Index

Admiralty, British
 alternate limitation methods, 144
 armed merchantmen, 29, 66
blacklisting, 1, 6
blockade, 1–3, 6
building schedule, 45–46, 66, 74
contraband, 6
Coolidge’s political motives, 199–200
cruiser superiority, 2, 4, 24–25, 42, 135, 144, 157, 178
decline of political influence, 4, 278
defective armor and armor-piercing shells, 99–101
demands seventy cruisers, 45–46
eight-inch gun, 29, 43, 70–73, 93–96, 98, 103–106, 143, 221
interdiction, 1–3, 66
League of Nations, 138, 141
limitation strategy, Washington Conference, 14
necessity of public approval, 147, 201
regional supremacy, 2, 5
rejection of total tonnage standard, 252
resignation threats, 61, 63, 85
secret war plan against Japan, 43, 45, 58–59, 62
six-inch gun, 70, 106, 256
special needs, 23, 65, 106, 143–144, 163
surprise proposals, 143–144, 217
ton-mileage method, 178
trade-route protection, 24, 45, 67
urges second conference, 138, 143

American neutral trade, 6, 108, 303–304
blockade, 303
Geneva Naval Conference, 16
regional supremacy, 2, 5, 303
Washington Naval Conference, 2, 14, 108–109, 304
Amery, Leo, 115, 249
Anglo-Japanese Accord
 Bridgeman’s offer, 254–255
modified, 273–274
opposition to, 251
US rejection of, 279–280
Anglo-Japanese Alliance, 20–21, 36
Australia, 45, 53, 220
auxiliaries, tentative agreement on, 238
B-class cruisers, 75, 102
Baldwin, Stanley, 47–48
importance of Canadian trip, 2, 266
political strategist, 47, 83, 86, 147, 181, 256
secrecy, 182, 184
parity promise withheld, 239–240
Balfour, Arthur, 25, 34, 235
450,000-ton limit on auxiliaries, 28
auxiliary ship deception, 27
confusing telegram, 235
Hughes, Charles Evans, 25
justification for British cruiser superiority, 26
“questions of detail,” 26–27
submarine, abolition of, 27
Washington Conference, 25–29
Battle of Jutland
Beatty alters record, 187
Battleship controversy, 114–116, 135
Beatty, Adm. David, 3, 273
anger at Churchill, 39, 56, 88–91, 276
appearance of reasonableness, 191–192
assessment of Kellogg, 172, 193, 201
assurance of success, 151
assurances to Jones, 138–139, 150
Baldwin defied, 239–240
Beatty’s secret objectives, 3–4, 25, 107, 139, 143, 147, 164, 177, 183
Bridgeman’s character, 49, 57
British Empire, 7
building holiday, 23, 41
Churchill’s Naval Secretary, 12
Conservative Party split, 57, 84–85
criticism of British delegates at Geneva, 3, 144, 179, 202, 307
criticism of politicians, 76, 87
criticizes Bridgeman, 239, 264, 295–296
cruiser supremacy, 191, 248
defeats pacifists, 46, 276, 296
destructive British eight-inch gun, 93, 107, 188
denounces Anglo-Japanese Accord, 259, 261, 265
diplomatic strategy, 4, 150, 175, 307
distrust of Cecil, 142, 265, 277, 296
distrust of Churchill, 39, 87–91
East Asian strategy, 41
equality equals superiority, 240
evasive tactics, 3, 152–153, 187
extension of tenure, 173–174
First Sea Lord, 12
friendship with Churchill, 12
Japanese expansion, 39–40
naval equality, 22–23, 25, 150
offers 6.5 ratio to Japanese, 273
omissions to Cabinet, 177, 187–189, 193
opposes cruiser parity, 191, 264, 307
outlaw all eight-inch guns, 3, 106, 144, 187, ...
parity, definition of, 249
postwar strategic naval policy, 40, 76, 175
propagates conspiracy charge, 84
rejection of Bridgeman’s parity promise, 239, 241, 264
rejects modus vivendi, 252, 269–270, 273, 283
ridicule of Coolidge, 172, 193, 200–201

secr ecy, importance of, 104, 143–144, 147, 149, 182–184, 187–188, 197
secret initiative, 144, 307
seven-inch gun, rejected, 284
seventy cruisers, 44, 65, 176, 248
six-inch-gun 6,000-ton cruiser, 263, 265
socialist fears, 272
threatens Mrs. Baldwin, 85
threats of resignation, 3–4, 63, 79, 85
ton-mileage method, 178
total tonnage, opposes, 252, 257, 265
trade route rationale, 241
ultimatum, use of, 246
unlimited smaller cruisers, 247–248
urgent invitation to Admiral Jones, 138, 149
urges unlimited six-inch gun cruisers, 4, 188
war hero, 12–13
war plan against Japan, 40, 64–65, 157
Washington Conference, 21, 25, 28, 35
Beatty, Ethel:
denounces Churchill, 91
Bethlehem Steel, 229
Birkenhead Committee, 62–70, 72–74, 76–78
Churchill’s victory, 62, 78
Birkenhead, Lord, 55, 61, 84, 250
See also F.E. Smith
Bloch, Adm. Claude C. 119
eight-inch gun success, 119–120
Borah, Sen. William E.
arms limitation, 18
blockade, 133
criticizes Treaty of Versailles, 126
failure of Washington Conference, 126
freedom of the seas, 18, 126, 134
Kellogg, low opinion of, 127
limit on all warships, 131
reduction demanded, 126
Senate Foreign Relations Chair, 122, 126
Bridgeman, William C., 254
American electioneering, 218, 223
American perfidy, 293
anger and mistrust of Churchill, 78, 81, 85–86, 261
Anglo-Japanese Accord, 254, 255, 261
Associated Press statement, 236
Beatty’s tenure, 173–174, 295
blames Gibson, 292, 295
blames Jones, 245, 258
castigates Americans, 222, 245, 253
closing plenary speech, 291
critical of Cabinet, 81, 245, 291
Index

critical of Coolidge, 223, 295
eight-inch gun, 144, 292
First Lord of the Admiralty, 48
Foreign Office, suspicious of, 245, 258, 261–262
hostile press, 226
Japanese diplomacy, 49, 253
misjudges Coolidge, 223, 295
modus vivendi, 254, 267, 269, 271
omissions to Cabinet and CID, 184, 186–187, 192
opposes Beatty, 260, 295
oral presentation to CID, 184, 190–191
parity promise, 236, 260
plot to topple Baldwin, 85–86
political judgment criticized, 48–49, 91–92
recalled to London, 261
resignation threatened, 61, 78, 81
right-to-parity promise, 217, 238, 249
seven-inch-gun compromise, 283
split with Cecil, 293
supports secrecy, 182, 184
ultimatum, 244–245, 258
“wider reference,” 185
Brown, Boveri Electric Corporation, 229
Bywater, Hector, 98

Cabinet, British
Beatty’s omissions to, 177, 182–189, 192, 196–197
Committee on cruiser construction, 287
compromise on parity, 241–243
crisis, 83, 91, 286
explosive debates, 278
instructed Balfour, 28
ire against Admiralty, 92, 287
League of Nations arms control, suspicious of, 141
modification of Anglo-Japanese Accord, 277–278
naval construction inquiry, 287
Naval Programme Committee, 55
parity repudiated, 277, 279
rejects 600,000 tons, 246
resignation threats, 4, 286
Cabinet Committee on Defense Estimates, 39–40, 62
derects Geddes Committee naval cuts, 41
Cabinet Committee on National Expenditure, 36, 38
Cabinet Committee on Naval Construction.
See also Birkenhead Committee
Campbell, Roland, 198
Coolidge reelection campaign, 198
predicts failure of Conference, 197–198, 260
Capital ship-building holiday, 21
Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, 124
Castle, William R., Jr., 127, 129, 161
Ambassador to Japan, 314
British proposals, 233
Gibson, 160, 162
League of Nations, 127
peace movement, 127
skeptical of British, 161
Cecil, James, 146
Cecil, Robert, 119, 193
Admiralty instructions, opposition to, 143–146, 193
Admiralty’s unconstitutional dominance, 298
“agreement was almost certain,” 195–197
American right to parity, 236, 299
Article 8 Treaty of Versailles, 141
Balfour, 119, 297, 299
blames Cabinet, 297
Blockade Minister, 139
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, 55, 140, 193
Churchill blamed, 273, 277
critical of Americans, 245, 252
“Dove of Peace,” 140
eight-inch gun, 266, 283
Gibson’s distrust, 245
Hankey, Maurice, 297, 299
high principals, 139
hostile American press, 225
House of Lords, address to, 299
League arms control proposals, 142–143
League of Nations Union, 140
May 20 CID meeting, 193
modus vivendi, 267–270
Nobel Peace Prize, 140
political clause, 284
Preparatory Commission, 193
recommendations to CID rejected, 146
refuses closing plenary argument, 290
resignation charges, 297, 299
resignation, 277, 286, 297
Cecil, Robert (cont.)
seven-inch gun proposed, 283
sharp practice, 260
Sub-Committee on Reduction and Limitation of Armaments, 142
warns against secrecy, 184
Woodrow Wilson Prize, 139–140
Woodrow Wilson, 139–140
Chamberlain, Austen, 132
accepts responsibility for failure, 300
Baldwin’s Canadian visit, 264, 286
blames Admiralty, 299
Blames Baldwin, 286
blames Gibson, 300
blames United States, 300
bows to Admiralty, 182
caution against secrecy, 184
Cecil, 140, 146
Conference failure deplored, 299
critical of Kellogg, 127, 200
defensive cruisers, 247
embarrassed by failure, 299
four resignations threatened, 286
Kuomintang, 134
Locarno Agreement, 48
“monstrous” American proposals, 249
Nobel Peace Prize, 48
opposes blockade claims, 132–133, 306
parity promise withdrawn, 281
risk of future war, 308
supports Anglo-Japanese Accord, 264
supports Bridge’s man’s parity promise, 241, 260
warns of collapse, 247, 260, 263
Chamberlain, Neville, 284
resignation threats recorded, 286
Chatfield, Adm. Ernle, 28
Chicago Daily News, 252
Chicago Tribune, 244
Christian Science Monitor, 252
Churchill, Winston
Admiralty fallacies, 274–275
Admiralty nemesis, 288
Anglo-Japanese Accord, 256
Beaty’s political tactics, 79–80, 82–85, 87–88, 173–176
Beaty’s removal, 88
building holiday, 23, 41, 269–270
Chancellor of the Exchequer, 3, 36
Conservative Party, 50, 52, 57
convoy, 68, 240, 262
Coolidge’s political motives, 199, 262
cuts to naval construction, 51, 241
defends Admiralty, 39, 49, 246
denigrates Japanese threat, 3, 66–67, 176
economic priority, 3, 50, 54
First Lord of the Admiralty, 3, 36, 49
industrial power, 3, 54
John Maynard Keynes, 50
Labour Party, 52
Liberal convictions, 48, 50–51, 55
Liberal Party, 36
modified Anglo-Japanese Accord, 274
modus vivendi, 267–270
naval supremacy, 2, 8, 49, 69–70, 234, 308
one-year delay, 3, 75, 92
opposes parity, 234, 241, 247, 257, 262, 308
opposes seventy cruisers, 66, 68, 235, 248
opposes six-inch gun cruisers, 74, 176, 300–302
opposes unlimited smaller cruisers, 53, 191
prescient strategy, 244, 257
priority of economic strength, 3, 51, 54
rate of ship replacement, 54, 275, 300
responsibility for shell failure, 100
Singapore base, 53
skillful strategy, 54, 248, 257, 274, 276, 287, 307–308
social and welfare reforms, 51–52
supports Beatty’s extension, 173, 179
supports eight-inch gun, 72–73, 94, 175
Ten-Year Rule, 53
three major concerns, 51
war with the United States, 262
worst blunder, 300
year-to-year building alternative, 276
Churchill, Clementine
warns against Beatty, 88
CID See Committee of Imperial Defense
Colwyn, Lord. See also F. H. Smith
Colwyn Committee
charges waste and mismanagement, 93
demands cuts in naval spending, 90, 92
Coolidge, Calvin, 122
British cruiser superiority, 162, 222
calls 1927 Conference, 155, 161–162
cancels Baldwin meeting, 256
concessions to British, 163
Congress, 161
dismament, 131
denies combat equivalency, 170
ends negotiations, 290
Index

Gibson, 160, 162
insists on eight-inch gun, 280
naval limitation, 132, 161
naval supremacy, 2, 309–310
opposes Anglo-Japanese Accord, 255
opposes six-inch-gun cruisers, 281
Preparatory Commission, 134, 135
rejects adjournment, 289
right to build 10,000-ton, eight-inch-gun cruisers, 281
switch to cruiser superiority, 309–310
Committee of Imperial Defense
Beatty’s omissions, 177, 185–189, 191
confused discussion May 20, 192
League arms control proposals, 143
propaganda initiative, 249
reasonable latitude on details, 192
Subcommittee on Reduction and Limitation of Armaments, 142
unlimited smaller cruisers, 248
unwillingness to challenge Admiralty, 192–193
See also Further Limitation of Naval Armaments Subcommittee
Congress, United States
10,000-ton, eight-inch-gun cruisers, 4
1916 Naval Act, 1, 5, 7
1918 Naval Act, 8
1929 naval construction, 310
1932 cruiser construction, 132
joint resolution on blockade claims, 134
modernization of battleships, 132
naval defense strategy, 131
convoy
Beatty opposes, 68, 241
Churchill advocates, 68, 240
Conservative Party
Admiralty’s political power, 60–61, 83
critics of Admiralty, 92
fear of resignation crisis, 63, 82, 86
naval construction, 310
10,000-ton, eight-inch-gun cruisers, 3, 30, 42, 100, 306
6,000-ton, six-inch-gun cruiser, 106, 223, 265
7,500-ton, six-inch-gun cruiser, 106
auxiliary cruisers, 2
battle cruisers, 2
combat weaknesses, 3, 72, 101–104
Emerald Class, 73
fighting power, 102–104
Furutaka Class, 44, 267, 270
Hawkins Class, 30, 42, 44, 71
increased costs, 41
Kent Class, 44, 101, 118
London Class, 44, 102
Myoko Class, 103
Northampton Class, 118
Omaha Class, 30, 110, 117
Pensacola Class, 120
Salt Lake City Class, 118
trade route protection, 24
Washington Conference approves unlimited number, 28
Curzon, George N., 55

Director of Gunnery
abolition of eight-inch gun, 103–106
defects of British eight-inch gun, 103
recommends second naval conference, 105–106
Dreadnought, 71–74
Davidson, J.C.C.
angry Cabinet debates, 278
claims sinister plot, 83
Conservative Party, 83
opposes Churchill, 83
Denby, Edwin, 18
Eberle, Adm. E. W., 164
Edgerton, Capt. W. A., 149
challenges strategy of secrecy, 149, 183
limitation of cruiser tonnage and gun size, 149
warnings verified, 183
Eight-inch gun
250-pound shell, 96
centerline, 70, 96
combat deficiencies of British, 3, 73, 94–95, 98
combat value, 70
complaints about, 96, 98
disappointing British muzzle velocity, 96
elevation, 95
excellent performance of American gun, 119–120
mountings defective, 95
range, 71, 73, 95
redesign efforts, 96, 98
revolutionary impact, 95, 157
rounds per minute, 96
secret, 98
superior to six-inch and 7.5-inch guns, 70
Federal Bureau of Investigation, 226, 310
Ferris, John Robert, 84
Field, Adm. Frederick L., 202, 252
advantageous position in cruisers, 164
criticism of Preparatory Commission, 143
marshals British press, 224
rejects combat equivalency, 243
Fighting Services Economy Committee
See also Colwyn Committee
Five-Power Treaty, 31, 131, 134
Fleet Faction, Japan, 33, 253, 314
Foreign Office, 53
critical of Kellogg, 123, 200
disdain of Coolidge, 200
recommends Field, 202
Ten-Year Rule, 74
Four-Power Treaty, 31
Fourteen Points, 8
France, 1
arms-control inspections, 137
opposition to submarine abolition, 27
seeks guarantees of security, 137
Freedom of the Seas, 1–2, 6, 18, 126, 134, 302
Fuller, Adm. Cyril, 72
Further Limitation of Naval Armaments
Subcommittee
Anglo-Japanese Accord, 259
created, 257
three alternative strategies, 263–264
Geddes, Eric, 36, 38
Geddes Committee, 36
See also Cabinet Committee on National Expenditures
General Board, United States Navy
10,000-ton cruiser, 108, 117, 168
10:10:06 ratio, 19, 21, 108
armed merchantmen, 110, 166
arms limitation, 134
blockade, 109
British duplicity, 223
combat equivalency, 166, 169
Congressional weakness, 10, 112, 116, 136
criticisms of Washington Conference, 108–110
cruiser design, 108, 110, 117
disillusionment, 108–109, 113
eight-inch gun success, 118–120, 167, 236
elevation of battleship guns, 114
fuel oil conversion, 115
Geneva negotiating objectives, 169
Great Britain’s cruiser superiority, 110, 116, 135, 166
 naval equality, 18, 171
 naval policy, 17
 naval strategy, 17, 116
 need for aircraft carriers, 17, 111, 116
 Pacific bases, 17–18, 111, 117, 136
 Preparatory Commission, 135–136
 rejection of strategy, 19, 166
 rejects seven-inch gun, 284
 relative naval strengths, 19, 110
 tacit compromise, 170
total tonnage, 168, 170
German Navy, 1
Gibson, Hugh, 127–129
Ambassador to Belgium, 128
blockade, 294
blunder, 279, 282, 293
British press, 224
Castle, 160–161
closing plenary address, 293, 295
Coolidge, 160
diplomatic posts, 160
Hoover, 128, 160
Kellogg, 162
Preparatory Commission, 122, 128–129, 137
rejection of Anglo-Japanese Accord, 279
Schofield, 232
Shearer, 232
Wilbur, 162
Guam, 17, 304
Hamaguchi, Osachi, 314
Hankey, Maurice
arms control, 141
criticizes Cabinet, 233
supports secrecy, 184
two-stage strategy, 235
Harding, Warren G.
calls Washington Conference of 1921–1922, 2, 11, 121, 302
campaign pledge, 10, 17, 121
cut taxes, 10, 122
naval equality, 2
political orthodoxy, 122, 305
priority of domestic politics, 10, 121, 304
Wilson’s Navy, 10
Hawkins Class cruisers. See Cruisers
Hearst, William Randolph, 228
Hepburn, Adm. A. P., 229
Hicks, William Joynson, 55
Hosare, Samuel, 84
Hoover, Herbert C., 2
1930 London Conference, 2, 312, 315
Index

1932 Geneva Disarmament Conference, 315

effort to save 1927 Conference, 257, 311

Gibson, 128, 312

Howard, 258

London Naval Treaty, 2, 313

MacDonald, 2, 313

yardstick, 312–13

Houghton, Alanson, 134

opposes second conference, 168

warns of Admiralty supremacy, 161, 168

Howard, Esme, 132, 198

Admiralty cruiser demands, 198, 222, 299

blames Admiralty, 299

blockade claims, 133

Conference failure, 289

Coolidge, 133

freedom of the seas, 290

future hostilities, 222, 290

Kellogg, 133

neutral rights, 290

parity essential, 198

warns of failure, 258

House Naval Affairs Committee, 132

Hughes, Charles Evans, 2, 122, 127

Anglo-Japanese Alliance, 21

diplomatic naivety, 16

domestic political priorities, 10, 16, 304

scrap ships, 19, 21, 302

Italy, 1

Ishii Kikijuro, 218

James, Edwin L., 168, 223

Japan

1930 London Treaty, 315

advocates three-power conference, 137

Anglo-Japanese Accord, 251, 254

British eight-inch gun, 98–99

compromise efforts, 251, 253–256, 285, 293, 309

Empire, 7

financial crisis, 9, 11

Manchurian invasion, 315

Marshall, Caroline, and Marianas Islands, 1, 6

Meiji Constitution, 11

menace to British, 64

National Defense Plan, 33

naval budget, 9

regional supremacy, 2, 5, 302–303

seventy percent ratio, 253, 305

terminates treaties, 315

Twenty-one Demands on China, 1, 6

Japanese delegates

avoid tax increases, 281

higher ratio, 254

secret talks, 285

support eight-inch gun, 254

Japanese Naval Vice Minister

bypasses Japanese Cabinet, 253

demands seventy-percent ratio, 253, 309

Fleet Faction, 33, 253, 314

instructions to delegates, 253

Jellicoe, Adm. John R., 101

Jones, Adm. Hilary P., 129–131

Adm. Frederick Field, 164

Anglo-American front, 157

Anglo-Saxon civilization, 130, 150

appoints Adm. Frank Schofield, 164–165

Beatty’s assurances, 150–151

British duplicity, 223

combat equivalency, 148, 220

compromise plan, 148–149

crucial assumptions, 156–157

diplomatic inexperience, 130, 147–148, 150, 152–153

discern, 159

emphasis on equality, 130, 151

entente with Great Britain, 130, 150

equivalency alternative, 148–159

expanded combat equivalency formula, 155–157, 159–160

Gibson, 160

July 4 address, 238, 243

memorandum to Kellogg, 153

Preparatory Commission, 122, 129

press leak, 232

rejects Anglo-Japanese Accord, 279

rejects British proposals, 219

rejects cruiser inferiority, 164

secret Anglo-American agreement, 157

secret reasons, 154

serious mistake, 153

Shearer, 228

ultimatum, 238, 244, 252

US General Board Chair, 129

Kanji, Adm. Kato, 33, 314

Kei, Hara, 4

assassinated, 31

relies on Tomosaburo, 11

Kellogg, Frank B., 122–124

Ambassador to Great Britain, 122

Anglo Japanese Accord rejected, 255, 279, 290
Kellogg, Frank B (cont.)
arms control, 126
blames Great Britain, 221, 280–281, 299
blockade claims, 133
British cruiser superiority, 162
caution about second conference, 161–162
China, 134
combat equivalency, 155, 169
criticisms of, 126, 172, 193, 200–201
diplomatic realist, 124
effort to save Conference, 258
future hostilities with Great Britain, 222
grapse of naval fundamentals, 168
Howard, 133
Kellogg-Briand Pact, 124
lack of limits on smaller cruisers, 219, 281
news briefings, 225, 253
Nobel Peace Prize, 124
proposes adjournment, 289
Schrofield’s praise of, 169
urges practical plan for Preparatory Commission, 131
Kelly, Vice Admiral John D.
criticizes Baldwin, 85
praises Beatty, 85
Kent Class cruisers. See cruisers
Keyes, Adm. Roger, 59, 70, 88, 173
anticipates U. S. blockade breaking, 263, 308
rushes production of British eight-inch gun, 3, 44
Keynes, George Maynard, 50
King George V, 245
Kobayashi, Adm. Seizo
censored, 281
difficult dilemma, 281
Kuomintang, 134
Labor Party, 36
League of Nations, 5, 121, 302, 304
Article 8 of Covenant, 127
Robert Cecil, 141–142
Preparatory Commission, 142
Lee, Arthur, 25, 38
legend tonnage, 114, 220
Leslie, Shane, 85
Lloyd George, David, 4, 56–37
British naval supremacy, 8
cuts naval construction, 12, 38
Lodge, Henry Cabot, 20, 127
London Class cruiser. See cruisers
London Conference, 1930, 2, 315

London Times, 224
London Treaty, 1930, 313

MacDonald, Ramsay, 37, 46–47, 52
1924 Government, 36, 46
agrees to fifty-cruiser limit, 313
civilian control, 313
continuity with Admiralty demands, 313
dismissed Japanese threat, 46
Hoover, 313
opposed food ship exemptions, 313
opposed sale of naval bases, 313
policy to avoid war with United States, 314
Madden, Adm. Charles, 173, 286
Marvell, Vice Adm. G.R.
“perfectly marvelous” eight-inch gun, 120
Mariner, Ted (J. Theodore), 225
Coolidge endorses combat equivalency, 169
Meiji Constitution, 11
merchantmen
as commerce raiders, 29, 66
with six-inch guns, 179
modus vivendi, 267–269, 271

Naval Staff, British
anxiety over its cruisers, 95–107
defective eight-inch gun, 104, 175
economic rationale, 143
limits cruisers and guns, 105–106
superiority in cruisers, 45, 177–178

Naval supremacy
Great Britain, 1–2, 8, 14, 29, 302, 304
Japan, 11, 14, 302–303
United States, 2, 5–6, 9, 303–304

Navy League, 224
Newport News Shipping, 229
New York Illustrated News, 227
New York Times, 223, 227–228
Nelson, HMS, 135, 177, 219, 236
Nine-Power Treaty, 31, 134
Northampton Class cruisers. See cruisers
New Zealand opposes higher Japanese ratio, 220
Neutral rights, 1, 6

Omaha Class cruisers. See cruisers
One-power standard, 14, 66
Open Door policy, 1, 17, 20, 109, 304
Index

Panama Canal, 24
Paris Peace Conference, See Versailles
peace societies, 9
Philippine Islands
inability to defend, 1, 7
Pinkerton Detective Agency, 227
Pound, Adm. D. P. R.
criticism of Cecil, 277, 296
opposes political clause, 285
opposes seven-inch gun, 283–284
Winston’s wild schemes, 276
Pratt, Adm. William P., 130
Preparatory Commission
League of Nations, 127
tangle of disputes, 136
Reeves, Captain J. M., 231, 252
Rodney, HMS, 135, 177, 219, 236
Roosevelt, Franklin D.
1936 London Naval Treaty, 315
Assistant Secretary of the Navy, 140, 315
naval building, 315
Woodrow Wilson Prize, 140
Roosevelt, Theodore, Jr.
Beatty’s stalling strategy, 24, 38
Coolidge’s political gesture, 199
Root, Elihu, 18
Roskill, Stephen, 85
Saito, Makato
Anglo-Japanese Accord, 293
casts blame for failure, 293
denies Japanese responsibility, 293
mediates differences, 293
seventy percent ratio, 218, 253, 293, 305
Salt Lake City Class cruisers. See cruisers
Schofield, Adm. Frank H.
Admiralty strategic thinking, 41, 113
bloodless victories, 113
British superiority, 113–116
critical of Washington Conference, 113
definition of sea power, 113
Four-Power Treaty, 113
meetings with reporters, 232
meetings with Shearer, 231–232
on politicians, 113
praise of Kellogg, 169
Scotland Yard, 227
Shearer, William B., 226–232
anti-British, 230
criticism of Congress, 227
disreputable character, 227
lobbyist for defense contractors, 229
meeting with Coolidge, 228
self-defense, 226
shells, British defective, 100
Singapore naval base, 36, 83
war with Japan, 41, 67
Smith, Vice Adm. Aubrey, 158
Smith, F.E.
See also Birkenhead, Lord
Snowden, Philip
rejects seventy cruisers, 46
submarine, 1–2
Tanaka, Giichi, 254
tentative agreement on auxiliaries, 238
Ten-Year Rule, 13, 91
Admiralty opposition to, 55, 60, 182
Churchill’s support of, 53, 60
Tomasaburo, Adm. Kato, 11, 305
compromise at Washington Conference, 31–32
innovative combat tactics, 33
seventy-percent ratio, 31
sixty-percent ratio, 31
two-pronged strategy, 32–33
ton-mileage method, 178, 189, 252
total-tonnage method, 158
trade protection, 24, 166
trade routes, 191
Train, Harold C., 252
treaty right to equality, 163
Twenty-one Demands, 1, 6, 304
Tyrell, William
parity agreed to, 233
presentation to Cabinet, 233
Tully J., 199
United States Naval Intelligence, 226
Underwood, Oscar, 20
Van Keuren, Capt. H. K.
accuracy of eight-inch gun, 119–120
Versailles Peace Conference, 1, 5, 302
war at the peace table, 4, 316
Washington Conference, 1921–1922, 2, 14, 16–36
Westminster Guardian, 252
Wilbur, Curtis D., 125
defense of Washington Conference, 125
denounces Shearer, 228
Gibson, 162
Willet, Arthur, 224
Williams, Wythe
6,000-ton cruisers, 223

British trick, 223
reports on Shearer, 229–230
Women’s International League for Peace and
Freedom, 124
Wilson, Woodrow
1916 Naval Act, 5–6
1918 Naval Act, 8
freedom of the seas, 1–2, 8,
304
“navy second to none,” 1, 5, 9, 303