INDEX

Aluminium, 2, 8
Amazon valley, rubber production, 24
Argentina, wheat exports, pre-war, 52, post-war, 59–59; and the International Wheat Agreement, 62–63
Artificial control schemes, general position, before 1929, 7, in immediate post-war years, 12–15, from 1926–29, 16, since 1930, 18–19; see also under Restriction schemes and Valoration schemes
Australia, sugar tariff, 87; tin industry, 155, 158; see also under Tin; wheat acreage and exports, 53, 59; and the International Wheat Agreement, 63; see also under Wheat
Bandoeng Pool, 13–14, 158–159
Banka, 155
Billiton, 155
Bolivia, tin industry, see under Tin
Brazil, general description of area, climatic regions, physical features of coffee states, population, etc., 24–27; importance of coffee industry to, 32; see also under Coffee, Brazilian
British Australian Wool Realisation Association, 11, 13
Canada, wheat exports, pre-war, 52, post-war, 53; Wheat Board, 64; Wheat Pools, 63–71; government’s wheat policy, 70–73; see also under Wheat
Central Africa, copper production, see under Katanga and Rhodesia; coffee production, 23; rubber production, 132; tin industry (Belgian Congo), 163
Central America, coffee-producing countries, 23
Ceylon, rubber industry, see under Rubber
Chile, 188, 190, see also under Copper
China, cotton production, 83; tin industry, 155, 158; see also under Tin
Coffee, labourers, number of, 22; trees, number in Brazil, 22; Brazilian, production, proportion of world, 23; characteristics and yield of trees, 28, 30; methods of cultivation and picking, 29; preparation of berries and beans, 29; estates, size of, 29; marketing, 30; crop cycle, nature and effects, 30–32; valuation scheme of 1907, 2, 33, of 1917, 13, 33, of 1923, 16, 83–50; economics of valuation schemes, 231–252; see also under Valoration schemes
Coffee-producing countries of world, 23
Combination in manufacturing industries, 8
Copper, control scheme of 1921, 7, 12, 13–14, of 1926, 16, 187–193; organisation of United States industry, 8, 188–189
Copper Exporters Inc., 187–193
INDEX

256

Cornwall, tin industry, 155, 163; see also under Tin

Cotton, world's chief producers, 93

Cotton, American, nature, cultivation and picking of plants, 94; ginning, 95; lint and linters, definitions and uses of, 95; size of cotton farms, 95; financing of growers, 96–97; marketing, 97–99; price, acreage, weather and crop variations, 100; boll-weevil, 100, 103; demand, factors determining, 101–102; substitution of other cottons for American by manufacturers, 102, 120; prices, course of, 1919–29, 102–103; co-operative societies, 104–110, 229, 230; McNary-Haugen Bill, 106; Agricultural Marketing Act, 107; Federal Farm Relief Board, 107–114; control by United States Government, 107–121; Cotton Stabilisation Corporation, 110–114; ploughing-in contracts of 1933, 113–114; Agricultural Adjustment Act, 113–119; process tax, 114, 119; Bankhead Act, 116–119

Cotton, Brazilian, 47, 49, 120

Cotton Control Board, 11

Cuba, see under Sugar

Dairy products, 7, 19, 205

Danubian countries, wheat exports, 9, 53; see also under Wheat

Dutch East Indies, coffee production, 23; rubber industry, see under Rubber; tin industry, see under Tin

Economic nationalism, 10, 176–177; in sugar, 80–81, 184; in wheat, 58

Egypt, cotton production, 93

Europe, sugar industry, see under Sugar

Federal Farm Relief Board, 60–61, 107–114; see also under Cotton, American and Wheat

Federated Malay States, rubber industry, see under Rubber; tin industry, see under Tin

Flax, 7, 19, 203

Foodstuffs, world consumption of 1926–29, 16, 171–172

French Indo-China, tin industry, 155, 163; see also under Tin

Germany as a coffee market, 9

Governments, attitude of towards early control schemes, 14–15; see also under Restriction schemes and Valorisation schemes

Grain Stabilisation Corporation, 60–61; see also under Wheat

Greek currants, 2

Haiti, coffee production, 23

Hawaii, sugar industry, 74, 77, 78; see also under Sugar

Hides, 7

India, cotton production, 93

Java, sugar industry, see under Sugar

Jute, 7, 19, 203

Katanga, 100, 191; see also under Copper

Kenya, coffee production, 23

Kuala Lumpur, 122
## INDEX

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lead, 7, 16, 204</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Malaya, rubber industry, see under Rubber; tin industry, see under Tin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McFarland, Mr, 70–72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meat, 7, 19, 203, 205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mild coffee crops, characteristics of, 23–24; see also under Coffee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mysore, coffee production, 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nigeria, tin industry, see under Tin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obsolescence, see under Productive technique</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peru, 188, 190; see also under Copper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum, control, 7, 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines, sugar industry, 75; see also under Sugar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portugal, tin industry, 155, 163; see also under Tin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Productive technique, progress of, in primary industries, 17, 173–174, 184–185, 188, 193, 196; effects on primary industries, 174–175; importance of, in control schemes, 196, 200–202; see also under relevant commodity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw materials, world consumption of, 1926–29, 16, 171–172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Cross Society, and cotton, 112; and wheat, 61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restriction schemes in world prosperity, as a remedy for temporary fall in demand, 181–183, for permanent fall in demand, 183–187, for excess capacity, 187–194; general conclusions, 195–196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restriction schemes in world depression, as a remedy for temporary fall in demand, 189–200, for excess capacity, 200–202, 210–211; nature of schemes established since 1929, 202–205; drawbacks of, 203–205; attitude of high-cost and low-cost producers towards, 205–208, 211–212; attitude of governments towards, 208–209, 212–213; general conclusions, 213–214; price policies and the consumer, 214–215; government participation in, 215–216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restriction schemes, economics of, general summary, 216–218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhodesia, 191; see also under Copper</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INDEX

Rubber—continued
Dutch Government, attitude towards restriction, 143–
144; International Regulation Agreement, 144–148; restric-
tion, the cases for and against, 148–151
Russia, cotton production, 93; wheat exports, 9, 52; see also
under Wheat

St Paul city, 27–29
Siam, tin industry, 155; see also
under Tin
Silk, 7, 205
Singkep, 155
South Africa, sugar tariff, 87
Spain, tin industry, 155; see also
under Tin
Steel rails, international agreement, 2
Sugar, chief importing and ex-
porting countries, 1925, 74–75
and map, 88–89; proportion of
beet and cane, 75; cultivation
and harvesting of cane, 76;
rationing, 76; comparison of
sugars of Cuba, Java and
Hawaii, 77; manufacture of
raw sugar, 77–78; refining, 78;
effect of Great War on Euro-
pean and Cuban production,
78–79; “dance of the millions”,
79; costs of Cuban mills, 1921–
25, 79, 80, 87; post-war boom
and slump, 79; expansion
of production, 1923–25, 80;
Cuban restriction schemes, 16,
80–81, 183–187; Java, attitude
towards restriction, 81; Eu-
rope, attitude towards restric-
tion, 82; Chadbourne Scheme,
82–92; economic nationalism,
causes and effects, 85–88;
Cuba and Java as potential
producers, 80–89; British Em-
pire production, 74, 84, 86;
United States sugar industry,
75, 84, 85; United States sugar
tariff, 74–75, 80, 85, 87;
United Kingdom sugar tariff,
86

Tea, 7, 19, 208, 205
Technique of production, see
Productive technique

Tin, nature of demand, 152–154;
stock-holding, effect of on
prices, 154; consumption in
Europe and U.S.A., 154–155;
chief producing countries in
1929, 155; methods of mining,
156–157; smelting, 157–158;
effects of war, 158; British-
Dutch pool, 1920, 158–159;
production, consumption and
prices, 1920–29, 158–159; Tin
Producers’ Association, 159–
160; voluntary restriction
schemes, 1930, 160; inter-
national restriction scheme,
161–163; restriction, the cases
for and against, 163–168;
economies of restriction in,
193–194

Trade depression, 1920, general
effects on primary industries,
169–170, 198; see also under
relevant commodity

United States, see under relevant
commodity

Valorisation schemes, definitions,
219–221; for single crops, 221–
231; for crop cycles, 251–252
INDEX

Wall Street crash, general effects of, 18, 20; see also under relevant commodity

War (Great War), effects of on artificial control, 9–12, 15; as a cause of excess capacity, 172–173; see also under relevant commodity

West Indian Islands, coffee production, 23; sugar industry, 76; see also under Sugar


Wool, 7, 203, 204

Zinc, 2, 7, 8, 16, 205