

Collecting Qualitative Data

This book provides a practical and accessible guide to collecting qualitative data that moves beyond the traditional focus on face-to-face interviews. It emphasises a range of textual, media and virtual methods that provide interesting twists on, and are less resource-intense than, established methods, thereby offering the researcher alternative techniques for collecting data. Divided into three parts, textual, media and virtual, the book provides stepwise guidance on methods that are underutilised within qualitative research and offers new and interesting angles on widely used techniques. Contributors share their experiences of implementing each particular technique and highlight both its potentials and pitfalls. What unites all the methods featured in this book is that they are ideally suited to student projects and resource-limited research. The book will be of interest to readers both new to qualitative research and established researchers seeking to broaden their methodological repertoire.

Virginia Braun is Professor in the School of Psychology at The University of Auckland, New Zealand. A feminist and critical psychologist, her research explores gender, bodies, sex/sexuality and health, and she has published extensively in these areas. She is co-author of the award-winning textbook *Successful Qualitative Research: A Practical Guide for Beginners*, as well as numerous other methodological works. Notably, with Victoria Clarke, she developed an approach to thematic analysis which has become one of the most widely used qualitative methods in the social and health sciences.

Victoria Clarke is Associate Professor in Qualitative and Critical Psychology at the University of the West of England, Bristol, UK. She has published three prize-winning books, including most recently *Successful Qualitative Research:* A Practical Guide for Beginners. She has conducted Economic and Social Research Council- and British Academy-funded research on family and relationships and has published on topics including appearance psychology, human sexuality, LGBTQ psychology and qualitative methods. With Virginia Braun, she developed an approach to thematic analysis which has become one of the most widely used qualitative methods in the social and health sciences.

Debra Gray is Reader in Social Psychology at the University of Winchester, UK. She is a critical social psychologist whose work explores the intersecting areas of social, political and environmental psychology. She has published widely on many topics relating to participation in political, community and



health settings and collective socio-spatial identities and intergroup relations. She has an ongoing interest in the intersection of research and practice, and works with many third-sector and public-sector organisations. She has expertise in a wide range of qualitative methods, and she is excited by creative (and multi-modal) ways to collect, analyse and use qualitative data.



Collecting Qualitative Data

A Practical Guide to Textual, Media and Virtual Techniques

VIRGINIA BRAUN

The University of Auckland

VICTORIA CLARKE

University of the West of England, Bristol

DEBRA GRAY

The University of Winchester





> CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom

One Liberty Plaza, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10006, USA

477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia

4843/24, 2nd Floor, Ansari Road, Daryaganj, Delhi – 110002, India

79 Anson Road, #06-04/06, Singapore 079906

Cambridge University Press is part of the University of Cambridge.

It furthers the University's mission by disseminating knowledge in the pursuit of education, learning, and research at the highest international levels of excellence.

www.cambridge.org

Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9781107054974

DOI: 10.1017/9781107295094

© Virginia Braun, Victoria Clarke and Debra Gray 2017

This publication is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements, no reproduction of any part may take place without the written permission of Cambridge University Press.

First published 2017

Printed in the United Kingdom by Clays, St Ives plc

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Names: Braun, Virginia (Professor in Psychology), author. | Clarke, Victoria (Associate Professor in Qualitative and Critical Psychology), author. | Gray, Debra (Reader in Social Psychology), author.

Title: Collecting qualitative data: a practical guide to textual, media and virtual techniques / Virginia Braun, The University of Auckland, Victoria Clarke, University of the West of England, Debra Gray, the University of Winchester.

Description: Cambridge, UK; New York, NY: Cambridge University Press, 2017.

Identifiers: LCCN 2016033205 | ISBN 9781107054974 (hardback) |

ISBN 9781107662452 (paperback)

Subjects: LCSH: Qualitative research – Methodology. | Social sciences –

Research-Methodology.

Classification: LCC H62 .B71496 2016 | DDC 001.4/2–dc23 LC record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2016033205

ISBN 978-1-107-05497-4 Hardback ISBN 978-1-107-66245-2 Paperback

Cambridge University Press has no responsibility for the persistence or accuracy of URLs for external or third-party internet websites referred to in this publication and does not guarantee that any content on such websites is, or will remain, accurate or appropriate.



Contents

	Figures, Tables and Boxes	page xiii
	Acknowledgements	xvii
	Contributors	xix
	Foreword - Brendan Gough	XXV
1	Collecting Textual, Media and Virtual Data in Qualitative	:
	Research	1
	Virginia Braun, Victoria Clarke and Debra Gray	
	Why This Book?	1
	What This Book Offers the Qualitative Researcher	4
	Who Is This Book for?	4
	How to Read and Use This Book	4
	A Guide to the Pedagogical Features in This Book	7
	Overview of Chapters	8
	Further Resources: Readings	11
	References	11
Part I	Textual Data Collection	13
2	Short but Often Sweet: The Surprising Potential of Quali	tative
	Survey Methods	15
	Gareth Terry and Virginia Braun	
	Overview	15
	Introduction to Qualitative Surveys	15
	What Do Qualitative Surveys Offer the Qualitative	
	Researcher?	17
	What Research Questions Suit Qualitative Surveys?	22
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	24
	Ethics and Sampling	29

© in this web service Cambridge University Press



More Information

vi **Contents**

	Specific Design Considerations	30
	Steps to Using Qualitative Surveys	31
	What Can Go Wrong with Qualitative Surveys?	33
	What Methods of Analysis Suit Qualitative Survey	
	Data?	35
	Conclusion	37
	Have a Go	38
	Further Resources: Online	40
	Further Resources: Readings	40
	References	40
3	Once Upon a Time Qualitative Story Completion Methods	45
	Victoria Clarke, Nikki Hayfield, Naomi Moller, Irmgard Tischner and the Story Completion Research Group	
	Overview	45
	Introduction to Story Completion	45
	What Does Story Completion Offer the Qualitative	
	Researcher?	48
	What Research Questions Suit Story Completion?	51
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	52
	Steps to Using Story Completion	55
	What Can Go Wrong with Story Completion?	60
	What Methods of Analysis Suit Story	
	Completion Data?	62
	Conclusion	66
	Have a Go	66
	Further Resources: Online	67
	Further Resources: Readings	67
	References	68
4	Hypothetically Speaking: Using Vignettes as a Stand-Alone	
	Qualitative Method	71
	Debra Gray, Bronwen Royall and Helen Malson	
	Overview	71
	Introduction to Vignettes	71
	What Do Vignettes Offer the Qualitative Researcher?	74
	What Research Questions Suit Vignettes?	77
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	79
	Steps to Using Vignettes	85



More Information

	Contents	vi
	What Can Go Wrong with Vignettes?	86
	What Methods of Analysis Suit Vignette Data?	87
	Conclusion Have a Go	88 89
	Further Resources: Online	90
	Further Resources: Readings	90
	References	91
5	'Coughing Everything Out': The Solicited Diary Method Paula Meth	94
	Overview	94
	Introduction to Solicited Qualitative Diaries	94
	What Do Solicited Qualitative Diaries Offer the Qualitative Researcher?	97
	What Research Questions Suit Solicited Qualitative	
	Diaries?	99
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	100
	Steps to Using Solicited Qualitative Diaries	105
	What Can Go Wrong with Solicited Qualitative	
	Diaries?	108
	What Methods of Analysis Suit Solicited Qualitative	110
	Diary Data?	110
	Conclusion Have a Go	110 111
	Further Resources: Online	111
	Further Resources: Readings	113
	References	113
	References	112
Part II	Media Data Collection	117
6	Making Media Data: An Introduction to Qualitative Media	
	Research	119
	Laura Favaro, Rosalind Gill and Laura Harvey	
	Overview	119
	Introduction to Media Data	119
	What Do Media Data Offer the Qualitative	
	Researcher?	125
	What Research Questions Suit Media Data?	128
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	129



More Information

viii Contents

	Ethical Issues	129
	Design and Sampling	131
	What Can Go Wrong with Media Data?	134
	Analysing Media Data	135
	Conclusion	138
	Have a Go	140
	Further Resources: Online	140
	Further Resources: Readings	140
	References	141
7	'God's Great Leveller': Talkback Radio as Qualitative Data Scott Hanson-Easey and Martha Augoustinos	144
	Overview	144
	Introduction to Talkback Radio	144
	What Does Talkback Radio Offer the Qualitative	177
	Researcher?	146
	What Research Questions Suit Talkback Radio Data?	149
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	151
	Steps to Using Talkback Radio	153
	What Can Go Wrong with Talkback Radio?	156
	What Methods of Analysis Suit Talkback	
	Radio Data?	157
	Conclusion	160
	Have a Go	160
	Further Resources: Online	162
	Further Resources: Readings	162
	References	163
8	Archives of Everyday Life: Using Blogs in Qualitative	
	Research	166
	Nicholas Hookway	
	Overview	166
	Introduction to Blog Research	166
	What Do Blogs Offer the Qualitative Researcher?	169
	What Research Questions Suit Blog Data?	171
	Design and Sampling: Steps to Doing Blog Research	171
	Ethical Issues in Blog Research	176
	What Can Go Wrong with Blog Research?	178
	Matching Blogs to Research Aims	178



More Information

ix
178
179
180
181
183
183
184
185
185
189
189
189
-0,
193
194
194
195
195
1,0
196
198
199
199
201
202
203
205
206
207
208
208
208
209



More Information

x Contents

Part III	Virtual Data Collection	211
10	'Type Me Your Answer': Generating Interview Data via Email Lucy Gibson	213
	Overview	213
	Introduction to Email Interviewing What Does Email Interviewing Offer the Qualitative	213
	Researcher?	215
	What Research Questions Suit Email Interviews?	221
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	222
	Participants, Sampling and Recruitment	222
	Ethical Issues	224
	Steps to Using Email Interviews	225
	What Can Go Wrong with Email Interviews? What Methods of Analysis Suit Email Interview	228
	Data?	230
	Conclusion	231
	Have a Go	231
	Further Resources: Online	232
	Further Resources: Readings	232
	References	233
11	A Productive Chat: Instant Messenger Interviewing Pamela J. Lannutti	235
	Overview	235
	Introduction to Instant Messenger Interviews What Do Instant Messenger Interviews Offer the	235
	Qualitative Researcher?	237
	What Research Questions Suit Instant Messenger	231
	Interviews?	241
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	242
	Steps to Using Instant Messenger Interviews	242
	What Can Go Wrong with Instant Messenger	
	Interviews?	247
	What Methods of Analysis Suit Instant Messenger	
	Interview Data?	250
	Conclusion	251
	Have a Go	252



More Information

_	Contents	xi
	Further Resources: Online	253
	Further Resources: Readings	253
	References	253
12	'I'm Not with You, Yet I Am ': Virtual Face-to-Face	
	Interviews Paul Hanna and Shadreck Mwale	256
		256
	Overview	256
	Introduction to Skype Interviews	256
	What Do Skype Interviews Offer the Qualitative Researcher?	250
		258
	What Research Questions Suit Skype Interviews?	261 262
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues Recruitment	262
		262
	Design Steps to Using Skype for Interviews	266
	What Can Go Wrong with Skype Interviews?	267
	What Methods of Analysis Suit Skype Interview Data?	269
	Conclusion	270
	Have a Go	270
	Further Resources: Online	272
	Further Resources: Readings	272
	References	272
13	Meeting in Virtual Spaces: Conducting Online	
	Focus Groups	275
	Fiona Fox	
	Overview	275
	Introduction to Online Focus Groups	275
	What Do Online Focus Groups Offer the Qualitative	
	Researcher?	279
	What Research Questions Suit Online Focus Groups?	281
	Design, Sampling and Ethical Issues	281
	Recruiting Online	281
	Group Size	282
	Ethical Issues	283
	Steps to Using Online Focus Groups	285
	What Can Go Wrong with Online Focus Groups?	291



More Information

xii Contents

What Methods of Analysis Suit Online Focus G	roup
Data?	292
Conclusion	293
Have a Go	295
Further Resources: Online	295
Further Resources: Readings	295
References	296
Afterword - Ruthellen Josselson	300
Glossary	303
Index	319



Figures, Tables and Boxes

Chapter 2	2
-----------	---

Figure 2.1	Consent in the BHRA survey	page 30
Figure 2.2	An example of textboxes from the BHRA study	31
Table 2.1	The pros and cons of hard copy, email and online	
	survey formats	20
Box 2.1	Introducing the 'body hair and its removal	
	and alteration' (BHRA) survey	16
Box 2.2	The qualitative <i>survey</i> or the qualitative	
	questionnaire – are they the same?	17
Box 2.3	A typology of more- to less-qualitative surveys	18
Box 2.4	Trolling and zingers	24
Box 2.5	Definitions provided in the BHRA survey	25
Box 2.6	BHRA Question 32	27
Box 2.7	Recruit, recruit!	34
Box 2.8	Personal reflections on using qualitative surveys	37
Box 2.9	BHRA data for coding exercise	39
Chapter 3		
Figure 3.1	An example of a story map	64
Table 3.1	Examples of existing story completion research,	
	questions and theory	52
Box 3.1	Exploring perceptions and constructions of gender,	
	sexuality and appearance	46
Box 3.2	Examples of story completion data	61
Box 3.3	Personal reflections on using story completion	65
Chapter 4		
Box 4.1	Constructing the teenage 'anorexic'	72
Box 4.2	Example of an 'anorexia' vignette: Hannah version	81
Box 4.3	Personal reflections on using vignettes	89
		xiii



More Information

xiv List of Figures, Tables and Boxes

Chapter 5		
Figure 5.1	An example diary entry – written in Zulu by a male	
	participant	103
Box 5.1	Domestic violence in violent contexts	95
Box 5.2	Example of diary instructions: 'Men's experience	
	of violence in informal settlements in South Africa'	
	study	107
Box 5.3	Reflections on using solicited diaries	111
Chapter 6		
Box 6.1	The mediated intimacy and postfeminism study	120
Box 6.2	The everyday coupledom study	121
Box 6.3	The 'emasculation nation' study	122
Box 6.4	What about media audiences?	126
Box 6.5	After publication	138
Box 6.6	Personal reflections on using media data	139
Chapter 7		
Box 7.1	The discursive construction of Sudanese refugees	
	in Australia on talkback radio	145
Box 7.2	An illustrative example of a discursive analysis	
	of talkback radio	158
Box 7.3	Personal reflections on using talkback radio	161
Chapter 8		
Figure 8.1	Example blog post from Blogger	169
Figure 8.2	'Front' of blog invite	175
Table 8.1	Blog research examples	172
Table 8.2	Blog research steps in brief	173
Box 8.1	Exploring everyday morality	167
Box 8.2	Personal reflections on blog research	183
Chapter 9		
Figure 9.1	Reproduction of text of first three posts in thread	
	'Conversations with Fake Fans'	192



More Information

	List of Figures, Tables and Boxes	XV
Box 9.1	The online Asperger community reacts to being	
	reclassified in the DSM5	190
Box 9.2	Opening post-thread and first reply	196
Box 9.3	An example of identity contestation from the pro-ana	
	site	197
Box 9.4	Personal reflections on discussion forums	207
Chapter 10		
Figure 10.1	Screen grab of participant's positive feedback	
	and further reflection	219
Figure 10.2	Screen grab of participant's additional reflection and	
	comment	220
Box 10.1	Understanding popular music fandom and the life	
	course	214
Box 10.2	Where your email interview participants come from can	
	matter	216
Box 10.3	Written answers are carefully considered	218
Box 10.4	Personal reflections on using email interviews	232
Chapter 11		
Box 11.1	Legal recognition of same-sex marriage in the US	236
Box 11.2	Example Internet Messenger interview protocol	243
Box 11.3	Example informed consent document	244
Box 11.4	Example ground rules for an Internet Messenger	
	interview	246
Box 11.5	Personal reflections on using Internet Messenger	
	interviews	252
Chapter 12	2	
Box 12.1	Sustainable tourism	257
Box 12.2	Volunteer involvement in Phase 1 clinical trials	257
Box 12.3	Summary of guidelines on how to formulate interview	
	questions	263
Box 12.4	Example interview schedule from the 'volunteer	
	involvement in Phase 1 clinical trials' study	264



More Information

xvi List of Figures, Tables and Boxes		
Box 12.5	Example interview schedule from the 'sustainable	
	tourism' study	265
Box 12.6	Personal reflections on using Skype interviews	271
Chapter 13	3	
Figure 13.1	Moderator's screen for my real-time OFGs	288
Table 13.1	Data extract from a real-time OFG with young people	
	with psoriasis	277
Table 13.2	Data extract from a non-real-time online chat group	
	with young people with vitiligo	278
Table 13.3	Steps for running real-time and non-real-time OFGs	286
Box 13.1	Experiences of young people with chronic skin	
	conditions	276
Box 13.2	Focus group guide for real-time OFGs	290
Box 13.3	Personal reflections on using OFGs	294



Acknowledgements

This book, *Collecting Qualitative Data* (*CQD*), developed out of a seminar – Qualitative Research in an Age of Austerity – which took place at the University of the West of England in October 2012. We are very grateful to the Qualitative Methods in Psychology Section of the British Psychological Society for the seminar competition award that enabled the event to take place, and to our seminar co-organisers, Nikki Hayfield and Naomi Moller. And we were delighted that Cambridge University Press *got* our vision for the book and came on board.

The five-year interval between that seminar and the publication of this book means it will come as no surprise that we have to thank our contributors for bearing with us when health problems and work overload got in the way of us being the efficient and 'on it like a scotch bonnet' (thanks Nikki!) editors we ideally aspire to be. With this in mind, we particularly thank Tim Kurz, who joined us for the early stages of the adventure sailed by the good ship CQD. Sadly, work also got in the way of his involvement, and he jumped overboard and swam back to safe harbour. His early involvement is much appreciated!

We were thrilled that two titans of the world of qualitative research – Professor Brendan Gough and Professor Ruthellen Josselson – agreed to provide wise words that set us off on (BG), and welcomed us back from (RJ), the *CQD* adventure. Thanks to our students, especially our supervisees (past and current), for being enthusiastic co-adventurers in messing around with qualitative methods. And it goes without saying (but we're saying it) that we extend a very warm 'huzzah!' to all the people who have mentored, inspired and collaborated with us over the years.

Debra wants to say a special thank you to her chapter co-authors – Helen and Bronwen – for their help in navigating the wilds of vignette research; to her PhD supervisor – Kevin Durrheim – for introducing her to qualitative methods in the first place, and for encouraging her to ask critical questions and find critical answers. And Ginny and Victoria want to say a special thank you to

xvii



xviii

Acknowledgements

Celia Kitzinger and Sue Wilkinson, their PhD supervisors at Loughborough University, for fanning the flames of their love of qualitative research, encouraging them, and giving them the confidence, to become adventurers, to 'experiment' (in the broadest sense), with qualitative methods. Their chapters in this book are heavily indebted to Sue and Celia's groundbreaking work.



Contributors

Martha Augoustinos is Professor of Psychology at the University of Adelaide, Australia. Martha has published widely in the field of social psychology and discourse, in particular on the nature of racial discourse in Australia. This has included an analysis of how Indigenous Australians are constructed in everyday conversation and political rhetoric. She is co-author of *Social Cognition* with Iain Walker and Ngaire Donaghue and co-editor with Kate Reynolds of *Understanding Prejudice, Racism and Social Conflict*.

Laura Favaro is a doctoral student at City University London, UK. Her thesis examines constructions of gender, sex, sexuality and intimate relationships in UK- and Spain-based commercial women's online magazines, integrating analyses of the editorial content, user forum discussions and interviews with producers. Laura convenes the Gender & Sexualities Research Forum at City.

Fiona Fox is a researcher with the Ethnography team at the National Institute for Health Research Collaborations for Leadership in Applied Health Research and Care West (NIHR CLAHRC West), UK. Prior to that, she studied and worked at the three universities in Bristol and Bath, gaining a BSc from the University of Bristol; a PhD from the Centre for Appearance Research at the University of the West of England; and a great deal of postdoc experience from the Department for Health, at the University of Bath. Fiona has used qualitative approaches for a variety of applied health research topics, as well as supervising, reviewing and teaching qualitative research methods.

Lucy Gibson is Lecturer in Applied Health and Social Care at Edge Hill University, UK. Her doctoral research explored popular music and the life course and investigated themes of cultural commitment, lifestyles and identities amongst fans of northern and rare soul, rock, and electronic dance music (EDM). Lucy has published and presented academic work on popular music

xix



ХХ

List of Contributors

and ageing, the extension of youth cultural practices in adulthood, using email interviews to investigate music and memory, and the ageing body. Her research interests broadly focus on ageing, youth culture, community engagement, well-being and online research methods.

David Giles is Reader in Media Psychology at the University of Winchester, UK. He has published several books on the influence of media and celebrity and numerous papers on the social dynamics of online communication, with particular reference to mental health. He is one of the founders of the multidisciplinary MOOD (Microanalysis of Online Data) network, which organises an annual international workshop on the development of methods for performing close qualitative analyses of a broad range of online materials incorporating text, visual content, hyperlinks and other uniquely digital phenomena.

Rosalind Gill is Professor of Social and Cultural Analysis at City University London, UK. She is interested in gender, media, and intimate life, as well as in new technologies and cultural and creative labour. She is author or co-editor of several books including *Gender and the Media, Secrecy and Silence in the Research Process* with Roisin Ryan Flood and *New Femininities* with Christina Scharff.

Brendan Gough is Professor of Social Psychology in the School of Social, Psychological and Communication Sciences at Leeds Beckett University, UK. Brendan has published numerous papers on gender identities and relations, mostly on health and well-being (weight, alcohol consumption, smoking, diet and aspects of men's health). He is co-founder and co-editor of the journal *Qualitative Research in Psychology*, and he edits the Critical Psychology section of the journal *Social & Personality Psychology Compass*. He has also co-authored *Critical Social Psychology* and co-edited *Men, Masculinities and Health* and *Reflexivity*.

Paul Hanna is a Chartered Psychologist and Lecturer in Sustainable Tourism at the University of Surrey, UK. His main research interests are identity, well-being, sustainability, pro-environmental behaviours and research methodologies. His work has been published in a range of journals, including *GeoJournal*, *Journal of Consumer Culture, Theory & Psychology, Qualitative Research, Qualitative Research in Psychology* and *Environmental Economics*. He is currently working on a range of research projects exploring spatial, affective, social and individual elements of sustainable behaviour in relation to leisure and tourism.



List of Contributors

xxi

Scott Hanson-Easey is Research Fellow in the School of Population Health at the University of Adelaide, Australia. He has a formal background in social psychology, and his research, employing discourse analysis and social representations theory, has addressed social issues such as intergroup relations, the language of racism and intercultural risk communication. Recently, his work has focused on the social construction of climate change risk and adaptation.

Laura Harvey is Lecturer in Sociology at the University of Surrey, UK. Her work takes an interdisciplinary approach, drawing on sociology, gender studies, social psychology and cultural studies. Her research interests include everyday intimacies and inequalities, research with young people, sexualities, the mediation of sexual knowledge, feminist methodologies and discourse analysis.

Nikki Hayfield is Senior Lecturer in Social Psychology in the Department of Health and Social Sciences at the University of the West of England, Bristol, UK. Her PhD was an exploration of bisexual women's visual identities and bisexual marginalisation. In her research, she uses qualitative methodologies to explore lesbian, gay, bisexual and heterosexual sexualities, relationships and (alternative) families.

Nicholas Hookway is currently Lecturer in Sociology within the School of Social Sciences at the University of Tasmania, Australia. Nick's principal research interest is morality and social change in conditions of late modernity. His other research interests are kindness, religion and spirituality, and online research technologies.

Ruthellen Josselson is Professor of Clinical Psychology at the Fielding Graduate University, US, and a psychotherapist in private practice. Her research focuses on women's identity and on human relationships. She received both the Henry A. Murray Award and the Theodore R. Sarbin Award from the American Psychological Association as well as a Fulbright Fellowship. She has been active in group relations work for many years, consults to organisations, and lectures and conducts workshops both nationally and internationally. She is the editor of the journal *Qualitative Psychology* and the author of numerous books including, most recently, *Interviewing for Qualitative Inquiry*.

Pamela J. Lannutti is Associate Professor of Communication and Director of the Graduate Programs in Professional and Business Communication at La Salle University, Philadelphia, US. Her research focuses on communication in



xxii

List of Contributors

personal relationships. Much of her recent work has focused on same-sex marriage, and she is the author of *Experiencing Same-Sex Marriage*.

Helen Malson is Associate Professor of Social Psychology in the Department of Health and Social Sciences at the University of the West of England, UK. Her research focuses on critical feminist analyses of 'eating disorders' and, more broadly, on issues of gendered embodiment. Her methodological expertise lies in critical discourse analytic approaches in analysing a variety of different data types. Her research has been funded by the Arts Research Council, the New South Wales Department of Health and the Westmead Millennium Trust. Her publications include *The Thin Woman* and, with Maree Burns, *Critical Feminist Approaches to Eating Dis/Orders*.

Paula Meth is Senior Lecturer in the Department of Urban Studies and Planning at Sheffield University, UK. Her work encompasses Social Geography, Urban Studies and Development Studies and is focused on gender, violence and housing in South Africa. Paula is the co-author of *Geographies of Developing Areas*, and she has published various papers on issues relating to qualitative methodology, particularly in relation to the ethics of working on violence as well as the use of diaries and mixed methods in research.

Naomi Moller is a Chartered Psychologist and Lecturer in Psychology at the Open University, UK. Trained as a counselling psychologist, she has a long-standing interest in research, teaching research methods and supervising research for almost a decade, and recently co-edited with Andreas Vossler *The Counselling and Psychotherapy Research Handbook*. Her research interests include perceptions and understandings of counsellors and counselling, relationship and family research, including infidelity. Naomi is co-director of the Families, Relationships and Communities research group at the Open University, and is on the editorial board of various journals including the British Association of Counselling and Psychotherapy's *Counselling and Psychotherapy Research*.

Shadreck Mwale is a medical sociologist and Lecturer in Sociology and Social Policy at the University of Brighton, UK. His research interests are in human involvement in clinical trials, regulation of medical innovations, inequalities and health, and research methodologies. He has recently completed his PhD and is working on a number of publications derived from his research on ethical and regulatory dimensions of healthy volunteer involvement in Phase 1 clinical trials.



List of Contributors

xxiii

Bronwen Royall graduated from the University of the West of England with a degree in psychology and is currently studying for an MSc in neuropsychology at the University of Bristol, UK. Her research interests are predominantly focused on issues in mental health following her work as an assistant psychologist.

The Story Completion Research Group includes Victoria Clarke, Nikki Hayfield, Naomi Moller and Irmgard Tischner and various postgraduate students including Iduna Shah-Beckley and Matthew Wood, both of whom have contributed to the writing of Chapter 3. Other students have given their permission for us to use their research as illustrative examples.

Gareth Terry is Senior Research Officer at the Centre for Person Centred Research at AUT University (Auckland, New Zealand). His research fits broadly in the areas of critical health and critical social psychologies, with particular interests in people's experiences of life with chronic health conditions, men's health, body image, reproductive decision-making, and masculine identities. He also has methodological interests in thematic analysis, critical discursive psychology and qualitative survey development, and has contributed to edited volumes in these areas.

Irmgard Tischner is Senior Lecturer at the Technical University of Munich, at the Chair of Sociology of Diversity. Focusing on poststructuralist, feminist and critical psychological approaches, her research interests include issues around embodiment and subjectivity, particularly in relation to (gendered) discourses of body size, health and physical activity in contemporary Western industrialised societies, as well as gendered issues of appearance and leadership in business and politics.



Foreword

Brendan Gough

Qualitative research is a rich, diverse field which is ever expanding and fragmenting. However, this diversity is all too often confined to specialist journals and conferences – the type of qualitative research featured in established journals is often quite formulaic, dry and dull (see Brinkmann, 2015). Students and early career researchers may be forgiven for thinking that qualitative research constitutes doing interviews and then attempting to generate some themes from the resulting transcripts. As the editors of this book and various other qualitative researchers have noted, however, interviews can be re-imagined in enriching and productive ways, whether facilitating the recruitment and engagement of otherwise hard-to-reach participants via communication technologies (messaging, Skype, etc.), or employing meaningful artefacts (e.g., photographs, treasured possessions) and activities (drawing, story completion) to help enliven and extend face-to-face interviews (e.g., Guillemin, 2004; Jowett, Peel and Shaw, 2011; Sheridan and Chamberlain, 2011).

Beyond interviews, there is a world of qualitative data to be sought, selected and/or collected, ranging from newspaper and magazine articles (and readers' responses to stories) to online sources, such as discussion forums, blogs and social media content. Moreover, the use of media and virtual data sources in qualitative research can be less time-consuming, less challenging and less ethically complex than more traditional face-to-face interviews and focus groups – and therefore appealing to novice qualitative researchers working on time-limited projects. A text like this is therefore to be welcomed, opening up a whole new repertoire of innovative methods which can engage current and future generations of qualitative researchers. As such, it builds on and extends recent calls to document, deploy and celebrate diversity in qualitative enquiry (e.g., Madill and Gough, 2008; Gough and Lyons, 2016).

Rather uniquely, this book foregrounds data collection. It is curious that most qualitative methods textbooks tend to emphasise different modes of analysis over data collection, and that, invariably, those methods of qualitative data collection that do feature are interviews and focus groups. In explicating

XXV



More Information

xxvi Foreword

different (and some novel) techniques of gathering, generating and finding qualitative data, current and potential qualitative researchers are provided with clear guidelines, illustrations and reflections which will help them make informed choices for their own research endeavours. All chapter contributors are experts in the methods they present, and offer valuable 'insider' insights into the particular practices, potential pitfalls and pleasures involved in their own brand of qualitative research.

Given that quantitative researchers are becoming more acquainted with qualitative research methods, it is refreshing to see a whole part of the book devoted to qualitative 'experimenting' with conventional quantitative tools, such as surveys and vignettes. Qualitative surveys, for example, present a series of open questions in order to encourage participants to provide more detailed accounts of the topic in question than would be gathered using traditional numerical scales and tick-box questionnaires. The qualitative survey can also empower the researcher/s by delivering high sample sizes and large datasets, which many mainstream journals expect from submitting authors. The other methods covered showcase creative modes of eliciting personal accounts from participants; the use of hypothetical scenarios (story completion; vignettes) may engage participants to explore personal experiences without feeling exposed, while bespoke diary methods allow participants to develop meaningful accounts and reflections over time.

It is also pleasing to see a part on media materials – resources too often left to the margins of qualitative research or to interdisciplinary fields such as media studies, where theoretical preferences can often override methodological rigour. Because we live in a world which is media-saturated, it would be strange if qualitative researchers did not attend to media content. A focus on print and broadcast media can tell us much about contemporary (and competing) norms, and it is great to see coverage of newspapers and magazines (representations) as well as radio material (social interaction) in Part II. The availability of media content online makes such data easily accessible for qualitative researchers, with the opportunities for feedback online for readers, viewers and listeners offering further data seams for qualitative researchers to mine. The production of accounts online, whether through blogs or discussion forums, allows access to often personal stories which might be difficult to generate using face-to-face interviews, and it is good to see chapters which draw on these online sources.

The online environment is the focus of the final part, with the emphasis on ways in which the researcher can interact with participants using available digital technologies. Various modes of communication are promoted: interviewing via email, messaging and Skype, as well as online focus groups. As such, the classic qualitative methods of individual and group interviews



Foreword

xxvii

are reworked, enabling remote dialogue with participants while also presenting some challenges. Again, the advice and examples presented will be welcomed by qualitative researchers interested in using diverse digital means of encountering participants.

In sum, this book breaks new ground by bringing together a collection of authors and methods which illuminate new and exciting ways of doing qualitative research. I expect it will be very popular and will prove to be an invaluable resource for novice and experienced researchers alike. I for one will be using it for teaching and research purposes, and will be encouraging my colleagues to do likewise.

References

- Brinkmann, S. (2015). Perils and pitfalls in qualitative psychology. *Integrative Psychological and Behavioral Science*, 49, 162–173.
- Gough, B. and Lyons, A. (2016). The future of qualitative research in psychology: Accentuating the positive. *Integrative Psychological and Behavioral Science*, 50, 234–243.
- Guillemin, M. (2004). Understanding illness: Using drawings as a research method. *Qualitative Health Research*, 14, 272–289.
- Jowett, A., Peel, E. and Shaw, R. L. (2011). Online interviewing in psychology: Reflections on the process. *Qualitative Research in Psychology*, 8, 354–369.
- Madill, A. and Gough, B. (2008). Qualitative research and its place in psychological science. *Psychological Methods*, *13*, 254–271.
- Sheridan, J. and Chamberlain, K. (2011). The power of things. *Qualitative Research in Psychology*, 8, 315–332.