

## CONTENTS.

MEMOIR AND EDITORIAL NOTE . . . . . xi

### CHAPTER I.

#### INTRODUCTORY.

Decay of the Cortes, 3; Royal autocracy, 5; The Spanish colonies, 7; Economical conditions, 9; Godoy and Napoleon, 11; The Spanish rising, 13; The Revolutionary Government, 15; The Peninsular War, 17; The Cortes of 1810, 19; "Liberals" and "Serviles," 21; The Constitution of 1812, 23; The Conservative reaction, 25; Expulsion of the French, 27.

### CHAPTER II.

#### THE RESTORATION (1814—1820).

Fall of Liberalism, 31; The Declaration of Valencia, 33; The Tyranny, 35; Wretched condition of Spain, 37; Revolts and punishments, 39; Revenue and expenditure, 41.

### CHAPTER III.

#### THE CONSTITUTIONAL PERIOD (1820—1823).

The revolt of Cadiz, 45; The King's surrender, 47; The Provisional Junta, 49; The Cortes of 1820, 51; Riego's revolt, 53; The King and the reaction, 55; The Congress of Verona, 57; Vacillation of the Cortes, 59; The second Cortes, 61; Mutiny and change of Ministry, 63; Intervention of the Powers, 65; The French invasion, 67; The King carried off to Cadiz, 69; The King restored to power, 71.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-63006-2 - Modern Spain 1815–1898

H. Butler Clarke

Table of Contents

[More information](#)

vi

*Contents*

## CHAPTER IV.

## THE DAYS OF CALOMARDE (1823—1833).

Persecution of the Liberals, 73; Royalist dissatisfaction, 75; Suppression of the Apostolic Party, 77; Financial position, 79; Prospect of an heir, 81; The Pragmatic Sanction, 83; First Regency of Queen Cristina, 85; The Oath of Allegiance, 87; Don Miguel and Don Carlos, 89.

## CHAPTER V.

## QUEEN CRISTINA AND THE ROYAL STATUTE.

## THE CARLIST WAR (1833—1836).

Policy of the Regency, 93; The Royal Statute, 95; Debates in Parliament, 97; Military rivalry and disorder, 99; Tomás Zumalacárregui, 101; Carlist successes, 103; Foreign intervention, 105; Rodil and Espoz y Mina, 107; Valdés and Espartero defeated, 109; Death of Zumalacárregui, 111; Ministry of Toreno, 113; Mendizabal Prime Minister, 115; Policy of Mendizabal, 117; Mendizabal and the Regent, 119; Ministry of Isturiz. A dissolution, 121; Ferocity of the fighting, 123; Murders on both sides, 125; Change in Carlist tactics, 127.

## CHAPTER VI.

## THE RISE OF ESPARTERO. THE FIRST

## PRONUNCIAMIENTOS. END OF THE

## CARLIST WAR (1836—1840).

The Mutiny of La Granja, 131; British and French influence, 133; The Constitution of 1837, 135; The siege of Bilbao, 137; Don Carlos marches south, 139; Retreat of Don Carlos, 141; Conservative reaction, 143; Espartero restores discipline, 145; Rivalry of Espartero and Narvaez, 147; Fall of Narvaez, 149; Divisions among the Carlists, 151; Don Carlos and Marotó, 153; The Convention of Vergara, 155; Retirement of Cabrera, 157; General election: Moderado majority, 159; Interview of Espartero and the Regent, 161; Espartero quarrels with the Regent, 163; Abdication of the Regent, 165.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-63006-2 - Modern Spain 1815–1898

H. Butler Clarke

Table of Contents

[More information](#)*Contents*

vii

## CHAPTER VII.

## ESPARTERO'S REGENCY (1840—1843).

The army: the Church, 169; Espartero made Regent, 171; Mistakes of the Regent, 173; A plot to seize the Queen, 175; Abolition of the Fueros, 177; Ministerial changes, 179; Catalonia and Barcelona, 181; Revolt in Barcelona suppressed, 183; Decay of Espartero's power, 185; Espartero withdraws from Madrid, 187; Espartero leaves Spain, 189.

## CHAPTER VIII.

## TEN YEARS OF CONSERVATIVE RULE (1843—1854).

Olózaga in power, 193; Olózaga quarrels with the Queen, 195; Gonzalez Bravo in power, 197; Narvaez in power. Fiscal reform, 199; The Constitution of 1845, 201; Narvaez retires. Isturiz in power, 203; Question of the Queen's marriage, 205; The French marriages, 207; The Queen and Serrano, 209; Narvaez again in power, 211; Success of Narvaez, 213; Carlist rising suppressed, 215; Spain and Italy. A palace plot, 217; Fall of Narvaez. Murillo in power, 219; The Concordat of 1851, 221; Attempt on the Queen's life, 223; Ministerial changes. Repressive measures, 225; Preparations for revolt, 227; Progress of the revolt, 229; Overthrow of the ministry, 231; Espartero dictator, 233.

## CHAPTER IX.

## THE BIENNIUM (1854—1856).

Division of the spoils, 237; Departure of Cristina. General election, 239; The Constitution of 1855, 241; Law for sale of Church lands, 243; The Queen accepts the Bill, 245; Decay of Espartero's influence, 247; Resignation of Espartero, 249; O'Donnell seizes power, 251.

## CHAPTER X.

## O'DONNELL AND NARVAEZ (1856—1858).

The question of Church lands, 253; The Queen's reactionary policy, 255; Character and policy of Narvaez, 257; Character of O'Donnell. Narvaez' ministry, 259; Resignation of Narvaez, 261.

## CHAPTER XI.

THE LIBERAL UNION. O'DONNELL'S FOREIGN  
POLICY (1858–1863).

O'Donnell in power. His methods, 265; Church lands, and Finance, 267; Foreign and Colonial policy, 269; Spain and Morocco, 271; Peace with Morocco, 273; Carlist attempt put down, 275; Santo Domingo and Mexico, 277; Decay of O'Donnell's power, 279.

## CHAPTER XII.

## THE LAST YEARS OF ISABEL'S REIGN (1863–1868).

Resignation of Miraflores, 283; Mon's ministry. Revolution in the air, 285; Narvaez in power. War with Peru and Chile, 287; Clerical influences at Court, 289; O'Donnell substituted for Narvaez, 291; Revolutionary attempts of Prim, 293; Narvaez substituted for O'Donnell, 295; New Cortes summoned, 297; Vain attempts at repression, 299; Deaths of O'Donnell and Narvaez, 301; The revolutionary manifesto, 303; Battle of Alcolea. Flight of the Queen, 305; The Revolution and its results, 307.

## CHAPTER XIII.

THE INTERREGNUM AND THE REIGN OF  
KING AMADEO (1868–1873).

The junta in Madrid, 309; Ministerial programme, 311; The Constituent Cortes, 313; Question of the monarchy, 315; Candidates for the throne, 317; Amadeo becomes King. Murder of Prim, 319; Conduct of the new King, 321; Opposition to the new régime, 323; The Carlist princes, 325; Don Carlos Maria and the Carlists, 327; Premature Carlist rising, 329; Serrano resigns. Zorrilla in power, 331; Liberal victory in the Cortes, 333; Abdication of Amadeo, 335.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-63006-2 - Modern Spain 1815–1898

H. Butler Clarke

Table of Contents

[More information](#)*Contents*

ix

## CHAPTER XIV.

## THE REPUBLIC AND THE RESTORATION (1873–1874).

Constituent Cortes. Republic voted, 339; Anarchy in the provinces, 341; Views and policy of Pi y Margall, 343; Order restored in the South, 345; Castelar as President, 347; Cartagena and the Carlists, 349; Renewal of the Carlist War, 351; Progress of the Carlists, 353; Difficulties of Castelar's government, 355; The Carlists lose their chance, 357; Castelar's gallant efforts, 359; Pavia's coup d'état, 361; Pavia retires. Attitude of Castelar, 363; The Coalition Government, 365; The siege of Bilbao, 367; Siege of Bilbao raised, 369; Serrano's Government failing, 371; Battle of Abárzuza, 373; Advance and retreat of the Carlists, 375; Sagasta's efforts. Siege of Irun, 377; Cánovas and the Alfonsists, 379; Serrano's policy. Alfonsist manifesto, 381; Martínez Campos proclaims Alfonso, 383; Sagasta holds firm, 385; Fall of the Republic, 387.

## CHAPTER XV.

## ALFONSO XII (1874–1885).

The Ministry of Regency, 391; Attitude of the Carlists, 393; Decay of the Carlist cause, 395; Policy of Cánovas, 397; Cuba and the United States, 399; End of the Carlist War, 401; Religious toleration, 403; Constitution of 1876. Fueros abolished, 405; Financial measures. Cuba pacified, 407; Parliamentary parties. Queen Isabel, 409; Alfonso's marriage. The Queen's death, 411; Ministry of Martínez Campos, 413; Cánovas again in power, 415; Cánovas and Cuba. The Opposition, 417; The Church. Economical evils, 419; Cánovas retires. Sagasta in power, 421; General discontent, 423; Change in Sagasta's policy, 425; Republican movements. France and Germany, 427; Cánovas again in power, 429; Agitation in Catalonia, 431; Difficulty with Germany, 433; Death and character of Alfonso, 435.

## CHAPTER XVI.

## THE REGENCY OF QUEEN CRISTINA (1885–1898).

General election. Sagasta in office, 437; Republican revolts suppressed, 439; Good government of the Queen, 441; Financial improvement. The army, 443; Spain and Morocco. Cánovas recalled, 445; Universal suffrage. Socialism, 447; Financial difficulties, 449; Sagasta takes office. Republican gains, 451; Morocco. Trade. Socialism repressed, 453; Cánovas again in power. Cuba, 455; Martínez Campos and Weyler in Cuba, 457; American protests. The Philippines, 459; Character and work of Cánovas, 461; Recall of Weyler. War imminent, 463; War with the United States, 465; Spanish defeats. Treaty of Peace, 467; Results of the war, 469.

BIBLIOGRAPHY . . . . .	471
INDEX . . . . .	483

## MAP.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL . . . . .	<i>At end</i>
------------------------------	---------------

Map is available in colour for download from  
[www.cambridge.org/9781107630062](http://www.cambridge.org/9781107630062)