Caesar, iv. 212

## GLA

- Galley in Gaul, iv. 219 *n.*  
*Galli*, priests of Cybele, ii. 403  
 Games. *See* Ludi  
 Gauda, king of Mauretania, iii. 162  
 Gaul, south coast (Provincia of Narbo), occupied by the Romans, iii. 166, 172, 422. Disturbances during Sertorian War, iv. 21, 27, 31. Gaul in Caesar's time, iv. 212, 231. Its boundaries, iv. 213, 216. Relations to Rome, iv. 213, 216, 230. To the Germans, iv. 231. Population, iv. 216. Urban life, iv. 217. Agriculture and cattle breeding, iv. 217, 218. Commerce and manufactures, iv. 219. Mining, art, and science, iv. 220, 221. Political organization, iv. 222. Religion, iv. 225, 244. Army, iv. 227, 228. Civilization, iv. 229. External relations, iv. 230, 233. Struggles against Caesar, iv. 246, 254, 260, 283. Taxation of, iv. 283, 496. Latin language and coins introduced, iv. 285. Colonies in, iv. 542, 543. Celtic inscription in, iv. 214 *n.* *Compare* Celts and Julius Caesar, C.  
 Gaulus, ii. 13  
 Geganii, from Alba, i. 108  
 Gela, i. 138; ii. 14, 51  
 Gellius, L. [consul, 682], defeated by Spartacus, iv. 80, 96  
 — Statius, i. 384  
 Gelo, king of Syracuse, i. 330  
*Gens*. *See* Clan  
 Genthius, ii. 290, 295, 297, 300, 302, 303  
*Gentiles*. *See* Agnati  
 Genucius, Cn., tribune of the plebs, i. 288  
 — L. [consul, 392], i. 356  
 Gergovia, iv. 272, 273, 274, 276  
*Germani*, ii. 78 *n.*  
 Germans, origin of the word, iv. 223, 224 and *n.* First emergence in Roman history, iii. 178. Relations with the Celts, iv. 232. Relations with the Romans, iv. 234. Movements on the Rhine, iv. 234. Settlements on the left bank of the Rhine, iv. 236, 246. In conflict with Caesar, iv. 256  
 Gerunium, ii. 125, 127 and *n.*  
 Getae, ii. 197 *n.*  
 Glabrio. *See* Acilius

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

646

## INDEX.

## GLA

Gladiatorial war, iv. 78–84  
 — games come into vogue in Etruria, i. 347. Capuan, i. 364. In Rome, ii. 346, 412; iii. 416; iv. 79, 512  
 Goat, expiatory, i. 168  
 Gold, its relative value to silver, iii. 412, 413. Depreciated by the conquest of Gaul, iv. 283. Mines at Noreia, iii. 174. Washings in Gaul, iv. 221. Takes the first place in commercial dealings, ii. 382  
 — ornaments introduced into Italy, i. 205  
 Goldsmiths, guild of, i. 202, 205, 247  
 Gorgasus, i. 493  
 Gracchus. *See* Sempronius  
 Graccurrus, ii. 212  
 Graeco-Italians, state of culture, husbandry, i. 19–21. Field-measuring, i. 22. House, i. 22, 23. Meals, fire-kindling, clothing, weapons, i. 23, 24. Family, i. 25. State-organisation, i. 25–27. Religion, i. 27, 29. Art, i. 29  
 Graecostasis, i. 467. Originally intended for the Massiliots, i. 430  
*Graecus, Graieus, Graius*, i. 13, 141  
 Grain, prices of, ii. 173, 373 *n.*, 377. Transmarine, ii. 192. Hence bad effect on Italian agriculture, ii. 372, 275. Grain-revenues of the state, i. 275. Requisitions on the provincials, ii. 338. In Spain, ii. 212. Distributions of grain, ii. 345. *Compare* Agriculture  
 Grammar, Latin, iii. 442, 471; iv. 570, 613  
*Grammatica*, i. 488 and *n.*  
 Granius Licinianus explained, iv. 23 *n.*  
 Grapnels, Etruscan invention, i. 150  
*Grassatores*, i. 473  
 Greece, relations with Macedonia, ii. 214, 215. Declared free, ii. 247. The patriot party, ii. 291–393. *See* Achaean league  
 Greek legends early diffused in Latium, i. 235. Foundation of Rome interwoven with the cycle of Greek legend, i. 482–484  
 — language, knowledge of, in Italy, i. 234, 468–468; ii. 414–417  
 Greeks known to the Italians, before the later general name of Hellenes came into vogue and replaced the older one

## HAN

of Graeci, i. 140. At first in Italy and Sicily Ionians and Aeolians from Asia Minor, i. 137, 138. Then colonists of almost all Hellenic stocks, i. 137. Constantly in close connection with the mother-country, i. 141. Achaean, Ionian, Doric settlements in Italy, i. 141–144. Slight intercourse with the Greeks over the Adriatic, i. 146. Voyages of the Greeks to the west coast of Italy north of Vesuvius, i. 147. Colonies not tolerated there by the natives, i. 149. Wars of the Greeks with the Phoenicians and the natives joining the latter for the command of the sea, i. 151–155. Excluded from the western Mediterranean and the Atlantic, i. 155. In Lower Italy, struggles with the Sabellian stocks, i. 334, 361. Adhere to Rome in the Hannibalic war, ii. 134  
 Ground and water rate, ii. 330  
 Grumentum, ii. 176; iii. 242  
 Guardianship, i. 164  
 Gulussa, iii. 34, 145  
 Gythium, ii. 259, 260

**H**ADRUMETUM, ii. 10, 186, 187  
 Haedui, iii. 168, 169; iv. 217, 220, 222, 227, 234, 235, 240, 241, 243, 247, 250, 261, 263, 273, 274, 275, 280, 285  
 Haliartus, ii. 295, 297, 309  
 Halicarnassus, ii. 223, 255  
 Halicyae, ii. 70  
 Halys, ii. 273  
 Hamae, ii. 143  
 Hamilcar, Carthaginian general in Sicily, ii. 37, 41  
 — Carthaginian officer, ii. 194, 195  
 — Barca, war in Sicily, ii. 53–57. Mercenary war, ii. 63, 65, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89. War in Spain, ii. 90, 91. Commander-in-chief, ii. 87. His plans, ii. 88, 89. Party-position, ii. 89  
 Hannibal, youth of, ii. 89. Character, ii. 94, 95. Conquers Saguntum, ii. 96, 97. Forces and plans of war, ii. 96–100. System of warfare, ii. 119. March from Spain to Italy, ii. 100–111. Allies himself with the Ita-

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

647

## HAN

- lian Celts, ii. 113. Italian war : first campaign, ii. 112–118. Conflict on the Ticino, ii. 114. On the Trebia, ii. 115. Second campaign, ii. 118. Battle at the Trasimene lake, ii. 121. Reorganization of the Carthaginian infantry after the Roman model, ii. 123. Marches and conflicts of Fabius, ii. 124–127. Third campaign, ii. 128. Battle at Cannae, ii. 128–131. Fourth campaign, ii. 141–143. Alliance with Philip of Macedonia, ii. 151. Following years of the war, ii. 164–180. Takes Tarentum, ii. 167. Marches on Rome, ii. 169. Returns to Africa, ii. 185. Battle at Zama, ii. 186. Reforms the Carthaginian constitution after the second Punic war, ii. 201. Is compelled by the Romans to become an exile, ii. 202. Residence with Antiochus, ii. 256, 258, 261, 266, 267. Death, ii. 282
- son of Gisgo, ii. 36, 40
- Monomachus, ii. 95
- Hanno [Carthaginian general, 490], ii. 34
- [Carthaginian general, 492], iii. 36
- [Carthaginian general, 540], i. 165, 166
- [Carthaginian general, 542], ii. 149, 151
- [Carthaginian general, 547], ii. 163
- son of Bomilcar, ii. 104
- the Great, ii. 85, 86
- son of Hannibal, ii. 35
- Harp-players, Asiatic female, in Rome, ii. 409
- Hasdrubal, ii. 85, 94
- Hasdrubal, son of Gisgo, ii. 156, 160, 163, 182, 184
- brother of Hannibal, ii. 90, 98, 132, 145, 156, 158, 160, 163. Marches to Italy, ii. 176, 177, 178.
- brother-in-law of Hannibal, ii. 90, 92, 94
- son of Hanno, ii. 47
- leader of the patriots in Carthage, iii. 24. General, iii. 25 *et seq.*
- Massinissa's grandson, iii. 28, 32, 35, 37, 88
- Hasmonaei. *See* Jews

## HER

- Hatria on the Po, i. 120, 130. Commercial connection with Coreyra and Corinth, i. 146. Syracusan, i. 333. Etruscan traces at, i. 346
- in the Abruzzi, Latin colony, i. 392
- Hecataeus, i. 481
- Hegesianax, ii. 260
- Hegesias of Magnesia, iv. 567
- Hellanicus, i. 482
- Helvetii, ii. 196 ; iii. 174 *n.*, 182, 189, 192 ; iv. 222. Population of, iv. 217. Invade Gaul, iv. 237, 238. Defeated by Caesar at Bibracte, iv. 242. Driven back, iv. 242
- Helvii, iv. 27
- Helvius, Cinna, C., epic poet, iv. 589
- Heraea, ii. 215
- Heraclaea in Italy, i. 139, 363 ; ii. 167. Conquered by Alexander the Molossian, i. 372. Battle of, i. 408, 409. Makes peace with Rome, i. 418. Position in relation to Rome, i. 427, 465 ; ii. 332
- Minoa, ii. 14, 28, 147
- Pontica, ii. 223
- in Trachiniae, ii. 264
- on the Euxine, besieged in Mithradatic war, iv. 57, 59, 145. A colony of Caesar, iv. 544
- Heraclides, ii. 227, 238, 239, 240
- of Pontus, i. 484
- Heraclitus, iii. 423
- Herba pura*, i. 167
- Herculaneum, position of, during the Samnite wars, i. 374. Taken by Didius, iii. 251
- Hercules, i. 188
- or Herakles, fable of, i. 481
- Herdoneae, ii. 172
- Herdonius, App., i. 287
- Heredium*, garden land, i. 194
- Hermaean Promontory, battle at, ii. 46
- Hermes. *See* Mercurius
- Hermodorus of Cyprus, architect, iii. 476
- Hernici in alliance with Rome and Latium, i. 113. Join the Romano-Latin league and help to subdue the Aequi and Volsci, i. 355. Rise against Rome, i. 356. Do not rise against Rome, i. 367. Share in the Samnite war, i. 383. Position towards Rome, i. 435. League of the Hernici dis-

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

648

## INDEX.

## HER

- solved, i. 386. Individual communities obtain Latin rights, ii. 332  
 Herodes Antipater, iv. 339  
 Herodotus, tales of, inserted in the early history of Rome, ii. 462  
 Hero-worship, un-Roman, i. 174  
 Hesiod, his knowledge of Italy, i. 139  
 Hexameter introduced by Ennius, ii. 453  
 Hide of land, size of the Roman, i. 102, 195  
 Hiempsal, iii. 146 *et seq.*  
 Hiero I. of Syracuse, i. 331  
 — II. of Syracuse, war against the Mamertines, ii. 31–34. War with Rome, ii. 35. Peace and alliance with Rome, ii. 36. Position after the first Punic war, ii. 63. Conduct in the second Punic war, ii. 127, 142. Death of, ii. 133  
 Hieronymus of Cardia, i. 484  
 — of Syracuse, ii. 133, 146  
 Himeña (Thermae), i. 138; ii. 14, 28, 48. Battle at, i. 331; ii. 6  
 Himilco [Carthaginian general, 358], ii. 25  
 — [Carthaginian general, 503], ii. 49  
 — [Carthaginian general, 542], ii. 147, 148  
 — Phameas, cavalry-general at Carthage, iii. 32. Goes over to the Romans, iii. 33  
 Hippo Diarrhytus, ii. 54  
 — Régius, ii. 10  
 Hippocrates, ii. 147, 148  
 Hipponium, i. 138, 363  
 Hirpini, i. 123; ii. 134, 172  
 Hirtuleius, L., lieutenant of Sertorius, iv. 19, 21, 27, 29  
*Histri, histriones*, i. 242  
 Historical composition, its beginnings in the records of the pontifical college, i. 179, 477–481. First treated metrically by Naevius and Ennius, ii. 459 and *n.* In prose, but in the Greek language, by Q. Fabius Pictor and P. Scipio, ii. 459. The oldest Latin prose written by Cato, ii. 460. Character of the earliest historical compositions, i. 225; ii. 460, 462. Conventional primitive history, origin of the Roman view of it, i. 479–481. Of the Greek view, i. 481.

## IBE

- Mixture of the two, i. 483, 485; ii. 460. Later historical works, iii. 464, 468, 469; iv. 583, 599  
 Holidays kept sacred, i. 184, 197  
 Homer, his knowledge of Italy, i. 139. Data for determining when he lived, i. 141 *n.*, 224 *n.*  
 Homicide, involuntary, i. 168  
*Honos et Virtus*, ii. 141  
 Honorary surnames, ii. 348  
 — monuments become common, ii. 348  
 Honour, questions of, how settled, ii. 384  
 Horatii, clan-village, i. 38. Horatii and Curiatii, i. 479  
 Horatius Cocles, i. 479  
 Horatius, M. [consul, 305], i. 318  
 Hortensius, L. [admiral, 584], ii. 297  
 — —, iii. 332  
 — Q., the orator, iv. 8, 513, 568, 589, 607  
 Hostilius, Mancinus, A. [consul, 584], ii. 297  
 — — C. [consul, 617], iii. 14, 89  
 — — L. [consul, 609], ii. 34  
 — Tubulus C. [praetor, 547], ii. 176  
 — Tullus, i. 479  
 Hostius, epic poet, iii. 459  
 House-architecture, Graeco-Italian, i. 23. Oldest Italian, i. 23, 243. Revolution in, ii. 478  
 House-father among the Romans, i. 59, 60. Power of, i. 61, 64  
 Household tribunals, i. 61, 63; ii. 408  
 — government over freedmen and clients, ii. 343  
 House-searching *lance et licio*, i. 167  
 Human sacrifices in Latium, no proof of, i. 180. In Rome, ii. 78; iii. 438. In Gaul, iv. 230  
 Hydrus, i. 146  
 Hyrcanus, King of Judaea, iv. 133, 137, 151  
 IAPYGIANS, language of, and affinity with the Greeks, i. 10, 11. The oldest immigrants into Italy, i. 11. Maintained their ground in Apulia against the Samnites, i. 122  
 Iassus, ii. 228  
 Iberius, ii. 206

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

649

## IBE

- Iberians in Georgia, iv. 123  
 Idus, i. 219  
 Ilerda, iv. 384–387  
 Ilians, the senate intercedes for them as of kindred lineage, i. 484. Become free, ii. 275  
 Illiturgi, ii. 145  
 Illyrians, piratical expeditions of the rulers of Scodra, ii. 73. Subdued by the Romans, ii. 73, 74, 127. In the Hannibalic war take part with Rome against Macedonia, ii. 153. Taxation of, by Rome, ii. 303. *Compare* Genthius  
 Illyricum, subjugation of the Dalmatians in, iii. 171, 172. A Roman province, iii. 172. War there in Caesar's time, iv. 289. Roman speculators in, iii. 80. Roman taxation of, iv. 496  
 Ilva, i. 120 = Aethalia  
 Images of the gods foreign to the earliest Roman worship, i. 183, 245, 247. Varro places their introduction after 176 u.c., i. 247 n.  
 Imbros, ii. 248  
 Imperator, meaning of word, iv. 468 n., 470, 471  
 Imperium, i. 67. Only divisible territorially, not functionally, and thus essentially always at once military and jurisdictional, i. 297 n.  
 Imports, Italian, iii. 409  
 Incendiarism, i. 159  
 Indigitare, i. 173  
 Indo-Germans, original seats of, i. 32. Language, i. 14, 15. Culture: pastoral life, house building, boats with oars, chariots, clothing, cooking and salting, working in metals, political, religious, and scientific fundamental ideas, i. 15–22. Measuring and numbering, i. 214  
 Inheritance, law of; all equally entitled received equal shares, the widow taking a child's part, i. 164. *Compare* Wills  
 — tax on, ii. 383. Abolished, iii. 395  
 Iniuria, damage to body or property, i. 160  
 Insubres, i. 338, 346; ii. 76, 80, 81, 99, 106, 113, 184, 194, 195, 197  
 VOL. IV.

## ITA

- Insula*, i. 257 n.  
 Interamna on the Liris, Latin colony, i. 360, 391  
 — on the Nar, city-chronicle of, i. 478  
 Intercalary system, i. 219  
 Intercatia, ii. 207  
 Interest, originally 10 per cent. for a year of ten months, i. 163 n., 291. Laws regulating, iii. 258, 267; iv. 526  
 Interrex, i. 68. After abolition of the monarchy, i. 257  
 Intibili, ii. 145  
 Ionian gulf, older name of the Adriatic sea, i. 137  
 — sea, origin of the name, i. 137  
 Iron, workers in, not known at Rome till late, i. 202  
 Isara, battle on the, iii. 169  
 Isaurians, subdued, iv. 44. Revolt, iv. 53  
 Isis, worship of, iii. 438; iv. 561  
 Issa, i. 332; ii. 73, 74 n.  
 Isthmian games, admission of Romans to, ii. 75  
 Istria, iii. 171  
 Istrians, ii. 76, 82, 196, 238, 347  
 Italia (Corfinium), iii. 238, 251  
 Italica, iii. 4  
 Italy, its physical conformation and character, i. 4–6. Union under the leading of Rome, i. 435–442. Original restricted import of the name, i. 142. Transference of the name to the territory from the Sicilian Straits to the Arnus and Aesis, i. 440. Denoted after the acquisition of Sicily the continental territory administered by the consuls, from the Sicilian Straits to the Alps, ii. 67, 68 n. How far this geographical distinction becomes a political one, ii. 71, 72. Northern Italy separated and constituted a special province, Gallia Cisalpina, ii. 71 n. The possessions on the east coast of the Adriatic included, ii. 72. Italian communities beyond Italy: Ariminum, ii. 62. Messana, ii. 62. Practically bounded by the Po, iii. 248. Legal boundary of, changed by Sulla to the Rubico; and all Italians made Roman citizens, iii. 367. North Italy = Gallia Cisal-  
 2 U

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

650

## INDEX.

## ITA

- pina, iii. 368. North Italy united with Italy, iv. 541. *See* Celts, Transpadane  
 Italians migrated into the peninsula from the north, i. 11, 33. Indo-Germanic stock, i. 12, 13. Language of, i. 12, 13. Their near affinity with the Greeks, i. 13. Contrast to the Greeks in family, state, religion, and art, i. 22–31. Artistic endowments of, i. 228.  
 Italus, laws of, i. 21, 26

## JANICULUM, i. 49, 118, 114

Jannaeus, iv. 46, 132, 133

Janus, i. 173. Effigy of, i. 493

Japydes, iii. 175

Jews in Alexandria, iv. 431. In Rome, iii. 438; iv. 502

Juba, king of Numidia, iv. 370, 391, 392, 418, 421, 434, 447

Judaea under the Maccabees, iii. 61; iv. 46, 132, 133. Subdued by Pompeius, iv. 137, 138. Placed under its high priests, iv. 136. Revolts under Aristobulus, iv. 151. Heavily taxed by Rome, iv. 151. Its condition in Caesar's state, iv. 538

Judges, Carthaginian, ii. 16, 17

*Judices = consules*, i. 257*Judices decemviri*, i. 281*Judicium legitimum* and *quod imperio continetur*, i. 268 n.*Jugerum*, i. 215 n.

Jugurtha at Numantia, iii. 17, 145.

Jugurthine war, iii. 146–161. Put to death in Rome, iii. 162

Julia, Caesar's daughter, iv. 205. Death of, iv. 341

Julii from Alba, i. 108. Family shrine at Bovillae, i. 108

Julius Caesar, C. candidate for the consulship in 667, iii. 260, 322

— — his character, iv. 15, 17, 450, 458. Year of his birth, iv. 15. His conduct after Sulla's death and during Lepidus' revolt, iv. 23. Supports the Plotian law, iv. 35. Serves in Mithradatic war, iv. 53. Brings Sullan partisans to trial, iv. 90. Supports the Lex Gabinia, iv. 106.

## JUL

- His gladiatorial games, iv. 111, 157.  
*Pontifer Maximus*, iv. 160, 186.  
 Conspires with Catiline, iv. 165, 179, 182. An opponent of Pompeius, iv. 188. Praetor, iv. 191, 192. His rise, iv. 196. Governor in Spain, iv. 196, 211, 212. Allied with Pompeius and Crassus, iv. 198. Consul, iv. 199. Governor of the two Gauls, iv. 203, 367. Conflicts with the Gauls, iv. 238–283. Crosses the Rhine, iv. 256. Invades Britain, iv. 257–260. Makes Gaul a Roman province, iv. 283. At Luca, iv. 307. Asks for the hand of Pompeius' daughter, iv. 341. Differences between him and Pompeius, iv. 347, 348, 353, 354. Recalled, iv. 355. His ultimatum, iv. 356. Crosses the Rubicon, iv. 361. His army, iv. 363, 367. Conquers Italy, iv. 373–376. Regulates Italy, iv. 378–382. Spanish campaign, iv. 383–390. Takes Massilia, iv. 390. Plan of his campaign against Pompeius, iv. 403. Lands in Greece, iv. 404. Operations round Dyrrhachium, iv. 404, 411. In Thessaly, iv. 411. Battle of Pharsalus, iv. 413–418. Pursues Pompeius to Egypt, iv. 423. Regulates Egypt, iv. 425. Egyptian campaign, iv. 427–431. Conquers Pharnaces, iv. 432. Goes to Africa, iv. 441. Battle of Thapsus, iv. 444, 445. His attitude towards the old parties, iv. 430. The new monarchy takes legal shape, iv. 467. Regulates the state, iv. 475–486. Reorganizes the army, iv. 487–490. Regulates the finances, iv. 494. Regulates economic relations, iv. 502 *et seq.* Arranges the provinces, iv. 557 *et seq.* Position towards the Jews, iv. 538. Towards Hellenism, iv. 540. Latinizes the provinces, iv. 541. Census of the Empire, iv. 547. Religion of the Empire, iv. 549. Law of the Empire, iv. 549, 553. Coinage, iv. 553. Reforms the calendar, iv. 555. His Memoirs, iv. 604. His orthography, iv. 570  
 Julius Caesar, L. [consul, 664], in the Social war, iii. 240, 246, 248, 260, 322, 447



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

651

## JUL

- Julius Caesar Sext., Roman envoy to the Achaeans, iii. 46 47  
 Junius Brutus, Dec. [consul, 616], iii. 18, 127, 177  
 — — — [consul, 677], iv. 8  
 — — — Caesar's lieutenant, iv. 251, 389  
 — — — Damasippus, L., Marian praetor in the Social war, iii. 332, 339  
 — — — M. (plebeian tribune), iii. 325.  
 — — — Marian officer, iii. 344  
 — — — Lepidus' lieutenant, iv. 25  
 — Pennus, M. [praetor, 628], iii. 106  
 — Pullus, L. [consul, 505], ii. 51  
 — Pera, M. [dictator, 538], ii. 142  
 — Silanus, M. [propraetor, 544], ii. 160, 163  
 — — — [consul, 645], defeated by the Cimbri, iii. 182  
 Jupiter Capitolinus, i. 118. His statue on the Capitol, i. 494. Temple of, i. 475  
 — Latiaris, i. 41  
 Jurisprudence, rudiments of, i. 179, iv. 516; ii. 468; iii. 474. Political position of jurists, iv. 3  
 Jury courts, transferred by C. Gracchus from the Senate to the Equites, iii. 116, 136, 216, 220. Proposition to restore the right to the Senate, iii. 221. Plautian law, iii. 247. Restored by Sulla to the Senate, iii. 359, 371. Attempt to repeal this alteration, iv. 89. Mixed courts under Aurelian law, iv. 95. Enactments of Pompeius, iv. 324. Of Caesar, iv. 482, 483  
*Jus*, i. 157. *Ius* and *iudicium* separated, i. 259–261  
 — *gentium*, i. 166; iv. 550  
 — *imaginum*, hereditary distinction connected with the obtaining of a curule office, i. 298, 299; ii. 316  
 Juventius, praetor, against the Pseudo-Philip, iii. 42

## KALENDAE. i. 219

- King, modelled on the father of the household, i. 66, 67. Represents the community before the gods and foreign countries, i. 67. His command un-

## LAN

- mitted, i. 67. His jurisdiction, i. 67, 68  
 King is irresponsible, inasmuch as the supreme judge cannot be accused at his own bar, i. 258. Leader of the army, i. 67, 79. Delegation of his authority, i. 68. Insignia, i. 69. Limitation of the regal power, i. 70. Manages the finances, i. 80. Judge, i. 157. Change of the existing legal order possible only by co-operation of the king and the burgesses, i. 70. Abolition of the tenure for life, and introduction of the consulate, i. 254–257. Vow of the burgesses never to endure a king, i. 255, 256. Similar changes of constitution in the Italian and Greek communities, i. 254, 255

LABEO. *See* Fabius

- Laberius, composer of mimes, iv. 456 *n.*, 581  
 Labici, i. 41, 109. Assignations at, i. 302. About 370, a member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358. Not a colony, i. 358 *n.*  
 Labienus, T., iv. 238, 251, 254, 361  
 Labourers from without employed in agriculture, ii. 367  
 Lacedaemonians, ii. 220, 235, 259, 281  
 Lade, island of, ii. 227  
 Laelius, C. [consul, 564], ii. 160  
 — a *novus homo*, ii. 325  
 — Sapiens C., [consul, 640], iii. 38, 87, 95, 96  
 Laevinus. *See* Valerius  
 Lamia, ii. 264  
 Lampons and incantations forbidden, i. 474  
 Lampsacus, ii. 223, 227, 255, 260, 292  
 Land, division of, at the time of the Servian reform: one half of landholders having an entire hide, the other half  $\frac{2}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and  $\frac{1}{5}$  respectively, i. 95, and *n.* The greater landholders, i. 97, 199, 200  
 — distribution of, by the Gracchi, iii. 90 *et seq.* Distribution projected by Drusus, iii. 222 *et seq.* Assignment of, to Sulla's soldiers, iii. 356. Assignment of, by Pompeius to his soldiers after the Spanish war, iv. 95. *Assign-*

2 u 2



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

652

## INDEX.

## LAN

- nation of, after Mithradatic war, iv. 199. Assignment to the soldiers of Caesar, iv. 491, 527, 528
- Landholders in Latium also merchants, i. 212
- Land measuring, iii. 102. Graeco-Italian, i. 22
- Language, Latin, already substantially formed at the time of the Twelve Tables, i. 486. Its extension, iii. 422, iv. 537, 541, 547, 567. In Gaul, iv. 215, 231, 285, 486. Introduced into Spain by Sertorius, iv. 19
- Lanuvium, i. 40. In the Aricine league, i. 354. Revolts against Rome, i. 356. About 370, member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358. Roman burgess-community, i. 368. Frescoes of, i. 495, 497
- Lares, number of, i. 88. Character of this worship, i. 173. Their worship connected with sanitary police, i. 184. *Lares Permarini*, their temple, ii. 268. *Lases* = *Lares*, borrowed by the Etruscans from Latium, i. 173, 186
- Larisa on the Peneius, ii. 245, 263
- Cremaste, ii. 234
- Latins, a branch of the Italians, i. 12. Language, i. 13. Relation to the Umbrians and Samnites, i. 13. Direction of their migration, i. 33. Oldest inhabitants of Campania, Lucania, the Bruttian country, i. 33, 34; and East Sicily, i. 34. Settlements of the, i. 35, 36
- Latini prisca cives Romani*, i. 107 *n.*
- Latin communities, their position in reference to the domain-question, iii. 104. Their right of migration curtailed, iii. 229. Faithful to Rome in the Social war, iii. 235, 236. Acquire burgess-rights in consequence, iii. 248, 249. Lowest form of Latin rights given by Sulla to the insurgent communities, iii. 355. *Jus Latinum* granted to towns in Cisalpine Gaul, iii. 248. Latin urban communities in Transalpine Gaul, iv. 543. In Sicily, iv. 496
- league of 30 cantons under the presidency of Alba, i. 41. Federal festival, i. 41. Place of assembly for the league, i. 42. Community of

## LAT

rights and of marriage among the members of the cantons, i. 42. Military constitution of the league, i. 42. Sacred truce, i. 42. After the fall of Alba, Rome presides in its room, i. 108. Original constitution of the Romano-Latin league; Rome not a member of the league, like Alba, but occupying an independent position with reference to the independent league of the 30 communities, i. 111; and prohibited from separate alliance with any single Latin community, i. 112. Double army furnished in equal proportions by the two parties, with a single command alternating between them, i. 112. Equal partition of the spoil, i. 112. Representation before other nations, if not *de jure*, at least practically in the hands of Rome, i. 351. Equal alliance and equality of rights in private intercourse between Rome and Latium, i. 107. In consequence of this, a general right of settlement on the part of any burgess of a Latin community anywhere in Latium, i. 110. Document of treaty, i. 224. War between Rome and Latium, and renewal of the league, i. 349. Later constitution of the league; the Latins lose the right of making war and treaties with foreign nations, i. 351. Commandership in chief reserved to the Romans, and the staff-officers of the Latin and Roman contingents nominated accordingly by the Roman commander, i. 351. Does not furnish more troops than the Romans, i. 351. The contingents of the communities remain together under their own leader, i. 351. The right to share in the spoil continued at least formally to subsist, i. 351. Position of the Latins as to private rights not changed, i. 352. Revolt against Rome, i. 356. The league remained open till 370, so that every community newly invested with Latin rights was admitted; thereafter closed, i. 356–359. At that time 47 communities, of which, however,

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

653

## LAT

only 30 entitled to vote, i. 358. List of the towns belonging to it, i. 357 *n.* Isolation of the communities furnished with Latin rights after 370 by the withdrawal of the *commercium et conubium* with the other Latin communities, i. 359. Separate leagues of particular groups forbidden, i. 359. Remodelling of the municipal constitution after the pattern of that of Rome, i. 360. Exasperation against Rome, i. 360. Revolt after subjugation of Capua, i. 367. The league politically dissolved and converted into a religious festal association, i. 368. In lieu of it, treaties between Rome and the several communities; their isolation carried out, i. 368. Position during the war with Pyrrhus, i. 410, 412. Position after the Pyrrhic war; inferior rights of Ariminum and the other Latin communities founded thereafter, i. 432-434. Admission of the Latins to the senate during the Hannibalic war refused, ii. 138. Increased oppression after the Hannibalic war, ii. 332, 333. Restriction of freedom of movement also as to the older Latin communities, i. 329. *Compare* Coloniae Latinae Latinizing. *See* Language, Latin — of Italy, i. 441, 465; ii. 70. Of the country between the Alps and the Po, ii. 194, 195

Latinus, name occurs even in the Theogony of Hesiod, i. 147 *n.*

Latium, physical character and earliest boundaries, i. 33, 34. Extended originally by the founding of new Latin communities; afterwards geographically fixed, i. 359

Laurentum, i. 41. In the Aricine league, i. 359. About 370, member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358. Adheres to Rome, i. 367

Latus, i. 141. Occupied by the Lucanians, i. 361

Lautumiae, origin of the word, i. 167

Laverna, i. 172

Lavinium, i. 41. About 370, member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.* Trojan Penates there, i. 483

## LEG

Law, Roman, same as in Latium, i. 109. Even in its oldest form known to us, of comparatively modern character, i. 157. No symbols therein, i. 167, 168. Ultimate basis of, in the state, i. 168. Its subsequent development under Greek influence, i. 447, 448. Codified, i. 448, 485. Beginnings of a regular administration of law in the municipia and colonies, i. 434, 449; ii. 342, 450. Military law, i. 454 — its codification projected by Caesar, iv. 551. Re-establishment of the regal jurisdiction by Caesar, iv. 482, 483. Appeals, iv. 484. In the municipia, iii. 376, 377; iv. 545. *Compare* Jury Courts; Quaestiones

Leases, in Italy not usual, ii. 363

Legal style, technical, i. 486

*Legati legionis pro praetore*, iv. 483

*Legatio libera*, iv. 532 *n.*

*Legatus*, i. 260

*Leges*,  
*Acilia de repetundis*, iii. 116 *n.*  
*Appuleia agraria*, iii. 208  
 — *de maiestate*, iii. 186 *n.*, 209 *n.*  
*Appuleia frumentaria*, iii. 208; iv. 89  
*Aurelia*, on the composition of the jury-courts, iv. 95  
*Baebia*, ii. 212  
*Caecilia*, abolition of Italian tolls, iv. 195  
*Canuleia*, i. 297  
*Cassia agraria*, i. 288  
 — *tabellaria*, iii. 73, 87  
*Claudia*, ii. 377, 386  
*Cornelia de edictis praetoriis*, iv. 551  
*Corneliae*. *See* Cornelius Sulla, L.  
*Domitia de sacerdotibus*, iii. 204. Set aside by Sulla, iv. 363  
*Fabia de plagiaribus*, iv. 78  
*Flaminia agraria*, ii. 363  
*Fulvia de civitate sociis danda*, iii. 123  
*Gabinia*, iii. 73; iv. 104  
*Hortensia*, i. 307, 316, 318  
*Ilclia* as to the right of the tribunes to assemble the people, i. 283  
 — as to the Aventine, i. 289  
*Julia*, giving Latin rights to the Italians, iii. 248  
 — *agraria* of Caesar, iv. 200, 201, 202

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

654

## INDEX.

## LEG

- Leges*,  
*Julia Juliae*. See Julius Caesar, C.  
*Junia de peregrinis*, iii. 106  
*Labiæna*, on the election of priests, iv. 158  
*Licinia Mucia*, against usurpation of burgess-rights, iii. 231  
*Liciniae Sextiae*, i. 304, 309, 457 n.  
*Liviae* (of the elder Drusus), iii. 125, 132  
 — (of the younger Drusus), iii. 222–224  
*Maccilia agraria*, i. 302  
*Maenia*, i. 307  
*Manilia*, iv. 109  
*Mucia de civitate*, iii. 231  
*Octavia frumentaria*, iv. 23 n.  
*Ogulnia*, i. 307  
*Ovinia*, i. 325 n.; iii. 360  
*Plautia iudiciaria* (?), iii. 246  
 — *Papiria de civitate*, iii. 248, 253, 319 n.  
*Poetelia*, i. 311  
*Plotia*, as to the proscribed, iv. 35  
*Pompeia de iudiciis*, iii. 248  
*Publia* [of 383], i. 282  
 — [of 415], i. 307, 316  
*regiae*, i. 485  
*sacrae*, as to appointment of the plebeian tribunes and aediles, i. 280  
*Sempronia frumentaria*, iv. 23 n.  
*Semproniae*, iii. 90, 95, 102. See Sempronius Gracchus  
*Servilia*, iv. 170  
*Sulpiciae*, iii. 259  
*Leges sumptuariae*, iii. 417. Of Caesar, iv. 522  
*tabellariae* (Gabinia, Cassia, Papiria), iii. 73, 87  
*Terentia Cassia frumentaria*, iv. 23 n.  
*Terentilia*, i. 289  
*Thoria agraria*, iii. 134 n.  
*Titia agraria*, iii. 217  
*Valeria de provocatione*, i. 259  
 —, on Sulla's dictatorship, iii. 348, 357  
*Valeriae Horatiae*, i. 284 n., 294, 295, 316  
 Legion, phalangitic, i. 78, 453. Origin of the manipular legion, i. 453. Manipular arrangement imitated by Pyrrhus, i. 413. Divided into cohorts, iii. 202

## LIC

- Legis actio sacramento*, i. 80, 163. *Sacramentum* raised, i. 453. *Per manus injectionem*, -i. 163. *Actiones* publicly promulgated by Ap. Claudius, i. 485  
 Legislation by decree of the community, i. 83. Acquired practically by the senate, i. 325  
 Lemnos, ii. 248, 277, 309  
 Lemures, i. 172  
 Length, measures of, origin of, i. 213. Early introduction of the duodecimal system, i. 214, 215. Afterwards, under Greek influence, the foot divided into four handbreadths and sixteen fingerbreadths, i. 215, 216  
 Lentulus. See Cornelius  
 Leontini, i. 138; ii. 147. Domain of, ii. 149, 329  
 Lepidus. See Aemilius  
 Leptis magna, ii. 10, 205  
 — minor, ii. 10  
 Leucas, ii. 243, 245, 309  
*Lex*, primarily agreement, i. 82  
 — and *edictum*, i. 268  
 — interval between the introduction and passing of, iii. 218  
*Liber pater*, i. 188  
 Libra, etymology, i. 213. Division of, i. 215. Relation to Sicilian mina, i. 210  
 Liburnae, ii. 73  
 Libyans, earliest culture in, ii. 11. Position towards Carthage, ii. 11  
 Libyphoenicians, ii. 9 and n.  
 Licinius Calvus, C., iv. 319, 589  
 — Crassus, M., his character, iv. 13, 14. takes part in the Social war, iii. 325, 331, 337. Finishes the Servile war, iv. 82, 83. Allied with Pompeius, iv. 93, 95, 98. Joins the democrats against Pompeius, iv. 162. In the conspiracy of Catiline, iv. 165. At Luca, iv. 307. Goes to Syria, iv. 328. Defeat and surrender at Carrhae, iv. 334, 336. Put to death, iv. 337. His wealth, iv. 511. Influence thence arising, iv. 516.  
 Licinius Crassus, L. [consul, 659], the orator, iii. 176, 206, 221, 224, 231, 227, 442, 444, 478  
 — — Mucianus, P. [consul, 623],

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

655

## LIC

- Pontifex maximus, iii. 68, 89, 101, 423
- Licinius Crassus, P. [consul, 657], iii. 217, 241, 322
- — — [consul, 583], ii. 296, 297
- — —, lieutenant under Caesar, iv. 247, 245, 251, 254, 331, 335
- Lucullus, L. [consul, 603], iii. 8, 124
- — — his character, iv. 61, 142, 153, 154. Sulla's lieutenant, iii. 301, 306, 311, 345; iv. 8, 9.
- Commands against Mithradates, iv. 52–60. War with Tigranes, iv. 61–67. Advances into Armenia, iv. 69. Retreats to Mesopotamia, iv. 70. Retreats to Pontus, iv. 71. Character of his operations in Asia, iv. 144. Superseded in the chief command by Pompeius, iv. 118. Opponent of Pompeius, iv. 190. Humbles himself before Caesar, and retires from public life, iv. 155, 206. His library and art-collections, iv. 372, 617
- — — [praetor, 651], iii. 143
- Lucullus, M., quaestor, and lieutenant to Sulla, iii. 337; iv. 8, 9. Fights in the East, iv. 38. Suggests the sharper punishment of outrages on property perpetrated by armed bands, iv. 78
- Macer, C., seeks to restore the tribunician power, iv. 89. Chronicler, i. 444; iv. 602
- Murena, L., iii. 299, 311, 345; iv. 37, 44, 49
- Nerva, P., governor of Sicily in 650, iii. 141
- Stolo, C., i. 304, 310
- Lictores, i. 67, 81, 157. Lay aside their axes in appeal cases, i. 259. Number of, iii. 349 n.
- Ligurians, i. 130, 346; ii. 76, 82, 97, 176, 194, 198, 199; iii. 167
- of Lower Italy, ii. 198
- Lilybaeum, ii. 13, 48, 49, 63, 98, 112. Greek settlement there frustrated, i. 153. Held by the Carthaginians against Pyrrhus, i. 419. Besieged by the Romans, ii. 49
- Limitatio, Graeco-Italian, i. 22, 23
- Linen, comes from Egypt to Italy, ii. 379
- Lingones, Italian, ii. 76, 81

## LUC

- Lipara, ii. 40. A Greek colony, i. 154.
- Roman, ii. 48, 57
- Lissus, i. 322; ii. 74
- Liternum, ii. 142
- Literati, Greek, in Rome, iv. 570
- Literature, origin of Roman, ii. 418. Its destructive influences on religion, ii. 401. In the seventh century, iii. 416. In Caesar's time, iv. 567, 616
- Littera, i. 225
- Litteris obligatio, ii. 384 n.
- Litteratores, i. 488
- Livius Andronicus, ii. 419, 420. Publicly read his own poems, ii. 454
- C. [admiral, 563, 564], ii. 263, 266, 267
- Drusus, M., the elder, iii. 125, 126, 177
- — — the younger, iii. 220, 232
- Salinator, M. [consul, 535, 547; censor, 550], ii. 176, 177, 180, 322, 419
- Livy corrected, iii. 190 n., 342 n.
- Locupletes, i. 95
- Locri occupied by the Romans, i. 403. Its fate in the Pyrrhic war, i. 410, 418–419. In the Hannibalic war, i. 135, 177. Exempted from land-service, i. 427
- Locris, ii. 215, 243, 248
- Lorum, ii. 317 n.
- Luca, a Volscian town, i. 370
- Conference at, iv. 307
- Lucanians, constitution, i. 255. First appearance, i. 361, 362. Under Greek influence, i. 363, 364, 373. Fight against Archidamus and Alexander the Molossian, i. 371. Their attitude during the Samnite wars, i. 373, 375. In the third Samnite war, i. 389. The Romans abandon the Greek towns in Lucania to them, i. 401. Intervention of the Romans contrary to treaty during the Lucanian siege of Thurii, i. 401. War with Rome, i. 401, 402. Take part in the Pyrrhic war, i. 408, 413. Left in the lurch by Pyrrhus, i. 418. Submit to the Romans, i. 423. Dissolution of the confederacy, i. 435. Their conduct in the Hannibalic war, ii. 135, 139, 172, 191, 392, 393; iii. 234

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

656

## INDEX.

## LUC

- Lucaria*, i. 181  
*Luceres*, i. 44, 45  
*Luceria*, ii. 124, 125, 128, 134, 143, 165.  
 Besieged by the Samnites, i. 375.  
 Occupied by the Samnites after the Caudine victory, i. 378. Taken by the Romans, i. 379. Latin colony, i. 380  
*Lucilius*, C., iii. 460, 477  
*Lucretius Carus*, T., iv. 559, 583, 584  
 — C. [admiral, 583], ii. 296, 297, 298  
 — *Ofella*, Q., joins Sulla, iii. 331, 337, 348, 378  
*Ludi*, increase of, ii. 345, 346, 411, 418.  
 Provincials burdened for their cost, ii. 338. Distinction of the senatorial places, ii. 321  
 — *Apollinares*, ii. 345, 411  
 — *Cereales*, ii. 345, 346, 411  
 — *Florales*, ii. 346, 411  
 — *maximi*, i. 472 n.  
 — *Megalenses*, ii. 346, 411  
 — *plebei*, ii. 346, 411  
 — *Romani*, original nature of, i. 235. Probably modelled after the Olympic festival, i. 237. Changed from competitions of the burgesses to competitions of professional riders and prize-fighters, i. 239. A day added after the expulsion of the kings, i. 274. Last for four days, i. 472. For six days, ii. 410. Provided by the curule aediles, i. 306. 'Sale of Veientes,' i. 340. Introduction of dramatic representations, i. 473. Cost of the festival, i. 473. Palm branches distributed at, i. 468  
 — in Caesar's time, iv. 500  
 — in Sulla's time, iii. 415  
 — Greek, iii. 415; iv. 619  
*Ludii, ludiones*, i. 229  
*Lugudunum convenarum*, iv. 36, 213  
*Luna*, burgess-colony, ii. 199, 333, 352  
*Lupercal*, i. 52. *Luperci*, *Lupercalia*, i. 47, 55 n., 87, 89  
*Lusitanians*, ii. 209–211  
*Lusitanian war*, iii. 4. *Banditti* in, iii. 19. Revolt, iii. 217. Subdued by Caesar, iv. 212  
*Lutatius Catulus*, C. [consul, 512], ii. 55, 56

## MAG

- Lutatius Catulus* Q. [consul, 652], iii. 192, 241, 322. Poet, iii. 459 n., 454  
 — — — [consul, 676], iv. 8, 25, 26, 27, 108, 110, 155, 160, 179, 188, 191  
*Lyaeus*, i. 188  
*Lycaonia*, ii. 273, 275  
*Lycia*, ii. 275, 306  
*Lycian cities*, league of, iv. 38, 44  
*Lyciseus*, ii. 294, 310  
*Lycophron*, iv. 564  
*Lycortas*, ii. 280  
*Lydia*, ii. 216, 275  
*Lyncestis*, ii. 237, 238  
*Lyra*, i. 235 and n.  
*Lysimachia*, ii. 226, 234, 246, 256, 269, 275

- M** **MACCABEES.** See *Judaea*  
*Macedonia*, land and people, ii. 214, 215. Claims to continue the universal empire of Alexander, ii. 217. Its relation to Rome, ii. 72, 99, 101. Description of the country before the beginning of the third war with Rome, ii. 288, 289. Broken up into four confederacies, ii. 302. Taxes of, ii. 303. Becomes a province, iii. 40–42, 173. In the Sertorian times, iv. 33. In Caesar's time, iv. 290. Compare *Perseus* and *Philippus*  
*Machares*, son of *Mithradates*, iv. 47, 60, 121, 127  
*Machanidas* of *Sparta*, ii. 154, 222  
*Madytus*, ii. 256  
*Maecenas*, i. 242  
*Maelius*, Sp., i. 301  
*Maenius*, C. [consul, 416], i. 368  
*Magic*, i. 158. Incantations, i. 230  
*Magister equitum*, i. 256 n., 263. Not originating out of the tribuni celerum, i. 78 n. Plebeians eligible, i. 306  
 — *populi*, i. 66, 262. Compare Dictator  
*Magistrates*, not paid, ii. 384. Cannot be impeached during tenure of office, ii. 338. Edicts of, while in office, equivalent to law, i. 268. Military authority distinguished from the civil, after expulsion of the kings, i. 268. General and army as such

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

657

## MAG

- might not enter the city, i. 269. Deputy-magistrates (*pro magistratu, pro consule, pro praetore, pro quaestore*) admissible only in military, not in civil government, i. 261. Deputies appointed by senate, i. 327. Order of succession, limits of age, intervals prescribed by law, i. 321; ii. 324. Decline of the magistracy, ii. 328. Sulla's regulations as to qualification, iii. 363-365, 435. Caesar's regulations, iv. 534. Establishment of governorships in the provinces, iv. 104 n., 324, 350, 479
- Magius, L., commander in Mithradatic war, iv. 52, 60
- Magnesia, ii. 228, 260, 262, 275, 278, 284. Battle of, ii. 270-272
- Mago conquers at Kronion, ii. 14. His book on agriculture, ii. 19. His family, ii. 16
- the Samnite, ii. 95
- Mago, Hannibal's brother, ii. 90, 116, 120. Fights in Spain against the Scipios, ii. 157, 160, 163, 164. Landing and struggle in Italy, ii. 179, 184. Called to Africa, ii. 184
- Maiestatem populi Romani comiter conservare*, i. 430 n.
- Malaca, ii. 206
- Mallius Maximus, C. [consul, 649], defeated by the Helvetii, iii. 184
- Mamertines. *See* Messana
- Mamilius Limetanus, C. [pleb. tribune, 645], iii. 152
- Mamurius, the armourer, i. 202
- Mamurra of Formiae, Caesar's favourite, iv. 321 n.
- Mancipatio*, belongs not merely to Roman, but generally to Latin law, i. 166. Is purchase with immediate and simultaneous delivery and payment, i. 162. Thus originally not a formal act, i. 166. Refers originally to moveables, i. 162 n., 194. Rearranged for agricultural property in consequence of the Servian regulation of freehold-relations, i. 162 n. The other objects of property excluded from *mancipatio* by a subsequent misunderstanding, i. 162 n. Obligatory consequences of, i. 163

## MAR

- Manes, i. 174
- Manilius, G. [pleb. tribune, 688], iv. 109
- M', conducts siege of Carthage by land, iii. 32 *et seq.*
- Manipular organization. *See* Legion
- Manlius, C., a Catilinarian, iv. 173
- Capitolinus, M., saves the capital, i. 343. Condemned, i. 303
- Imperiosus Torquatus, T. [consul, 414], i. 366 n., 367
- Torquatus, T. [praetor, 539], ii. 145
- Volso, Cn. [consul, 565], ii. 272
- — L. [consul, 498], ii. 42
- Manumission, foreign to the old law, i. 164. By testament, action, or census, i. 165. Freedmen among the clients, i. 65. Tax on manumissions, i. 311, 462. Freedmen in the *comitia tributa* restricted to the four urban tribes, i. 316, 462. Deprived of the suffrage in the *comitia centuriata*, i. 317. Their economic relation to the manumitter, i. 462. Increasing importance of, ii. 364. Share in military service, i. 389; ii. 352; and in the suffrage, ii. 352. In the reform of the centuries, equalized with the freeborn, ii. 353, 354. This equalization cancelled again by C. Flaminius, ii. 354
- Mantua, i. 130. Etruscan, i. 346
- Manus iniectio*. *See* *Legis actiones*
- Marble begins to be used for building, iii. 476. Numidian and Carrara, iv. 616
- Marcellus. *See* Claudius
- Marcus, Ancus, i. 479
- C. [officer in Spain, 544], ii. 157, 163
- Censorinus, C., besieges Carthage, iii. 28, 32
- Coriolanus, C., i. 287
- Figulus, C. [consul, 598], ii. 172
- Philippus, Q. [consul, 568, 585], ii. 294, 298, 307
- — L. [consul, 663], iii. 150, 221, 224, 325, 332, 343; iv. 8, 24, 25, 27
- Rex, Q. [consul, 686], iv. 68, 72
- Rutilus, C. [dictator, 398], i. 318
- — [consul, 441], i. 383
- Marcomanni, iv. 232
- Maritime affairs, Rome's original maritime importance, i. 49, 50. Plunder-

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

658

## INDEX.

## MAR

ing of the Latin coasts by pirates, i. 426. Their commerce limited by the treaties with Carthage and Tarentum, i. 426. Roman fortification of the coast, i. 427. Gradual decline of the Roman fleet, i. 425. Efforts to revive it, i. 427, 428, 429. Fleets in first Punic war, ii. 37-38, 49, 54, 59, 60. The Roman fleet neglected, iii. 404. Refitted, iv. 494. In the Social war, formed with the help of the maritime cities of Asia Minor, iii. 240. *Compare* Piracy. Sailing ships, iv. 219, 220, 253

Marius, C., his character and career, iii. 196. Political position, iii. 198. Compared with Pompeius, iv. 11. His relationship with Caesar, iv. 16. In the Jugurthine war, iii. 153 *et seq.* Consul, iii. 158. In Teutonic war, iii. 188. In Cimbric war, iii. 192. His military reforms, iii. 165, 189, 119, 204. Political projects, iii. 204. For the sixth time consul, iii. 208. Politically annihilated, iii. 216. In Social war, iii. 237, 241, 243 *et seq.* Discontented, iii. 257. Nominated commander-in-chief against Mithradates, iii. 263. Driven from Rome by Sulla, iii. 265. Returns, iii. 318. His reign of terror, iii. 322. Seventh time consul, iii. 324. Death, iii. 324. Rehabilitation of his memory, iv. 161

— the younger, iii. 335, 336, 341

— Gratidianus, M., adopted nephew of Marius, iii. 352

Marl used in Gaul, iv. 265

Maronea, ii. 231, 269, 305

Marriage, religious and civil marriage, i. 60 *n.*, 92. Marital power, i. 25. The connection without manus admitted in lieu of marriage, i. 448. Between patricians and plebeians null, i. 267, 291. Between patricians and plebeians declared valid by the Canuleian law, i. 297. Between patricians and plebeians, how regarded in aristocratic circles, i. 307, 308. Relaxation of, ii. 407. Celibacy and divorces increase, ii. 408. In Sulla's time, iii. 418. In Caesar's time, iv. 519

Marrucini, i. 123; iii. 235

## MEM

Mars, oldest chief god of the Italian burgess-community, i. 55, 172. Quirinus, i. 56 *n.*, 171

Marshes, draining of, ii. 401

Marsians, i. 123, 389. Offshoots of the Umbrians, i. 12. Take part in the Samnite war, i. 373, 383, 384. In the Social war, iii. 234 *et seq.*

Masks on the stage, ii. 436

Massaesylans, ii. 182, 204

Massilia founded, i. 152, 153, 154. Maritime power of, i. 425. Relations to Rome, i. 430; ii. 206. Its conflicts with Carthage, ii. 13. Its position in second Punic war, ii. 103, 104, 132. Its mint, ii. 381. Subsequent history, iii. 166; iv. 27, 214, 215, 383, 384, 389, 390

Massinissa, character of, ii. 204, 205. Takes part in second Punic war, ii. 156, 157, 164, 183, 184, 186, 187. His conduct after second Punic war, ii. 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 263, 310; iii. 22-26, 32-34, 145

Massiva, iii. 150

Massylians, ii. 183, 204

Mastanabal, iii. 33, 145

Mastarna, i. 132

*Mater magna*, iii. 437; iv. 561. In Rome, ii. 403.

*Materis*, Cimbric weapon, iii. 179

Matius, C., author of a cookery book, iv. 615

Mauretania, iii. 154, 157, 159, 160, 162, and *n.*, 343, 344; iv. 438, 439

Mauri, ii. 204

Maxitani, or Maxyes, ii. 7

Medama, i. 138

Media, ii. 253. Falsely said to be conquered by Pompeius, iv. 140

— *Atropatene*, iv. 45

Medicine in Rome, ii. 466

Mediolanum, i. 338; ii. 82

Mediterranean, its significance in ancient history, i. 3

*Medix tuticus*, i. 255

Medullia, i. 105

Megalopolis, ii. 242, 280; iv. 146

Megaravicus defends Numantia, iii. 14

Melita, ii. 13

Melpum, i. 338, 340

Memmius, C., iii. 148, 206



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

659

## MEM

Memoir-literature, iii. 470  
 Menander of Athens, Attic comedian, ii., 425, 426, 427, 428, 429  
 Menapii, iv. 236, 250, 253, 265  
 Mende, ii. 239  
 Menenii, clan-village, i. 38  
 Menippus, ii. 260  
 Mercantile dealings, extent of the Roman, ii. 381  
*Mercatus*, i. 203  
*Mercedonius*, i. 218  
 Mercenaries, ii. 9  
 Merchants, proper, why none in Rome, i. 211. Strive to acquire a freehold settlement, i. 461, 462. Mercantile spirit of the Romans, ii. 383  
*Mercuriales*, i. 115 n.  
 Mercurius, i. 174, 187, 206  
 Mesopotamia, iv. 45, 118  
 Messana, i. 138; ii. 13, 14, 62, 63, 70. Campanians or Mamertines there, i. 408; ii. 28, 29. Alliance with Rome and Carthage against Pyrrhus, i. 417. Maintain themselves against him, i. 419. War with Hiero of Syracuse, ii. 31, 32. Surrenders to the Romans, ii. 37. Received into the Italian confederacy, ii. 33 n. The city occupied by the Carthaginians, ii. 34. These dislodged by the Romans, ii. 35  
 Messene, ii. 153, 222, 249, 262, 265, 273  
 Messius, C. [pleb. tribune, 697], iv. 304  
 Metapontum, i. 141, 142, 363, 371, 386; ii. 134, 167, 178  
 Metaurus, ii. 177  
 Metellus. *See* Caecilius  
 Metilii, from Alba, i. 103  
 Metrodorus, of Athens, painter and philosopher, iii. 476  
 Mezentius, i. 131  
 Micipsa, iii. 33, 39, 145  
*Miles*, foot-soldier, i. 72  
 Milestones, iii. 404  
 Miletopolis, victory of Fimbria at, iii. 307  
 Miletus, ii. 228, 275. Carrier for the commerce of the Sybarites, i. 151  
 Military service, length of, iii. 111  
 Milo, i. 406  
 Milyas, district of, ii. 192  
 Minus, iv. 579 *et seq.*  
 Mincius, battle on the, ii. 196

## MIT

Minerva borrowed by the Etruscans from Latium, i. 186  
 Mines, Spanish, ii. 329. Macedonian, ii. 330. Gold in Piedmont, iii. 167. Celtic, iii. 174, 395. Iron at Noreia, iii. 174. Silver at Sunium, iii. 141. In Gaul, iv. 220  
 Minturnae, maritime colony, i. 392, 427  
 Minucius Rufus, M. [magister equitum, 537], ii. 125, 127  
 — Q. [praetor in Spain, 588], ii. 210  
 Mirror-designing, Etruscan, i. 248, 494  
 Mithra, worship of, iv. 561  
 Mithradates I., the Arsacid, iii. 62  
 — of Pergamus, iv. 429  
 — V., Euergetes, iii. 57, 275  
 — VI., Eupator, King of Pontus, his character, iii. 275–278. Extends his kingdom, iii. 279–285. Allied with Tigranes, iii. 284. Difficulties with the Romans, iii. 286, 289. First war with Rome, iii. 254, 263, 264, 290, 290, 291, 307. Orders a massacre of all Italians, iii. 294. Occupies Asia Minor, iii. 293. Occupies Thrace, Macedonia, Greece, iii. 295, 296, 304. Loses them again, iii. 307. Sues for peace, iii. 307. Peace with Sulla at Dardanus, iii. 311; iv. 37, 39. Vanquishes Murena, iii. 345. Extends his empire on the Black Sea, iii. 48. Alliance with the pirates and with Sertorius, iv. 33, 42, 50, 51. Organizes his army after Roman model, iv. 48. Second war with Rome, iv. 53 *et seq.* Victorious near Chalcedon, iv. 54. Besieges Cyzicus in vain, iv. 54. Driven back to Pontus, iv. 55, 56. Defeated near Cabira, iv. 58. Flies to Armenia, iv. 59. Induces Tigranes to continue the war, iv. 66, 67. Forms a new army, iv. 67, 68. Defeats the Romans at Ziela and regains Pontus, iv. 71. Variance with Tigranes, iv. 118. War with Pompeius, iv. 119. Defeated at Nicopolis, iv. 120. Breaks with Tigranes, iv. 121. Crosses the Phasis, iv. 121. Goes to Panticapaeum, iv. 127. Revolts against him, iv. 128. Death, iv. 129, 130  
 — King of Parthia, iv. 329  
 Mithrobarzanes, iv. 64



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

660

## INDEX.

## MOE

*Moenia*, meaning of the word, i. 79  
 Molottians, ii. 298, 309  
 Money of the Greek colonies in Italy and Sicily, i. 138. Cast copper money appears in Rome at the time of the Decemvirs, and spreads thence over Italy, i. 458, 459. Etrusco-Umbrian and East-Italian cast copper money, i. 458. Proportional ratio of copper to silver, i. 458. Silver money of Lower Italy, i. 459. Artistic value of the cast copper coinage, i. 457. Monetary unity of Italy, i. 465. System of the denarius, i. 465. Debasement of the coin during second Punic war, ii. 457. Later coinage, ii. 381. Diffusion of the Roman money, ii. 381, 382. In Sicily, ii. 68. In Spain, ii. 207, 212, 381. In the territory of the Po, ii. 381. Roman, iii. 412-415. Local, iv. 554. Traffic in gold bars, iii. 413; iv. 553. Coinage of gold not permitted in the provinces, iii. 414. Caesar introduces a gold currency, iv. 553. Token money (plated *denarii*), iii. 222, 413. *Denarii* of Scaurus, iv. 139. Of Pompeius, iv. 148. Money dealings monopolised by the capital, iii. 408; iv. 508. Lending business, ii. 378. Public opinion on, ii. 388  
 Money-changers. *See* *Argentarius*  
 Moneyed aristocracy, ii. 386  
*Mons sacer*, i. 280  
 Montani, i. 56, 115  
 Months, names of, everywhere come into use only after the introduction of the solar year, and thence recent in Italy, i. 218. Roman, i. 218  
 Morini, iv. 250, 253  
 Mortgage, unknown in early times, i. 154  
 Motya, ii. 13. Punic, i. 154  
 Mourning, time of, abridged, iii. 184  
 Mucius Scaevola, P. [consul, 621], iii. 89, 94, 101. Historian, iii. 469  
 — — Q. [consul, 659], iii. 219, 324, 336, 432. Juridical writer, iii. 475  
*Mulvius, pons*, iii. 403  
 Mummus, L. [consul, 608], iii. 5, 48, 49, 52. His plays, iii. 458  
*Mundus*, i. 51

## NAS

*Municeps*, passive burgess, i. 101. Active right of election in the *comitia tributa*, i. 352 *n.*  
 Municipal constitution, Latin, remodelled after the pattern of the Roman consular constitution, i. 352, 353, 360  
 — system, originally no closer municipal union allowed within the Roman burgess-body; such a system initiated when the Roman franchise was forced on whole communities, as on Tusculum, i. 356; ii. 342. Developed in Italy, iii. 374 *et seq.* Regulated by Caesar, iv. 528. Extended to the provinces, iv. 545. *Municipia rusticana*, iv. 510. *Compare* *Jus*  
 Murder, i. 158, 159  
 Music, Etruscan predominates in Rome, i. 475. Cultivated, iii. 476; iv. 618  
 Muthul, battle on the, iii. 153, 154 *n.*  
 Mutina, burgess-colony, ii. 83, 113, 198, 333, 352. Battle of, ii. 197  
 Mutines, ii. 150  
 Mutuum, i. 166  
 Mylae, battle of, ii. 40  
 Mylasa, ii. 228  
 Myndus, ii. 228, 255  
 Myonesus, ii. 268  
 Myrina, ii. 228, 256  
 Mysia, ii. 275  
 Mysticism, iii. 438  
 Mytilene, ii. 153, 223, 267

NABATAEAN state, iv. 46, 133, 134, 138. Petra, capital of the, iv. 135  
 Nabis, ii. 222, 242, 244, 248, 249, 259  
 Naevius, Cn., his comedies, ii. 431, 438. His *praetextatae*, ii. 453. His Punic war, ii. 455, 456, 459, 463  
 Nails fastened in the Capitoline temple, i. 476  
 Names, proper, Roman, i. 26, 64, 172. Etruscan, 126, 127. Greek *cognomina* come into use, i. 467  
 Naraggara, ii. 186  
 Narbo, iii. 133, 171 *et seq.*, 410; iv. 215, 220, 512. *See* Gaul  
 Narnia, ii. 177. A Latin-colony, i. 387. Reinforced, ii. 191  
 Nasica. *See* Cornelius

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

661

## NAT

Natural philosophy, influence on the Roman religion, ii. 401  
 Naupactus, ii. 265  
 Nautical loans = bottomry, ii. 385  
 Naval warfare, ancient, ii. 39  
 Navigation, oar-boats already known in Indo-Germanic period, i. 17, 23. Sailing ships probably derived from the Greeks, i. 175. Earliest nautical terms of Latin, later ones of Greek origin, i. 206. Ancient, iv. 219  
 Naxos, i. 138, 140  
 Neapolis, i. 145; ii. 134, 142. Holds out against the Samnites, i. 334, 362, 363. Palaepolis and Neapolis threatened by the Romans, and therefore occupied by the Samnites, i. 374. Siege of the city by the Romans, and treaty of the Campanian Greeks with Rome, i. 374. Attitude towards Rome, i. 427, 435; ii. 332; iii. 249. Deprived of Aenaria (Ischia), iii. 356, 371  
 Neetum, ii. 149  
 Nemausus, iv. 542  
*Neniae*, i. 231  
 Neoptolemus, general of Mithradates, iii. 293  
 Nepete, Latin-colony, i. 344  
 Nephesis, fortress at Carthage, iii. 32  
 Nervii, iv. 218, 228, 231, 233. Contest of, with Caesar, iv. 248, 249  
 Nexum, loan, i. 162, 163. Originally not a formal act, i. 166  
 Nicaea on the Malian gulf, ii. 243  
 Nicanor, ii. 232, 245  
 Nicomedes II., of Bithynia, allied with Mithradates, iii. 285  
 — III. Philopator, of Bithynia, in the Mithradatic war, iii. 288, 290. Dies, iv. 51  
 Nicopolis, battles near, iv. 120, 432. Established as a city by Pompeius, iv. 146  
 Nicostratus, ii. 245  
 Nigidius Figulus, P., iv. 463, 562  
 Nobility, developed from the equalization of the patricians and plebeians, and the increased admission of plebeian *gentes* among the consular houses, i. 272, 314; ii. 315, 318. In possession of the senate, ii. 318. In

## OCT

possession of the equestrian centuries, ii. 319–321. Closing of the circle, *novi homines*, ii. 325. Hereditary character of, ii. 326. At the same time an aristocracy of wealth, ii. 345, 346  
 Nola, ii. 142, 143. Attitude during the Samnite wars, ii. 375, 377. Alliance with Rome, ii. 382, 441. Attitude towards Rome, i. 435; ii. 382. Under Greek influence, i. 363. In Social war, iii. 242 *et seq.*, 317, 319  
 Nomentum, i. 41. Long time independent, i. 105. About 370, member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358. Roman burgess-community, i. 368  
*Nonae*, i. 197, 219  
 Norba, Latin-colony, i. 354, 380. About 370, member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358  
 Norbanus, C. [pleb. tribune, 651], iii. 186, 217, 329, 333, 337, 339, 352  
 Noreia, iii. 174. Battle near, iii. 181  
 Norici, iii. 174  
*Novi homines*, ii. 345  
 Noviodunum (Nyon), iv. 243 *n.*  
 Novius, composer of Atellan plays, iii. 457  
 Nuceria, ii. 142. Position during the Samnite wars, i. 374, 379. Peace with Rome, i. 303. Under Greek influence, i. 288  
 Numa Pompilius, i. 479, 481. Discovery of his pretended writings, ii. 402  
 Numana, Syracusan, i. 332  
 Numantia, iii. 6, 14–17  
 Numbers, odd, i. 219  
 Numidia, war with Rome under Jugurtha, iii. 146–161. Internal feuds, iii. 343. Numidians in the Roman army, iii. 240  
 Numidians, people and kingdom, ii. 203, 206. Compare Massinissa  
*Nundinae*, i. 203

## O

*CRICULUM*, i. 387  
 Octavius, Cn., guardian of Antiochus Eupator, iii. 58 *et seq.*  
 — [consul, 667], iii. 270, 316–322

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

662

## INDEX.

- OCT
- Octavius L., lieutenant of Pompeius, iv. 115 *et seq.*  
 — M. [pleb. tribune], colleague of Tib. Gracchus, iii. 91, 92  
 — — admiral of Pompeius, iv. 395, 433, 434, 435, 437  
 October horse, the, i. 53  
 Octolophus, ii. 237  
 Odrysians, ii. 290. Subdued by the Romans, iv. 39  
 Odyssey, oldest Roman schoolbook, ii. 420  
 Odysseus, legend of, localised on the west coast of Italy, i. 147, 482, 484  
 Oenia (Oeniadae), ii. 277  
 Officers, emergence of marked distinction between subaltern and staff-officers, i. 454  
 Olbia, ii. 41  
 Olive, culture of, first brought by the Greeks to Italy, i. 196. Its increase, ii. 264, 375  
 Opici, earliest name given to the Italians by the Greeks, i. 13, 22, 33, 140  
 Opimius, L. [consul, 633], takes Fregellae, iii. 107. Opposes C. Gracchus, iii. 126, 129, 131, 147, 152  
 Opimian wine, iii. 408  
 Oppius, Q., against Mithradates in Capadocia, iii. 292, 293  
 Ops, i. 173  
 Optimates and Populares, iii. 76  
 Oracles, i. 181; ii. 345  
 Oranges, ii. 363 *n.*  
 Orchomenus, ii. 215. Battle of, iii. 304  
 Oreus, ii. 154, 239, 242  
 Orestis, ii. 238, 246  
 Oricum, ii. 152  
 Oriental objects of luxury found in Italian tombs, i. 205, 208  
 — religions in Italy, iii. 436  
 Oringis, ii. 163  
 Oropus, ii. 292  
 Orthography, long fluctuation of Roman, i. 487 *n.*  
 Osiris, iii. 438; iv. 561  
 Osroene, iii. 62; iv. 45, 131  
 Ostia, i. 49. Belongs to the Palatine region, i. 98. Not an urban community, but a burgess-colony, i. 106. Seat of a naval quaestor, i. 429.
- PAR
- Commercial mart, iii. 437. Eastern religion at, iii. 437. Emporium of transmarine trade, iii. 409  
 Oxyntas, son of Jugurtha, iii. 243
- PACUVIUS, M., Roman painter and poet, ii. 478. Tragedian, iii. 448  
 Paelignians, i. 123; ii. 332. Take part in Samnite wars, i. 383, 384; iii. 235 *et seq.*  
 Paestum, ii. 135. A Latin colony, i. 425  
*Pagani Aventinenses*, i. 115 *n.* *pagi Ianiculensis*, i. 115 *n.*  
*Pagus*, i. 38  
 Painting, i. 246, 492, 493; ii. 478; iii. 475; iv. 617  
 Palaeopolis. *See* Neapolis  
 Palatine, i. 51–55, 58, 114, 115  
 Pallantia, iii. 16  
*Palliata fabula*, iii. 454  
 Palms in Italy, ii. 362 *n.* Branches of, in the games, i. 468  
*Palmus*, i. 215  
 Pamphylia, ii. 275, 305; iv. 41, 42, 44, 115  
 Pandosia, i. 141  
 Panaetius of Rhodes, iii. 424, 432, 433  
 Panium, Mount, battle of, ii. 254  
 Panormus, ii. 13, 40, 48, 63, 68 *n.*, 70. Punic, i. 154. Battle of, ii. 48, 54  
 Panticapaeum, iii. 282; iv. 127, 129  
 Paphlagonia, acquired by Mithradates, iii. 284. Evacuated by him, iii. 287  
 Papirii, clan-village, i. 38. Belonged to the *gentes minores*, i. 89 *n.*  
 Papirius Carbo, C., friend of the Gracchi, iii. 101, 106, 132. Defeated by the Cimbri, iii. 181  
 — — Cn. [consul, 669], iii. 315, 328, 330, 332, 334, 335, 337, 338, 343  
 — Cursor, L. [consul, 438], i. 378, 379, 383  
 Papirius Cursor, L. [consul, 461], i. 391  
 Papius Brutulus. *See* Brutulus  
 — Mutulus, C., leader in the Social war, iii. 240, 253  
 Parma, burgess-colony, ii. 198, 333, 352  
 Paros, ii. 232, 248

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

663

## PAR

- Parricida*, i. 158  
 Parthenius, poet, iv. 572, 577  
 Parthenope, i. 145  
 Parthia, foundation of the kingdom, iii. 62, 63. In the seventh century of Rome, iii. 273; iv. 45. Allied with Pompeius against Mithradates and Tigranes, iv. 117. Differences with Pompeius, iv. 139, 149. Expedition of Crassus against, iv. 330-337. Further conflicts with, iv. 339. Allied with the Pompeian party, iv. 328. Their mode of warfare, iv. 332  
 Parthians, ii. 216  
 Parthini, ii. 74  
 Parthyene, ii. 253  
 Pasiteles, iii. 476  
 Pastoral husbandry, iii. 80; iv. 508  
 Patara, ii. 267  
*Pater patriae*, iv. 179  
 Paternal authority, i. 25. Restricted, i. 448  
*Patres conscripti*, i. 225, 266  
 Patricians, the Roman burgesses, i. 65. Decrease of the old burgesses, i. 92, 93. After abolition of the monarchy, a privileged clan-nobility, i. 267. Acquire the government upon the abolition of the monarchy, i. 269, 271. Their privileges as an order set aside, i. 305-307. Their subsequent continuance as an aristocratic class, i. 307, 308. Deprived by law of a number of political rights, i. 308. Stability of the patriciate, ii. 325 and *n.* Patriciate conferred by Caesar, iv. 475  
*Patronus*, i. 65. *See* Clientship  
 Paullus. *See* Aemilius  
 Pausistratus, ii. 266  
 Peaches, ii. 362 *n.*  
 Pear trees, ii. 364  
*Peculium*, i. 61, 194  
*Pedarii* in the senate, i. 266  
 Pedasa, ii. 229  
 Pedigrees, family, i. 478, 481  
 Pedum, about 370, member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358. A Roman burgess-community, i. 368  
 Pelagonia, ii. 238, 302  
 Pelium, ii. 239

## PHI

- Pella, ii. 302  
 Pelops, king of Sparta, ii. 153  
 Penates, i. 67, 173. Their names kept secret, i. 172, 173, 176. Temple of, i. 117  
 Pentri, ii. 134  
 Peparethus, ii. 238  
*Perduellio*, i. 158  
*Peregrini*. *See* Foreigners  
 Pergamus, ii. 227, 228, 266, 270; iii. 52, 295, 299, 302  
 Perinthus, ii. 226  
*Peristylum*, ii. 478  
 Perpenna, C., commander in Social war, iii. 243  
 — M., his conflict with the Thracians, iii. 56  
 — — Governor of Sicily in Cinna's time, iii. 338, 341; iv. 23. In Spain under Sertorius, iv. 26, 28, 29. Assassinate Sertorius, iv. 34  
 Perrehaebians, ii. 262, 284, 292  
 Perseus, king of Macedonia, ii. 287, 288, 291, 292. 293-302  
 Persians, relation to Carthage and the state of things in the West, i. 330  
 Persius, i. 242  
 Perusia, one of the twelve towns of Etruria, i. 134. Peace with Rome, i. 382, 390  
 Pessinus, the high priest of, iii. 437; iv. 143  
 Petelia, ii. 134, 139  
 Petra, capital of the Nabataeans, iv. 135  
 Petreius, Cn., centurion in the army of Catulus, iii. 192  
 — M., defeats Catiline at Pistoria, iv. 180. Pompeian leader in Spain, iv. 282, 446  
 Pharisees, iv. 132  
 Pharnaces I., of Pontus, iii. 57  
 — gon of Mithradates, iv. 128, 418, 432, 433  
 Pharos, ii. 73  
 Pharsalus, ii. 234. Position of, iv. 413 *n.* Battle of, iv. 413-418  
 Phasis, iv. 122, 124  
 Pherae, ii. 241, 263  
 Philemon of Soli, Attic comic poet, ii. 425, 426  
 Philinus, ii. 23

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

664

## INDEX

## PHI

Philippos V. of Macedonia; character of, ii. 224, 286, 287. Commencement of reign, ii. 76. Alliance with Hannibal, ii. 127, 133. Aetolian war, ii. 152, 153. First war with Rome, and peace, ii. 151-154. Carthaginian intrigues with, ii. 179, 185. His plan for invading Italy, ii. 196. Expedition to Asia Minor; war with Rhodes and Pergamus, ii. 226, 228, 231, 232. Roman intervention, ii. 228-233. Second war with Rome, ii. 233, 235. Naval war, ii. 236, 237. Campaigns of Galba, ii. 235-239; and Flamininus, ii. 239, 246. Peace, ii. 246. His attitude during and after the war with Antiochus, ii. 262, 264, 269, 278. His fresh preparations against Rome, ii. 284-286. Death, ii. 287

Philippus, the Pseudo-, iii. 40-43

Philistus, canal of, i. 332

Philoctes, ii. 233, 242

Philodemus, the Epicurean, iv. 572

Philology, germs of, i. 486. Developed into grammar, ii. 465

Philopoemen, ii. 235, 259, 280, 281

Philosophy at Rome, ii. 466

— Greek, iii. 426

Phocaea, ii. 267, 275

Phocaeans, discover Italy, i. 137. Found Massilia, i. 152. Are driven from Corsica, i. 163. Settle in Lucania, i. 163. Relations of, with Rome, i. 163

Phocis, ii. 215, 242, 243, 248

Phoenice, ii. 73

Phoenicians, home of, ii. 3. National character, ii. 4, 7. Commerce, ii. 3. Contest command of the sea with the Greeks, i. 151, 152. In Italy, i. 135, 136. *See* Carthage

Phraates, king of Parthia, iv. 117, 121, 139, 329

Phrygia, ii. 216, 275. Given to Mithradates, iii. 57, 120 *n.* United to the province of Asia, iii. 274. Language of, iii. 279

Phthiriasis, iii. 390

Physicians in Rome, unknown till a late period, i. 202. At first only Greeks, ii. 467

## PLE

Picentes, i. 123; ii. 175, 391. War with Rome, i. 424. Campanian, ii. 134

*Pilum*, i. 453, 469

*Pilumnus poplus*, i. 77

Pinarii, i. 481

Pinnes, ii. 74

Pipers, guild of, i. 242

Piracy, ii. 73-74. In the first half of the seventh century of Rome, iii. 19, 65, 66, 67, 172, 405. Supported by Mithradates against the Romans, iii. 292. In concert with Sertorius, iv. 22, 29, 32. Increase of, iv. 40, 41, 42. Conflicts of Servilius and Antonius with the pirates, iv. 44, 73, 74. Share in second Mithradatic war, iv. 50. Campaign of Metellus against, iv. 76, 77. Pompeius sent under the Gabinian law to suppress it, iv. 102, 103, 105, 108, 113, 114, 115. Pompeius settles the pirates in towns, iv. 145, 146. Subsequent regulations against piracy, iv. 117. Revival after the battle of Pharsalus, iv. 422

Piraeus, ii. 236

Pisae, ii. 198; besieged by Sulla, iii. 299 — road from, to the Po, i. 134, 151

Pisaurum, a burgess-colony, ii. 198, 333, 352

Pisidia, ii. 258

Piso. *See* Calpurnius

Pistoria, iv. 181

Placentia, ii. 113, 115, 116, 118, 176, 194, 195, 196. Latin-colony, ii. 83, 352. Its *Jus*, i. 433 *n.*

Plastic art, its rise in Italy, i. 246. Etruscan, i. 491, 492, 495. Campanian and Sabellian, i. 492. Latin, i. 493; ii. 477

Plautius, C. [praetor, 608?], iii. 11

— Hypsaenus, L. [praetor], iii. 81

— legate, in Social War, iii. 320

— Lyco, M., Roman painter, ii. 478

— Novius, i. 461 *n.*, 494 *n.*

Plautus, Roman poet, ii. 440, 441; iii. 446, 447, 448, 449, 450

Plebeians, Plebes, meaning of word, i. 90. Arose out of the body of clients. i. 90, 91. Rapid growth in number and importance, i. 92, 110. Weaken-

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

665

## PLE

ing of the tie of clientship, and formation of a plebs, dependent on the king, as a second Roman community, i. 93, 94. Made eligible for military commands, i. 100. Its cliental relation towards the kings not transferred to the consuls, i. 258. Position of the old burgesses after expulsion of the kings, i. 263. Admitted to the curiae thereafter, i. 263, 264. Also to the senate, i. 266. Position in senate, i. 266, 272. Acquire burgess-rights, i. 271. Importance of rights so acquired, i. 272, 273. Archives and treasury, i. 284 *n.* *Compare* Patricii and Tribuni plebis

Plebiscitum, originally without legal force, i. 283. Equal to law by Lex Publilia, if previously assented to by the senate, i. 288. This assent unnecessary by Lex Hortensia, i. 307

Pleminius, Q. [*misprinted* C. Flaminius], ii. 180

Pleuratus of Scodra, ii. 236, 247

Plotius, A., fights the Umbrians in Social war, iii. 245

— Gallus, L., teacher of Latin rhetoric, iii. 443

Plurality of offices, i. 321, 322

Poedici, i. 371, 467

*Poenā*, i. 26, 160

Poeni. *See* Phoenicians

*Poeta*, ii. 470 *n.*

Poetry, Latin, beginnings of, i. 229. Its slight success, i. 239. Oldest poems, i. 475

Police, urban, i. 462

Pollux, i. 209

Polybius in the Scipionic circle, iii. 433. His views, iii. 433, 439. Character, iii. 464–468

Polyxenidas, ii. 266, 267, 268

Pomerium, its advance, i. 107. Extended by Sulla, iii. 369 *n.*

Pompaedius Silo, Q., leader in Social war, iii. 234, 235, 240, 242, 253

Pompeii, i. 374. During Social war, iii. 251, 356, 358. A Sullan colony, iv. 4

Pompeopolis, iv. 146

Pompeius, Cn., his character, iv. 9–13, 99, 100, 148, 149, 340, 344.

VOL. IV.

## POM

Vainglory of, iv. 141 *n.*, 148, 149.

In Sulla's army, iii. 332, 337, 339.

Propraetor in Sicily, iii. 344. Opposes Sulla, iii. 378. His attitude after Sulla's death, iv. 22. Conflict with Brutus and Lepidus, iv. 25, 26. Compels the senate to send him to Spain, iv. 26. Lays out a road over the Alps, iv. 27. Contest in Spain, iv. 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35. Returns from Spain, iv. 92. Coalesces with the democrats and with Crassus, iv. 94 *et seq.* In Piratic war, iv. 108, 113, 120. In Mithradatic war, iv. 116–121. Makes peace with Tigranes, iv. 122. Defeats the Caucasian tribes, iv. 123–126. Makes Syria a Roman province, iv. 135, 136, 138. Regulates Asiatic affairs, iv. 142–147. His triumph, iv. 145. His position after his Asiatic expedition, iv. 185–196. Coalesces with Caesar and Crassus, iv. 197, 293, 294. Marries Julia, daughter of Caesar, iv. 205. Relations with Caesar, iv. 298, 299–303. Quarrels with Clodius, iv. 297. Administration of corn supplies, iv. 304, 305. At Luca, iv. 307. Sole consul, iv. 325. His second marriage, iv. 341. Dictator, iv. 341. Difference with Caesar, iv. 340, 341, 342, 343, 346, 350, 351. Power and army of, iv. 368–371. Embarks for Greece, iv. 377. Plan of his campaign, iv. 394. Organizes his army in Macedonia, iv. 396, 397, 400, 402. Conflicts at Dyrrhachium, iv. 405–411. Battle of Pharsalus, iv. 413–417. Flight to Egypt, iv. 417, 423. His death, iv. 424. His wealth, iv. 511

Pompeius, Cn., son of Pompeius the Great, iv. 420, 425

— Q. [consul, 613], against Numantia, iii. 14

— Rufus, Q. [consul, 666], iii. 262, 271

— Sext., iv. 423, 425

— Strabo, Cn. [consul, 665], iii. 243, 246, 248, 202, 318, 321

Pomponii, i. 481

2 x

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

666

## INDEX

## POM

- Pomponius Atticus, T., iv. 529  
 — L., Atellan poet, iii. 456  
 Pontiae, a Latin colony, i. 380, 427  
 Pontifex Maximus, instituted, i. 262.  
   Chosen by the burgesses, ii. 357; iii. 362  
 Pontifices, a Latin institution, i. 178 *n.*  
   A college of experts for making roads and bridges, at first five in number; entrusted with public measurements and calculations, especially the calendar, and the arrangements for administration of justice and worship, i. 178 and *n.*, 179. Their number increased to eight; plebeians eligible, i. 307. Keep the roll of magistrates and public records, i. 476, 477, 478. Their edicts called *Leges regiae*, i. 485, 486. Number of, iii. 370. In the Municipia, iii. 376  
 Pontine Marshes, draining of the, iii. 404  
 Pontius, Gavius, i. 375, 376, 391  
   — of Telesia, iii. 338, 341  
 Pontus, ii. 219. Early history of, iii. 57, 274, 275. Its condition under Mithradates, iii. 280. Occupied by the Romans, iv. 59, 60. A province, iv. 141  
 Popillius, C., made to pass under the yoke by the Helvetii, iii. 182  
 — Laenas, C. [consul, 582, 596], ii. 309  
   — — M. [consul, 615], iii. 15  
   — — — [consul, 581], a poet, ii. 454 *n.*  
   — — P. [consul, 622], iii. 95, 101, 118, 132, 403  
 Population of the oldest Roman territory, i. 50. At the time of Servius Tullius' reforms, i. 99, 100. Decrease of caused by the war with Pyrrhus, i. 418. And by second Punic war, ii. 191. Falling off in sixth century, ii. 392. *Compare* Census  
 Populonia, i. 128, 148, 208. Coins of, i. 151, 208  
*Populus*, originally the burgess-army, i. 77  
 — *Romanus quiritēs*, or *quiritium*, i. 63

## POR

- Porcius Cato, C. [consul, 640], iii. 177  
 — — L. [consul, 655], iii. 250, 257  
 — — M. [consul, 559; censor, 570], character, ii. 349, 351. Political tendencies, ii. 352–355. A *novus homo*, ii. 328. In Spanish war, ii. 211. In war with Antiochus, ii. 263. As consular military tribune, ii. 348. As governor, ii. 338. His strict administration of justice, ii. 389. Protects the Spaniards, ii. 339. Censorship, ii. 321, 329, 477. Taxes luxury-slaves, ii. 407; and other articles of luxury, ii. 408. Builds the first Roman Basilica, ii. 477. Proposes an increase of the horses of the equites, ii. 319 *n.*, 352. Reprimands the equites, ii. 321. Breach with Scipio, ii. 346. Opposes distribution of corn in Rome, ii. 372. His estimate of Hamilcar, ii. 90. Opinions respecting farmers and the mercantile classes, ii. 389, 390. On woman, ii. 405. On Socrates, ii. 402, 466. On the Istrian war, ii. 347. As to the Rhodians, ii. 307. On the acquisition of wealth, ii. 383. On wills, ii. 383. On money-lending, ii. 389. Various sayings of, ii. 345, 356. His private life, ii. 405–408. Reads Thucydides and other Greek historians, ii. 463. A poet, ii. 454 *n.*, 466. The first Latin prose historian, ii. 460, 462, 463. Collects his speeches and letters, ii. 463. Manuals by, ii. 466, 468, 469. On Hellenism, ii. 474 and *n.*–477. Impeaches Galba, iii. 9. Commissioner to Carthage, iii. 23. His death, iii. 34. Historian, iii. 470  
 — — Uticensis, M., his character, iv. 8, 156, 157, 448. Opponent of Pompeius, iv. 192, 202. Leader of the aristocracy, iv. 344. Attitude in reference to Catiline's conspiracy, iv. 178. Mission to Cyprus, iv. 153, 207. Return to Rome, iv. 310 *n.*, 314. Fights against the Caesarians, iv. 380, 391, 396, 399, 400. After the battle of Pharsalus, iv. 419, 421. In Utica, iv. 435, 436, 437, 445. Death, iv. 446, 447, 448



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

667

## POR

- Porsena, king of Clusium, i. 330, 338  
 Port dues, i. 50, 80. Lowered, i. 274.  
   Re-established, iv. 496  
 Posidonia, i. 141, 144, 363  
 Possession, only protected by law at a later period, i. 450  
*Possessiones*. See Domain  
 Postumius Albinus, A. [consul, 655], defeated by Jugurtha, iii. 151. Killed by his troops, iii. 257  
   — — — [consul, 574; censor, 580], ii. 475  
   — — Sp. [consul, 433], i. 375  
   — — — [consul, 644], iii. 151  
   — L. [praetor, 338], ii. 128, 132  
 Potentia, burgess-colony, ii. 198, 333, 352  
 Potters, guild of, i. 202, 205, 247  
 Pottery, early Etruscan in Rome, i. 246.  
   Articles of, in Italian tombs, i. 205, 208. Apulian, ii. 398. Imported from Greece to Italy, i. 459, 460  
*Præfecti* of the Roman isles, ii. 74.  
   In the Italian municipia, iii. 374 n.  
   — *annonae*, i. 302  
   — *cohortium*, i. 351 n.  
   — *jure dicundo* at Capua, and elsewhere, 434, 435 n.; ii. 67  
   — *sociorum*, i. 351 n.  
   — *urbi*, i. 68, 260. Under Caesar, iv. 480  
*Præficiae*, i. 240  
 Praeneste, i. 41, 106, 484. Rebels against Rome, i. 356. About 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 n.  
   Cedes territory to Rome, i. 368. Not a Roman burgess-community, i. 432.  
   Art at, i. 207, 461, 494, 497. Oracle of, ii. 404. Unpleasant relations with Rome; mentioned in Roman comedy, ii. 430. Siege of, iii. 336, 338, 356  
*Præes*, i. 161  
*Prætexta*, ii. 316, 326, 349  
*Praetores*, older name of the consuls, i. 257. Afterwards as auxiliaries to the consuls, with fixed jurisdiction, at first for administration of Sicily, Corsica, and Sardinia, i. 306, 449; ii. 67, 323. Two for Spain, ii. 212. Proposal to extend their tenure of office to two years, ii. 212. The increase in their number insufficient, ii. 323. Functions regulated by Sulla, iii. 361;

## PRO

- and by Caesar, iv. 480, 481. *Edictum praetoris urbani*, iv. 550, 551  
*Praetores*, *praetor peregrinus*, ii. 322  
   — praetors of Latin towns, i. 352 n.  
*Praetoriani*, their origin, iii. 202  
*Praetuttii*, i. 123  
*Prandium*, ii. 409  
*Precarium*, i. 199. Applied to the state domains, i. 277  
 Priests nominated by the king, i. 67.  
   But not by the consuls, i. 261. Extension of their right to cancel state acts on the ground of religious informalities, i. 302, 452. Colleges of, partly for officiating in acts of worship, i. 175–177; partly as skilled advisers of the magistrates, i. 178–179. Chosen by the community, ii. 367. Special: see *Flamines*. Vacancies filled up by the burgesses, iii. 204, 435. Co-optation restored by Sulla, iii. 362, 435; iv. 97. Again filled up by the comitia, iv. 158  
 Primitive races in Italy, no trace of, i. 9  
*Princeps senatus*, i. 89 n., 266  
*Prisci Latini*, i. 35  
 Private life of the Romans, ii. 405–409  
 Private process. King interferes only on appeal of injured party, i. 158. Settled regularly by compromise, which the magistrate interfered supplementarily to enforce, i. 160; as in the case of theft and *iniuria*, i. 160  
*Privernum*, i. 361, 369  
*Pro console*, *pro praetore*, *pro quaestore*. See Magistrate  
 Prodigality, declaration of, i. 161  
*Proditio*, i. 158  
*Proletarii*, i. 97, 200. Admitted by Marius to enlistment, iii. 201  
 Property is that which the state assigns to the individual burgess, i. 160. Idea developed primarily as to moveables, i. 160. Free transferability, i. 161. Of restrictions on property, servitudes alone known to the earlier law, i. 161  
*Proscriptions*, Sullan, iii. 266, 267, 351, 352, 353. The democrats attempt the rehabilitation of the pro-

2 x 2

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

668

## INDEX.

## PRO

- scribed and of their children, iv. 161, 459, 461
- Proserpina, i. 188
- Provinciae*, at first the consular departments of duty, i. 320; ii. 71 *n.* Originally settled by free agreement between the consuls themselves, later by the senate, more rarely by the community, i. 320. Provincial constitution, originally the arrangement established for the transmarine possessions, ii. 66, 67, 336, 337. Provincial diets, ii. 68, 69. Provincial territory not regarded as domain, ii. 68, 69. *Commercium* and *conubium* between provincial communities, i. 68. Autonomous communities in, ii. 68. General census, ii. 68. Tenths and customs, ii. 69. Spanish, government of the, ii. 212-213. Position of the governors, ii. 336, 337, 338. Presents and requisitions, ii. 338. Controlled by the courts of law, ii. 338, 339. By the senate, ii. 340. Provincial quaestors, ii. 340. Fundamental principle of, iii. 50 *n.*, 140 *n.*; iv. 24 *n.*, 545, 546. Distribution of the provinces by the senate, iii. 366. Number of, in Sulla's time, iii. 368. Number of, in Caesar's time, iv. 529
- Provocatio. *See* Appeal
- Prusias, of Bithynia, ii. 152, 227, 261, 269, 274, 282, 284
- II., of Bithynia, the 'Hunter,' ii. 297, 311; iii. 54
- Pteleum, ii. 261
- Ptolemaeus Epiphanes, ii. 226. War with Macedonia, ii. 227, 231, 234. With Syria and Macedonia, ii. 253. Peace, ii. 254, 256, 257. Attitude during the war with Antiochus, ii. 262
- Euergetes, ii. 72, 217
- II., ii. 308; iii. 59
- Philopator, ii. 143, 226, 253
- son of Lagus, i. 398; ii. 217
- the Cyprian, iv. 48, 51
- VI., Philometor, ii. 257 *n.*; iii. 58. War with Syria and Roman intervention, ii. 308
- XI., Auletes, iv. 48, 51, 153, 154

## PYR

- Publicani*, origin of, i. 275; iii. 115
- Pudicitia patricia*, *p'lebeia*, i. 308
- Punicum, near Caere, i. 136
- Punic War, first, ii. 34-57, 58-61. Second, causes of, ii. 85, 86. Carthaginian preparations, 87-94. Rupture between Rome and Carthage, ii. 95, 96. Carthaginian forces and plans, ii. 97-100. Hannibal's march from Spain to Italy, ii. 100-109. Italian campaign, ii. 112-143. Conflict on the Ticino, ii. 114. Battle on the Trebia, ii. 115-117. At the Trasimene lake, ii. 121. Marches and conflicts of Fabius, ii. 123-126. Battle of Cannae, ii. 128-131. War in Sicily, ii. 146-150. War in Macedonia, ii. 151-154. War in Spain, ii. 154-162, 163, 164. War in Italy, ii. 165-167. Tarentum taken by Hannibal, ii. 167. His march on Rome, ii. 169. Capua taken by the Romans, ii. 170. Tarentum taken by the Romans, ii. 171. Hasdrubal's approach, ii. 176. Battle of Sena, ii. 177. Stagnation of the war, ii. 178. Hannibal retires, ii. 178. Scipio in Africa, ii. 180-183. Negotiations for peace, ii. 184. Hannibal recalled to Africa, ii. 185. Battle of Zama, ii. 186. Peace, ii. 187. Results of the war, ii. 189-193
- Punic War, third, iii. 24-39
- Pupius Piso, M. [consul, 693], unsuccessful in Thrace, iv. 290
- Purple, brought from Tyre to Italy, ii. 379
- Puteoli, i. 145, 169. A burgess-colony, ii. 191. Its custom-house, ii. 329. Eastern religion at, iii. 437. Emporium of commerce, iii. 409
- Pydna, battle of, ii. 300, 301
- Pyrgi, i. 148. Its walls, i. 245. Stormed by Dionysius, i. 333. Burgess-colony, i. 427
- Pyrrhus, king of Epirus, historical position of, i. 396-398. Character and early history of, i. 398-400. Seizes Corcyra, i. 392. Tarentum submits to, i. 406. His resources for war, i. 406, 407. Difficulties with Tarentum, i. 406, 407. War with Rome, i. 407, 409. Battle near He-

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

669

## PYT

- raclæa, i. 408. Attempts at peace, i. 410, 411. Marches towards Rome, i. 411. Second Italian campaign, i. 412-415. Battle near Ausculum, i. 413-415. Sicilian expedition, i. 416-421. Renewal of the war in Italy, i. 421. Battle near Beneventum, i. 422. Returns to Greece, i. 422. Death, i. 422  
 Pythagoras, i. 464, 468, 475, 481. Pythagorean league of friends, i. 143. Influence of his doctrines on the Roman calendar, i. 219. Pythagoreanism, New, iv. 562  
 Pyxus, i. 141

**Q**UAESTIONES *perpetuae, repetundarum*, iii. 73. Organized in general by Gracchus, iii. 111. Re-organized by Sulla, iii. 372. Under Caesar, iv. 483

Quaestors, oldest (*paricidii*), i. 68, 81, 159. After abolition of monarchy, became standing magistrates, i. 260. Have charge [as *urbani*] of state treasure and archives, i. 261. Two new ones, to manage the military chest, chosen from the nobility, but nominated by the tribes under the presidency of the consuls, i. 294. After 333, all the four nominated by the comitia tributa, i. 300. In 333, the plebeians eligible for all the quaestorships, i. 300. *Quaestores classici*, four, i. 429. Their appointment and functions, i. 439. Provincial, ii. 67, 68, 341. Number raised, iii. 360 *n.*, 369 *n.*; iv. 476

*Quaestus*, ii. 387

Quartering troops in the provinces, iv. 21, 531, 535

Quinctii, celebrate the Lupercalia, i. 55 *n.*, 176

Quinctilii from Alba, i. 108

Quinctius Capitolinus, T. [consul, 315], i. 301

— Cincinnatus, L. [dictator, 315], i. 301

— Flamininus, L. [consul, 562], ii. 328

— T. [consul, 556; censor, 565], character, ii. 240. Commands against

## REL

Philip, ii. 241-246. Regulates Macedonia and Greece, ii. 247-252. Negotiates with Antiochus, ii. 256, 257, 260. Visits Greece, ii. 260-265, 278, 281. His share in Hannibal's death, ii. 282. Conduct towards Philip, ii. 286. Nepotism, ii. 326, 327. Early success, ii. 327. Hellenism, ii. 415. Brings Greek art treasures to Rome, ii. 497.

Quinctius, L. [pleb. tribune, 680], iv. 89, 106

— Pennus Capitolinus Crispinus, T. [consul, 546], ii. 173

— T. [dictator, 393], i. 344

*Quindecevirii sacris faciendis*, custodiers of oracles, iii. 370

*Quinquennalibus* in Italian communities, i. 439 and *n.*

Quirinal city, i. 55, 56, 57, 58

Quirinus, i. 481

*Quirites*, i. 56 *n.* Meaning of the word, i. 78, and *n.*

**R**ABIRIUS, C., iii. 215; iv. 159, 160

Racing, ii. 429, 418

Raeti, i. 346. Etruscan, i. 128; iii. 174

Ramnes, i. 44, 45, 46, 47, 54. Ramnian augurs, i. 188

Ras-ennae, i. 125 and *n.*

Raudine Plain, battle of the, iii. 193

Ravenna, i. 130

Reatini penetrate into Latium, i. 122

*Receptoratores*, mixed Romano-Latin court for commercial cases, i. 166

Recruiting in Campania, i. 364

— system of Marius, iii. 201-203

*Rediculus tutanus*, ii. 170

*Regia*, i. 117, 119

Regillus, lake, battle at, i. 349, 451

Regulus. *See* Atilius

*Rei*, i. 157

Religion, Etruscan, gloomy and mystical, i. 189. Predominance of malignant and cruel gods, i. 189. Interpretation of signs and portents, i. 190. Rudiments of speculation, i. 191

— Italian, its fundamental principles, i. 27

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

670

## INDEX.

## REL

Religion, Roman, abstraction and personification, i. 171, 172. At first unaffected by the influence of Greek ideas, i. 172, 173, 174. Systematic classification and ranking of the gods essential, i. 172 *et seq.* Practical tendency of Roman worship, i. 174, 183. Its character of festal joy, i. 180; modified by the frugality and sobriety of the people, i. 180. Tendency to insipid ceremonial, i. 181. Opposed to all artistic effort and speculation, i. 183. But intelligible to all, and preserving the simplicity of faith, i. 185. From the practical tendency of worship the priests develop the moral law, i. 184. Foreign worship, i. 186, 188, 451–452. Faith loses strength owing to Hellenism, ii. 399, 400, 401. Public worship becomes more costly, i. 452; ii. 399. Superstitions, i. 400. State-religion, iii. 433; iv. 482, 549  
 — Sabellian and Umbrian, essentially agreeing with the Latin, i. 188  
 Religions, Oriental, in Italy, iii. 436  
 Religious chants, i. 230  
 Remi, iv. 247, 250, 275  
 Remus, i. 479  
 Rents in Rome, iii. 417 *n.*; iv. 513  
 Representative institutions unknown to antiquity, iii. 98, 238, 361, 372, 377; iv. 467  
*Responsa*, literature of juristic opinions, iii. 474  
*Rex sacrorum*, i. 256, 262. Always patrician, i. 306  
 Rhegium, i. 138, 363; ii. 134, 165, 176, 190. Occupied by Romans, i. 403. Mutiny of garrison, i. 408. Its attitude towards Pyrrhus, i. 408, 410. Captured by the Romans, i. 424. Exempted from land service, i. 427. Retained Greek constitution, iii. 249  
 Rhetoric in Rome, ii. 466; iii. 443, 472; iv. 566  
 Rhine, the, German frontier of Rome, iv. 246  
 Rhoda in Spain, founded, i. 154  
 Rhodes, its treaty with Rome, i. 395, 430. Mediates between Philip V. of Macedonia and the Greeks, ii. 153.

## RUS

Its position after the second Punic war, ii. 222, 224. War with Philip, ii. 226, 227, 228, 231, 232, 234, 235, 238, 241, 246, 248. Joins in the war with Antiochus, ii. 254, 255, 258, 262, 275. Its conduct during the war with Perseus, ii. 292, 296. Humiliated, ii. 306–308. Its wars against the pirates, iii. 66. Resists Mithradates, iii. 296. Rewarded by Sulla, iii. 312  
 Rhone, passage of, by Hannibal, ii. 103–105  
 Road from Arretium to Bononia, ii. 198. From Italy, through Gaul, to Spain, ii. 199. From Rome to Luna, ii. 199. From Luca to Arretium, ii. 199. *Compare* Via  
 Roads, construction of, i. 464, 491. Paving of streets under Caesar, iv. 504  
 Robber bands in Italy, iv. 173, 181. In the provinces, iv. 533  
*Rogatio*, i. 82  
 Rome, attempts to fix the date of its foundation, ii. 464. Site of, i. 44, 47. Originally centre of an agricultural community, i. 212. At the same time emporium of Latium, i. 47–51. Gradual rise of the city, i. 51–55. The Seven ring-walls or *septimontium*, i. 52, 58. Amalgamation of the Palatine and Quirinal regions, i. 87–90. The united city walled in by Servius, i. 58, 114, 115. The seven hills, i. 115, 117 *n.* Taken and burnt by the Gauls, i. 342. Condition of its population, iv. 498  
*Roma quadrata*, i. 51  
 Romances, iv. 591  
 Romilii, clan-village, i. 38, 49  
*Rorarii*, i. 455  
 Roscius, Q., the actor, iii. 381, 459; iv. 582  
 — Sext., iv. 510  
*Rostra*, i. 117. Decorated with the beaks of the Antiate galleys, i. 363  
 Round temple, i. 491 *n.*  
 Rubicon, ii. 76  
 Rupilius, P. [consul, 621], iii. 82  
 Rufinus. *See* Cornelius  
 Ruspina, battle at, iv. 442

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

671

## RUT

- Rutillius Lupus, P. [consul, 664], iii. 240, 243, 244  
 — Rufus, P. [consul, 649], iii. 153, 201, 219, 220, 359, 470  
 Rutuli, i. 113. Their conflicts with Rome, i. 46

- SABELLIANS**, ii. 391. Have little intercourse with foreign nations, i. 204, 225. Position during the Samnite wars, i. 372, 373  
 Sabines, influence upon Rome, i. 46. Penetrate into Latium, i. 122, 123. Fight with Rome, i. 113. Subdued by Rome, i. 354, 392. As *civis sine suffragio*, i. 392. Acquire full burgess-rights, i. 431. Serve with Rome against the Celts, ii. 79  
*Sacer*, meaning of, i. 184  
 Sacramentum. *See* Actions at law  
 Sacrificial animals, how procured, i. 76  
 Sadducees, iv. 132  
 Saecular games, ii. 411  
*Saepta Julia*, iv. 336  
 Saeturnus, i. 173  
 Saevius Nicanor Postumus, M., teacher of Roman literature, iii. 443  
 Sagaei, ii. 291  
 Saguntum founded, i. 155. Allied with Rome, ii. 92. At war with Hannibal, and is stormed, ii. 97. Regained by Rome, ii. 156, 206, 213  
 Salapia, ii. 171  
 Salassi, ii. 106, 109  
 Salernum, a burgess-colony, ii. 191  
*Salvi*, i. 55, 56, 87, 89. Remain patrician, i. 307. *Palatini et Collini*, i. 56, 175  
 Sallentini, i. 467. Join Tarentum against the Lucanians, i. 384. War with Rome, i. 424  
 Sallustius, Crispus C., iv. 184 n., 323. His false dates of the Jugurthine war, iii. 153 n. Character of his book, iii. 162 n.  
 Salona, iii. 177  
 Salt-monopoly by the state, i. 274; ii. 329  
*Saltus*, ii. 370  
*Salus*, temple of, i. 494  
 Same, ii. 277

## SAT

- Samnites, a branch of the Umbrians, i. 13, 14. Language of, 14, 15, 16. Settle in the mountains of Central Italy, i. 122. Legend of their wanderings, i. 122. Seclusion, i. 123. Absence of sepulchral decorations i. 460. Loose federation of, i. 124  
 Political character of, i. 123. Make no permanent conquests, i. 124. First treaty with Rome, i. 361. Unaffected by Greek influences, i. 365. Contrast with the Hellenizing Sabellian stocks, i. 365. Samnite wars, i. 371–384, 388–392. Share in the war with Pyrrhus, i. 401, 402, 408, 410, 413, 417. Submit to Rome, i. 423. Their league dissolved, i. 435. Alliance with Hannibal, ii. 134, 139. Loss of territory, ii. 245. Their country desolated by the second Punic war, ii. 391. Emigrate to Fregellae, ii. 238. Acquainted with Greek literature, ii. 468, 470. In Social war, iii. 234, 253, 255. Their demands, iii. 319. Fight with Sulla, iii. 340. Their punishment, iii. 341, 356  
 Samos, ii. 223, 227, 255, 267  
 Samothrace, ii. 301  
 Saramá, i. 18  
 Sarapis, iv. 561  
 Sardinia, Carthaginian, i. 154, 329; ii. 12. Seized by the Romans, ii. 41. Roman, ii. 63, 65. Carthage endeavours to regain it, ii. 145. Wars in, ii. 199. Lepidus' expedition to, iv. 26. Occupied by Caesar, iv. 391  
 Sardis, ii. 272, 275  
 Sarraus, i. 154 n.  
 Sassinates, war with Rome, i. 424  
 Saticula, Latin-colony, i. 379  
 Satricum, Latin-colony, i. 355. Compelled to enter into the burgess union of Rome, i. 356. About 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 n., 358. Revolts during Samnite war, i. 378. Again conquered by Rome, i. 379  
*Satura*, i. 29, 473. Led to alternative chants, and thereby, in some measure, to comedy, i. 232; ii. 454. After Naevius' time = miscellaneous poems, ii. 454; iii. 455 n., 461

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

672

## INDEX

## SAT

- Saturnalia*, i. 231 n.; ii. 411  
*Saturnus*, i. 245  
*Saturnian metre*, i. 232, 233  
*Saturnus*, i. 232 n.  
 Savage state, no trace of, in Italy, i. 8, 9  
*Scaena*, i. 473  
*Scaptia*, about 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 n., 358  
*Scipio*. See *Cornelius*  
*Scarabaei*, Etruscan, i. 248  
*Sciathus*, ii. 238, 239  
*Scodra*, kingdom of, its war with Rome, ii. 74. Made tributary to Rome, ii. 74. After second Macedonian war, ii. 247  
*Scopas*, ii. 254  
*Scordisci*, iii. 175, 176, 177  
*Scotussa*, ii. 244  
*Scribere*, i. 225  
*Scribonius Curio*, C. [consul, 678], iv. 38, 89  
 — — — partisan of Caesar, iv. 353, 354, 355–385, 391, 392, 393, 515  
 — *Libo*, C., admiral under Pompeius, iv. 395  
*Scriptura*, i. 80, 201, 225. Subsequently not demanded, i. 277; iii. 395  
*Scutum*, i. 456 n. A Greek word, i. 206  
*Scylacium*, colony of, iii. 134  
*Scylax*, i. 347, 482  
*Scymnus*, iv. 571 n.  
*Scyros*, ii. 248  
*Scythia*, iii. 281, 282  
 Secession to the Sacred Mount, first, i. 279; second, i. 318  
*Segesta*, ii. 14, 68 n., 70  
*Segestica*, or *Siscia*, iii. 175, 177  
*Seleucus*, ii. 256  
 — II., *Callinicus*, ii. 72  
*Selinus*, i. 152; ii. 14  
*Sella curruilis*, chariot-seat, i. 63, 157  
*Sellasia*, battle of, ii. 76  
*Sempronius Asellio*, A. [praetor urbanus], murdered, iii. 258  
 — — P., historian, iii. 470  
 — *Gracchus*, C., character, iii. 107, 109. Member of the land commission, iii. 92, 101. Quaestor, iii. 106. Plebeian tribune, iii. 107–126. Speeches of, iii. 471. Improves the

## SEN

- Italian roads, iii. 403. His fall and death, iii. 126–129  
*Sempronius Gracchus* Ti. [consul, 539, 541], ii. 142, 143, 165, 166, 168  
 — — — [consul, 577, censor, 585]; ii. 338, 321; iii. 4, 87. In Sardinian war, ii. 199. In Spanish war, ii. 23. Interference against the freedmen, ii. 354  
 — — — character, iii. 88. Quaestor, iii. 15. Plebeian tribune, iii. 89. Agrarian law, iii. 90. Death, iii. 94  
 — — — the spurious, iii. 204, 214  
 — *Longus*, Ti. [consul, 536], ii. 112, 115, 118  
 — — — [consul, 560], ii. 348  
 — *Sophus*, P. [consul, 450], i. 486  
 — — — [consul, 486], ii. 412  
*Sena Gallica*, maritime colony, i. 403, 427. Battle of, ii. 177  
 Senate, originates in the clan-constitution, and represents it, i. 70, 71. Number of members fixed, i. 70. Membership for life, i. 71. Chosen by the king, i. 68. Its prerogatives: office of *int' rrex*, i. 71; confirmation of the resolutions of the community, i. 68; as state council, i. 72. Had originally no share in election of the king, i. 85. Not legislating, but guardian of the law, i. 72. Increase of its functions on abolition of the monarchy, i. 265, 266. Of its political power, i. 270, 271. Distinction between the narrower patrician senate (*patres*), for the exercise of the *auctoritas*, and the wider patricio-plebeian body (*patres conscripti*) for giving their *consilium*, i. 266. Right of consulars to vote first, i. 266. The reference to the clan-organisation falls into abeyance, i. 266. Number of senators, i. 266. Chosen by consul, i. 266. Right of former magistrates to be admitted to the senate, i. 266. Acting magistrates have a seat, but no vote, i. 266. Revision of roll every fourth year, i. 266. Plebeian senators excluded from debate, i. 299. Their admission, i. 307. Conducts the government after equalization of the orders, i. 324. Right of the magistrate to reject

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

673

## SEN

senators from the list limited, i. 342.  
 Establishment of the right of past curule magistrates to a provisional seat and vote, and to enrolment at next census, i. 325. Exclusion of non-curule senators from debating, i. 325. Later *de facto* powers of the senate: initiative in legislation, i. 326; right of dispensing from the laws, i. 326; nomination of dictator, i. 321, 326: right of prolonging tenure of office of magistrates, i. 326. Its absolute control of the administration, especially of finance, i. 327; ii. 318. Political value of this institution, i. 327, 328. Gradations of rank in, ii. 319. Preponderance of the nobility in the senate, ii. 318, 319. Special seats in the theatre, ii. 321. Insignia of senators, i. 68; ii. 316, 317. Its numbers according to Sulla's arrangements, iii. 360; and according to Caesar's arrangements, iv. 476. Extraordinary supplement to, by Sulla, iii. 267, 360; and by Caesar, iii. 478. Admission to, connected by Sulla with the quaestorship, and not with the aedileship, iii. 360. Censorial *lectio* abolished by Sulla, iii. 360, 370. But restored, iv. 96. Senators excluded from the equestrian centuries, iii. 73. Powers of; its initiative in legislation formally confirmed by Sulla, iii. 267, 361. But again abolished, iv. 99. Its right to give dispensation from laws restricted, iv. 158. Its supremacy limited by C. Gracchus, iii. 117. Senatorial Courts. *See* Jury Courts. Decline and corruption of, iii. 67, 68. Coteries or 'cliques' in, iii. 68, 261. Arrangements of Caesar, iv. 476, 477, 478. Opposition-senate of the Italians, iii. 238, 239 *n.* Ditto, of Sertorius, iv. 20. Ditto, of Pompeius, iv. 397, 437.  
 Senones, i. 338, 340, 346. War with Rome, i. 401. Conquered by the Romans and expelled from Italy, i. 402, 403.  
 Sentinum, battle of, i. 390.  
 Sentius, C. [praetor, 665?], iii. 296

## SER

*Septem pagi*, i. 48.  
 Septimius, L., assassin of Pompeius, iv. 424.  
*Septimontium*, i. 52.  
 Sequani, iv. 222, 227, 235.  
 Sergii, clan-village, i. 38.  
 Sergius Catilina, L., character, iv. 164. Conspiracy of, iv. 165, 180. Death, iv. 181.  
 Sertorius, Q., character of, iv. 18, 19. In the Marian revolution, iii. 316, 317, 318, 324. In the war against Sulla, iii. 334, 335. In Spain, iii. 343. In Mauretania, iii. 343, 353; iv. 19. Becomes general of the Lusitanians, iv. 20. His struggle in Spain, iv. 20, 22, 31, 35. His organizations there, iv. 20. His treaty with Mithradates, iv. 51. His contest with Pompeius, iv. 29, 30. His death, iv. 34.  
 Servian wall, remains of, i. 244 *n.*  
 — Constitution, a military reform, transferring the obligation of service and of the *tributum* to all the freeholders in the state who were capable of bearing arms, whether burgesses or *metoeci*, i. 94. The work of a reforming legislator, probably after the model of the Greeks of Lower Italy, i. 103.  
 Servilii, from Alba, i. 108.  
 Servilius Ahala, C. [magister equitum, 315], i. 301.  
 — Q. [dictator, 394], i. 344.  
 — C., commander in second Sicilian Servile war, iii. 143.  
 Servilius, C. [praetor], murdered at Aesulum, iii. 234.  
 — Caepio, Q. [consul, 614], iii. 12.  
 — — [consul, 618], iii. 135, and *n.*, 183, 184, 185, 186, 188.  
 — — [quaestor, 651 or 654], iii. 211, 221.  
 — Geminus, Cn. [consul, 537], ii. 118, 122, 128, 130, 131.  
 — Glauca, C., associate of Saturninus, iii. 207, 208, 215.  
 — P. [consul, 675], iii. 380.  
 — Rullus, P. [pleb. tribune, 690], iv. 170.  
 — Vatia Isauricus, P. [consul, 675], iv. 44.



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

674

## INDEX.

- SES
- Sestus, ii. 231, 256, 266  
 Setia, a Latin colony, i. 355. Probably about 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358  
 Settlement, right of, unrestricted in Rome, i. 92  
*Seviri equitum Romanorum*, ii. 320 *n.*  
 Seviral games, ii. 320 *n.*  
 Sextius Calvinus, C. [consul, 630], iii. 162  
 — Lateranus, L. [plebeian tribune, 377–387], i. 304, 305  
 Shingle roofs in Rome, i. 464  
 Shofetes, ii. 15  
 Shoemakers, guild of, i. 202  
 Sibylline oracles, iv. 305  
 Siccius Dentatus, L., murdered, i. 292  
 Sicily, position of, i. 6. Its early trade with Rome, i. 167, 459, 483. Its condition after the death of Agathocles, i. 415. Pyrrhus in, i. 415–419. Carthaginian rule in, ii. 9, 13, 13, 14. Phoenician party in, ii. 22. Condition of, before first Punic war, ii. 28. Surrendered to Rome by Carthage, ii. 57, 63. Completely Roman, ii. 150. Sends grain to Rome, ii. 174, 373. Slavery in, iii. 79, 90. Occupied by Caesar, iv. 391. Communities of, obtain *Jus Latinum*, iv. 496. Compare Slaves  
 Sicinius, Cn. [praetor, 582], ii. 294, 295 — L. [pleb. tribune, 678], iv. 89  
 Siculi or Sicani, Latin, i. 22  
 Sidon, its decline, ii. 12  
 Siga, ii. 182  
 Signia, a Latin colony, i. 354, 432. Probably about 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 *n.*  
 Sila, forest of, i. 423  
 Silver, supplanted in commerce by gold, ii. 381. Mines, Spanish, ii. 212. Money in Rome, iii. 412, 413. Its export to the Celtic territory prohibited, ii. 387. Articles of, in Roman households, i. 313, 446, 464; ii. 21; iii. 417, 418. God of, i. 451  
*Silvani*, i. 173  
 Simon Maccabaeus, iii. 61. Coins of, iii. 61 *n.*  
 Sinope, ii. 223; iii. 279; iv. 145, 150. A colony, iv. 544
- SPA
- Sinnaca, surprise at, iv. 336  
 Sinuessa, maritime colony, i. 392, 427  
 Sipontum, burgess-colony, ii. 191  
 Siris, i. 141  
 Siscia or Segestica, iii. 175, 177  
 Sittius, P., iv. 183, 412, 446, 447, 544  
 Slaves, i. 25. At first not numerous, i. 200. Their increase; Licinio-Sextian laws enact that a certain proportion of free labourers be employed by landlords, i. 304, 309; iii. 83. Conspiracies of, i. 462; ii. 392. Stern domestic discipline among, ii. 405, 406. Employed in rural labour, i. 277, 475; ii. 365, 367, 368, 369. Management of business by, ii. 380. Trades carried on by, iii. 79, 80. Increase of, iii. 412; iv. 500, 520. Trade in, iii. 66, 78, 79, 412. Result of the system, iii. 78, 412; iv. 77, 479, 521. Insurrections of, in Italy, iii. 81, 138, 140; iv. 77. Gladiatorial war, iv. 78–85. In Sicily, iii. 81, 140; iv. 32, 77  
 Slings, i. 456 *n.*; iii. 19  
 Smyrna, ii. 223, 255, 260, 266, 275  
*Socii navales*, ii. 38  
*Sodalicia*. See Colleges  
 Sodomy, i. 159; ii. 407  
 Soluntum, i. 154; ii. 13, 48  
 Soli, in Cilicia, ii. 276  
 Solon, laws of, i. 464. Their influence on the Laws of the Twelve Tables, i. 290, 447. Roman coinage from Solonian pattern, i. 458  
 Sopater, ii. 182, 236  
 Sophocles, ii. 444, 445  
 Sora, in the Samnite wars sometimes Roman, sometimes Samnite, i. 361, 369, 379, 384. A Latin colony, i. 387  
 Soracte, i. 203  
*Sors*, i. 187 *n.*  
 Sosilus of Sparta, ii. 94  
 Spain, Phoenicians in, ii. 13. Under Hamilcar, ii. 90. Silver mines of, ii. 91, 213. Iron mines of, ii. 213. A Roman province, ii. 163. Culture after second Punic war, ii. 206, 207, 208. Constant warfare in, ii. 209–212. Divided into two provinces, Further

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

675

## SPA

- and Hither Spain, ii. 209. Administration of, ii. 212, 213. Conflicts in, in seventh century, iii. 3-19, 217. Caesar praetor in, iv. 211. Caesar and the Pompeians, iv. 382, 421, 438, 439
- Sparta, ii. 152, 248, 249; iii. 45, 46
- Spartacus, iv. 78-83
- Spatium*, i. 238
- Speeches, literature of, ii. 463; iii. 470; iv. 606
- Spelt (*far*), chiefly cultivated in Italy, i. 195
- Spesia, i. 120, 121. Its traffic with Coreyra and Corinth, i. 146. Its intercourse with Delphi, i. 149
- Spoletium, a Latin colony, ii. 82, 123. *Jus* of, i. 433 n.
- Staberius Eros, teacher of literature, iv. 5 n.
- Stabiae taken and destroyed by Sulla, iii. 252
- Standards, military, iii. 202
- Stage, origin of the Roman, i. 473; ii. 421. At first for musicians, &c., of all sorts, i. 473. Censure of art, i. 474; ii. 423. Livius Andronicus substitutes Greek drama for the old lyrical stage poem, ii. 420. Comedy predominates, ii. 425. Under Greek influence, ii. 417, 418, 448; iii. 458, 459; iv. 581, 582, 583. Dramatic literature, iii. 447; iv. 578, 579. Tragedy, iii. 447, 448. Graeco-Roman comedy, iii. 449, 450. National Roman comedy, iii. 454. The mime, iv. 579
- State loans, ii. 20
- treasure, ii. 329, 331, 459
- treaties, at later period considered invalid unless ratified by the people, ii. 358
- Statius Caecilius, ii. 195
- Statues in the Forum, i. 464
- Stesichorus, i. 482
- Stipem cogere*, ii. 399
- Stoeri, i. 173
- Stoics, etymologies of the, i. 426. Stoicism, iii. 427, 430; iv. 559
- Stratonicea, ii. 245
- Subulones*, i. 242
- Subura, i. 52, 53, 54

## SYR

- Suebi, iv. 232
- Suessa Aurunca, a Latin colony, i. 380
- Pometia, i. 113, 355. In the Aricine league, i. 359. Temporarily a Latin colony, i. 355. About 370, no longer in the Latin league, i. 357 n.
- Suessiones, iv. 218, 226, 247, 275
- Suessula, ii. 142
- Suetonius, emendation of, iv. 169 n.
- Sugambri, iv. 232, 256
- Sulpicius Galba, P. [consul, 543, 554], ii. 153, 170, 233, 235, 236, 237, 238, 243, 260
- — Ser. [praetor], defeated by the Lusitanians, iii. 9
- Gallus, C. [consul, 588], conversant with astronomy, ii. 467
- Peticus C. [dictator, 396], i. 344
- Rufus, P., his political position and character, iii. 259. His laws, iii. 260, 261, 262. His death, iii. 265
- Sun dial, first in Rome, ii. 467
- Sun, eclipses of, when recorded from observation in the city annals, i. 477
- Sunium, ii. 215
- Surface, measures of, i. 215
- Surrentum, i. 150
- Sutrium, a Latin colony, i. 344, 382, 387
- Swinging, i. 238
- Sybaris, i. 138, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 151
- Syphax, ii. 155, 164, 182, 184, 204
- Syracuse, i. 138. Heads the Sicilian Greeks in the struggle with Carthage, i. 332, 333. Aspires to sovereignty over Sicily and Lower Italy, i. 332. Seeks the aid of Pyrrhus against Carthage, i. 416. Blocked by Carthaginians, i. 417. Relieved by Pyrrhus, i. 419. Results of these wars, i. 425. Its first relations with Rome, i. 424, 430. Its position between Rome and Carthage, ii. 14. Its territory after first Punic war, ii. 63. Siege by Marcellus, ii. 146-149
- Syria in the seventh century, iii. 58, 273. Occupied by Tigranes, iv. 46.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

676

## INDEX.

## TAB

A Roman province under Pompeius, iv. 130, 135

**TABLE**, Greek customs at, i. 468.  
Luxury at, ii. 408, 410; iii. 417, 418; iv. 9, 507, 514, 515

*Tablinum*, ii. 383, 478

*Tabula*, i. 23

Tactics, Roman and modern, iv. 364.

Celtic, iv. 227, 228. Parthian, iv. 332, 333

*Talio*, i. 27

Tarentum or Taras, i. 138, 140. Its rapid rise, i. 331. First aristocratic, then democratic, i. 380. The brilliant part it played in Italy, i. 144. Its commerce with Eastern Italy, i. 146, 204, 459. By treaty closes the Adriatic to Rome, i. 426. Its resources for war, i. 406. Its mercenaries, i. 371, 395. Its burgess-army, i. 413. Makes head against the Samnites, i. 362, 363, 371. Attitude during the Samnite war, i. 373, 374, 375, 391. Supports (indirectly) the Samnites against Rome, i. 381. Peace with Rome, i. 384, 385. Hesitates to join the Lucanians, i. 402. Breaks with Rome, i. 403, 404. Attacks Thurii, i. 404. Attack of its mob on the Roman fleet, i. 403. Attempts at peace with, i. 404. Submits itself to Pyrrhus, i. 405. Remains occupied during Pyrrhus' Sicilian expedition, i. 417. After Pyrrhus' death handed over to the Romans, i. 423. Its fate, i. 423. Its relation to Rome, i. 435. Faithful to Rome in second Punic war, ii. 134, 166. Taken by Hannibal, ii. 152, 167, 169. Retaken by Rome, ii. 172. Ruined by the war, ii. 391. As the colony of Neptunia, iii. 134

Tarpeian Hill, the, i. 114

Tarquinius, home of the, i. 132. Banishment of the whole clan, i. 256, 479

— one of the twelve Etruscan towns, i. 134. Aids Veii against Rome, i. 339. War with Rome, i. 345. Peace with Rome, i. 345. Art at, i. 495

## TER

Tarracina, i. 360. A burgess-colony, i. 368, 427

Tarraco, ii. 156, 162, 213

Taratius, L., astrologer, iv. 562

Task-work, i. 79, 255; ii. 331 *n.*

Tatius, story of his death, i. 158 *n.*, 479

Taurini, ii. 106, 113

Taurisci, ii. 80, 196; iii. 174, 177

Tauromenium, ii. 28, 149

Tautamus, follower of Viriathus, iii. 14

Taxation, direct, unknown, i. 79. Of inheritances, iii. 395. Laid on the provinces, iii. 396; iv. 493. System of, iii. 396; iv. 495. Employment of slaves in, iii. 79

Taxiles, Mithradatic general, iii. 302

Teannum Sidicinum, ii. 141, 170. Under Greek influence, i. 363. Seeks aid from Rome, i. 365. Left by Rome to the Samnites, i. 366 *n.*

Occupied by the latter, i. 369

— Apulum, i. 378

Tectosages, ii. 219, 273; iii. 189

Telamon, battle of, ii. 80

Telesia, ii. 124

Tellus, i. 173

Telmissus, ii. 275

Temesa, i. 141

Tempe, pass of, ii. 241, 299

Temple, none in earliest Roman religion, i. 183, 245. Tuscan, originating under Greek influence, i. 245, 246. Wooden, not stone, i. 246.

Ionian and Doric temples, i. 248

*Templum*, i. 183

Tencteri, iv. 231, 236, 255

Tenedos, ii. 232

Tenthos, Sicilian, ii. 70; iii. 396

*Terebra*, i. 23

Terentius Afer, P., the poet, iii. 449–453

— Varro Atacinus, P., iv. 537

— —, M. [consul, 538], ii. 128, 130, 131, 140, 141, 328

— — — iv. 383, 389, 561, 562, 592, 598, 601, 613, 614, 615

Terina, i. 141, 361

*Termini Gracchani*, iii. 102, 403

*Terminus*, i. 173

Territory of Rome, original limits, i. 48, 104. Boundary of the Tiber, i. 105. Subjection of the towns between the Tiber and the Anio, i.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

677

## TEU

105. Extension after the fall of Alba, i. 102, 112. Possessions on right bank of Tiber lost, i. 330. Recovered, i. 334. Veii conquered, i. 339. South Etruria conquered, i. 344. Extension of territory east and southwards, i. 353–359. Extent of, at end of Samnite wars, i. 392. After the Pyrrhic war, i. 424, 432, 433. Practically extended to the Po, ii. 198
- Teuta, ii. 74
- Teutobod, iii. 190, 191
- Teutones, iii. 178, 190, 191
- Thala, iii. 159
- Thapsus, ii. 10
- battle of, iv. 444–445
- Thasos, ii. 226, 230, 238, 248, 277
- Thaumaci, ii. 239
- Theatre, no permanent, in Rome, ii. 421. Free admission to, ii. 422. Arrangements of, iii. 458, 459. Seats in, set apart for the equites, iii. 115, 359; iv. 100
- Thebes, Boeotian, ii. 243
- Phthiotic, ii. 234
- Theft, i. 160. Its punishment mitigated, i. 447. Of field produce, i. 159
- Theodotus, Roman painter, ii. 478
- Theophiliscus of Rhodes, ii. 227
- Theophrastus, i. 484
- Theopompus, i. 484
- Thermae. *See* Himera
- Thermopylae, ii. 263. Battle at, ii. 264
- Thesaurus*, i. 187, 211 *n.*
- Thessaly, ii. 214, 235, 238, 241, 245, 247, 262, 263, 264, 265, 277, 284, 292, 296
- Thessalonica, ii. 296, 302
- Theveste, ii. 9, 88
- Thrace, ii. 153, 246, 248, 256, 260, 278. Thracians invade Macedonia and Epirus, iii. 176, 276; iv. 50. Subdued by the Romans, iv. 38
- Three, the number, in oldest priestly colleges, i. 45
- Thurii (Copia), at war with the Lucanians, i. 361, 362, 363. Assailed by the Lucanians, applies to Rome for aid, i. 401, 402. Captured by the Tarantines, i. 404. Fate of, in second

## TOR

- Punic war, ii. 163, 167, 179. Exempted from land service, i. 427. A Latin colony, i. 433 *n.*; ii. 191
- Tiber, i. 35, 47, 50. Its regulation neglected, iii. 405. Caesar's project for altering its course, iv. 505
- Tibur, i. 41, 106, 170; iv. 506. In the Aricine league, i. 359. Revolts from Rome, i. 359. About 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 *n.* Obligated to cede part of its territory, i. 368. Not a Roman burgess-community, i. 432
- Ticinus, fight on the, ii. 114
- Tifata, Mount, ii. 169. Battle on, iii. 333
- Tigorini, iii. 182 and *n.*, 189
- Tigranes, of Armenia, ally of Mithradates, iii. 274–284. Joins him against Rome, iii. 291. His relations with Rome, iv. 37. Conquers several Parthian satrapies, Cappadocia, Syria, and Cilicia, iv. 42, 45, 46, 47. His greatness, iv. 47. His complications with Rome, iv. 48, 52, 61, 62. His contest with Lucullus and Pompeius, iv. 64, 72, 116, 122, 139
- son of foregoing, iv. 117, 118, 139
- Tigranocerta founded, iv. 47. Battles of, iv. 64, 70
- Timaetus, i. 483; ii. 461
- Time, unit for measurement of, i. 213
- Tin, trade in British, iii. 171; iv. 220
- Tingis, Greek, i. 155; besieged, iv. 18
- Tities (*sodales Titii*), i. 44, 46, 47, 77, 176
- Titinius, writer of comedies, ii. 443
- Title-hunting in republican Rome, ii. 347
- Titurius Sabinus, Q., Caesar's lieutenant, iv. 251, 261
- Toga, i. 77
- Togata fabula*, iii. 454
- Togati*, oldest legal designation of the Italians as opposed to the Celtic *braccati*, i. 440; ii. 443, and *n.*
- Tolistobogi, ii. 219, 273
- Tolosa, iii. 183. Spoil of, iii. 183, 186
- Tollummius, king of Veii, i. 339
- Tombs, Etruscan painting of, i. 248. Ornaments of, i. 459, 460
- Torboletes, ii. 96

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

678

## INDEX.

## TOR

- Torrhebi in Lydia confounded with the Italian Etruscans, i. 129  
 Torture only applied to slaves, i. 159, 170  
*Tota* = community, i. 73  
 Tougeni, iii. 182 and *n.*, 189  
 Town-life in Asia Minor stimulated by Pompeius, iv. 144–147  
 Trades in Rome, at first important and honoured, i. 202 Guilds, i. 202. Exclusion of artisans from serving in the army by the Servian reform, i. 202. Subsequent position of, ii. 379; iii. 408, 409  
 Tralles, ii. 275  
 Transpadani, claim burgess-rights, iv. 4, 158, 168, 172, 203, 312 *n.*, 542  
 Trasimene Lake, battle at the, ii. 121  
 Travels, scientific, iii. 467  
 Trebia, battle on the, ii. 115, 116  
 Trebellius, L. [pleb. tribune, 687], iv. 107, 110  
 Trebonius, C., Caesar's lieutenant, iv. 389  
 Tremellius, L. [quaestor, 612], iii. 43  
*Tres viri epulones*, ii. 399; iii. 370  
 — *mensarii*, ii. 173  
 — *nocturni* or *capitales*, i. 449  
 Treveri, iv. 233, 237, 264  
 Triballi, iii. 175  
 Tribes of the clans (*Ramnes*, *Titienses*, *Luceres*), i. 44–46. Formerly communities, i. 72. Of little practical significance, i. 75  
 — Servian, levy districts, i. 98. Three of the Palatine, one (*collina*) of the Quirinal city, i. 52, 56, 87. Their order of precedence, i. 89. Number increased to twenty-one: their voting, i. 288. These new districts (*tribus rusticae*) arise out of the clan-villages, i. 38. Four new ones added in the year 367, i. 344. Two others in the year 422, i. 368, 369. Two more in the year 436, i. 369. Two more in the year 455, i. 386. Increased to thirty-five: the four urban ranking last, i. 315, 316. Intimate union of the respective rural tribes, i. 318  
*Tribunal*, i. 117, 157  
*Tribuni celerum*, i. 68, 78, 256 *n.*  
 — *militum*, i. 68, 78, 350, 351 *n.* Why

## TRI

- six in number, i. 88. Part chosen by the community, i. 317. Twenty-four nominated by the comitia, ii. 323. Qualification for the office depends on length of service, ii. 323, 324  
 — *militum consulari potestate* appointed, eligible from both orders, i. 298, 300. Their authority equal, whether patrician or plebeian, i. 297 *n.* Honour of a triumph and *Jus imaginum* refused to them, i. 299. Abolished, i. 304  
 — *plebis*, their institution, i. 280, 281. Arise out of the military tribunes, and named after them, i. 284. Comparison between consular and tribunician power, i. 284, 285. Not magistrates, and without a seat in the senate, i. 285. Political value of the office, i. 285, 286. At first two, i. 280. Then five, i. 288. Then ten, i. 289. Their right of intercession, i. 281, 282. Criminal jurisdiction, i. 281, 283. Acquire the right of consulting the people and taking their 'resolves,' i. 283. Inviolable, i. 283. Suspension of the office during the decemvirate, and its abolition aimed at, i. 290. Restored, i. 294. Share in the discussions of the senate: seated on a bench near the door, i. 294. Obtain, after equalization of the orders, the distinctive prerogative of supreme magistracy: the right of convoking the senate and transacting business with it, and become the usual organ of the senate, i. 323, 324. Political value of this measure, i. 324. Their re-election permitted by C. Gracchus, iii. 109. Their initiative in legislation restricted by Sulla, iii. 267, 363; iv. 4. Restoration of the tribunician power, iv. 89, 95  
 — At Venusia, i. 432  
*Tributum*, i. 79, 302. Laid upon the freeholders, i. 95. Ceases to be levied in Italy, iii. 76  
 Trifanum, battle of, i. 367  
 Triphylia, ii. 215  
 Triumph, meaning of, i. 29, 238. Refused by senate, granted by burgesses,

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

679

## TRO

- i. 317. Becomes common, ii. 347.  
On the Alban Mount, ii. 347
- Troemi, ii. 219
- Troia, game of, i. 237 *n.*
- Triumvirate, first, of Pompeius, Crassus, and Caesar, iv. 95. Second, iv. 197
- Tryphon, king of Syria, iii. 61, 66; iv. 42  
— leader in the Sicilian slave-rising, iii. 141
- Tullianum*, i. 115, 243, 490; iii. 161
- Tullius Cicero, M., his character, iv. 169, 207, 208, 313, 314, 608. His birthplace, iv. 6. Opposes Sulla, iv. 6. Impeaches Verres, iv. 90. Defends the Manilian law, iv. 110. Consul, iv. 169. Opposes the Servilian agrarian law, iv. 171. Conduct during Catiline's conspiracy, iv. 172, 175, 176, 177, 188. Banished for his conduct therein, iv. 208. Recalled, iv. 297, 302. Supports the corn-distribution of Pompeius, iv. 304. Opposes Caesar's agrarian law, iv. 306. Goes to the camp of Pompeius, iv. 397. After the battle of Pharsalus, iv. 418, 436. Submits to Caesar, iv. 311, 313, 314. Creator of classical Latin, iv. 574, 575, 610, 611. As a forensic orator, iv. 610, 611. Writes dialogues, iv. 611, 612, 613. Literary opposition to, iv. 610  
— *Q.*, iv. 263
- Tunes, battle of, ii. 45, 46, 60
- Turdetani, ii. 207
- Turpilius Silanus, T., commands the garrison of Vaga, iii. 156. Executed by court martial, iii. 156
- Tuscan Sea, i. 150
- Tusculum, i. 40, 48, 484. In the Aricine league, i. 359. Helps the Roman government amidst internal troubles, i. 287. Revolts, i. 356, 367. About 370, a member of Latin league, i. 357 *n.* Forced to enter the Roman burgess-union, i. 356
- Tutela*, i. 64
- Twelve tables, laws of the: their origin, i. 290. Essentially a written embodiment of the existing public and private law, i. 291, 292. Restrict

## VAL

- luxury, i. 460, 461. Literary significance, i. 485, 488
- Tyndaris, ii. 48  
— Promontory of, battle off the, ii. 40
- Tyre, ii. 12
- Tyrrheno-Pelasgians, their connection with the Etruscans, i. 129, 130
- U**BIL, iv. 232, 256  
Ulixes, whence derived, i. 209
- Umbrians, ii. 79; iii. 247, 235, 245. A branch of the Italians, i. 12. Language of, i. 13, 14. Migrations, i. 33. Their original district, i. 12<sup>n</sup>, 121, 122, 130, 346. Share in the Samnite war, i. 383. Their conduct in the second Punic war, ii. 177. Their agriculture, ii. 391. In Social war, iii. 224, 235, 250
- Urbanitas*, iv. 566
- Urbs*, i. 39
- Usipetes, iv. 231, 236, 255
- Usury, i. 291, 311
- Usus* in marriage, i. 93 *n.*
- Utica, its relations with Carthage, ii. 7, 11, 23. Offers itself to Rome, ii. 65. Scipio's conflicts at, ii. 183. Holds firm to Rome, iii. 26, 28, 40; iv. 435. Curio's victory at, iv. 392
- Uxama, iv. 35
- Uxentum, ii. 134

## VACCAEI, iii. 8, 15, 19

- Vadimonian Lake, battle at the, i. 382
- Vaga, ii. 205
- Valentia, iii. 18. *See* Vibo
- Valerius Antias, historian, iv. 602  
— Cato, teacher of Latin literature, iv. 588  
— Catullus, *Q.*, iv. 319, 320, 560, 561, 589  
— Corvus, M. [consul, 406, 408, 411, 419, 454, 455], i. 322, 366 *n.*; ii. 327. Not called Calenus, ii. 348 *n.*  
— Falto, P. [praetor, 513], ii. 55  
— Flaccus, C., Sullan governor in Spain, iii. 343; iv. 213  
— *L.* [consul, 559; censor, 570], ii. 263, 349, 351  
— — — [consul, 654], iii. 208

Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## 680

## INDEX.

## VAL

- Valerius Flaccus** [consul, 668], iii. 301, 302, 303, 325, 348  
 — — — lieutenant of Pompeius in Asia, iv. 124  
 — **Laevinus, M.** [consul, 544], ii. 143, 151, 152, 230  
   — **P.** [consul, 474], i. 408, 411  
 — **Maximus, M.** [dictator, 260], i. 280  
 — — **Messalla, M.** [consul, 491; censor, 502], ii. 36, 348 *n.* Orders the first frescoes to be painted in Rome, ii. 478  
 — **Poplicola, L.** [consul, 305], i. 318  
 — — **P.**, i. 479  
 — **Triarius, C., Lucullus'** lieutenant, iv. 56, 60, 71  
**Vardaeans.** *See* Ardyseans  
**Varius, Q.** [pleb. tribune, 663?], iii. 236, 247, 323  
**Varro.** *See* Terentius  
**Vates, i.** 230, 240 *n.*  
**Vatinius, P.** [pleb. tribune, 696], iv. 203, 318, 434  
**Vertigaria, i.** 80  
**Vediovis, i.** 115, 172  
**Veii, i.** 130. Rome's nearest neighbour and chief opponent in Etruria, i. 131. Contest with Rome, i. 113. Taken by Rome, i. 339. Assignment of territory, i. 302. Art at, i. 496  
**Velia, i.** 52, 138  
**Velino, the, widened, i.** 464  
**Velites, i.** 78 *n.*, 98  
**Velitrae, a Latin colony, i.** 355. Opposition to Rome, i. 356. About 370, a member of the Latin league, i. 357 *n.*, 358. Revolts, i. 367. Severe punishment, i. 368. Terracottas, i. 494. Volscian language at, i. 494  
**Veneti, i.** 130, 346; ii. 76, 78, 79, 82, 195; iii. 174. Gallic, iv. 220, 251, 252, 253, 254  
**Venus, i.** 452  
**Venusia, a Latin colony, i.** 392. Reinforced, ii. 191. Popular tribunes at, i. 432. Attitude of, in Pyrrhic war, i. 408. In second Punic war, ii. 122, 135, 173. In Social war, iii. 251, 254  
**Vercellae, near the scene of the battle of the Raudine Plain, iii.** 193 *n.*

## VIN

- Vercingetorix, iv.** 267–279  
**Vermina, son of Syphax, ii.** 204  
**Verres, C., iv.** 90, 531  
**Verona, i.** 337  
**Veru, i.** 456 *n.*  
**Verulae, i.** 386  
**Vesta, i.** 21, 67, 173, 176. Temple of, Servian, i. 117. After Greek model, i. 119  
**Vestalia, i.** 170  
**Vestals, i.** 87, 159, 176, 177; iii. 436  
**Vestibulum, i.** 243  
**Vestini, i.** 123; iii. 235  
**Veterans of Marius, allotments of land to, iii.** 209. Of Sulla, iii. 332  
**Vetulonium, one of the twelve Etruscan towns, i.** 134  
**Veturii, clan-village, i.** 38  
**Vetilius, C., against Viriathus, iii.** 9  
**Vettius, T., at the head of a slave-revolt, iii.** 139  
**Via Aemilia, from Ariminum to Placentia, ii.** 198; iii. 403  
 — **Appia, i.** 376. Continued to Capua, i. 380. To Venusia, i. 392. To the Ionian Sea, i. 424; iii. 403  
 — **Aurelia, ii.** 199; iii. 403  
 — **Cassia, i.** 387 *n.*; ii. 118, 198; iii. 403  
 — **Domitia, iii.** 170, 404  
 — **Egnatia, iii.** 43, 404  
 — **Flaminia, i.** 387; ii. 118, 198; iii. 403  
 — **Gabinia, iii.** 404  
 — **Postumia, iii.** 403  
 — **sacra, i.** 115 *n.*  
 — **Valeria, i.** 387  
**Viae vicinales, iii.** 404. *Compare* Roads  
**Vibius Pansa, C. [pleb. tribune, 703], iv.** 351  
**Vibo (Valentia), a Latin colony, i.** 433 *n.*; ii. 191, 392  
**Victor, emendation of, iii.** 178  
**Victoriatum, ii.** 381  
**Vicus, i.** 38. Tuscan, i. 132  
**Villius, P. [consul, 555], ii.** 240, 243, 260  
**Vindalium, battle of, iii.** 170  
**Vindex, i.** 163  
**Vindiciae, i.** 163  
**Vindicius, i.** 479  
**Vine, culture of the: its original home,**



Cambridge University Press

978-1-108-00977-5 - The History of Rome, Volume 4

Theodor Mommsen

Index

[More information](#)

## INDEX.

681

## VIR

- i. 32. Very ancient in Italy, i. 19, 21, 131, 142. Before the Greek immigration, i. 195. Priestly supervision, i. 184, 196. Increase of, ii. 375; iii. 407, 408. Management, ii. 364 and *n.* Outlay and returns, ii. 375 *n.* In Gaul, iii. 166
- Virdumarus, ii. 82
- Viriathus, iii. 9–13
- Vitruvius Vaccus, i. 369
- Vivenna, Caelius, i. 132
- Volaterrae, *jus* of Ariminum given to it by Sulla, i. 433 *n.* Siege of, iii. 342; iv. 4
- Volcae-Arecomici, iv. 27
- Volcanalia*, iii. 6
- Volcanus, i. 202
- Volsi, one of the twelve Etruscan towns, i. 134. Art at, i. 495
- Volsci, their wars with Rome, i. 104. Clients of the Etruscans, i. 150. Subdued by Rome, i. 354, 355. Revolt against Rome, i. 367. Their land colonized by Rome, i. 368. Incorporated in Roman burgess-union, i. 431
- Volsinii, chief town of Etruria, i. 134, 203, 492. War with Rome, i. 340, 390. Roman intervention in favour of the civic aristocracy, i. 347, 438
- Voltumna, Temple of, in Etruria, assembly and fair at, i. 203
- Vote by ballot, iii. 73. Controlled by Marius, iii. 198
- Vow, i. 182
- Vulturum, ii. 168

**W**ALLS, so-called Cyclopean, arose under Greek influence in Italy, i. 27, 244

War, declaration of, Roman, i. 72. Required, in the case of aggressive wars, the consent of the burgesses, i. 82. Formula of, i. 166. Commencement of, signified by singed bloody staff, i. 167

War-chariots, i. 236, 238. Celtic, i. 336. Employed against Pyrrhus' elephants, i. 413

Waxen masks, ii. 395

Week, Roman, i. 217

Weights, starting-point, i. 213. Duo-decimal system, i. 214. Afterwards

VOL. IV.

## ZIE

- modelled on the Attico-Sicilian, i. 215, 216
- Wheat, first introduced into Italy, i. 457
- Wild animals, fights of, ii. 412; iii. 416
- Wills, foreign to the primitive law, and requiring sanction by decree of the people, i. 82, 161. Private, arise from the transfer of all property to a friend during the owner's lifetime, i. 164, 448
- Winds, names of the, how far borrowed, i. 206 *n.*
- Wine, Greek, imported to Rome, ii. 409. When drunk unmixed, ii. 409 — presented to the governor, ii. 338
- Witness, false, i. 159
- Wolf, She- of the Capitol, i. 469, 480, 494, 497
- Woman, position of, in the Roman family, i. 60, 62, 64. Her emancipation, ii. 408, 409
- Women, in Caesar's time, iv. 518, 573. Act in the mimes, iv. 579, 580, 619
- Wonders and prodigies, when recorded in the Annals, i. 477, 478
- Wool-spinning by women, i. 60
- Words borrowed from Greek in Latin, i. 196 *n.*, 215, 216. Bear throughout Doric forms, i. 210 — from Latin in Sicilian Greek, i. 206 — from Oriental languages reach the Latin only through the medium of the Greeks, i. 211 *n.*
- Writing materials, oldest, i. 225, 226

**X**ANTHIPPIUS of Sparta, ii. 44, 45

**Y**EAR, oldest Roman, i. 217. Beginning of, fixed at January 1, iii. 5

**Z**ACYNTHUS, ii. 277, 279

Zama regia, battle of, ii. 186 and *n.*

Zamolxis, iv. 291

Zancle. See Messina

Zariadris, ii. 274

Zeno, the Stoic, iii. 427

Zeuxis of Lydia, ii. 228

Ziela, battle of, iv. 432

2 r