

Subject Index

A

- Aberth, 5, 194
- ad hoc computability [*see* computability, counterexamples]
- adjoint (definition), 125–126
- Ahlfors, 61
- analytic continuation, 60–64
- analytic functions, 50–51, 59–64 [*see also* computability]
- axioms (for computability)
 - Banach space, 1, 3, 5, 11, 77–82 [*Note*. The axioms are used in the proof of virtually every theorem from Chapter 2 onwards. This is understood. We do not list all the pages, since such a list would grow so long that it would cease to be informative.]
 - Banach space (statement), 81
 - computability structure, 1, 3, 5, 77–82, 85–87 [*Note*. Again, this notion permeates the book. Only the most important references are listed.]
 - computability structure (definition), 80
 - Hilbert space [same as for a Banach space]

B

- Banach/Mazur [*see* computability]
- Banach space [*see* axioms, computability, First Main Theorem]
- Banach space (definition), 8
- Bishop, 4, 192, 194
- Blum, 192
- bounded operators, 1–2, 93–94, 96, 123, 128, 150–184 [*see also* First Main Theorem]

- bounded operators (definition), 96
- Bridges, 194
- Brouwer, 4, 192

C

- C, 8 [*see also* computability, Chapter 0]
- C^n , 8 [*see also* computability]
- C^∞ , 8 [*see also* computability]
- C_0 , 8 [*see also* computability]
- Caldwell, 12, 26, 62 [*see also* computability]
- Cauchy integral formula, 12, 60
- characteristic function (definition), 8
- Closed Graph Theorem (classical, non-effective), 97, 108
- closed operators, 93–94, 96–100 [*see also* First Main Theorem]
- closed operators (definition), 96–97
- Closure Criterion (First/Second), 98–100, 105, 108, 110, 116
- CompNorm (in proof of the Second Main Theorem), 165–166
- compact operators, 123, 129, 133, 136
- comparisons (between real numbers/rationals), 14–15, 23
- Composition Property, 81
- computability [For the underlying notion of computability on a Banach space, see “axioms, Banach space.” The derived notions, for standard Banach spaces and related topics, are listed below. Theorems are listed elsewhere.]
 - ad hoc, 5, 80, 90–92, 124, 134–142, 146–147
 - analytic functions, 59–60
 - Banach/Mazur, 28, 64–65
 - Banach space [*see* axioms]

- C^n , 50–59, 104–105, 117
 - C^∞ , 50, 54–57, 60
 - C_o , 84, 91, 107–108, 111, 118–119
 - Caldwell/Pour-El, 12, 24–28 [*see also* Definition B and Chapter 0 computability]
 - Chapter 0 (an alternative designation for computability in the sense of Definitions A and B), 50, 79, 82–83, 94–95, 104–106, 115–116, 118–120, 149, 161–162
 - complex numbers 14, 27
 - continuous functions [*same as* Chapter 0 computability]
 - Definition A, 12, 25–28, 28 (again in Section 4), 33, 36–37, 40, 44
 - Definition B, 12, 25–28, 33, 36–37, 39, 44
 - Definitions A and B (equivalence of), 36–37, 44–49
 - double sequence, 18, 80
 - energy norm, 95–96, 116–118
 - Grzegorzczuk/Lacombe, 4–5, 12, 24–28 [*see also* Definition A and Chapter 0 computability]
 - Hilbert space [*see axioms*]
 - inner products, 136–138
 - intrinsic, 79, 82–85, 90–91
 - L^p , 5, 83–85, 94–95, 107–114
 - ℓ^p , 85, 94, 107–111
 - L^∞ , 89–90
 - ℓ_o^∞ , 85, 107–108, 110
 - open sets, 193
 - operators [*see effectively determined operators*]
 - real numbers, 11, 13–17, 20
 - rectangles, 25, 27
 - sequences of rational numbers, 12, 14, 24
 - sequences of real numbers, 11–12, 17–24
 - sequences on a Banach space [*see axioms*]
 - sequential (for continuous functions), 25, 28–29, 32, 34–35, 40, 51, 55, 64, 67–68, 71–72
 - Sobolev spaces, 5, 95–96
 - structure [*see axioms*]
 - $(0, \infty)$, 27–28
 - continuous functions [*see computability*]
 - convolution, 69–70
 - counterexamples (involving)
 - ad hoc computability, 90–92, 134–139, 146
 - analytic continuation for noncompact domains/sequences of functions, 62–63
 - converse parts (iii) and (iv) of the Second Main Theorem, 188–191
 - creation and destruction of eigenvalues, 130–132
 - derivatives, 51, 55, 58–59, 104–105
 - derivatives of a sequence of functions, 59
 - eigenvectors [*see Eigenvector Theorem*]
 - entire functions, 62
 - Fourier series, 105, 110
 - Intermediate Value Theorem for sequences of functions, 42
 - isometry of nonequivalent computability structures, 146
 - L^∞ , 89–90
 - non closed operators, 105
 - non normal operators, 132–133
 - noncompact domains, 58, 62
 - noncomputable real numbers, 12, 20, 129–130, 132–133, 135
 - noneffective convergence, 11–12, 16, 19–20, 22–23, 105
 - norm of an effectively determined operator, 129
 - separable but not effectively separable Banach spaces, 88
 - sequences of eigenvalues, 129, 189–191
 - sequences of n -th derivatives, 55
 - sequences of real numbers, 19–20, 22–24
 - sequences of step functions, 112
 - sequentially computable continuous functions, 67
 - unbounded operators [*see First Main Theorem*]
 - wave equation, 68–69, 72–73, 115–116, 120
 - Cook, 192
 - Cutland, 7
- D**
- $\mathcal{D}(T)$ [*see domain*]
 - Davis, 7
 - degrees of unsolvability, 192
 - density (effective), 82, 85–87
 - density (not necessarily effective), 82, 85, 88
 - differentiation, 11, 40, 50–59, 60–62, 104–105

Subject Index

203

Dirichlet norm [*see* computability, energy norm]
 distributions, 99–100, 108, 116
 domain of an operator, 96–104, 125–126
 Dunford/Schwartz, 110

E

effective
 — convergence, 11–24, 34, 37, 44–49, 56, 72, 81, 86–87, 105–106, 162
 — convergence (definitions), 14, 18, 34, 81
 — generating set, 78–79, 82–87, 93–94, 101, 104, 127 [*Note*. This notion permeates the book. Only the most important references are listed.]
 — generating set (definition), 82
 — uniform continuity, 25–27, 29, 32, 34–35, 40, 50, 53–55, 64, 67–68, 71–72
 — uniform continuity (definition), 25–27
 effectively
 — determined operator, 2, 123–124, 127–129, 132–134, 138–139, 150, 158–160, 184–185, 187–188
 — determined operator (definition), 127
 — separable, 78–79, 82, 88–89, 128, 138, 141–142
 — separable (definition), 82
 eigenvalue, 2, 123–124, 126–127 [*see also* Second Main Theorem]
 eigenvalue (definition), 127
 eigenvector, 2, 123–124, 126–127 [*see also* Eigenvector Theorem]
 eigenvector (definition), 127
 Eigenvector Theorem, 1–4, 77, 80, 123–124, 133–142
 Eigenvector Theorem (statement), 133–134
 elementary functions, 21
 energy norm [*see* computability]
 exponential time, 192
 extremal points, 148

F

Feferman, 192
 Feigenbaum's constant, 194
 First Main Theorem 1–4, 69, 77, 93–96, 101–120
 First Main Theorem (statement), 101
 Fourier series, 83, 94–95, 105–106, 108–111
 Fourier transforms, 3, 95, 108–111
 Friedman, 192

G

Gödel, 78
 Grzegorzczuk, 4, 5, 12, 25, 28, 104, 192–193
 [*see also* computability]
 Grzegorzczuk hierarchy, 192

H

Hahn Banach Theorem (in Addendum on problems), 194
 Halmos, 129, 151–153, 157
 heat equation, 3, 70, 118–119
 Hellwig, 116
 Herbrand, 78
 higher order recursion theory, 192
 Hilbert space [*see* Second Main Theorem, Eigenvector Theorem]
 Hilbert space (definition), 8
 Hilbert transform, 109

I

I^a [*see* computable rectangle]
 I_M^a [*see* computable rectangle]
 InEq (in proof of the Second Main Theorem), 178
 injection operator, 107–108
 Insertion Property, 81
 integration, 12, 33, 35, 37–40
 intrinsic computability [*see* computability]
 isometries, 125, 145–148 [*see also* counterexamples]

K

Karp, 192
 KdV equation, 194
 Kirchhoff's formula, 12, 33, 73, 115–116
 Kleene, 7, 25
 Ko, 192
 Kreisel, 2, 5, 13, 41, 193

L

L^p , 8 [*see also* computability]
 ℓ^p , 8 [*see also* computability]
 L^∞ [*see* computability, counterexamples]
 ℓ_0^∞ [*see* computability]
 Lachlan, 5
 Lacombe, 4, 5, 12–13, 25, 28, 41, 104, 193
 [*see also* computability]
 Laplace's equation, 3, 70, 119
 Limit Axiom [*see* axioms]
 Linear Forms Axiom [*see* axioms]

linear independence [*see* Effective Independence Lemma]
 linear span (definition), 78
 Loomis, 151–153

M

[$-M, M$] (in proof of the Second Main Theorem), 160
 Markov, 78, 192
 Mazur, 5, 17 [*see also* computability, Banach/Mazur]
 Metakides, 5, 194
 modulus of convergence, 16
 monotone convergence, 20
 Moschovakis, 5
 Mostowski, 5, 24
 Mycielski, 28
 Myhill, 5, 50–53, 105

N

Nagy [*see* Riesz/Nagy]
 Navier–Stokes equation, 194
 Nerode, 5, 194
 non normal operators, 194 [*see also* counterexamples]
 nonlinear analysis, 194
 Norm Axiom [*see* axioms]
 normal operators, 123, 126, 132–133, 157, 184–187 [*see also* Second Main Theorem]
 normal operators (definition), 126
 Not an eigenvalue! (in proof of the Second Main Theorem), 168–169, 176–177

O

operational calculus (for the Spectral Theorem), 152–153, 161–162
 operators [*see* bounded, unbounded, closed, self-adjoint, normal, compact; *see also* effectively determined operator]
 orthonormal basis, 136–137, 140–141
 overlapping intervals, 149, 162, 166–167, 174

P

$P = NP$ problem, 192
 pairing function (definition), 7
 partial derivatives, 58, 72
 Petrovskii, 115
 piecewise linear functions, 83, 112

polynomial space, 192
 polynomial time, 192
 Post, 78
 potential equation [*see* Laplace's equation]
 Pour-El, 50, 64–65, 68, 105–106, 111, 118–120, 194 [*see also* Caldwell]
 primitive recursive functions, 192
 problems, 192–194

Q

quantum mechanics, 2, 124, 126–127

R

real analytic functions, 64
 real numbers [*see* computability]
 recursive function (description in terms of Turning machines), 6
 recursive set (definition), 7
 recursive topology, 193
 recursively enumerable nonrecursive set, 6–7, 15, 22, 52, 56, 58, 62–63, 90, 102, 104, 113, 129–130, 135, 146, 189
 recursively enumerable nonrecursive set (definition), 7
 recursively enumerable set (definition), 6–7
 recursively inseparable pair of sets, 7, 42, 65
 recursively inseparable pair of sets (definition), 7
 Rice, 5, 11–12, 16–17
 Richards, [*see* Pour-El]
 Riemann Mapping Theorem (in Addendum on problems), 193
 Riemann surfaces, 193
 Riesz Convexity Theorem (classical), 110
 Riesz/Nagy, 125–129, 151–153, 157, 190
 Robinson, 5, 17
 Rogers, 5, 7

S

\mathcal{S} [*see* axioms, computability structure]
 Šanin, 192
 Schwartz [*see* Dunford/Schwartz]
 Second Main Theorem, 1–4, 77, 123–124, 128–130, 149–191
 Second Main Theorem (statement), 128
see saw construction, 44
 self-adjoint operators, 2, 123, 125–126, 128–132 [*see also* Second Main Theorem, Eigenvector Theorem]
 self-adjoint operators (definition), 126
 sequences [*see* axioms, computability, counterexamples]

Shepherdson, 5
 Shohat/Tamarkin, 87
 Shore, 5, 194
 Shub [*see* Blum]
 Simpson, 5
 Smale [*see* Blum]
 Soare, 7
 Sobolev spaces [*see* computability]
 spectral measure, 149, 151–152, 166, 170–172
 Specker, 5, 11–13, 16, 41
 Spectral Theorem (classical, noneffective), 149, 151–157, 170
 spectrum, 123–124, 126–127 [*see also* Second Main Theorem]
 spectrum (definition), 126
 SpThm (in proof of the Second Main Theorem), 153–157, 172
 standard functions, 27
 step functions, 5, 79, 84–85, 112–114
 subrecursive hierarchies, 192

T

Tamarkin [*see* Shohat/Tamarkin]
 Taylor series, 60–61
 Theorems [The redundant terms “computability/noncomputability” have largely been omitted in the indexed list which follows.]
 — Analytic Continuation Theorem, 60
 — Closure Under Effective Uniform Convergence, 34
 — Compact Operators, 129
 — Composition of Functions, 28–31
 — Creation and Destruction of Eigenvalues, 130
 — Differentiation Theorem for C^1 , 51, 104
 — Differentiation Theorem for C^2 , 53
 — Differentiation Theorem for the Sequence of n -th Derivatives, 55
 — Effective Density Lemma, 86
 — Effective Independence Lemma, 142
 — Effective Modulus Lemma, 65
 — Eigenvector Theorem, 133–134
 — Entire Function Theorem, 62
 — Expansion of Functions, 33
 — Fejer’s Theorem, 106
 — First Main Theorem, 101
 — Fourier Series (effective convergence of), 105
 — Fourier Series and Transforms (L^p -computability of), 110
 — Heat Equation, 119

— Integration Theorems, 35, 37–39, 104
 — Intermediate Value Theorem, 41
 — L^p -Computability for Varying p , 107
 — Laplace’s Equation, 119
 — Max-Min Theorem, 40
 — Mean Value Theorem, 44
 — Non-Normal Operators (non-computable eigenvalues), 132
 — Operator Norm, 129
 — Patching Theorem, 32
 — Plancherel Theorem, 111
 — Potential Equation [*see* Laplace’s Equation]
 — Real Closed Field, 44
 — Riemann-Lebesgue Lemma, 111
 — Second Main Theorem, 128
 — Second Main Theorem (converse parts), 189–190
 — Second Main Theorem (for normal operators), 184
 — Second Main Theorem (for unbounded operators), 188
 — Sequence of Eigenvalues (non-computability of), 129
 — Sequentially Computable but Not Computable Continuous Functions, 67
 — Stability Lemma, 87
 — Step Functions, 114
 — Stieltjes, Hamburger, Carleman Theorem, 87
 — Third Main Theorem [*see* Eigenvector Theorem]
 — Translation Invariant Operators, 71
 — Waiting Lemma, 15
 — Wave Equation Theorem (energy norm), 118
 — Wave Equation Theorem (uniform norm), 116
 — Wave Equation Theorem (weak solutions), 73
 — Weierstrass Approximation Theorem, 45, 86
 — Wiener Tauberian Theorem, 87
 translation, 69–70
 translation invariant operators, 51, 69–73
 triangle functions (in proof of the Second Main Theorem), 149, 162–165, 167
 Turing, 78
 Turing machine, 6

U

unbounded operators, 1–2, 93–94, 123, 157, 187–188 [*see also* First Main Theorem]

206

Subject Index

uniform convergence, 12, 18–19, 33–34, 37,
44–49, 56, 72, 86, 105–106, 162
Uniformity in the Exponent Lemma, 158–
160

W

wave equation, 3, 51, 65, 68–70, 72–73,
115–118, 120 [*see also* counter-
examples, Theorems]
weak solutions, 73

weak topologies, 99–100, 108, 116
well understood functions, 112–114

X

$\{x_n\}$ (in proof of the Second Main
Theorem), 160

Z

Zygmund, 110