

Luther, Conflict, and Christendom

Martin Luther – monk, priest, professor, or revolutionary – has been a controversial figure since the sixteenth century. Most studies of Luther stress his personality, his ideas, and his ambitions as a church reformer. In this book, Christopher Ocker brings a new perspective to bear upon Luther, arguing that the different ways people responded to him, for and against, mattered far more than who he may have been to himself. Providing an accessible, highly contextual, and non-partisan introduction, Ocker says that religious conflict itself served as the engine of religious change. He shows that the Luther affair had a complex political anatomy which extended far beyond the borders of Germany, making the debate an international one from the very start. This study links the Reformation to a vibrant pluralism within western religion and to the coexistence of religions and secularism in today's world. *Luther, Conflict, and Christendom* includes a detailed chronological chart.

Christopher Ocker is Professor of History at the San Francisco Theological Seminary and chair of the Department of Cultural and Historical Studies of Religions at the Graduate Theological Union at Berkeley. He is the author of *Biblical Poetics before Humanism and Reformation* (2002), *Church Robbers and Reformers in Germany* (2006), *Johannes Klenkok* (c. 1310–1374): A Friar's Life (1993), and many articles on religious conflict, biblical interpretation, theology, and religious politics in late medieval and early modern Europe. He is co-editor of *Politics and Reformations – Essays in Honor of Thomas A. Brady, Jr.* (2006), has been a managing editor of *The Journal of the Bible and Its Reception*, and is a member of the editorial board of *Studies in Medieval and Reformation Traditions*.





Luther, Conflict, and Christendom

Reformation Europe and Christianity in the West

CHRISTOPHER OCKER

The San Francisco Theological Seminary and the Graduate Theological Union, Berkeley





CAMBRIDGEUNIVERSITY PRESS

University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom
One Liberty Plaza, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10006, USA
477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia
314–321, 3rd Floor, Plot 3, Splendor Forum, Jasola District Centre,
New Delhi – 110025, India

79 Anson Road, #06-04/06, Singapore 079906

Cambridge University Press is part of the University of Cambridge.

It furthers the University's mission by disseminating knowledge in the pursuit of education, learning, and research at the highest international levels of excellence.

www.cambridge.org
Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9781107197688
DOI: 10.1017/9781108178624

© Christopher Ocker 2018

This publication is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements, no reproduction of any part may take place without the written permission of Cambridge University Press.

First published 2018

Printed in the United States of America by Sheridan Books, Inc.

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data
Names: Ocker, Christopher, author.

Title: Luther, conflict, and Christendom: Reformation Europe and Christianity in the West / Christopher Ocker.

Description: New York: Cambridge University Press, 2018. |
Includes bibliographical references.

Identifiers: LCCN 2018003787 | ISBN 9781107197688 (hardback)
Subjects: LCSH: Luther, Martin, 1483–1546.

Classification: LCC BR334.3.025 2018 | DDC 284.1092–dc23
LC record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2018003787

ISBN 978-1-107-19768-8 Hardback

Cambridge University Press has no responsibility for the persistence or accuracy of URLs for external or third-party internet websites referred to in this publication and does not guarantee that any content on such websites is, or will remain, accurate or appropriate.



לורדה, שוב



Errors in the finer structure, having attained appreciable size, tend to induce errors in the coarser structure.

Edward N. Lorenz, "Predictability; Does the Flap of a Butterfly's Wings in Brazil Set Off a Tornado in Texas" (29 December 1972)



Contents

List of Figures		page ix
Preface		xi
	Introduction	I
	A Question of Impact	3
	Sense and Ambiguity	9
	My Purpose	13
I	The Birth of an Unconcluded Controversy	15
	An Unlikely Story	15
	Birth of an Unconcluded Controversy	22
	A Bipolar Debate	35
	Inbetween	42
	Parameters of a Religious Conflict	50
2	Calming the Rebel Masses	52
	Cloister-Rage	52
	Rebels in Town and Country	59
	Disambiguation	72
	Luther and Urban Reform	83
3	The Political Anatomy of the Luther Affair	100
	A Priest Struggles for His Incomes	100
	"Political" Conversion	106
	An Imperial Fantasy	110
	An Actual Community	113
	Church as Society	117
	The Political Anatomy of the Luther Affair	124
	A Papal Dimension	125
	A Conciliar Dimension	146

vii



viii Contents

	An Imperial Dimension	151
	A Proprietary Dimension	166
4	Rebel Princes and Religious Wars	172
	Before the Smalkaldic War	176
	After the Smalkaldic War: Competition for Luther	185
	A Bi-Confessional Subsidiarity	197
	The End of Protestant Rebellion	206
	Beyond Germany	212
5	Discriminations	230
	A Confusion of Tongues	233
	The Spiritually Curious Abbot	246
	The Grand Turk	248
	Luther and the Latin Muslim	254
	Red Jews	260
	Muhammad over Jews	262
6	Three Orthodoxies	272
	Confessional Pluralism	273
	A Polemical Technology	281
	Beyond Confessionalization	292
7	Many Martins	300
	An "Incombustible Luther"	302
	Prophet and Hero	309
	An Omni-Protestant	3 I 2
	A Cultural Icon	320
	A Liberal Protestant	331
	A German Gargantua	338
	A Reform Catholic	347
	A More Interesting Story	352
	Epilogue: The Global-Historical Luther	355
	An Immigrant's Tale	355
	Martin and Missionaries	360
	First Protestant Colonies	362
	The Latino Luther	364
	Beyond the Originalist Fallacy	372
	Luther and the World	375
Αp	pendix: A Table Chronicling Four Processes that Mark the	
	Parameters of the Religious Controversy Over Luther to 1564	386
Sel	Select Bibliography	
Inc	dex	519



Figures

Ι	Martin Luther's Horoscope	page 2
2	The title page of the anonymous pamphlet, A Nice	
	Dialogue and Conversation between a Pastor and an	
	Official (Strasbourg, 1521)	16
3	Title page of the first, official printed edition of the	
_	imperial edict against Luther, the Edict of Worms,	
	published at Worms by the printer Hans of Erfurt on	
	26 May 1521	32
4	An Oath by Jews, Ulrich Tengler's New Laity's Mirror	,
	(Strasbourg, 1527)	49
5	The City Ordinance, Ulrich Tengler's New Laity's Mirror	.,
	(Strasbourg, 1527)	54
6	The Imperial Quaternion Eagle (Augsburg, c. 1510)	IOI
7	Four Religious Orders, Martin Luther, The Papacy with	
	Its Members Pictured and Described (Nuremberg, 1526)	123
8A	and 8B Two early title pages of the Augsburg Confession	173
9	Elector Johann Friedrich's answer to the "Honor-Shaming,	
	Bad-Hearted Barrabus, Whore-Addicted Holofernes of	
	Braunschweig" (Wittenberg, 1541)	181
10	Wolfgang of Grünenstein's coat of arms, c. 1545	231
ΙI	Title page of Hermann von dem Busche's The Passion	
	of Blessed Martin Luther or His Suffering Described by	
	Marcellus: Two Peasants Speak, Karsthans and Kegelhans	301
12	Hermann Wislicenus, Charles V and Martin Luther at the	
	Diet of Worms (Goslar, Kaiserpfalz, 1877-1879)	34I





Preface

This book describes the massive controversy that gripped western Christianity in the sixteenth century, and it surveys the variety of this controversy's outcomes. I do not approach the Reformation as the achievement of men and women, including Martin Luther. Rather, I view it as an entanglement of life-worlds that could never be contained by the space within one human being's skin or by an individual's desire or fantasy. And yet Luther runs throughout this book. I picture him as a figure produced by changing social, cultural, and political ecologies, in the sixteenth century and over the next 400 years. Drawing on exciting new and older research, I try to suggest patterns and conditions that account for Luther's multifaceted impact, because the effects of this controversy could not be contained by one time and place.

We are all debtors to our environments, and I am deeply aware of innumerable debts to the many teachers, students, colleagues, and friends who make up mine at the San Francisco Theological Seminary, the Graduate Theological Union, and the University of California at Berkeley (particularly the Berkeley Center for the Study of Religion). My abiding gratitude goes to Tom and Kathy Brady, friends, collaborators, and mentors for many years. Of the people who have answered questions, offered encouragement, given advice, corrected errors, performed practical favors, listened patiently, inspired, and pushed back, I especially thank Jana Childers, Arthur Holder, Brad Peterson, Kim Sang-Yoon, Peter Krey, Nancy Gutgsell, Michaela Scheible, Stephen Sheehi, Wendy Farley, Bruce Gordon, Tom Scott, Roy Vice, Augustine Thompson, Deena Aranoff, Naomi Seidman, Christopher Brown, Kathryn Barush, Clayborne Carson, William B. Taylor, Ralph Klein, Christoph Gutmann, Martin Schenk, David Hollinger, Matthew Johnson, Aaron Grizzell, Arthur John



xii Preface

Ocker, Jonathan Marshall, Philip Wickeri, Polly Coote, and a lost friend, the late James Noel. Martial Staub, Andrew Gow, Robert Coote, Stella Koch Ocker, and especially Varda Koch Ocker have vastly improved my thinking and writing. Of course, errors fall to my account, as does my occasional resistance to good advice. The Rev. Dr. Kim Sang-Yoon provided essential help with the chronological table. The Alexander von Humboldt Foundation, the Kulturwissenschaftliches Kolleg Konstanz, and the San Francisco Theological Seminary have supported research that contributed to this book. I am grateful to the Bayerische Staatsbibliothek, Österreichische Nationalbibiothek, The Lutheran School of Theology at Chicago, and the Landesbibliothek Coburg for images and permissions.

A note on the rendition of names and translations: in the case of high nobility, I generally translate prepositions in German names into English (Albrecht of Brandenburg rather than Albrecht von Brandenburg), but I leave first names in German (Albrecht rather than Albert). In the case of people of lower noble rank, whose names function more like the patronymics familiar in some German names today (Otto von Bismarck, Ursula von der Leyen), I leave prepositions untranslated (Ulrich von Hutten). In the case of cities and place names, I use the German, except where the English is very familiar, or seems to me to be very familiar from where I write in California (Nuremberg rather than Nürnberg and Basle rather than Basel, but Braunschweig rather than Brunswick). All translations are my own unless otherwise indicated. I tried to remain close to the diction of the sources, hoping, especially in translations from pamphlets, to retain something of the abrupt style and intensity of the originals. Footnotes add small points of detail, technical information, or definitions where I thought it would be helpful, and provide documentation. When a date appears in a footnote without explanation, it refers to an entry in the chronological table of the Appendix.

> San Anselmo, CA Feast of St. Martin, 2017