

#### CAMBRIDGE LIBRARY COLLECTION

Books of enduring scholarly value

#### Cambridge

The city of Cambridge received its royal charter in 1201, having already been home to Britons, Romans and Anglo-Saxons for many centuries. Cambridge University was founded soon afterwards and celebrates its octocentenary in 2009. This series explores the history and influence of Cambridge as a centre of science, learning, and discovery, its contributions to national and global politics and culture, and its inevitable controversies and scandals.

#### **Unreformed Cambridge**

This vintage book by the distinguished historian D.A. Winstanley describes Cambridge University in the eighteenth century, a period supposedly characterised by lazy, drunken students, academics preoccupied with their own advancement, and institutionalised resistance to reform. Winstanley's objective was to discover how such a state of affairs came about, and was able to continue for so long. His book is a gold-mine of facts, anecdotes and contemporary descriptions of life at Cambridge. The author explains how Fellows and Professors were elected, how students chose their colleges, and how teaching was organised. Fellows were not permitted to marry, and graduation involved assenting to Anglicanism. There are accounts of bribery, blackmail and brawls. However, amid the morass of 'torpidity', energetic and right-thinking individuals emerged to challenge the status quo and promote educational and institutional reforms.



Cambridge University Press has long been a pioneer in the reissuing of out-of-print titles from its own backlist, producing digital reprints of books that are still sought after by scholars and students but could not be reprinted economically using traditional technology. The Cambridge Library Collection extends this activity to a wider range of books which are still of importance to researchers and professionals, either for the source material they contain, or as landmarks in the history of their academic discipline.

Drawing from the world-renowned collections in the Cambridge University Library, and guided by the advice of experts in each subject area, Cambridge University Press is using state-of-the-art scanning machines in its own Printing House to capture the content of each book selected for inclusion. The files are processed to give a consistently clear, crisp image, and the books finished to the high quality standard for which the Press is recognised around the world. The latest print-on-demand technology ensures that the books will remain available indefinitely, and that orders for single or multiple copies can quickly be supplied.

The Cambridge Library Collection will bring back to life books of enduring scholarly value across a wide range of disciplines in the humanities and social sciences and in science and technology.



# Unreformed Cambridge

A Study of Certain Aspects of the University in the Eighteenth Century

DENYS ARTHUR WINSTANLEY





#### CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

Cambridge New York Melbourne Madrid Cape Town Singapore São Paolo Delhi

Published in the United States of America by Cambridge University Press, New York

www.cambridge.org
Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9781108002295

© in this compilation Cambridge University Press 2009

This edition first published 1935 This digitally printed version 2009

ISBN 978-1-108-00229-5

This book reproduces the text of the original edition. The content and language reflect the beliefs, practices and terminology of their time, and have not been updated.



#### UNREFORMED CAMBRIDGE



LONDON
Cambridge University Press
FETTER LANE

NEW YORK · TORONTO
BOMBAY · CALCUTTA · MADRAS
Macmillan

TOKYO Maruzen Company Ltd

All rights reserved

### UNREFORMED CAMBRIDGE

A STUDY OF
CERTAIN ASPECTS OF THE UNIVERSITY
IN THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY

BY

#### D. A. WINSTANLEY

VICE-MASTER OF TRINITY COLLEGE CAMBRIDGE



CAMBRIDGE
AT THE UNIVERSITY PRESS
1935

#### **C**AMBRIDGE

Cambridge University Press 978-1-108-00229-5 - Unreformed Cambridge: A Study of Certain Aspects of the University in the Eighteenth Century Denys Arthur Winstanley Frontmatter More information

PRINTED IN GREAT BRITAIN



#### Preface

s this book does not in any way claim to be a history of the University in the eighteenth cen-L tury, no apology is, perhaps, required for the omission or cursory treatment of several important events in the academic life of that age. Nothing more has been attempted than to survey certain activities and inactivities, mainly educational, of the University at that time, and to explain how it came about that the inactivities loom so large in the story. But, unfortunately, it has been found impossible to perform this task, even inadequately, without entering into a good deal of rather wearisome detail; and it can only be hoped that such minutiae as the requirements of long-forgotten statutes will be recognised as a regrettable necessity and not censured as a wilful indulgence. For if we are to measure the extent to which our predecessors in the University fell short of their calling, we must at least know to what they were called.

Use has been made of the Cole, Newcastle and Hardwicke manuscripts in the British Museum, and it may be worth while to mention that the letters of Dr Plumptre, President of Queens', which are among the Hardwicke manuscripts, have been found extremely valuable. Dr Plumptre played a very active part in academic life, and as he was Rector of Wimpole, it naturally fell to him to keep Lord Hardwicke, the High Steward, informed about University affairs. He performed this duty very thoroughly and competently, and, as his letters have been preserved, Lord Hardwicke is not his only beneficiary. The collections of documents at the Registry of the University and at Trinity College have also been consulted, and both these collections have well repaid study. But I have pleasure in confessing that I should have been



vi PREFACE

unable to grasp the significance of much of what is contained in these various manuscripts without the assistance of George Peacock's Observations on the Statutes of the University of Cambridge. Peacock's book, which was published in 1841, was designed to call attention to the crying need of university reform, but it has much more than this merely ephemeral interest. It is a most learned and scholarly work, and moreover, has the merit of having been written by one who had lived and worked in unreformed Cambridge, and therefore had not only

a book knowledge of its constitution.

But my debt is not only to a distant past. The late Mr Aubrey Attwater, Fellow of Pembroke, most kindly read my book in manuscript, and generously gave me the benefit of his great knowledge of the archives of his college. I am very grateful for his assistance and most deeply regret that death has deprived us of such a charming and erudite companion. But I am under a great obligation to the living as well as to the dead, and particularly to my two friends, Mr Leonard Whibley and Mr S. C. Roberts. Hearing of the venture upon which I had embarked, Mr Whibley with great generosity and kindness gave me the benefit of his researches into the history of the Regius Professorship of Modern History, which were certainly far more exhaustive than my own; and Mr Roberts most kindly read my manuscript and assisted me with his criticism. Nor is Dr Plumptre the only President of Queens' who has helped me, for the present holder of that office allowed me to consult college records in his possession, and thereby enabled me to supply certain deficiencies in my knowledge of the struggle between. Charles Crawford and Queens'. I am exceedingly grateful for all this assistance and regret that I have not produced something more worthy of it.

D. A. W.

August 1935



#### Contents

PREFACE

page v

# CHAPTER I THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNIVERSITY

Characteristics of the Constitution. Changes introduced by Interpretation. The Chancellor. Eighteenth-century Chancellors and University affairs. Their duties as patrons. The Vice-Chancellor. Mode of appointment. Exemptions from obligation to accept office. Contested elections. The continuance of a Vice-Chancellor for a second year in office. The duties of a Vice-Chancellor. Proposals to diminish them. The Heads of Houses as advisers to the Vice-Chancellor. Incompetence of Barton Wallop, Master of Magdalene, as Vice-Chancellor. Absentee Vice-Chancellors. Proctors, Taxors, and other officers. The Caput. Use of its veto. The houses of regents and non-regents. Mode of passing graces. Protection of minorities. The Chancellor's Court. The Court of Pelegates. Decline of the Chancellor's Court. The Commissary's Court. The Courts of the High Steward. The deputy High Steward

## CHAPTER II DEGREE COURSES

The degree of bachelor of arts. Acts and opponencies. The Senate House Examination. Standard of its requirements. Degree of bachelor of civil law. Degree of bachelor of medicine. The degree of master of arts. Creation of masters of arts. The degree of bachelor of divinity. Masters of arts and the divinity exercises. Ten-year men. The degree of doctor of divinity. Mode of taking it per saltum. Doctors' degrees in law and medicine. Degrees in music. Creation of doctors. Honorary degrees. Mandate degrees



viii

#### CONTENTS

# CHAPTER III THE PROFESSORS

The Lady Margaret Professorship of Divinity. The five Regius Professorships. The Lucasian Professorship of Mathematics. The Adams and Lord Almoner's Professorships of Arabic. The Knightbridge Professorship of Moral Theology. The Professorship of Music. The Professorship of Chemistry. The Plumian Professorship of Astronomy. The Professorship of Anatomy. The Regius Professorship of Modern History. The Professorship of Botany. The Woodwardian Professorship of Geology. The Lowndean Professorship of Astronomy and Geometry. The Norrisian Professorship of Revealed Religion. The Jacksonian Professorship of Natural Experimental Philosophy. Difficulties encountered by the Professors

#### CHAPTER IV

#### THE COLLEGES

Admissions. Rivalry between Trinity and St John's. The smaller colleges. King's college. Reasons for the choice of a college. Restrictions upon the award of scholarships and fellowships. The undergraduate world. Noblemen, fellow-commoners, pensioners and sizars. Hall dinner. Coffee houses. The recreations and dissipations of undergraduates. Their idleness, extravagance and unruliness. Charles Crawford, the turbulent fellow-commoner. Virtuous fellow-commoners. The conditions of the award and tenure of fellowships. Fellowship elections. The protest of the Fellows of Trinity, 1786. The morals and manners of eighteenth-century Fellows. Their enforced idleness. Eccentric characters among them. The Tutorship. Tutors of the period. Tutorial correspondence of Stephen Whisson. Defectsof tutorial system. Heads of Houses. Their powers and emoluments. Mode of appointment. The appointment of Francis Barnes to Mastership of Peterhouse in 1788 pages 183-295



#### CONTENTS

ix

#### CHAPTER V

#### ATTEMPTS AT REFORM

Proposals to abolish compulsory celibacy of Fellows. Religious tests at the University. Agitation against them in eighteenth century. The publication of *The Confessional*. The meeting at the Feathers Tavern, 1771. The agitation at Cambridge. Prominent part played by Jebb. Intervention of Charles Crawford. The debate upon the Petition in House of Commons, February 1772. Consequences at Cambridge. Opinion of counsel taken. Bachelors of arts only required to subscribe to membership of Church of England (1772). Similar concession to recipients of certain other degrees (1779). Introduction of annual examinations at St John's. Jebb urges the adoption of the reform by the University. Rejection of his various schemes. Why they were opposed. Attempts to restrict private tuition. College hostility to reform

NOTES. Cha	apter 1	page 337
	II	348
	III	358
	IV	372
	v	386
INDEX		391