

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

The First World War and German National Identity

The First World War and German National Identity is an original and carefully researched study of the coalition between Imperial Germany and Austria-Hungary during the First World War. Focusing on the attitudes taken by governmental circles, politically active groups, intellectuals, and the broader public towards the German-speaking population in the Habsburg Monarchy, Jan Vermeiren explores how the war challenged established notions of German national identity and history. In this context, he also sheds new light on key issues in the military and the diplomatic relationship between Berlin and Vienna, re-examining the German war aims debate and presenting many new insights into German-Hungarian and German-Slav relations in the period. The book is a major contribution to German and Central European history and will be of great interest to scholars of the First World War and the complex relationship between war and society.

Jan Vermeiren is Lecturer in Modern German History at the University of East Anglia.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Studies in the Social and Cultural History of Modern Warfare

General Editor

Jay Winter, *Yale University*

Advisory Editors

David Blight, *Yale University*

Richard Bosworth, *University of Western Australia*

Peter Fritzsche, *University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign*

Carol Gluck, *Columbia University*

Benedict Kiernan, *Yale University*

Antoine Prost, *Université de Paris-Sorbonne*

Robert Wohl, *University of California, Los Angeles*

In recent years the field of modern history has been enriched by the exploration of two parallel histories. These are the social and cultural history of armed conflict, and the impact of military events on social and cultural history.

Studies in the Social and Cultural History of Modern Warfare presents the fruits of this growing area of research, reflecting both the colonization of military history by cultural historians and the reciprocal interest of military historians in social and cultural history, to the benefit of both. The series offers the latest scholarship in European and non-European events from the 1850s to the present day.

A full list of titles in the series can be found at: www.cambridge.org/modernwarfare

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

The First World War and German National Identity

The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

University of East Anglia



CAMBRIDGE
UNIVERSITY PRESS

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

CAMBRIDGE
UNIVERSITY PRESS

University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom

Cambridge University Press is part of the University of Cambridge.

It furthers the University's mission by disseminating knowledge in the pursuit of education, learning and research at the highest international levels of excellence.

www.cambridge.org

Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9781107031678

© Jan Vermeiren 2016

This publication is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements, no reproduction of any part may take place without the written permission of Cambridge University Press.

First published 2016

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication data

Vermeiren, Jan, author.

The First World War and German national identity : the dual alliance at war / Jan Vermeiren.

Cambridge : Cambridge University Press, 2016. | Series: Studies in the social and cultural history of modern warfare | Includes bibliographical references and index.

LCCN 2016017585 | ISBN 9781107031678 (alk. paper)

LCSH: World War, 1914–1918 – Germany. | World War, 1914–1918 –

Austria. | World War, 1914–1918 – Influence. | Group identity – Political aspects – Germany. | Group identity – Political aspects – Austria. |

Germany – Foreign relations – Austria. | Austria – Foreign relations – Germany.

LCC D515 .V45 2016 | DDC 940.3/43–dc23

LC record available at <https://lccn.loc.gov/2016017585>

ISBN 978-1-107-03167-8 Hardback

Cambridge University Press has no responsibility for the persistence or accuracy of URLs for external or third-party internet websites referred to in this publication, and does not guarantee that any content on such websites is, or will remain, accurate or appropriate.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Contents

<i>Acknowledgments</i>	<i>page</i> vi
<i>Note on place names and terminology</i>	xi
<i>List of abbreviations</i>	xii
Introduction	1
1 The concept of the German nation, 1871–1914	16
2 The Dual Alliance and the outbreak of war	49
3 The idea of Austria-Hungary	73
4 The Habsburg Monarchy in German history	120
5 <i>Mitteleuropa</i> and the war aims debate	145
6 The Hungarian alliance partner	183
7 The Polish problem	223
8 The nationality question in Austria	270
Conclusion	329
<i>Bibliography</i>	356
<i>Index</i>	424

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Acknowledgments

As a German who was born and raised in the city of Dresden and has spent a large part of his adult life in Britain, I have long been impressed by the human desire and ability to overcome enmities, to forgive and to reconcile. The destruction and suffering caused by war, often accompanied by blind hatred and excessive nationalism, are usually, and quite understandably, at the centre of scholarly research into the relationship between war and society. While military conflicts undoubtedly promote xenophobia and feelings of vengeance, I believe they can also foster intercultural awareness and interaction. Concepts of the enemy are essential for the formation and maintenance of group identities at war, yet what has been largely neglected are notions of solidarity and community, not least with regard to military allies and international partners. Indeed, many modern wars have not been conflicts between isolated states but clashes of coalitions, although such partnerships can influence public opinion and perceptions during peacetime as well. My interest in these issues goes back to my childhood in the German Democratic Republic and was probably sparked by the visit of Soviet soldiers to my kindergarten class and the common rhetoric of friendship among Warsaw Pact member countries. I later grew up on a former Napoleonic battlefield, on my way to school daily passing by a small but remarkable memorial in honour of a French general fighting with the Sixth Coalition, with three oak trees representing Russia, Prussia, and Austria. Somewhat ironically perhaps, this book is about another war and another alliance, but as I learned during the course of my research, many key figures of the story – the two ambassadors in Vienna Heinrich von Tschirschky and Botho von Wedel, the publicist and would-be diplomat Viktor Naumann, and the renegade Karl Max von Lichnowsky – had been educated at the Vitzthumsche Gymnasium from which I happened to graduate more than a century later.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Acknowledgments

vii

I am very pleased to have the opportunity to express my gratitude to the many people who have shaped my thinking and helped me to complete this book. The initial idea for it originated many years ago in one of Heinrich August Winkler's legendary seminars at the Humboldt University of Berlin. I am grateful for his comments and for encouraging me to develop this topic further. I am equally indebted to Wolfgang Hardtwig for his guidance and generous support over the years - without him, I would probably never have received funding from the Studienstiftung des deutschen Volkes and the DAAD. Most influential, however, has been my former doctoral supervisor Mark Hewitson, and I thank him for his sage advice, trust, and understanding. His good humour and enthusiasm have made it an enormous pleasure and great privilege to work with him. I can only hope that I will be as helpful to my own research students now. Mary Fulbrook, Stefan Berger, and John Breuilly also provided me with much inspiration and invaluable suggestions. More recently, Thomas Otte has been a truly brilliant source of information and insights, not least about those *quondam vitzthumiani* mentioned above. I would also like to thank Mark Cornwall and Laurence Cole for taking an interest in my work and for offering me constructive feedback. I am further obliged to Stephanie Bird, Judith Beniston, Martin Moll, Johannes Leicht, Heather Jones, Matthew Stibbe, Karina Urbach, Andrea Meissner, Hajime Konno, Dirk Rose, Rüdiger vom Bruch, and Uğur Ümit Üngör. For allowing me to present my ideas and for their warm hospitality, I am grateful to the many organisers of conferences and research seminars, in particular from the International Society for First World War Studies, the German History Society, the German Historical Institute London, and the Institute of Historical Research.

Over the years, I have received funding from various organisations and I should like to use this opportunity to acknowledge this support. I was extremely fortunate to be awarded a Marie Curie Doctoral Fellowship at University College London. Several smaller grants from the Modern Humanities Research Association, the Department of History at the University of Essex, and the School of History at the University of East Anglia made it possible to carry out further archival research and to participate in academic events. Thanks are also owed to the staffs of the Bundesarchiv Berlin-Lichterfelde, the Politisches Archiv des Auswärtigen Amtes, the Hauptstaatsarchiv Dresden, the Bayrisches Hauptstaatsarchiv, and the Haus-, Hof- und Staatsarchiv in Vienna. The librarians at the following institutions have been very helpful and cooperative: the Staatsbibliothek zu Berlin, the British Library, the German Historical Institute London, the Institute of Historical

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

viii Acknowledgments

Research, the Sächsische Landes- und Universitätsbibliothek, the Österreichische Nationalbibliothek, the Stadt- und Landesbibliothek Vienna, and the Koninklijke Bibliotheek van België. I also made extensive use of the libraries at the Humboldt University, the University of Vienna, University College London, and the University of East Anglia.

This work has been long in the making. The first book is always a particular challenge and, as many early-career academics will confirm, high teaching loads and an increasing amount of administrative duties leave only little time for research and scholarly work after the PhD. The ground covered and the material presented here are immense, and the difficulties only seemed to increase the closer I came to completing the manuscript. I would have liked to visit the Militärarchiv in Freiburg and the Kriegsarchiv in Vienna to shed more light on military relations between Germany and Austria-Hungary, but hope that the sources consulted are sufficient for the purpose of what is essentially an intellectual and cultural history of the Dual Alliance at war. A few comparative reflections, for example with regard to the Entente Powers or the alliances of the Second World War (particularly the special relationship between Britain and the United States) would have required more time (and research) than was available, and are perhaps best left to other and more competent hands. Despite various delays, Cambridge University Press have been extremely supportive. The patience and understanding shown by Michael Watson, Amanda George, and Ian McIver, as well as by Aishwariya Ravi from Integra, were invaluable and very much appreciated. I would also like to thank the various peer-reviewers for their useful suggestions and encouragement, and the copy-editors for their meticulous efforts. Various publishers have kindly allowed me to reuse material first published elsewhere. Portions of the first chapter appeared with Wiley in ‘Germany, Austria, and the Idea of the German Nation, 1871-1914’, *History Compass*, 9/3 (2011), 200-14. An earlier and shorter version of the second chapter was first published in ‘The “Rebirth of Greater Germany”: The Austro-German Alliance and the Outbreak of War’, in H. Jones et al. (eds.), *Untold War: New Perspectives in First World War Studies* (Leiden: Brill, 2008), pp. 209-30. I also acknowledge two further publications with parts reproduced here: ‘Imperium Europaeum: Rudolf Pannwitz and the German Idea of Europe’, in M. Hewitson and M. D’Auria (eds.), *Europe in Crisis: Intellectuals and the European Idea, 1917-1957* (New York: Berghahn, 2012), pp. 135-54, and ‘Nation-State and Empire in German Political Thought: Europe and the Myth of the Reich’, in V. Dini and M. D’Auria (eds.), *The Space of Crisis: Images*

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Acknowledgments

ix

and *Ideas of Europe in the Age of Crisis, 1914-1945* (Brussels: PIE Peter Lang, 2013), pp. 135-60.

Studying the past can be a fascinating but also demanding and consuming undertaking, and it is thanks to my family and friends that I have not completely forgotten to live in the present. Matthew Douglas has accompanied my academic endeavours since the first semester at the Humboldt University with a lot of wit and enthusiasm. He read the very first drafts and has been an outstanding friend for nearly twenty years now. I am also indebted to Eva, Farha, and Tara for their support and understanding. Maja kindly and competently read most of the manuscript after completion and helped to eliminate many Teutonic *Schachtelsätze*. The School of History at the University of East Anglia has been my professional home for several years now, and I count myself lucky to work in such a pleasant and stimulating environment. A big collective thank you will have to suffice here as there are simply too many names to list. But a few people do stand out. Ever since we started our doctorates at UCL, Matthew D'Auria has been a brilliant and most inspiring friend and colleague. His advice, humour, and cordiality have been invaluable to me. Richard Deswarte, another fellow Europeanist, is one of the most hard-working and helpful persons I know. He listened to many of my anecdotes and ideas with admirable patience and sympathy, and (together with his lovely wife Adri) has looked after me like a big brother. Matthias Neumann has been one of my closest friends since I joined UEA. The manuscript may well have taken even longer without his regular checks and aid, and I do hope to be able to share a few more end-of-week pints with him now, if only to lament the state of East German football and the match results of the Canaries. While this book would be very different without all the help I have received over the years, it goes without saying that all remaining mistakes are entirely my own.

My greatest thanks, however, go to my family which has lived with this project for many years. My parents and my brother Peer have always been very understanding of my passion for the humanities and things long past. I would not have been able to complete this book without their love, support, and encouragement (and logistical assistance, I should add) over all those years. I am also grateful to Peer and Mirka for their warm hospitality and for showing me around Slovakia, thus reminding me of the important non-German and non-Magyar aspects of Habsburg and post-Habsburg history. My dear grandmother Inge in Potsdam-Babelsberg was looking forward to the publication of the book but sadly passed away during the final stages of the production process. Shortly before her death, she forwarded some family documents of which I had

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

x Acknowledgments

not been aware. Apparently, my great-grandfather Max joined the Prussian *Gardekorps* as a 17-year-old recruit in summer 1918 and later transferred to Belgium to train as a machine gun sharpshooter, but it seems that he was fortunate enough not to see any military action before the end of the war. I dedicate this book to my family, especially those who suffered from war and its consequences.

Jan Vermeiren
Berlin, February 2016

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Note on place names and terminology

Any study of the rich and complex history of the Habsburg Empire faces the problem of nomenclature. The term ‘Austria’ here denotes the western or Cisleithanian half of the Dual Monarchy, even though the non-Hungarian lands were officially known as ‘the kingdoms and countries represented in the Reichsrat’ (until October 1915). While I have tried to be as clear and specific as possible, contemporaries often employed imprecise terminology. The ‘Austrian miracle’, for example, which conveyed the notion of a Habsburg *Burgfrieden*, frequently included Hungary and the Magyars. On the other hand, many authors only referred to the German-speaking population when discussing ‘Austria’ and ‘the Austrians’. For practical reasons but without sharing the concept of a ‘German Austria’, I have also occasionally used ‘Austrian’ and ‘Austro-German’ interchangeably. I hope the context clarifies what is meant in all these cases. As for the names of places, especially those in former German-speaking areas, I have retained the German forms and provided the current names in parentheses.

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Abbreviations

<i>AB</i>	<i>Alldeutsche Blätter</i>
<i>ADV</i>	Alldeutscher Verband
<i>AfM</i>	Arbeitsauschuß für Mitteleuropa
<i>AfS</i>	<i>Archiv für Sozialgeschichte</i>
<i>AHY</i>	<i>Austrian History Yearbook</i>
<i>AOK</i>	Armeeoberkommando (Austria-Hungary)
<i>APuZ</i>	<i>Aus Politik und Zeitgeschichte</i>
<i>APZ</i>	<i>Augsburger Postzeitung</i>
<i>AR</i>	<i>Akademische Rundschau</i>
<i>AT</i>	<i>Alldeutsches Tagblatt (Deutsche Presse)</i>
<i>ATA</i>	<i>Allgemeiner Tiroler Anzeiger</i>
<i>AZ</i>	<i>Arbeiter-Zeitung</i>
<i>BArch</i>	Bundesarchiv, Berlin
<i>BBC</i>	<i>Berliner Börsen-Courier</i>
<i>BBZ</i>	<i>Berliner Börsen-Zeitung</i>
<i>BHSA</i>	Bayrisches Hauptstaatsarchiv, Munich
<i>BLA</i>	<i>Berliner Lokal-Anzeiger</i>
<i>BM</i>	<i>Berliner Morgenpost</i>
<i>BNN</i>	<i>Berliner Neueste Nachrichten</i>
<i>BSt</i>	<i>Bayerische Staatszeitung</i>
<i>BT</i>	<i>Berliner Tageblatt</i>
<i>BVP</i>	Bayerische Volkspartei
<i>BW</i>	<i>Bühne und Welt</i>
<i>CDI</i>	Centralverband Deutscher Industrieller
<i>CEH</i>	<i>Central European History</i>
<i>DA</i>	<i>Deutsche Arbeit</i>
<i>DAZ</i>	<i>Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung</i>
<i>DDP</i>	Deutsche Demokratische Partei
<i>DE</i>	<i>Deutschlands Erneuerung</i>
<i>DiA</i>	<i>Das Deutschtum im Ausland</i>
<i>DK</i>	<i>Deutscher Kurier</i>

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

List of abbreviations

xiii

DN	<i>Deutsche Nachrichten</i>
DNN	<i>Dresdner Neueste Nachrichten</i>
DNV	Deutscher Nationalverband
DÖ	<i>Deutsch-Österreich</i>
DÖUWV	Deutsch-Österreichisch-Ungarischer Wirtschaftsverband
DOV	Deutscher Ostmarkenverein
DP	<i>Deutsche Politik</i>
DR	<i>Deutsche Rundschau</i>
DrA	<i>Dresdner Anzeiger</i>
DrN	<i>Dresdner Nachrichten</i>
DS	<i>Diplomacy & Statecraft</i>
DTZ	<i>Deutsche Tageszeitung</i>
DüZ	<i>Düsseldorfer Zeitung</i>
DVB	<i>Deutsches Volksblatt</i>
DVLP	Deutsche Vaterlandspartei
DVZ	<i>Deutsche Volkszeitung</i>
DZ	<i>Deutsche Zeitung</i>
ECE	<i>East Central Europe/L'Europe du Centre-Est</i>
EEQ	<i>East European Quarterly</i>
EHR	<i>English Historical Review</i>
EJST	<i>European Journal of Social Theory</i>
ESWZ	<i>Europäische Staats- und Wirtschaftszeitung</i>
FB	<i>Der Fränkische Bauer</i>
FK	<i>Fränkischer Kurier</i>
FrZ	<i>Freisinnige Zeitung</i>
FVP	Fortschrittliche Volkspartei
FWWS	<i>First World War Studies</i>
FZ	<i>Frankfurter Zeitung</i>
GD	<i>Das Größere Deutschland</i>
GH	<i>German History</i>
GPEK	Lepsius, et al. (eds.), <i>Die Große Politik der Europäischen Kabinette 1871–1914</i>
GT	<i>Grazer Tagblatt</i>
GWU	<i>Geschichte in Wissenschaft und Unterricht</i>
GZ	<i>Goslarsche Zeitung</i>
HE	<i>Hamburger Echo</i>
HHStA	Haus-, Hof- und Staatsarchiv, Vienna
HJ	<i>Historical Journal</i>
HJb	<i>Historisches Jahrbuch</i>
HK	<i>Hannoverscher Kurier</i>
HN	<i>Hamburger Nachrichten</i>

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

xiv List of abbreviations

<i>HPB</i>	<i>Historisch-politische Blätter für das katholische Deutschland</i>
<i>HSR</i>	<i>Hungarian Studies Review</i>
<i>HZ</i>	<i>Historische Zeitschrift</i>
<i>IHR</i>	<i>International History Review</i>
<i>IJCS</i>	<i>International Journal of Comparative Sociology</i>
<i>IM</i>	<i>Internationale Monatsschrift für Wissenschaft, Kunst und Technik</i>
<i>IN</i>	<i>Innsbrucker Nachrichten</i>
<i>JCH</i>	<i>Journal of Contemporary History</i>
<i>JE</i>	<i>Das junge Europa</i>
<i>JGO</i>	<i>Jahrbücher für Geschichte Osteuropas</i>
<i>JMEH</i>	<i>Journal of Modern European History</i>
<i>JMH</i>	<i>Journal of Modern History</i>
<i>JMiH</i>	<i>Journal of Military History</i>
<i>KHZ</i>	<i>Königsberger Hartungsche Zeitung</i>
<i>KM</i>	<i>Konservative Monatsschrift</i>
<i>KMS</i>	<i>Korrespondenz des Mitteleuropäischen Staatenbundes</i>
<i>KNN</i>	<i>Kieler Neueste Nachrichten</i>
k.u.k.	kaiserlich und königlich
<i>KVZ</i>	<i>Kölnische Volkszeitung</i>
<i>KZ</i>	<i>Kölnische Zeitung</i>
<i>LE</i>	<i>Das literarische Echo</i>
<i>LNN</i>	<i>Leipziger Neueste Nachrichten</i>
<i>MAA</i>	<i>München-Augsburger Abendzeitung</i>
<i>MEWV</i>	<i>Mitteleuropäischer Wirtschaftsverein</i>
<i>MGM</i>	<i>Militärgeschichtliche Mitteilungen</i>
<i>MIÖG</i>	<i>Mitteilungen des Instituts für Österreichische Geschichtsforschung</i>
<i>MLR</i>	<i>The Modern Language Review</i>
<i>MNN</i>	<i>Münchener Neueste Nachrichten</i>
<i>MÖSTA</i>	<i>Mitteilungen des Österreichischen Staatsarchivs</i>
<i>MP</i>	<i>Münchener Post</i>
<i>MZ</i>	<i>Magdeburgische Zeitung</i>
<i>NAZ</i>	<i>Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung</i>
<i>ND</i>	<i>Das neue Deutschland</i>
<i>NFP</i>	<i>Neue Freie Presse</i>
<i>NLP</i>	<i>Nationalliberale Partei</i>
<i>NP</i>	<i>Nationalities Papers</i>
<i>NPZ</i>	<i>Neue Preußische Zeitung (Kreuzzeitung)</i>
<i>NR</i>	<i>Neue Rundschau</i>
<i>NS</i>	<i>Nord und Süd</i>
<i>NSDAP</i>	<i>Nationalsozialistische Deutsche Arbeiterpartei</i>

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

List of abbreviations

xv

NWJ	<i>Neues Wiener Journal</i>
NWT	<i>Neues Wiener Tagblatt</i>
NZ	<i>Die Neue Zeit</i>
NZZ	<i>Neue Zürcher Zeitung</i>
OdR	<i>Ostdeutsche Rundschau</i>
OHL	Oberste Heeresleitung
ÖR	<i>Österreichische Rundschau</i>
ÖV	<i>Der Österreichische Volkswirt</i>
ÖVZ	<i>Oesterreichische Volks-Zeitung</i>
OW	<i>Ostdeutsche Wissenschaft</i>
PAAA	Politisches Archiv des Auswärtigen Amtes, Berlin
PB	<i>Polnische Blätter</i>
PEGS	<i>Publications of the English Goethe Society</i>
PfP	<i>Pfälzische Post</i>
PJ	<i>Preußische Jahrbücher</i>
PK	<i>Pfälzischer Kurier</i>
PL	<i>Pester Lloyd</i>
PPHIR	<i>Prague Papers on the History of International Relations</i>
PrT	<i>Prager Tagblatt</i>
PT	<i>Posener Tageblatt</i>
RWV	Reichsdeutsche Waffenbrüderliche Vereinigung
RWZ	<i>Rheinisch-Westfälische Zeitung</i>
SchT	<i>Schwäbisches Tagblatt</i>
SG	Scherer and Grunewald (eds.), <i>L'Allemagne et les problèmes de la paix</i>
SJ	<i>Schmollers Jahrbuch für Gesetzgebung, Verwaltung und Volkswirtschaft</i>
SLHA	Hauptstaatsarchiv Dresden
SM	<i>Süddeutsche Monatshefte</i>
SNT	<i>Stuttgarter Neues Tagblatt</i>
SodA	<i>Südostdeutsches Archiv</i>
SoM	<i>Sozialistische Monatshefte</i>
SPD	Sozialdemokratische Partei Deutschlands
StZ	<i>Stimmen der Zeit (Stimmen aus Maria Laach)</i>
SZ	<i>Süddeutsche Zeitung</i>
TR	<i>Tägliche Rundschau</i>
UA	Unabhängiger Ausschuß für einen Deutschen Frieden
UF	Michaelis, et al. (eds.), <i>Ursachen und Folgen</i>
USPD	Unabhängige Sozialdemokratische Partei Deutschlands
VDA	Verein für das Deutschtum im Ausland
VfS	Verein für Socialpolitik
VK	<i>Velhagen & Klasings Monatshefte</i>

Cambridge University Press

978-1-107-03167-8 - The First World War and German National Identity: The Dual Alliance at War

Jan Vermeiren

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

xvi List of abbreviations

<i>VZ</i>	<i>Vossische Zeitung</i>
<i>WaM</i>	<i>Welt am Montag</i>
<i>WB</i>	<i>Die Weißen Blätter</i>
<i>WdZ</i>	<i>Wirtschaftszeitung der Zentralmächte</i>
<i>WiH</i>	<i>War in History</i>
<i>WR</i>	<i>Wehrwissenschaftliche Rundschau</i>
<i>WüZ</i>	<i>Württembergische Zeitung</i>
<i>WZ</i>	<i>Weser-Zeitung</i>
<i>ZfO</i>	<i>Zeitschrift für Ostmitteleuropa-Forschung</i>
<i>ZfP</i>	<i>Zeitschrift für Politik</i>
<i>ZKG</i>	<i>Zeitschrift für Kirchengeschichte</i>