

Index

- absolute monarchies, 3–4
- Ace Project, 27
- Affordable Care Act (U.S.), 180
- African Charter on Human and People's Rights, 6
- African Union, 27, 41
- agenda-setting theory
 - of political legitimacy, 118
 - for public knowledge about electoral malpractices, 98
 - for regimes, 170
- Aliyev, Ilham, 4, 9
- American Convention on Human Rights, 6
- The American Voter*, 92
- Amnesty International, 27
- ANDFREL. *See* Asian Network for Free Elections (ANDFREL)
- Annan, Kofi, 4
- Arab uprisings, 81
- Armenia, political activism in, 152
- Asian Network for Free Elections (ANDFREL), 27
- al-Assad, Bashar, 117–18
- Association of European Election Officials, 27
- Aung San Suu Kyi, 81
- autocracies. *See* electoral autocracies
- Azerbaijan
 - electoral autocracies in, 4
 - electoral malpractice in, 9
- Benoit, Kenneth, 171
- Birch, Sarah, 42, 52–53, 55, 56, 134
- Blair, Tony, 173
- Boix, Carles, 171
- Bush, George W., 15. *See also* 2000 presidential election, in U.S.
- campaign communications, global norms for, 30–31
 - UNESCO and, 31
- campaign finance. *See* political finance regulation
- Canada, electoral malpractice in, 5
- Canadian International Development Aid (CIDA), 27
- Carter Center, 23, 26, 41, 203
- Chemical Weapons Convention, 22
- Churov, Vladimir, 183
- CIDA. *See* Canadian International Development Aid (CIDA)
- Citizens United vs. FEC*, 180
- Civil Rights Act (U.S.), 35
- CNTS. *See* Cross-National Time-Series (CNTS)
- Code of Good Practice in Electoral Matters, 6
 - global norms for electoral integrity, 24
- Collier, Paul, 155
- Colomer, Josep, 171
- colored revolutions, 17
- Commonwealth Secretariat, 27
- Comparative Study of Electoral Systems, 134
- competitive authoritarian, 3. *See also* electoral autocracies
- Competitive elections, 7–8
- Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE), 24
- conflict, elections as influence on, 145–46

- consolidated democracies, 150–51
- convenience voting, 198
- Convention of the Prohibition of Anti-Personnel Mines, 22
- Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women, 29
- Corrupt and Illegal Practices Act (U.K.), 88
- corruption, political, under electoral autocracies, 4
- Cote d'Ivoire, electoral violence in, 152–53
- Council of Europe, 27
- Cross-National Time-Series (CNTS), 78
- CSCE. *See* Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE)
- culture
 - EMBs and, 89
 - global norms for electoral integrity influenced by, 22–23
 - PEI data, biases influenced by, 50
 - political legitimacy and, 114–15
- Dalton, Russell, 195
- Davenport, Chris, 19
- The Declaration of Principles for International Election Observation*, 41
- democracy
 - competitive elections as part of, 7–8
 - consolidated, 150–51
 - electoral autocracies compared to, 175
 - electoral integrity a facet of, 7–8
 - electoral malpractice within, 4–5
 - failed elections and, 128–31
 - Freedom House classification of, 42, 53
 - polyarchy as framework for, 37
 - in post-Communist Europe, 176–77
 - power-sharing theories of, 155
 - by regime, 20
 - during regime transitions, 130
- democratic values
 - electoral integrity and, 37–38
 - electoral malpractice and, 37
 - vote choice and, 37
 - voting act, 37
- Department for International Development (DFID), 27
- direct elections, 79
- domestic peace, from electoral integrity, 19
- Easton, David, 14–15, 117, 118
- education. *See* formal education, perceptions about electoral integrity and
- Egypt
 - Arab uprisings in, 81
 - electoral malpractice in, 81
 - electoral management in, 87
- elected parliaments, 78
 - electoral malpractice in, 78–79
- Election Observation Handbook*, 24
- elections. *See also* conflict, elections as influence on; electoral violence
 - direct, 79
 - in Egypt, 87
 - in elected parliaments, 78–79
 - expansion of, 28, 78–81
 - failed, 128–31, 132
 - flawed, in consolidated democracies, 150–51
 - without functioning national legislature, 78
 - gender equality and, 28–30
 - in Haiti, 88
 - in India, 87
 - indirect, 79
 - losers of, political legitimacy for, 120–21, 139
 - mandate theory of, 37
 - non-elected parliaments, 78
 - political legitimacy from, 115–16
 - quality of, political participation influenced by, 137–41
 - timing of, 19–20
 - winners of, political legitimacy for, 120–21, 139
- Electoral Assistance Commission, 178–79
- electoral authoritarian, 3
- electoral autocracies, 3–4
 - absolute monarchies compared to, 3–4
 - in Azerbaijan, 4
 - electoral democracies compared to, 175
 - flawed elections in, 151–53
 - in Kazakhstan, 4
 - political concessions in, 151–53
 - political corruption under, 4
 - in Russia, 4
 - state repression in, 151–53
 - in Zimbabwe, 4
- electoral campaigns, deregulation of campaign finance laws, in U.S., 5
- electoral cycles
 - electoral integrity and, 33–34
 - evidence methodology for electoral integrity, 64
 - main stages of, 33–34
 - malpractice and, 34
- electoral experts, 48–49
- electoral forensics, 71

Index

291

- electoral fraud
 - under Civil Rights Act, 35
 - legal conceptions of, 35–36
- electoral integrity. *See also* evidence
 - methodology, for electoral integrity;
 - global norms, for electoral integrity
 - accountability strategies for, 204
 - alternative conceptualizations of, 35–38
 - capacity-building for, 202–3
 - conceptual development of, 8–10, 21
 - confidence in, 118–19
 - constitutional regulations for, 203–4
 - democracy as result of, 7–8
 - democratic values and, 37–38
 - domestic peace as result of, 19
 - electoral cycles and, 33–34
 - electoral fraud and, 35–36
 - electoral maladministration and, 36–37
 - electoral manipulation and, 8
 - electoral violence and, 18–19, 155–57
 - failures of, 197–99
 - formal education and, 96–97
 - global comparative framework for, 31–33
 - global norms for, 204–5
 - human rights and, 5–6, 204–5
 - international conventions for, 22–23
 - international monitoring missions for, 200
 - international principles of, 39
 - in Kenya, 18
 - legal regulations for, 203–5
 - micro-level analysis of, public awareness of,
 - 104–7, 108
 - by nation, scores for, 84–85
 - natural and field experiments for, 69–71
 - NGOs and, 26–27, 205
 - in Nigeria, 18, 154
 - oversight strategies for, 204
 - policy strategies for, 199–205
 - political activism and, 12, 16–17, 143
 - political legitimacy and, 12, 14–16, 121–28
 - political participation influenced by,
 - 136–37, 140
 - public opinion of, 12, 13–14, 105
 - regime responses to mass discontent and, 12
 - in Russia, 15, 181–83
 - security issues influenced by, 17–20
 - systems support approach for, 15–16,
 - 118, 129
 - technical assistance for, 202–3
 - theory of, 10–13
 - timing of elections and, 19–20
 - with transitional governments, 19
 - during 2000 presidential election, in U.S., 17
 - UN General Assembly guidelines, 24–26
 - Universal Declaration of Human Rights
 - standards for, 23, 39
 - universal standards for, 22–23
- Electoral Integrity Project, 10
- electoral maladministration, electoral integrity
 - and, 36–37
- electoral malpractice
 - in Azerbaijan, 9
 - in Canadian elections, 5
 - citizen perception of, 12, 13–14
 - citizen trust influenced by, 6–7
 - CNTS dataset information, 78
 - common examples of, 81–86
 - within democracies, 4–5
 - democratic values and, 37
 - development of societies and, 86–88
 - in Egypt, 81
 - in elected parliaments, 78–79
 - in elections and, expansion of, 78–81
 - electoral cycles and, 34
 - electoral violence influenced by, 154,
 - 159–63, 164–65
 - in fragile states, 7
 - in France, 5
 - in Germany, 5
 - human rights and, 5–6
 - ICCPR and, 75–76
 - IEM and, 42, 52–53, 55
 - instrumental consequences of, 6, 11
 - international influences on, 75–78
 - in Kenya, 18
 - long-term consequences of, 5–8
 - through media, 88–89
 - by nation, scores for, 84–85
 - NELDA dataset for, 51–52, 82–83
 - in Nigeria, 18
 - partisan cues about, 97–98
 - in peace-building states, 86–88
 - PEI data for, 83–86
 - political activism and, 12, 16–17, 142
 - political communications for, 96
 - political finance regulation and, 88–89
 - political legitimacy and, 12, 14–16
 - political participation and, public opinion
 - of, 134
 - public opinion of, 105
 - in Russia, 182–83
 - in Spain, 5
 - types of, 134–35
 - in U.K., 5

- electoral malpractice (*cont.*)
 - Universal Declaration of Human Rights
 - and, 75–76
 - within U.S. elections, 4–5
 - virtual circle thesis for, 96
 - through voting technologies, 88–89
 - Electoral Management Bodies (EMBs),
 - 86–87, 199
 - cultural diversity and, 89
 - in Egypt, 87
 - in India, 87
 - electoral monitoring, 28
 - Electoral Reform Society, 151
 - electoral violence
 - conceptual framework for, 148–53
 - in Cote d'Ivoire, 152–53
 - distribution of, 157–59
 - drivers of, 157–63
 - elections as trigger for, 18–19
 - electoral integrity and, 18–19, 155–57
 - electoral malpractices as influence on, 154,
 - 159–63, 164–65
 - ethnicity as influence on, 157
 - evidence for, 153–55
 - geographical factors for, 157
 - indices for, 153–55
 - measurement methodology, 147
 - as mobilization tool, 146
 - NELDA datasets for, 155–57
 - null hypothesis for, 155
 - political participation influenced by, 146
 - post-election, in Kenya, 146–47
 - power-sharing theories of democracy
 - and, 155
 - quality of elections and, 154–55
 - rational choice perspective for, 148
 - regime type as influence on, 154
 - research design on, 153–55
 - state-sponsored, 146
 - structural perspective for, 148–49
 - theoretical framework for, 148–53
 - tit-for-tat coercion and, 146
- Elklit, Jørgen, 49
- EMBs. *See* Electoral Management Bodies (EMBs)
- ethnicity, electoral violence and, 157
- European Network of Election Monitoring Organizations, 27
- evaluation feedback loop, 170
- evidence methodology, for electoral integrity.
 - See also* Perceptions of Electoral Integrity (PEI)
- alternative methods and techniques,
 - 47, 69–71
 - as authoritative, 56
 - CNTS dataset, 78
 - conceptual validity of, 54–55
 - cross-national data for, 43–47, 56–58,
 - 60, 61–63
 - electoral cycle approach, 64
 - with electoral forensics, 71
 - evaluation of, 54–59
 - expert evaluations of, 41–54
 - Freedom House dataset, 42, 53
 - global criteria for, 42–48
 - IEM dataset, 42, 52–53, 55, 56
 - IFES surveys, 27, 61
 - measurement error in, 54
 - measurement levels, 55
 - with natural and field experiments, 69–71
 - NELDA dataset and, 42, 51–52, 82–83
 - through public opinion, monitoring
 - of, 61–68
 - QED dataset, 42, 53–54, 55, 56
 - reform debates and, 68
 - regime transitions and, 69
 - reliability criteria, 55
 - robustness of survey indices, 66–68
 - scope of coverage, 55–56
 - state repression and, 68–69
 - with WVS, 64–66
- expertise, definition of, 49
- failed elections, 128–31, 132
- fallacy of electoralism, 7, 191
- finance regulation. *See* political finance regulation
- flawed elections
 - in consolidated democracies, 150–51
 - in electoral autocracies, 151–53
- forensics. *See* electoral forensics
- formal education, perceptions about electoral integrity and, 96–97
- Fox, Vincente, 153
- fragile states, electoral malpractice in, 7
- France, electoral malpractice in, 5
- fraud. *See* electoral fraud
- Freedom House, 26
 - classification of electoral democracies,
 - 42, 53
- Gallup International Polls, 66–68
- Gbagbo, Laurent, 152–53
- gender. *See also* women

Index

293

- Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women, 29
 equality, in elected offices, 28–30
 under Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 29
 GEO. *See* Global Electoral Organization (GEO)
 Germany, electoral malpractice in, 5
 Ghana
 NGOs in, 104
 public knowledge about electoral malpractices in, 103–4
 Global Electoral Organization (GEO), 27
 global norms, for electoral integrity
 for campaign communications, 30–31
 under Code of Good Practice in Electoral Matters, 24
 conceptual definition of, 22
 CSCE standards for, 24
 cultural diversity and, 22–23
 with electoral monitoring, 28
 evolution of, 26–31
 expansion of elections under, 28
 gender equality in elected office and, 28–30
 ICCPR standards for, 23–24
 life cycle theory for, 26–28
 limits of, 23–26
 local internalization stage of, 27–28
 NGOs and, 26–27
 norm advocacy stage for, 26–27
 norm cascade stage of, 27
 political finance regulation influenced by, 30
 role in politics for, 22
 scope of, 23–26
 state-level endorsement of, 22–23
 under UN General Assembly, 24–26
 Universal Declaration of Human Rights and, 22
 voting rights for women, expansion of, 28–30
 Global Programme for Electoral Cycle Support (GPEC), 202
 Gongadze, Georgiy, 184
 Gore, Albert. *See* 2000 presidential election, in U.S.
 GPEC. *See* Global Programme for Electoral Cycle Support (GPEC)
 Haiti, elections in, 88
 Harare Commonwealth Declaration, 6
 Hasanli, Jamil, 9
 Help America Vote Act (HAVA) (U.S.), 150–51, 174, 177
 Electoral Assistance Commission and, 178–79
 Hoeffler, Anke, 155
 Hogarth, William, 88
 human rights
 electoral integrity and, 5–6, 204–5
 electoral malpractice and, 5–6
 Human Rights Watch, 27
 hybrid regimes, 175–76
 Hyde, Susan, 42, 51–52, 82–83.
 See also *National Elections across Democracy and Autocracy* (NELDA)
 ICCPR. *See* International Covenant for Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR)
 ICRG. *See* International Country Risk Group (ICRG)
 IDEA. *See* International Institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance (IDEA)
 IEA. *See* International Association for Evaluation of Educational Achievement (IEA)
 IEM. *See* *Index of Electoral Malpractice* (IEM)
 IFES. *See* International Foundation for Electoral Systems (IFES)
Index of Electoral Malpractice (IEM), 42, 52–53, 55, 56
 Index on Censorship, 27
 India, electoral management in, 87
 indirect elections, 79
 Inglehart, Ronald, 117
 Institutional Revolutionary Party (PRI), 153
 International Association for Evaluation of Educational Achievement (IEA), 93
 International Country Risk Group (ICRG), 135
 International Covenant for Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR), 205
 electoral malpractice and, 75–76
 global norms and, standards for, 23–24
 International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 6
 International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 6, 205
 International Foundation for Electoral Systems (IFES), 27, 61, 202
 International Idea, 26

- International Institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance (IDEA), 202
- Jonathan, Goodluck, 18, 103, 154
- Kazakhstan, electoral autocracies in, 4
- Kelley, Judith, 42, 53–54, 55, 56
- Kenya
 civil disobedience in, 18
 electoral integrity in, 18
 electoral malpractice in, 18
 post-election violence in, 146–47
- Kibaki, Mwai, 18, 146–47
- Kuchma, Leonid, 184
- Kyrgyzstan, public knowledge about electoral malpractices in, 103
- Lijphart, Arend, 155
- Lindberg, Staffan, 7, 55
- Lipset, Seymour Martin, 14
 on political legitimacy, 114
- loser of elections, political legitimacy for, 120–21, 139
- Maastricht Treaty, 22
- mandate theory, of democratic elections, 37
- Marinov, Nicholas, 42, 51–52, 82–83.
 See also National Elections across Democracy and Autocracy (NELDA)
- media. *See also* political communications, for electoral malpractices
 electoral malpractice through, 88–89
 political legitimacy influenced by, 116–17
- Mexico
 political activism in, 17, 153
 PRI in, 153
- military regimes, 80–81
- Milošević, Slobodan, 185
- Mironov, Sergey, 181
- monarchies
 absolute, 3–4
 non-elected leaders and, 80
- Mubarak, Hosni, 87
- Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies, 29
- National Democratic Institute for International Affairs (NDI), 202–3
- National Elections across Democracy and Autocracy (NELDA)*, 42, 51–52
 dichotomous approach to regimes, 51
 electoral malpractice criteria and, 51–52, 82–83
 for electoral violence, 155–57
- natural and field experiments, for electoral integrity, 69–71
- Nazarbayev, Nursultan, 64
- NDI. *See* National Democratic Institute for International Affairs (NDI)
- negative media, political legitimacy influenced by, 116–17
- NELDA. *See National Elections across Democracy and Autocracy (NELDA)*
- Nieto, Enrique Peña, 153
- Nigeria
 electoral integrity in, 18, 154
 PDP in, 18
 public knowledge about electoral malpractices in, 103
- non-elected leaders, 79–80
- monarchies and, 80
- non-elected parliaments, 78
- non governmental organizations (NGOs).
 See also specific NGOs
 in Ghana, 104
 global norms for electoral integrity and, 26–27, 205
 political finance regulation influenced by, 30
- OAS. *See* Organization of American States (OAS)
- Odinga, Raila, 18, 146–47
- Orange Revolution, in Ukraine, 98, 183–86
- Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), 27, 41
 in Russia, 182
 in Ukraine, 185–86
- Organization of American States (OAS), 27, 41
 political finance regulation and, 30
- OSCE. *See* Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE)
- Ouattara, Alassane, 152–53
- partisan cues, about electoral malpractice, 97–98
- PDP. *See* People's Democratic Party (PDP)
- peace-building states, 86–88
- PEI. *See* Perceptions of Electoral Integrity
- People's Democratic Party (PDP), 18
- Perceptions of Electoral Integrity (PEI), 41, 42, 48–50, 56–59, 207–14
 cultural biases in, 50
 electoral experts in, 48–49
 for electoral malpractice and, 83–86
- political activism
 in Armenia, 152
 electoral integrity and, 12, 16–17, 143

Index

295

- electoral malpractices and, 12, 16–17, 142
- in Mexico, 17, 153
- political participation and, 140–41
- regime transitions and, 176–77
- in Russia, 17, 152
- in U.K., 151
- political communications, for electoral malpractices, 96
- in virtual circle thesis, 96
- political corruption. *See* corruption, political, under electoral autocracies
- political finance regulation
 - Citizens United vs. FEC* and, 180
 - electoral malpractice and, 88–89
 - global norms for electoral integrity and, 30
 - NGOs as influence on, 30
 - OAS and, 30
 - in U.S., deregulation of, 5, 180
- political knowledge
 - about electoral malpractices, 92–93
 - IEA survey on, 93
 - lack of improvement of, among U.S. citizens, 93
- political legitimacy
 - agenda-setting theory of, 118
 - attitudinal dimensions of, 114–15
 - attitudinal evidence of, 117–21
 - components of, 15
 - cultural dimensions of, 114–15
 - elections as influence on, 115–16
 - electoral integrity and, 12, 14–16, 121–28
 - failed elections and, 128–31, 132
 - lack of, 116
 - for Lipset, 114
 - losers of elections and, perceptions of, 120–21
 - negative media as influence on, 116–17
 - origin theories for, 116–17
 - system support approach to, 118, 129
 - theoretical framework for, 114–17
 - theory of social capital and, 117
 - after 2000 presidential election, public questions about, 130–31
 - violence and, 115
 - winners of elections and, perceptions of, 120–21
 - WVS for, 119–20
- political participation
 - cost and benefits of voting and, 133–34
 - electoral integrity as influence on, 136–37, 140
 - electoral malpractice and, public opinion of, 134
 - factors for, 133, 135–36, 139–40
 - ICRG measures and, 135
 - increased voting regulations as influence on, 143
 - interpretation of, 136
 - political activism and, 140–41
 - quality of elections influenced by, 137–41
 - in U.S., restrictions against, 179–80
 - violence as influence on, 146
- polyarchy framework, for democracy, 37
- post-Communist Europe, democracy in, 176–77
- power-sharing democracies, 155
- EMBs and, 155
- PRI. *See* Institutional Revolutionary Party (PRI)
- Prokhorov, Mikhail, 181
- public knowledge, about electoral malpractices. *See also* political knowledge
 - agenda-setting model for, 98
 - in *The American Voter*, 92
 - civics test approach to, 92–93
 - through direct experience, 95–96
 - evidence of, 98–107
 - through formal education, 96–97
 - in Ghana, 103–4
 - in Kyrgyzstan, 103
 - limited observable information as influence on, 94
 - mass-elite congruence of, 98–100
 - through matching disaggregated judgments, 100–4
 - micro-level analysis of, for electoral integrity, 104–7, 108
 - in Nigeria, 103
 - partisan cues about, 97–98
 - through political communications, 96
 - as poorly informed, 92
 - public concern about, 107–9
 - rational, 92–94
 - rational assessments of, 94–98
 - in Ukraine, 100, 103
 - through WVS, 98
 - in Zimbabwe, 102–3
- public opinion
 - on electoral integrity, 12, 13–14, 105
 - evidence methodology through, for electoral integrity, 61–68
 - as poorly informed, 92–94
 - rational, 92–94
 - in Russia, of electoral integrity, 15
 - “top of the head,” 93
 - voting behavior and, 92

- Putin, Vladimir, 181
- Quality of Elections Data* (QED), 42, 53–54
- rational choice theory, 172–73
 for electoral violence, 148
- regime transitions, 169. *See also* Nigeria;
 Russia; Ukraine
- revolutionary uprisings and, 176–77
- regimes, electoral integrity and
 agenda-setting stage for, 170
 democratization by, 130
 electoral reform within, 172
 evaluation feedback loop for, 170
 hybrid, 175–76
 implementation stage for, 170
 institutional equilibrium and, 170–72
 institutional stasis for, 169
 policy-making stage for, 170
 rational choice theory and, 172–73
 reform concessions for, 169, 170–75
 state repression by, 169
 status quo for, 170–72
 in US, 177–81
- Reporters without Borders, 27
- Reynolds, Andrew, 49
- Rothstein, Bo, 116, 117
- Russett, Bruce, 19
- Russia
 electoral autocracies in, 4
 electoral fairness in, public perception of, 15
 electoral integrity in, 15, 181–83
 electoral malpractices in, 182–83
 OSCE monitoring in, 182
 partial political concessions in, 181–83
 political activism in, 17, 152
 state repression in, 68–69, 176, 181–83
- Sarkozy, Nicholas, 5
- Schedler, Andreas, 33–34
- Spain, electoral malpractice in, 5
- State Duma. *See* Russia
- state repression
 in electoral autocracies, 151–53
 evidence methodology for electoral
 integrity, 68–69
 by regime, electoral integrity and, 169
 in Russia, 68–69, 176, 181–83
- system support approach, 15–16, 118, 129
- Take Back Parliament, 151
- theory of social capital, 117
- transitional governments, electoral integrity
 with, 19
- Tsvangirai, Morgan, 4, 102
- 2000 presidential election, in U.S.
 electoral integrity issues during, 17
 HAVA after, 150–51
 questions of political legitimacy after,
 130–31
 voter fraud during, public perceptions of, 97
- Tyler, Tom, 15
- Tymoshenko, Yulia, 184
- U.K. *See* United Kingdom (U.K.)
- Ukraine
 Orange Revolution in, 98, 183–86
 OSCE monitoring in, 185–86
 public knowledge about electoral
 malpractices in, 100, 103
 regime transitions in, 69
- UN General Assembly, electoral integrity
 guidelines of, 24–26
- UNDP. *See* United Nations Development
 Programme (UNDP)
- UNESCO. *See* United Nations Education,
 Science and Cultural Organization
 (UNESCO)
- United Kingdom (U.K.)
 Corrupt and Illegal Practices Act in, 88
 electoral malpractice in, 5
 political activism in, 151
- United Nations Development Programme
 (UNDP), 27, 203
- United Nations Education, Science and
 Cultural Organization (UNESCO), 31
- United States (U.S.). *See also* 2000
 presidential election, in U.S.
 Affordable Care Act in, 180
 ballot box maladministration in, 180
 campaign spending in, 5, 180
 Civil Rights Act, 35
 electoral malpractice in, 4–5
 electoral reform strategies in, 181
 HAVA in, 150–51, 174, 177
 increased voting regulations in, 143
 partisan gerrymandering in, 180–81
 political knowledge in, lack of improvement
 for, 93
 political participation in, restrictive
 requirements for, 179–80
 presidential elections in, 177–81
 reform debates and, 68
 voter eligibility requirements in, 179

Index

297

- voter fraud legislation in, 97
- Voting Rights Act in, 174
- Universal Declaration of Human Rights
 - campaign communication guidelines
 - under, 30–31
 - electoral integrity standards under, 23, 39
 - electoral malpractice and, 75–76
 - gender equality under, 29
 - global acceptance of, 22
 - voting rights under, 6, 29
 - women under, equal rights for, 29
- US-AID, 27
- violence. *See* electoral violence
- virtual circle thesis, 96
- vote choice, 37
- voter fraud legislation, in U.S., 97
- voting act, 37
- voting behavior
 - cost and benefits of, 133–34
 - public opinion and, 92
- voting rights
 - Universal Declaration of Human Rights
 - and, 6, 29
 - for women, expansion of, 28–30
- Voting Rights Act (1965) (U.S.), 174
- voting technologies, electoral malpractice
 - with, 88–89
- Wilkinson, Steve, 146
- winners of elections, political legitimacy for,
 - 120–21, 139
- women
 - Convention on the Elimination of
 - All Forms of Discrimination Against Women, 29
 - under Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 29
 - voting rights for, expansion of, 28–30
- World Plan of Action, 29
- World Values Survey (WVS), 64–66
 - electoral context in, by nation, 215–22
 - for political legitimacy, 119–20
 - on public knowledge about electoral malpractices, 98
- Yanukovich, Viktor, 98
- Yunukovych, Victor, 184
- Yushchenko, Viktor, 184, 185
- Zaller, John, 93
- Zhirinovskiy, Vladimir, 181
- Zimbabwe
 - electoral autocracies in, 4
 - public knowledge about electoral malpractices in, 102–3
- Zyuganov, Gennady, 181, 183