

Index



Absolute, the, 14, 41, 45; and contradiction, 45; as subject, 22-30; see also Geist absolute freedom, see radical freedom alienation: and atomism, 91; Hegel, 86-9, 124; Marx, 138-41, 143-4 Althusser, L., 146 Anglo-Saxon philosophy, 157-9 animals, 18-19, 28 antinomies, Kantian, 60 Aguinas, Thomas, 66 Aristotelianism, 2, 23, 82, 151; freedom, 151; hylomorphism, 18; living things, 16, 18 Athenian Sittlichkeit, 87, 90, 98, 122 atomism: and alienation, 91; prejudices of, 85; in social philosophy, 1-2, 67; and voting, 86 Aufhebung (abrogation or suppression),

'bad infinity', 13, 99 being, concept of, 60 Berlin, I., 151 n 8 burghers, 107

autonomy, see freedom

Avineri, S., 97 n 15

Caesar, Julius, 96
caprice (*Willkür*), 93
Cartesianism, 17–18, 20
categorial concepts, 60–1, 65
categorial imperative, 4
causal necessity, 31–2, 73
changeability (*Veränderlichkeit*), 45
China, 68
Christian dogmas, 37
Christianity, 39, 98
circular arguments, 34–5
civil society, 105–7, 126–7
communism, 112–13, 140, 142; Soviet, 146–7; transition to, 144; *see also* Marx; Marxism

82-4; as organism, 84; see also Sittlichkeit; state Compte, A., 132 Concept (Idea), 33, 53, 63, 78; and conceptual (rational) necessity, 33, 52, 161; and empirical sciences, 133; and the state, 90, 107, 115 concepts, 47; categorial, 60-1, 65 conceptual necessity, 29, 31, 33, 161; see also rational necessity conflict and contradiction, 40-5 consciousness: and dialectic, 60; and Geist, 26-8; linguistic, 158 contingency, 30-1, 51 contingent necessity, 31 contradiction, 22, 34; and the Absolute, 45; and conflict, 40-5; determinate outcome, 59, 94; Kantian antinomies, 60; source of movement, 43, 45, 53; see also dialectics; opposition

cunning of reason, 96-7, 119

community: and language, 85, 87; man and,

Darwin, C., 27 n 10, 132, 142 Dasein (determinate being), 65 death, 51, 90; of civilizations, 51 decentralization, 105, 113 Descartes, R., 16 desires, 100, 152; and freedom, 3, 152-3 determinate being (Dasein), 65 determinism, 148 dialectical thinking, 15-16, 34, 53-66; validity of, 65-6 dialectics: ascending and descending, 34-6, 45, 52–3, 55, 59; and consciousness, 60; historical, 56-7, 59, 61-4; interpretative, 63-4; ontological, 56-8; strict, 63-4 differentiation in society: and absolute freedom, 104-5; and 'estates', 105-9; and French Revolution, 101, 118; and Hegel's ontology, 101, 105, 107; modern society, 127-9, 132



174 INDEX

Dilthey, W., 160 dualism, 16-18, 46 duty, 78 ecological crisis, 163 efficiency, 67 emanationism, 39 embodiment, 14-22, 25-8, 159; and Geist, 24-33, 40, 42, 47; and language, 17-18, 159-60, 162 empiricism, 17 English Poor Law (1834), 99 Enlightenment, 1-2, 67, 98-9; and Christianity, 98; and free-enterprise economy, 103; and French Revolution, 98, 117; and general will, 100, 126; Hegel as heir of, 70; and Kant, 6, 80; Marx as heir of, 137-8, 145; and modern society, 68, 126, 131; and Romanticism, 68, 70, 130-2; and Sittlichkeit, 120-1; and traditional society, 102; utilitarianism of, 1-2, 67, 99; view of man, 1, 3, 67; view of nature and society, 67, 126 'estates' (Stände), 78, 101, 104-9 ethical substance, 82-92; and Sittlichkeit, 90 existentialism, 28 expression: and freedom, 1-14, 67, 75, 111; and scientism, 146

Fascism, 69, 134, 137
Fichte, J. G., 5, 7, 13, 25, 38, 140, 165
finite spirits, 25–6, 32, 71
freedom: Aristotle, 151; and caprice, 93; and desires, 3, 151, 153, 156; and expression, 1–14; of *Geist*, 28, 30; Kant, 3–5, 77, 79, 149, 152; and self-awareness, 24; as self-dependence, 5, 151; situated, 150–62; and the state, 50; and will, 74, 76–7; see also radical freedom free enterprise, 102, 125
Frege, G., 160

French Revolution, 6; and differentiation of society, 100, 118; and Enlightenment, 117; Hegel's analysis, 77, 98–101, 115–19, 126 Freud, S., 38, 132, 142, 157, 160

Geist (Spirit), 15, 61; basic aim of, 29, 40, 93; and consciousness, 25, 28; and embodiment, 32, 40, 71; freedom of, 28–30; and Romanticism, 47; self-positing, 36–9;

and the state, 71–2, 78; as subject, 22–31; and will, 78; see also Volksgeist general will, 76, 100, 102–4 generic being (Gattungswesen), 69, 119, 124, 139–40 goals of history, 92–7 God, 11, 46, 93; Aquinas' proofs, 66; self-positing, 36–40; see also Geist Goethe, J. W. von, 7, 135 Greek synthesis, 7–8, 49, 62, 82, 88–9, 98

Hegelianism, end of, 131-5 Hegelians, Young, 137, 162 Heidegger, M., 159-60, 163 n 13 Herder, J. G. 19, 69, 135; and expressivism, 1-3, 111; and Kant, 6; and language, 17, 160, 162 hierarchy: of being, 19; of modes of thought, 20; of society, 78 historical dialectics, 57, 59, 61-4 history: and logic, 95; philosophy of, 51, 63-4, 93; stages of, 97 Hobbes, T., 72-3 Hoffmeister, J., 9 Hölderlin, J. C. F., 6-7, 135, 163 n 14, 165 homogenization of society, 112-13, 128-9; see also differentiation in society Humboldt, W. von, 68, 160 Husserl, E., 157 hylomorphism, 18

Idea, see Concept identity: and opposition, 15, 21–2, 41; private and public, 89, 91 immediacy, 42 infinity, 13; 'bad', 13, 99 'instinct', 96 interpretative dialectics, 63–4 irony, 12–13

Kant, I., 25, 111; antinomies, 60; conception of reason, 75–6, 80; and Enlightenment, 80; freedom, 3–5, 77, 149, 152; and Herder, 6; moral philosophy, 74–81, 116; necessity, 32; and Rousseau, 76–7; things-in-themselves, 46
Karamazov, Ivan, 51
Kierkegaard, S., 28, 154

knowledge, 56-7, 60, 154



INDEX 175

language: Anglo-Saxon philosophy, ontological necessity, 36 157-9; and community, 85, 87; and opposition: finite and infinite, 46; and conciousness, 159; and embodiment, identity, 15, 21-2, 41; and reconciliation, 17, 159; Herder, 17, 160, 162 14-15, 21-2, 40, 48-9; state and 'legitimacy', 122-3 individual, 50; world and Geist, 40; Leibniz, G. W., 26, 148 see also contradiction; dialectics Lenin, V. I., 143, 146 organism(s): Aristotle on, 16, 18; community Lessing, G. E., 135 as, 84 liberalism, 152 'liberation', 152 panentheism, 39 life-functions, 23 pantheism, 9, 23, 25, 39 linguistic consciousness, 158 peasantry, 106; collectivization of, 147 'penurious rabble', 127 living thing(s), 26; Aristotle on, 16; community as, 84 phenomenology, 16 n 6, 157 logic and history, 95 Plato, 58, 72, 79 Lukács, G., 148 n 7 Plotinus, 39 Polanyi, M., 159 polis, Greek, 62, 82; expressive unity of, 92; Mach, E., 160 Marx, K., 62, 110, 118-19, 127, 137-50; and modern world, 87, 90, 105, 114, 122; 1844 Manuscripts, 138, 142; Capital, 143-4; and Sittlichkeit, 87, 90, 98, 122 expressivism and scientism, Poor Law, English (1834), 99 146; heir of Enlightenment, 137-8, posit (setzen), 38 privacy, 89-90, 108; and Romanticism, 69, Marxism, 69, 124, 137-50; Soviet, 143 130, 132 Marxist Leninism, 143, 146-7 proletariat, 105 property, 104, 139 matter, 44 May 1968, events of, 69, 101, 150 purpose, ontological status of, 54 meaning, 157-8 radical (absolute) freedom, 98-108, 110, mechanism, 16 n 6, 18, 156 mediacy, 42 112; and differentiation in society, 104-5; Kant on, 75, 77, 99, 149, 152 Merleau-Ponty, M., 157 Mills, J. S., 68, 133 rationality, see reason Montesquieu, Baron de, 82, 115 rational necessity, 29-36, 52; see also Moralität (morality) and Sittlichkeit, 81-2, conceptual necessity reason: cunning of, 13, 71-4, 96-7, 87.90 Munchausen, Baron, 38 119; different conceptions of, 71-4; Kant, 75-6, 80; Rousseau, 73; 'myth', 110 Vernunft and understanding, 13, 22, 100 Napoleon, 118, 120, 166 reconciliation (Versöhnung), 14-15, 21-2, nationalism, 112, 114, 136 40, 48 necessity: causal, 31, 73; conceptual, 31, 33, representation, 105 Republic (Plato), 58 161; contingent, 31; Kant, 32, 36; ontological, 36; rational, 29-36, 52-3 Romanticism, 9, 11-13, 23, 47, 69-70, 132; 'New Left', 69 and Enlightenment, 68, 70, 130-2; Nietzsche, F., 133 n 1, 154-5 freedom and expression, 1-14, 75; and Novalis (F. L. F. von Hardenberg), 7, 12, Geist, 11; Irony, 12–13; and modern society, 68-70, 132; and private life, 69, 130, 132; Schelling, 9, 11 objective spirit, 87, 123 Romantic protest, 133-5; later forms, 136 - 50ontological dialectics, 56, 58–9



176 INDEX

Rousseau, J.-J., 76–7, 110, 152; conception of reason, 73; decentralization, 105; and Kant, 76–7; principle of the state, 75; property, 104; representative institutions, 104; social contract, 104

Sartre, J.-P., 28 Schelling, F. W. J. von, 7, 9, 11, 27 n 10, 165 Schiller, F., 7 Schlegel, F., 7, 12 Schleiermacher, F. E. D., 7 Schopenhauer, A., 154, 157 science, modern, 133 self-dependence, 5, 152 Sittlichkeit (ethics): Athenian, 90, 98, 122; and Enlightenment, 120-1; and ethical substance, 82; and individuality, 92; and Moralität, 81, 87, 90; post-industrial, 121-30; Spanish, 120 situated freedom, 150-62 social contract, 104 social structures, see 'estates' society: of absolute freedom, 101, 103, 150; free-enterprise, 102, 125; homogenization of, 111, 113, 128-9, 132; structures of, 101, 104; see also community; differentiation in society; state Socrates, 58, 89 Sorel, G., 133

Soviet communism, 143, 147 Soviet Marxism, 143 Soviet Union, 68 Spain, 88, 120 Spinoza, B., 7, 23 spiral view of history, 8, 14 Spirit, see Geist

spirits, finite, 25–6, 32, 71 Stalinism, 134, 146–7 Stände, see 'estates' state, the: and Concept, 90, 107, 115; and embodiment of *Geist*, 71, 79; and freedom, 50; and individual, 50, 83; as organism, 84; Rousseau, 75; *see also* community; society Stoics, 50, 90 strict dialectics, 62, 65

strict dialectics, 62, 65 structuralism, 159 Sturm und Drang, 1, 23, 135 subjectivity and Geist, 22–31 substance, ethical, 82–92

teleology, 24, 84 theism, 37 theodicy, 50–1 things-in-themselves, 46 Tocqueville, A. de, 68, 106, 115, 133 totalitarian societies, 143 transcendental arguments, 32

understanding (*Verstand*) and reason, 22, 48, 100 utilitarianism, 109–10; of Enlightenment, 1–2, 67, 99; in modern society, 68–9, 110, 132

Versöhnung (reconciliation), 48 Volksgeist (spirit of a people), 83–4, 91, 94–7 voting, 86

Weltschmerz, 137
will: and freedom, 74, 76–7; and Geist, 78;
general, 76, 102–4
Wittgenstein, L., 159
work, 49, 88
world-historical individuals, 97 n 15

Young Hegelians, 137, 162