

#### THE OECD CONVENTION ON BRIBERY

The OECD Convention on Bribery established an international standard for compliance with anti-corruption rules, and has subsequently been adopted by the thirty-four OECD members and six non-member countries. As a result of the Convention and national implementation laws, companies and managers now risk tough sanctions if they are caught bribing foreign officials. The UK Bribery Act 2010 is only one example of this development. The second edition of this, the only commentary on the Convention, provides law practitioners, company lawyers and academic researchers with comprehensive guidance on the OECD standards. It includes case examples as well as the FCPA Resource Guide 2012 and the 2009 OECD Recommendation for Further Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials with Annexes I and II.

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# THE OECD CONVENTION ON BRIBERY

## A Commentary

A Commentary on the Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions of 21 November 1997

#### 2ND EDITION

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#### **FOREWORD**

The OECD Anti-Bribery Convention is the first and only legally binding instrument to focus on the supply of bribes to foreign public officials. Countries that are party to the Convention must prosecute individuals and companies that offer, promise or give bribes to foreign public officials, and subject those individuals and companies to effective penalties, including heavy fines or even imprisonment.

Parties to the Convention recognise that bribing foreign public officials to win advantages in cross-border business transactions is in no one's interest. They agree to measure themselves against the world's highest and toughest standards for fighting this crime, as well as engaging in a rigorous system of peer review.

The Convention is integral to the OECD's mission to create a stronger, cleaner and fairer world economy. Since 2006, when I joined the OECD as Secretary-General, the number of Parties to the Convention has grown to include Colombia, Israel, the Russian Federation and South Africa. More countries may join.

The global anti-bribery movement, which truly began with the Convention's entry into force in 1999, has also grown with the entry into force of the UN Convention Against Corruption (UNCAC) and the adoption of the G20 Anti-Corruption Action Plan in 2010. Both call upon member countries to criminalise foreign bribery.

The publication of this second edition of the commentary to the OECD Anti-Bribery Convention coincides with the fifteenth anniversary of the Convention and captures well the important evolution that has taken place over the years. The commentary is written by practitioners as well as academics, and provides both communities with an exhaustive review of the authoritative work undertaken by the Conference of States Parties to the Convention (the OECD Working Group on Bribery) in its country evaluation reports. It highlights the great achievements made to date, but also identifies what remains to be done.



xii FOREWORD

In the fight against foreign bribery, this commentary provides useful guidance on the standards set forth in the Anti-Bribery Convention, drawing on the experiences of the countries that have implemented the Convention's principles in their national laws. The bribery of foreign public officials in international business transactions is a crime that distorts business markets, undermines good governance and hurts the world's poorest and most vulnerable.

The momentum created by the Convention must continue so that, together, we can prevail in the fight against corruption and put in place better policies for better lives.

Angel Gurría Secretary-General of the OECD



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Last but not least, on behalf of the editors, I would like to thank Ms Finola O'Sullivan of Cambridge University Press for her essential support and encouragement.

OECD texts, national laws and cases have been included in this book up to 30 April 2013.

Mark Pieth Co-ordinating Editor



#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

#### General abbreviations

ACE Agreed Common Elements of Criminal Legislation and

Related Action

ADB Asian Development Bank AI Amnesty International

APG Asia/Pacific Group on Money Laundering (OECD)

ASEAN Association of South-East Asian Nations
ASIL American Society of International Law

B20 Business Twenty

BCBS Basel Committee on Banking Supervision

BGE Bundesgerichtsentscheid (Federal Court Decision, Switzerland)
BGH Bundesgerichtshof (Federal Court of Justice, Germany)

BGHSt Entscheidungen des Bundesgerichtshofes in Strafsachen (Decisions

of the German Federal Court of Justice in Criminal Matters)

BIAC Business and Industry Advisory Committee (OECD)

BIG Basel Institute on Governance
BIS Bank for International Settlements

BVerfG Bundesverfassungsgericht (Federal Constitutional Court, Germany)
BVerfGE Bundesverfassungsgerichtsentscheid (Federal Constitutional Court

Decision, Germany)

CATF Chemical Action Task Force
CBCA Canada Business Corporations Act

CC Criminal Code

**CDD** Customer Due Diligence

CDU Christlich Demokratische Union (Christian Democratic Union)

(Germany)

CEO Chief Executive Officer

CFA Committee on Fiscal Affairs (OECD)
CFATF Caribbean Financial Action Task Force

CFO Chief Financial Officer

**CFPOA** Corruption of Foreign Public Officials Act (CA)

CHF Swiss Francs

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#### ABBREVIATIONS

XV

CIHEAM Centre International de Hautes Études Agronomiques

Mediterranéennes (International Centre for Advanced

Mediterranean Agronomic Studies)

CIME Committee on Investment and Multinational Enterprises (OECD)

COE Council of Europe

COMSEC Commonwealth Secretariat

**COSO** Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway

Committee

CoSP Conference of States Parties
CPC Criminal Procedure Code

CPS Code for Crown Prosecutors (England and Wales)

**CSR** corporate social responsibility

**DAC** Development Assistance Committee (OECD)

DAF Directorate for Financial and Enterprise Affairs (OECD)DAFFE Directorate for Financial, Fiscal and Enterprise Affairs (OECD)

DOJ Department of Justice (US)
DPA deferred prosecution agreement

**DPCI** Directorate for Priority Crime Investigation (South Africa)

**DSO** Directorate of Special Operations (South Africa)

ECC European Communities
ECG Export Credits Group (OECD)

ECGD Export Credit Guarantee Department (UK)
ECOSOC Economic and Social Council (UN)

**ERA** Europäische Rechtsakademie Trier (Academy of European

Law Trier)

**ESAAMLG** Eastern and Southern African Anti-Money Laundering Group

EU European Treaty Series
EU European Union

EUR Euro

**EWHC** High Court of England and Wales

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
FATF Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering

FCPA Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (US)

FDI foreign direct investment

FIFA Féderation Internationale de Football Association

FINTRAC Financial Transactions Reports Analysis Centre of Canada

FIU Financial Intelligence Unit FSB Financial Stability Board FSF Financial Stability Forum

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

GAFISUD Grupo de Acción Financiera Internacional Sudamericano

(South American Financial Action Task Force)



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**GAO** Government Accountability Office (US)

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (WTO) **GATT** 

GCA Global Coalition for Africa

**GRECO** Group of States Against Corruption

GRS Global Relations Strategy HRW Human Rights Watch

International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board **IAASB** Integrity Advisory Board of the World Bank Group IAR

IACC International Anti-Corruption Conference IAP International Association of Prosecutors IAS International Accounting Standards IRA International Bar Association IBC International Business Corporation **ICAR** International Center for Asset Recovery International Chamber of Commerce **ICC** 

**ICFTU** International Confederation of Free Trade Unions International Committee of the Red Cross **ICRC** 

**IDRC** International Development Research Centre

**IESBA** International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants

IFAC International Federation of Accountants IFI international financial institution

**IFRS** 

International Financial Reporting Standard

IGO intergovernmental organisation II.A International Law Association International Law Commission ILC

(Federal Act on) International Mutual Assistance in Criminal **IMAC** 

Matters (Switzerland)

**IMF** International Monetary Fund

INT Integrity Vice-Presidency (World Bank) International Olympic Committee IOC

IOSCO International Organization of Securities Commissions

IPU Inter-Parliamentary Union

**ISA** International Standards on Auditing

ISO International Organization for Standardization

JIT Joint Investigation Team

**IPY** Japanese Yen

**LCEW** Law Commission of England and Wales (UK) LFPC Law on Forfeiture of Proceeds of Crime (Bulgaria) LRAI Law on Restitution of Illicit Assets (Switzerland)

M&A mergers and acquisitions Multilateral Development Bank **MDB MDP** Ministry of Defence Police (UK)



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#### ABBREVIATIONS

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MENAFATF Middle East and North Africa Financial Action Task Force

METI Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (Japan)

MLA mutual legal assistance

MLAT Mutual Legal Assistance Treaties
MLLA Mutual Legal Assistance Agreements

MNE multinational enterprise
MOJ Ministry of Justice (UK)

NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organization NGO non-governmental organisation

NOK Norwegian Crowns

NPA non-prosecution agreement
OAS Organization of American States

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OFAC Office of Foreign Assets Control (US Treasury Department)

OFC off-shore financial centre
OI Oxfam International
OI Official Journal

**OLAF** Office pour la lutte anti-fraude (European Anti-Fraud Office)

**OPR** Opinion Procedure Release

OSCE Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe
OWiG Ordnungswidrigkeitengesetz (Administrative Offences Act,

Germany)

PA plea agreement

PACI Partnering Against Corruption Initiative (WEF)

PEP politically exposed person

PGC Public Governance Committee (OECD)

**POCA** Proceeds of Crime Act (UK)

POLISARIO Frente Popular de Liberación de Seguía el Hamra y Río de Oro

(Polisario Front)

PP Participation Plan

Rn. Randnummer (marginal number)

s. Section

SEC Securities and Exchange Commission (US)

**SFO** Serious Fraud Office (UK)

SIGMA Support for Improvement in Governance and Management (OECD)

**SME** small and medium-sized enterprise

**SOE** state-owned enterprise

StAR Stolen Asset Recovery Initiative (World Bank/UNODC)

STR Suspicious Transaction Report
TFEU Treaty on the Functioning of the EU

TI Transparency International TNB transnational anti-bribery



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TRACE Transparent Agents and Contracting Entities

**TRACFIN** Traitement du renseignement et action contre les circuits financiers

clandestins (France)

TRNC Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus
TUAC Trade Union Advisory Committee (OECD)
U4 Anti-Corruption Resource Centre (Norway)

UKHL UK House of Lords
UN United Nations

UNCAC UN Convention Against Corruption

UNESCO UN Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

UNICORN Global Unions Anti-Corruption Network

**UNODC** UN Office on Drugs and Crime

**UN ODCCP** UN Office for Drug Control and Crime Prevention

US\$ US Dollars

USSG US Sentencing Guidelines

VDP Voluntary Disclosure Program

WCL World Confederation of Labour

WEF World Economic Forum

WGB Working Group on Bribery (OECD)

WTO World Trade Organization

### Country abbreviations<sup>1</sup>

AR Argentina Austria AT  $\mathbf{AU}$ Australia BE Belgium Bulgaria BG BR Brazil CA Canada CH Switzerland CLChile CO Colombia CZCzech Republic DE Germany DK Denmark EE Estonia Spain ES FΙ Finland FR France

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the list of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).



#### ABBREVIATIONS XİX

GR Greece HUHungary Ireland ΙE Israel IL IS Iceland IT Italy Japan JP KR Korea, Republic of LU Luxembourg MX Mexico NL Netherlands NO Norway New Zealand ΝZ PLPoland PT Portugal RU Russian Federation

SE Sweden
SI Slovenia
SK Slovakia
TR Turkey

UK United KingdomUS United StatesZA South Africa