

DANTE IN CONTEXT

In the past seven centuries Dante has become world renowned, with his works translated into multiple languages and read by people of all ages and cultural backgrounds. This volume brings together interdisciplinary essays by leading international scholars to provide a comprehensive account of the historical, cultural, and intellectual context in which Dante lived and worked: from the economic, social, and political scene to the feel of daily life; from education and religion to the administration of justice; from medicine to philosophy and science; from classical antiquity to popular culture; and from the dramatic transformation of urban spaces to the explosion of visual arts and music. This book, while locating Dante in relation to each of these topics, offers readers a clear and reliable idea of what life was like for Dante as an outstanding poet and intellectual in the Italy of the late Middle Ages.

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DANTE IN CONTEXT

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AND

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For Maggie and Anna





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Chronology

1250-1350

1250	Death of Emperor Frederick II.
1252	First gold florin coined in Florence.
1260	Battle of Montaperti. Banished Florentine Ghibellines
	defeat Guelfs.
1265	May/June Dante born in Florence.
	Charles of Anjou enters Italy.
1266	Battle of Benevento. Manfred killed. Guelfs return to
	Florence.
1289	Florence defeats Arezzo at Campaldino.
1270-73	Dante's mother, Bella, dies.
1274	May: first encounter with Beatrice.
1276	Guido Guinizzelli dies in Bologna.
1277	9 February: marriage contract with Gemma Donati.
1282	Dante's father, Alighiero di Bellincione, dies.
1282	War of the 'Sicilian Vespers': the Aragonese rulers (Spanish)
	replace the Angevin (French) in Sicily.
1283	Dante publishes first poem. Friendship with Guido
	Cavalcanti.
1285	Marriage to Gemma Donati.
1286–87	Dante writes the Fiore and Detto d'Amore.
1287	Dante in Bologna?
	Beatrice marries Simone de' Bardi.
1287	Birth of first child, Giovanni (?).
1289	Dante as horse soldier at the battle of Campaldino against
	Arezzo.
	Son Jacopo is born (?).
1290	Death of Beatrice. Son Pietro is born (?).



1293	Ordinances of Justice.
	Dante writes Vita nova.
	Brunetto Latini dies in Florence.
1294	December, Pope Celestine V abdicates five months after his
	election. Boniface VIII becomes pope.
	Construction of Basilica di Santa Croce begun in Florence.
1295	Dante enrols in the Guild of Physicians and Apothecaries and
	enters political life. From November he is a member of the
	Council of Thirty-Six.
1296	Dante a member of the Council of the Hundred.
	Construction of new cathedral (Duomo) begun in Florence.
1299	Daughter Antonia is born (?).
	Construction of Palace of the Priors (Palazzo Vecchio) begun
	in Florence.
1300	Easter week: Dante's fictional journey to the realms of the
	afterlife.
	April: Pope Boniface proclaims the Jubilee Year.
	May: Florentine Guelfs split into Blacks and Whites.
	May: Dante is ambassador to San Gimignano on behalf of the
	Guelfs.
	15 June–15 August: Dante serves as Prior; signs warrant sending
	Guido Cavalcanti into exile; Guido dies in the summer.
1301	April–September: Dante member of the Council of the Hundred.
	October: Sent on a diplomatic mission to Pope Boniface VIII
	in Rome.
	November: Charles of Valois enters Florence; Black Guelph
	coup d'état.
1302	27 January: While on his way back to Florence, Dante is fined
	5,000 florins and excluded from public office for two years;
	refuses to pay fine.
	10 March: sentence confirmed; if caught, Dante will be burnt
	at the stake.
	Dante joins exiled White Guelfs in a leading position.
	Boniface VIII's bull <i>Unam sanctam</i> , proclaiming supreme
	authority.
1303	Dante in Verona, guest of Bartolomeo della Scala. Probably
	visits Treviso, Venice, and Padua. Begins <i>Convivio</i> and <i>De</i>
	vulgari eloquentia.

Chronology

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xxii	Chronology
1304	French troops humiliate Pope Boniface at Anagni. Death of Boniface. Benedict XI elected October 1303. July: Benedict XI dies.
,	Dante in Arezzo. Letter to cardinal Niccolò da Prato on behalf of the Whites.
	Dante in Bologna, works on <i>Convivio</i> and <i>De vulgari eloquentia</i> (?).
	Francesco Petrarca born in Arezzo. 20 July: White Guelfs and Ghibellines defeated at La Lastra,
	near Florence.
1305	Bertrand De Got elected pope with the name of Clement V. Giotto paints the interior of the Scrovegni Chapel in Padua.
1306	Dante in Lunigiana, guest of Moroello Malaspina.
1307	Dante in Casentino: letter and <i>canzone</i> (<i>Rime</i> CXVI) to Moroello Malaspina.
1308	Henry of Luxembourg chosen to be next Emperor.
	Dante in Lucca. In this period he starts writing the Commedia
	and continues until 1320/21.
1309	Henry crowned emperor as Henry VII at Aix-La-Chapelle (Aachen).
	Clement V moves the papacy to Avignon, France, where it
	remains until 1377.
	Robert of Anjou, King of Naples.
1310	October: Henry VII in Italy. Dante in Poppi, near Arezzo,
	guest of Guido da Battifolle, writes an open letter to rulers and people of Italy urging them to welcome Henry.
1311	Henry VII crowned in Milan.
	31 March: Dante writes letter urging the Florentines to open the city to Henry VII.
	17 April: Dante writes to Henry VII exhorting him to attack
	Florence.
1312	Henry VII crowned in Rome, but not in St Peter's.
	Dante settles in Verona as guest of Cangrande della Scala. He writes or begins writing <i>Monarchia</i> (?).
1313	August: Henry dies of malaria in Buonconvento, near Siena.
	Giovanni Boccaccio is born in Florence (or Certaldo?).
1314	Completes <i>Inferno</i> . Pope Clement V dies. Dante writes open letter to Italian cardinals urging them to elect an Italian pope.
1315	Conclave closes for two years. Completes <i>Purgatorio</i> . June: Amnesty offered to Florentine
1,11,1	exiles; Dante rejects offer.



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	October: Florence reconfirms Dante's exile and extends it to
	his children.
	Albertino Mussato crowned poet laureate in Padua.
1316	Conclave reopens in Lyons. Frenchman Jacques Duèse is elected pope as John XXII.
1318	Dante leaves Verona and settles in Ravenna as a guest of
-9	Guido Novello da Polenta.
1319-20	Dante writes two Latin eclogues to Giovanni del Virgilio
-3-7	and the <i>Questio de aqua et terra</i> .
1320	20 January: Dante reads the <i>Questio de aqua et terra</i> in a
	public lecture in Verona. Completes <i>Paradiso</i> between 1320
	and 1321.
1321	Dante is sent on a diplomatic mission to Venice by Guido
	Novello. On his return, he dies of malaria in the night
	between 13 and 14 September and is buried in Ravenna in
	the Church of San Pier Maggiore, now San Francesco.
1322	Commentary to <i>Inferno</i> in Latin by Jacopo, son of Dante.
1324	Commentary to Inferno in Latin by Graziolo Bambaglioli,
	Bologna.
1324-8	Commentary to the full Commedia in Italian by Iacomo
	della Lana, Bologna.
1327	Milan: Biblioteca Trivulziana, Ms. 1080: first illustrated ms
	of the <i>Commedia</i> .
1328	The Dominican Guido Vernani writes the <i>De reprobatione</i>
	Monarchiae, a fierce attack on Dante's political treatise.
1329	According to Boccaccio, the <i>Monarchia</i> is publicly burnt as
	heretical in Bologna.
1333	Commentary to <i>Inferno</i> in Latin by Guido da Pisa, Pisa (?).
1334	Ottimo Commento, full commentary in Italian.
1335	The <i>Commedia</i> is banned by the Dominican order in
	Tuscany.
1340	Comentum in Latin by Pietro Alighieri, Verona.
1341	Petrarch crowned poet laureate in Rome by Robert of
	Anjou, King of Naples.
1343	Death of Robert of Anjou and end of Angevin dynasty in
	Naples.
1343-50	Commentary on the whole poem in Latin by Alberico da
TO 15 50	Rosciate, Bergamo. Black Death.
1347-50	DIACK Death.



Abbreviations and note on translations

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