

Index

- abdominal abscess, 177
- abdominal distension, 229, 238
- abdominal mass, 211, 269, 276
- abdominal pain, 193, 196, 205, 234, 278, 297–8, 300
- abdominal wall deficiency, 248, 250
 - anterior, 322–3
- Abernethy malformation, 111–13
- aberrant left coronary artery arising from the pulmonary artery (ALCAPA), 141–3, 145
- aberrant right coronary artery arising from the pulmonary artery (ARCAPA), 141, 144
- abscesses, inaccessible, 183–4
- acetabular roof coverage, 339–41
- achondrogenesis, 326, 377
- achondroplasia, 326
- actinomycosis, 373
- acute appendicitis, 183
- acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL), 56, 60
- acute phase fibromatosis colli, 7
- acute pneumonia, 62–4
- acute scrotum, 307
- ADC value, 270, 273
- Addison disease, 23
- adrenal abscess, 291
- adrenal hematoma, 291
- adrenal hemorrhage, 291–2, 313
- adrenal insufficiency, 23
- adrenal mass, 81, 294–5
- adrenal neuroblastoma, 291–3
- adrenoleukodystrophy, 23–4
- adventitial hyperplasia, 158
- agenesis, 30
- air bronchograms, 56–9
- air trapping, 44
- airway obstruction, 79
- Alagille syndrome, 208
- alpha-fetoprotein, 307
- alveolar proteinosis, 40, 42
- alveolar ridge, 27
- Amplatz guidewire, 183
- amputation, forefoot, 147, 150
- anal atresia, 316–17
- anaplasia, 269
- aneuploidy, 330
- aneurysm, 117, 121
- angel’s wings appearance, 72, 75
- angiocatheter, large bore, 170
- angiomyolipomas, 245–6, 270
- anterior abdominal wall defect, 322–3
- antibiotics, 33, 255
- aortic arch
 - interrupted, 117–19
 - right-sided, 94
- aortic arch variant, 102, 104
- aortic coarctation, 102, 117–19, 224
- appendicitis, 298
 - acute, 183
 - lymphoid follicular hyperplasia and, 215
 - perforated, 170, 177–8, 196–8
- appendicolith, 177–8, 184, 196
- appendix epididymis, 303
- appendix testis torsion, 303–4
- arterial switch procedure, 127–8, 130
- arteriovenous fistulae, 162–8
- arteriovenous malformations (AVMs), 112
- arthritis, 205
 - septic, 355, 358
- arthrotomy, 359
- aspiration pneumonia, 62
- aspiration, causes of, 33
- asplenia, 135, 138
- asthma, 44, 48–9
- atelectasis, 44, 47
 - neonatal atypical peripheral, 73, 77
- atrial septal defect (ASD), 107, 127, 129, 135
- atrial switch procedure, 127, 131
- attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder, 23
- atypical pneumonia, 62, 65
- autoimmune disease, 66, 285
- autoimmune hepatitis, 181
- autosomal dominant disorders, 16, 245
- autosomal dominant osteogenesis imperfecta, 328
- autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD), 247, 319
- autosomal recessive osteogenesis imperfecta, 328
- autosomal recessive polycystic kidney disease (ARPKD), 245, 247, 319
- avascular necrosis, 343–4, 347
- avascular phase LCPD, 343
- avascularity, 308
- bacterial meningitis, 14
- bacterial pneumonias, 62, 65
- bacterial pyelonephritis, 255–6
- barium enema reduction, 170
- barium upper GI study, 215–16, 218–19
- Beckwith–Wiedemann syndrome, 260, 269
- behavioral abnormalities, 23
- bent bone dysplasias, 374
- beta human chorionic gonadotropin, 307
- beveled edges, 25, 28
- bicuspid aortic valve, 117
- bilateral hearing loss, 14, 16–17
- bilateral overinflation, 40–1
- bilateral renal dysplasia, 319–20
- bilateral retinoblastoma, 1
- bile ducts, 201–3
- biliary atresia, 111, 113, 207–8
- bilious vomiting, 218–19
- bilirubin levels, 207–8, 334
- Biogluue adhesive, 177, 179
- biopsy
 - Langerhans cell histiocytosis, 25
 - lung, 40
- bi-parietal calvarial lytic lesions, 25, 28
- bisphosphonates, 365
- bladder exstrophy, 322
- Blalock–Taussig shunt, 95
- Bland–White–Garland syndrome, 141
- blunt pancreatic trauma, 234
- Bochladek hernia, 329
- bone biopsy, 365
- bone fragility, 326–7
- bone marrow, 294, 296
- bone marrow edema, 352
- bone marrow infiltration, 25
- bone marrow transplantation, 23, 231
- bone scintigraphy, 25
- bony remodeling, 173
- Botulinum* toxin type A, 7
- bowel atresia. *See* small bowel atresia
- bowel loops, dilated, 237–8, 240
- bowel malrotation, 218, 237
- box-shaped heart, 122
- brain tumors, 1–2
 - craniopharyngioma, 10–12
 - medulloblastoma, 18–19
- branchial cleft cyst, 287
- branchio-oto-renal syndrome, 16–17
- bremsstrahlung images, 12
- bronchial atresia, 79, 83, 330
- bronchiectasis, 40, 43, 87
- bronchiolitis, 44, 62
 - chronic idiopathic, 40
- bronchiolitis obliterans, 40, 43–4
- bronchitis, 44
- bronchoalveolar carcinomas, 80
- bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL), 33
- bronchogenic cyst, 79, 81, 330
- bronchopulmonary malformation, 79–86
- bronchoscopy, 44, 47
- bullet fragments, 162, 164
- calcium oxalate, 281
- caliceal diverticulum, 245
- calvarium, 25–6, 28, 327
- campomelic dysplasia, 374–5
- canal of Nuck, 297, 299
- Candida albicans*, 255
- capitellum, osteochondritis dissecans, 387–8
- cardiac dextroposition, 107–9
- cardiac echocardiography, 141
- cardiac obstructive lesions, 87
- cardiomegaly, 112, 122–3, 141
- cardiomyopathy, 122
- carotid arteries
 - internal, 32
 - nasopharyngeal angiofibroma, 173
- catheter embolization, 151, 155
- Catterall system, 343
- cavovarus foot deformity, 337
- CD14 marker, 25
- center-edge (CE) angle, 340, 342
- cerebellar ataxia, 53
- cerebral palsy, 336–7, 340
- cerebral tumors, 270
- cerebrovascular disease, 30
- cervical extension of mediastinal thymus, 8
- cervical lymphadenopathy, 8
- cervical spine injuries, 162, 168
- cervical teratoma, 8
- cervicofacial hemangiomas, 30
- cheek pain and swelling, 25, 27

Index

- chemotherapy
 - Ewing’s sarcoma, 371
 - pleuropulmonary blastoma, 36
 - trilateral retinoblastoma, 1
 - Wilms’ tumor, 269
- chest wall sarcoma, 370–2
- chest, lymphatic abnormalities, 87–93
- cholangiography, 201, 208–9
- choledochal cyst, 201–2
- cholelithiasis, 334
- cholestasis, 207–8, 334
- chondrolysis, 347
- chondrosarcoma, 36
- chromosomal deletion syndrome, 339, 341
- chronic idiopathic bronchiolitis, 40
- chronic recurrent multifocal osteomyelitis (CRMO), 371
- chylothorax, 87–8, 90
- cirrhosis of the liver, 181
- clear cell sarcoma, 270
- cleft palate, 374, 377
- cloaca, 316
- Cloquet canal, 2, 5
- Clostridium difficile*, 228
- clubfoot, 336–7
- coarctation syndrome, 117
- Coats’ disease, 1
- cochlea calcification, 14–15
- cochlear implantation, 14
- coeur en sabot, 94–6
- coil embolization, 162–3, 165
- COL1A1/2* genes, 326
- collagenopathy, 377–8
- colonic perforation, 169–71
- colonic pneumatosis, 226, 228
- colonic tumors, 215
- comet tail artifact, 289–90
- common bile duct, 201–3
- confluent consolidation, 33–4
- congenital chloride diarrhoea, 316
- congenital diaphragmatic hernia, 329–31
- congenital heart disease, 66–7, 94–5, 102, 127, 138
 - cyanotic, 222
- congenital lobar emphysema, 73, 78
- congenital lobar overinflation, 79, 330
- congenital neck cyst, 287
- congenital rubella, 354
- congenital syphilis, 354–6
- congenital UPJ obstruction, 276, 278
- congenital vertical talus, 336, 338
- congenitally corrected transposition of the great arteries (CCTGA), 128, 133
- congestive heart failure, 117, 125
 - ALCAPA, 141–2
- constipation, 226–7
- contrast enema, 196, 199, *See also* water-soluble contrast enema
- controlled ventilation techniques, 40
- contusion, 234
- copper deficiency, 355
- corkscrew appearance, 218–19
- coronary reimplantation, 142
- corpus callosum, 23–4
- cortical nephrocalcinosis, 281
- coxa valga, 340
- crackles, 40
- craniopharyngioma, 10–12
- crescent sign, 343
- Crohn’s disease, 205
- croup, 48–50
- cryptorchidism, 248
- CSF space, leaks to, 10–12
- curettage, 25
- curved needle, 183–4
- cyanosis, 112, 127–8, 136
- cystic craniopharyngiomas, 10–11
- cystic dysplasia, 79, 310
 - kidneys, 319–20
- cystic fibrosis, 226–7, 231
 - meconium ileus and, 237–8, 316
- cystic neuroblastoma, 319
- cystic pleuropulmonary blastoma, 36, 39, 80
- cystic pulmonary airway malformation (CPAM), 36–7, 79–80, 82, 84, 330
- cystic pulmonary lesion, 36
- Cysto-Conray II, 237–8
- dancing eye syndrome, 53
- Dandy–Walker malformation, 30
- demyelination, 23
- Denys–Drash syndrome, 269, 272
- dermoid cyst, 287
- desmoplastic small round cell tumor, 229–30
- desquamative interstitial pneumonitis (DIP), 40
- developmental dysplasia of the hip (DDH), 340–1
- Di George syndrome, 66, 95
- diabetes insipidus, 26
- diaphragmatic hernia, congenital, 329–31
- diaphyseal sclerosis, 354, 356
- diarrhea, 53, 316
- DICER1* gene mutation, 36, 270, 275
- dietary modification, 23
- Dietl’s crisis, 276
- diffuse follicular hyperplasia, 215
- diffuse nephroblastomatosis, 260
- distal ileal atresia, 316
- distal intestinal obstruction syndrome (DIOS), 238
- distal tibia fracture, 362–3
- distal tibial physeal closure, 362
- double bubble sign, 218–19
- Down syndrome, 87, 95, 313
- Drash syndrome, 260
- D-transposition, 127–9
- ductal ligament, 102
- ductus venosus, 188
- duodenal lymphoma, 205
- duodenal obstruction, 218–19
- duodenal thumbprinting, 205–6
- duodenojejunal junction, 219, 221
- uplicated collecting system, 257–8
- duplication cysts, 201
- dysmorphic facial features, 66–7, 374
- Ebstein–Barr virus infection, 231
- Ebstein’s anomaly, 122–3
- echogenic bowel, 316
- echogenic streaks, 252
- ectopia cordis, 322
- ectopic cervical thymus, 20–1
- ectopic thymus, 66, 69
- ectopic ureterocele, 257–8
- egg on a string appearance, 127, 129
- embolization, nasopharyngeal angiofibroma, 173–5
- embryonal mesenchymal neoplasm, 36
- embryonal sarcoma of the liver, 211, 214
- emphysema, 44
 - pulmonary interstitial, 72, 76
- end-stage renal disease (ESRD), 281
- end-stage renal failure (ESRF), 281
- endobronchial foreign bodies, 44–5
- endochondral ossification, 354
- endocrine dysfunction, 10
- endovascular techniques, 151, 157
- enema reduction, 169–70, 172
- enterocolitis, 170, 200
- enteroliths, 316–17
- eosinophilic granuloma, 25
- Eovist, 207, 210
- epidermoid cysts, 307, 312
- epididymo-orchitis, 303, 308
- epidural masses, 294–5
- epidural venous plexus, 162, 164, 166
- epiphyseal ossification, 377
- epiphyseal separation, 362, 364
- epistaxis, 173–4
- Escherichia coli*, 255, 291
- esophageal foreign body, 48–50
- esophagrams, 44
- Ewing’s sarcoma, 229, 370–1, 373
- extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO), 329
- extrahepatic biliary obstruction, 207–8
- extrahepatic collateral arteries, 181–2
- extralobar pulmonary sequestration, 292–3
- extralobar sequestration, 80, 85
- extraosseous Ewing’s sarcoma, 370
- extrapulmonary sequestration, 80
- extratesticular lesions, 307–8
- extrinsic lesions, left pulmonary artery, 98
- ex utero intrapartum treatment (EXIT), 313, 329
- eye
 - extraocular extension, 1
 - trilateral retinoblastoma, 1–3
- eye swelling, 365–6
- facial angiofibromas, 245
- facial dysmorphism, 66–7, 374
- facial hemangiomas, 30–1
- fat necrosis, 380
- fatigue stress fractures, 348
- fatty acids, 23
- femoral artery occlusion, 147–8
- femoral epiphysis, 343–4
 - slipped capital, 347–9
- femoral head, 339, 341, 343–4
- femoral head ossification, 340, 343
- femoral venous line, 188, 191
- femurs, bent, 374–5
- fetal anal atresia, 316–17
- fetal congenital diaphragmatic hernia, 329–31
- fetal lung interstitial tumor, 80
- fetal lymphatic malformation, 313–15
- fetal osteogenesis imperfecta, 326–8
- fetal renal dysplasia, 319–20
- fibrolamellar carcinoma, 181
- fibromatoses, 384
- fibromatosis
 - neurofibromatosis, 2, 158
- fibromatosis colli, 7–8
- fibromuscular dysplasia, 158–9

- fibrotic phase fibromatosis colli, 7
fibrous dysplasia, 365–6, 371
fine-needle aspiration, 289
floating teeth, 25, 27
fluorine-18 positron emission tomography (PET), 350, 352
focal follicular hyperplasia, 215
focal nephroblastomatosis, 260, 262
focal pneumonia, 62
focal stenoses/occlusions, 30
follicular adenomas, 289
Fontan conduit, 112
foramen cecum, 287
forefoot varus deformity, 336–7
foveolar hyperplasia, 222–3
French method, 336
fungal disease, 62
fungal renal infections, 255
- gadolinium, 88, 207, 210
gallbladder, 207
gallbladder ghost triad, 207
gallstones, 334–5
ganglioneuroblastoma, 53–4
ganglioneuroma, 53
gangrene, 147
gas cyst, 226
Gastrografin, 237–8, 242
gastroschisis, 322–3
germ cell tumor, 26, 66, 69, 297, 307–8, 310
Ghon complex, 63
Graf alpha angle, 339, 341
Graf beta angle, 339
Graf grading classification, 339
granulation tissue, 48
granulomatous disease, 57
Graves’ disease, 285–6
greater trochanteric region, 380
groin pain, 347, 349
ground glass appearance, 365–6
ground glass opacity (GGO), 40–2
growth arrest, 359
guidewire embolization, 151, 153
gunshot wounds, 162
- Haemophilus influenzae*, 14
Hand–Schuller–Christian syndrome, 25
Harcke method, 339
Hashimoto’s thyroiditis, 285
head-shaft angle, 347, 349
hearing loss, 14, 16–17, 23
hemangioendotheliomas, 211–12
hemangiomas, 31
 cervicofacial, 30
 facial, 30
 infantile, 211
hemangiomas, 112, 116
hematoma, 234
 adrenal, 291
hematuria, 252
hemidiaphragm inversion, 36, 38
hemihypertrophy, 260
hemithorax mass, 36–7 *See also* left hemithorax
hemoptysis, 44
Henoch–Schönlein purpura, 205–6
heparin, 147
hepatic abscess, 189
hepatic cyst, 189
hepatic encephalopathy, 112
hepatic neoplasm, 188
hepatitis
 autoimmune, 181
 neonatal, 208
hepatobiliary imino diacetic acid (HIDA) scan, 207–8
hepatoblastoma, 181, 189, 211, 213
hepatocellular carcinoma, 181–2
hepatopulmonary syndrome, 111–13
hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia (HHT), 112
herniation of bowel, 322–3
Herring classification, 343–4
heterotaxia, 138
Hilgenreiner’s line, 340, 342
hindfoot equinus deformity, 336–7
hindfoot varus deformity, 336–7
hip dislocation, 339–40
hip dysplasia, 7
Hirschsprung’s disease, 53, 237–40, 244, 317
histiocytes, 25
Hodgkin’s lymphoma, 56–7, 59, 70
homocystinuria, 147–8
horseshoe kidney, 278
horseshoe lung, 107, 109
Houndsfield units, 35
Hutchinson’s triad, 354
hybrid lesions, bronchopulmonary, 79–81, 86
hydrocele, 307
hydronephrosis, 245, 257–8
 renal cystic dysplasia and, 319
 ureteropelvic junction obstruction and, 276–7
hydrops fetalis, 313–14, 334–5
hydroureteronephrosis, 248
hyoid bone, 287–8
hyperalimentation, 88
hyperbilirubinemia, 207
hyperdense tumors, 18–19
hyperlucency, 44–5
hyperoxaluria, 281, 283
hyperparathyroidism, 281, 355
hyperpigmentation, 23
hypertension, 117–18
 pulmonary, 127, 329
 renovascular, 158
 Wilms’ tumor, 269
hyperthyroidism, 285
hypervascularity, 308
hypochondrogenesis, 377–8
hyponatremia, 23
hypophosphatasia, 326
hypoplasia, 30, 374–5
hypoplastic left heart, 107, 117, 145
hypoplastic lung, 98
hypoplastic right lung, 107, 109
hypotonia, 66–7
hypovolemic shock, 238, 291
hypoxemia, 112
- iatrogenic pathology, 151–7
idiopathic intussusception, 170, 196
ileocolic intussusception, 200
ileoileal intussusception, 170–1
iliac wings, 374–5
immune hydrops, 334
immunosuppression, 231
- imperforate anus, 239, 316–17
incisural ankle fracture, 359, 362
infantile myofibromatosis, 384–5
inferior vena cava, drainage to, 107, 109
inflammation, thyroglossal duct cyst, 287
inguinal hernia, 298, 303, 306
insufficiency fractures, 348
interlobular septal thickening, 33, 40, 42
internal carotid artery, 32
internal degloving, 380
interrupted aortic arch, 117–19
interstitial pneumonia, 40
intestinal lymphangiectasia, 87
intestinal perforation, 237
intimal fibroplasia, 158
intracranial Berry aneurysms, 117
intracranial hemangiomas, 30
intracranial tumors, 1, 10, 18
intrahepatic ducts, 202–3
intrahepatic portal vein, 112
intralobar nephroblastomatosis, 260
intraluminal gas, 226
intramural gas, 226
intraocular hemorrhage, 2
intraocular mass, 1
intrapulmonary mass, 36
intrapulmonary sequestrations, 80
intratesticular neoplasms, 307–12
intrathoracic thymus, 20
intravascular foreign bodies, 151–7
intrinsic lesions, left pulmonary artery, 98
intussusception mimicry, 196–8, 205
intussusception reduction, 169–71
iodine-123 MIBG scan, 294, 296
iodine-123 uptake, 285–6
ischemia, lower extremity, 147–8
ischemic hemorrhagic infarction, 291
- Jaffe–Lichtenstein syndrome, 365
jaundice, 207–8
joint laxity, 339–40
juvenile granulosa cell tumors, 307–8
juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML), 227
juvenile nasopharyngeal angiofibroma, 173–5
juvenile tillaux fracture, 362
- Kasai portoenterostomy, 207
Kawasaki disease, 118
kidneys, enlarged, 252–3
Klebsiella pneumoniae, 255
Klein’s line, 347, 349
Klippel–Trenaunay–Weber syndrome, 313
Kniest dysplasia, 377
Knudson’s two-hit hypothesis, 1
Kommerell diverticulum, 102, 105
Kump’s bump, 364
- labial mass, 297–9
labyrinthitis ossificans, 14–15
laceration, 234
Langerhans cell histiocytosis (LCH), 25–9, 57, 61
 chest wall sarcoma and, 371
 classification, 25
 MRI/PET, 350–1
Langerhans cells, 25
lateral pillar, 343–4
Le Compte maneuver, 127, 130

Index

left coronary artery, aberrant, 141–3, 145	meconium, 316	<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> , 14, 291
left hemithorax, 37	calcification, 316–17	neonatal airleak, 72–8
opacification, 87–8, 90	meconium aspiration, 72, 76	neonatal atypical peripheral atelectasis (NAPA), 73, 77
left isomerism, 112–13	meconium ileus, 237–44, 316	neonatal bent bone dysplasias, 374
left pulmonary artery sling, 98–9	meconium peritonitis, 237–8, 242, 316	nephrectomy, 270
left ventricular dilatation, 141	meconium plug syndrome, 239	nephroblastomatosis, 260–1
left ventricular failure, 142	medial collateral ligament, 359	Wilms’ tumor and, 269
Legg–Calve–Perthes disease (LCPD), 343–4, 348	medial fibroplasia, 158, 161	nephrocalcinosis, 281–2
lethal skeletal dysplasias, 326	medial hyperplasia, 158	nephrogenic rests, 260, 262, 269
Letterer–Siwe disease, 25	medial malleolus avulsion fracture, 359–60	nephrolithiasis, 281, 298
leukemia, 355	mediastinal lymphadenopathy, 56–8, 61	nephromegaly, 245
acute lymphocytic, 56, 60	mediastinal mass, 36, 48–50	Neuhauser’s sign, 238
leukocoria, 1–2	Hodgkin’s lymphoma, 56	neuroblastoma, 7–8, 29, 53, 189, 193–4, 294–5
Leydig cell tumors, 307–8	lymphatic abnormalities and, 87	adrenal, 291–3
limb-body wall complex, 322	lymphoma, 60	ganglioneuroblastoma, 53–4
limping, 344	mediastinal shift, 36–7	lymphatic malformation and, 313
Lipiodol, 88, 181–2	mediastinal thymus, 20–1, 66, 71	Wilms’ tumor and, 270
lipoid pneumonia, 33–4	medullary nephrocalcinosis, 281–2	neurocristopathy, 53
liver	medulloblastoma, 18–19	neuroendocrine cell hyperplasia of infancy (NEHI), 40–1
cirrhosis, 181	megacystis-microcolon syndrome, 248	neurofibromatosis, 2, 158
mesenchymal hamartoma, 211–12	meningitis, 14	neurologic impairment, 23
umbilical venous catheter, 188–9, 192	subacute, 62	nodes, lungs, 62
liver dysfunction, 111, 113	mental retardation, 245	nodular pneumonia, 62
liver herniation, 329–30	mesenchymal hamartoma, 211–12	nodules, lungs, 56–7, 64
liver transplantation, 111, 113, 181, 208	mesoblastic nephroma, 269, 273, 319	non-Hodgkin’s lymphoma, 56
lobectomy, 80	metanephric stromal tumor, 270	non-immune hydrops, 334
Loder classification, 347	metanephros, 260, 262	non-specific interstitial pneumonia (NSIP), 40
lower extremity ischemia, 147–8	metaphyseal blush, 347, 349	Noonan’s syndrome, 87, 313
L-transposition, 128, 133	metaphyseal lucencies, 354–6	no-way valve, 44
lumbar vein malposition, 188	metastases	
lung cysts, 37–8	desmoplastic small round cell tumor, 229–30	obstructive hydrocephalus, 18–19
lung to head ratio (LHR), 329, 333	Ewing’s sarcoma, 370–1	oligohydramnios, 76, 248
lung transplantation, 231, 233	neuroblastoma, 294–5	Ommaya device, 10, 12
lung volumes, 329, 333	Wilms’ tumor, 269	Omnipaque, 183, 185, 238
lymph nodes	metatarsus adductus, 336	omphalocele, 322, 324
enlarged, 287	methicillin resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA), 212	Ondine’s curse, 53
mediastinal and hilar, 56, 58	methylprednisolone, 25	one-way valve, 44
lymphangiectasia, 87–8, 91	microcolon, 237–9, 244, 316	opsoclonus myoclonus, 53–4, 294
lymphangiography, 88	micromelia, 326	optic nerve, 3
lymphangioliomyomatosis, 88	microphthalmos, 2, 30	optic nerve atrophy, 30
lymphangioma, 66, 69, 313, 380	middle aortic syndrome, 193–4	optic-hypothalamic astrocytoma, 26
lymphangiomatosis, 87, 93	midgut volvulus, 218–19, 237–8	oral lithium, 122
lymphatic abnormalities, 87–93	midline intracranial tumor, 1	orbitopathy, 285
lymphatic dysplasia syndrome, 87	miliary pneumonia, 62–3	orchiectomy, 307, 311
lymphatic malformation, 315	mitral regurgitation, 142	Osler–Rendu–Weber syndrome, 112
fetal, 313–14	monostotic disease, 365	osteitis, 354
lymphatic obstruction, 87, 91	monostotic EG, 26	osteoarthritis, 347
lymphocytic hypophysitis, 26	Morel–Lavallée lesion, 380–1	osteocondritis, 354
lymphoid follicular hyperplasia, 215–16	Morgagni hernia, 329	osteocondritis dissecans, 387–8
lymphoma, 56–7, 59	mucoid impacted bronchus, 79, 83	osteochondrosis, 387
desmoplastic small round cell tumor, 230	Mucomyst, 237–8, 242	osteogenesis imperfecta, 326–8
desmoplastic small round cell tumor and, 229	mucosal fold thickening, 205–6	osteolytic lesion, 350–1
PTLD and, 231	multicystic dysplastic kidney, 276–7, 319–20	osteomyelitis, 26, 348, 354, 358
thymus and, 66, 68, 70	multifocal retinoblastoma, 1	chest wall sarcoma and, 371
lymphoproliferative disorders, 231	multilocular cystic nephroma, 270, 275	chronic recurrent multifocal, 371
lymphoscintigraphy, 88	multinodular goiter, 285	osteonecrosis, 343, 345
lytic expansion of ribs, 87, 90	multiple polyposis, 215	osteopenia, 355
lytic lesions, 25–6, 28–9	multisystem LCH, 350	osteosarcoma, 370–1
myofibromatosis, 384–5	mycobacteria, atypical, 62–3, 65	osteosclerosis, 281
	mycobacterial infection, 57	ovarian cystic teratoma, 297, 301
major aorticopulmonary collaterals (MAPCAs), 94–5, 97	myofibromatosis, 385	ovarian cysts, 297–8, 300
malacia, 98	infantile, 384	ovarian torsion, 297–302
maxilla, 27		ovarian tumor, 297
maxillary sinus walls, 27	nasogastric tube placement, 151, 154	oxalosis, 281–2
McCune–Albright syndrome, 365, 369	nasopharyngeal angiofibroma, 173–5	
McFarland fractures, 359		

- P chromic phosphate colloid, 10–12
P sodium phosphate, 11
pancreatic duct, 201
pancreatic trauma, 234–5
pancreatitis, acute, 234–6
Panner’s disease, 387
papillary thyroid carcinoma, 290
parieto-occipital white matter, 23
parosteal osteosarcoma, 370
patchy air trapping, 40, 42
patent ductus arteriosus (PDA), 94–6, 107, 117–18
patent ductus venosus, 115
patent foramen ovale (PFO), 135
Pavlik harness, 340
peel, 322–3
pelvic inflammatory disease (PID), 298, 300
pelviclyceal distortion, 269, 271
pelvocaliectasis, 276
penetrating neck injury, 163
penicillin, 354
pentobarbital, 207
percent predicted lung volume (PPLV), 329
percutaneous sclerosis, 88
peribronchial myofibroblastic tumor, 80
pericardial effusion, 56, 122, 125
perihilar markings, 40–1
perilobar nephroblastomatosis, 260
perimedial fibroplasia, 158
perinatal sepsis, 354
periostitis, 354–6
peripancreatic fluid, 234–6
peripherally inserted central catheter (PICC), 151, 153
peritumoral edema, 370
Perkin’s line, 340, 342
peroxisome disorders, 23
persistent hyperplastic primary vitreous, 1, 5
Peyer’s patches, 169, 196
PHACES syndrome, 30–1
pharyngitis, 205
pigment stones, 334
pigtail catheter, 169–70, 172, 177–8
pilocytic astrocytoma, 18
pilon fracture, 359, 362
pinch off syndrome, 151
pineal gland, 1
pineal gland tumor, 1
pituitary hormone, 10
pituitary infundibulum, 26
plain film skeletal survey, 25
planovalgus foot deformity, 337
plasma homocysteine level, 147
pleural effusion, 36, 56, 87–8, 91, 334–5
pleuropulmonary blastoma, 36–7, 80
 subtypes, 36
pneumatic enema reduction, 169–70, 172
pneumatocele, 81
pneumatosis intestinalis cystoides, 226–7, 238
pneumomediastinum, 72–4
pneumonia, 44
 acute and subacute, 62–4
 adenopathy and, 62
 bronchopulmonary malformation and, 81
 interstitial, 40
 lipoid, 33–4
 lymphoma and, 56–7
 TAPVR and, 136, 138
pneumopericardium, 73, 77
pneumoperitoneum, 73, *see also* tension
 pneumoperitoneum
pneumothorax, 72–3, 76–7
point-of-care (POC) ultrasound, 169
polycystic ovarian syndrome, 298, 300
polyhydramnios, 374
polyostotic disease, 365, 369
polysplenia, 111, 207–8
Ponseti method, 336
popliteal artery occlusion, 147–8
portal vein, 188
portopulmonary syndrome, 111–13
portosystemic shunt, 113–16
posterior fossa anomalies, 30
posterior fossa tumor, 18–19
post-transplantation lymphoproliferative disorder (PTLD), 56, 61, 231–3
Potter’s syndrome, 76
pouch of Douglas, 297
pre-auricular pits, 16–17
premature physal closure (PPC), 359
primary renal insufficiency, 283
primitive neuroectodermal tumor (PNET), 370
prostaglandin therapy, 94–5, 222–3
proximal focal femoral deficiency, 340
prune belly syndrome, 248–9
pseudocapsule, 269
pseudocoarctation, 118
pseudocysts, 234, 236, 238
Pseudomonas aeruginosa, 255
pseudoparalysis, 354
pthisis bulbi, 2
pulmonary arteries, 94–5, *see also* left pulmonary artery sling
 ALCAPA, 141–3, 145
pulmonary atresia, 94–6, 122, 125, 135
pulmonary edema, 136, 141, 143
pulmonary hyperplasia, 79
pulmonary hypertension, 329
pulmonary hypoplasia, 72, 76, 122, 326, 329
pulmonary interstitial emphysema, 72, 76
pulmonary interstitial glycogenosis (PIG), 40
pulmonary lymphangiectasia, 87, 92
pulmonary sequestration, 79–80, 82
pulmonary valve leaflets, 95
pulmonary vascular resistance, 141–2, 329
pulmonary vasculature, 112–13
pulmonary venous drainage, 135, 137, 140
pulmonary venous obstruction, 136
pulmonic stenosis, 122, 128
purpura, 205
pyelonephritis, 247, 255–6
pyloric stenosis, 222, 225
pyogenic abscesses, 211
pyohydronephrosis, 257–8
pyramidal tract symptoms, 23

radiotherapy
 craniopharyngioma, 10–11
 pleuropulmonary blastoma, 36
 Wilms’ tumor, 269
Ranke’s complex, 63
Rashkind procedure, 127
Rastelli operation, 128, 132
re-coarctation, 117, 121

reimplantation
 coronary, 142
 left pulmonary artery, 98
renal abscess, 255–6
renal artery stenosis, 118, 158, 160, 193–4
renal cell carcinoma, 245, 270
renal cortex, 260
renal cysts, 245–6, 260
renal dysplasia
 cystic, 319–20
 obstructive, 76
renal hamartoma, 269
renal malformations, 16
renal medullary carcinoma, 270, 275
renal osteodystrophy, 281, 283
renal parenchyma, 260, 272
renal pelvis dilatation, 276–7
renal vein thrombosis, 252–3, 292
renovascular hypertension, 158
resection
 craniopharyngioma, 10–11
 desmoplastic small round cell tumor, 229
 pleuropulmonary blastoma, 36
 Wilms’ tumor, 269
respiratory distress syndrome, 136
reticuloendothelial system, 25
retinal astrocytic hamartomas, 2
retractions, 40–1
retrocardiac pneumomediastinum, 72, 74
revascularization, 30, 343
Rh immunoglobulin, 334
rhabdoid tumors, 270, 274
rhabdomyosarcoma, 8, 36
rickets, 281, 355
right atrial dilatation, 122–3
right middle lobe syndrome, 63
rockerbottom foot, 337–8
ROHHADNET syndrome, 53
Roux-en-Y anastomosis, 207

Salter–Harris classification, 359, 361–2
Salter–Harris type IV fracture, 359–60, 362–3
scapular body ossification, 374–5
scimitar syndrome, 107–9, 145
scrotal mass, 307, 309
 differential diagnosis, 308
scrotal pain, 303–4
scrotolith, 303
secundum ASD, 127
seizures, 23, 245
sensorineural hearing loss, 14, 16, 23
septic arthritis, 355, 358
septic arthritis of infancy, 340
Sertoli cell tumors, 307–8
sex cord-stromal tumors, 307–8
Shenton’s line, 340
Shone syndrome, 117
short gut syndrome, 322
short stature, 377
sickle cell disease, 270, 275
single screw fixation, 347
single-system LCH, 350
sinus tract, 177, 179
skeletal dysplasias, 326, 374, 377
slipped capital femoral epiphysis (SCFE), 347–9
small bowel atresia, 237–9, 243, 322
small bowel fistula, 177–8

Index

- small bowel follow through (SBFT), 215–16, 219
- small bowel obstruction, 237–44
- small left colon syndrome, 239
- snare-wire, 151, 157
- snowman appearance, 135, 138
- soap-bubble appearance, 238
- soft tissue mass, 370, 372, 384
- soft tissue swelling, 334–5
- soft tissue tumor, 380
- Southwick method, 347, 349
- SOX9 gene mutation, 374
- spermatic cord torsion, 307–8
- spinal tumor seeding, 18
- splenogonadal fusion, 311
- splenorenal shunt, 111–13
- spondylo-epi-metaphyseal dysplasia (SEMD)–Strudwick, 377
- spondylo-epiphyseal dysplasia congenita, 377
- spontaneous pneumothorax, 36
- sporadic aniridia, 260, 269
- standardized uptake value (SUV), 350
- Staphylococcus aureus*, 212, 255
- steno-occlusive disease, 32
- sternocleidomastoid muscle, 7–9
- steroids, 329
- Stickler dysplasia type I, 377
- Streptococcus*, 291, 354, 358
- Streptococcus pneumoniae*, 14, 62, 72
- stress fractures, 348
- string of beads appearance, 158, 161
- string of pearls sign, 298
- Stulberg classification, 343
- Sturge–Weber syndrome, 30, 32
- subacute pneumonia, 62–4
- subchondral fracture, 343
- subcortical cysts, 319–20
- superior mesenteric vein/artery relationships, 218–20
- suprasellar mass, 10–11
- surfactant disorders, 40, 42, 72, 74, 77
- surgery, *see also* resection
- aortic coarctation, 117
 - fibromatosis colli, 7
 - scimitar syndrome, 108
 - tetralogy of Fallot, 95
 - transposition of the great arteries (TGA), 127
 - vascular ring, 102
- swallowing difficulty, 48–9
- syndromal cysts, 319
- sypilis, congenital, 354–6
- T cell ALL, 56, 60
- T lesions, 128
- T lymphocytes, 66
- tachypnea, 33–4, 40–1
- Takayasu arteritis, 118, 158, 195
- Takeuchi procedure, 142
- talocalcaneal angles, 336–7
- talo-first metatarsal angles, 336–7
- tardus and parvus pattern, 158
- technetium-99, 88, 207
- technetium-99 MAG3 renography, 276
- technetium-99 MDP scan, 294, 296
- technetium-99 sulfur colloid scan, 10–11
- Temno needle, 183, 186
- tension pneumoperitoneum, 169–70, 172
- teratoma, 313
- terminal ileum, 215–16
- testicular appendix torsion, 303–4
- testicular cancer, 229
- testicular torsion, 303, 308, 312
- testis-preserving surgery, 308
- tetralogy of Fallot, 94–6, 102–3
- thanatophoric dysplasia, 326
- Thibierge–Weissenbach syndrome, 281
- thoracic duct, 87
- thoracic pedicle ossification, 374–5
- thrombocytopenia, 252
- thromboembolism, 147
- thymic cysts, 20, 22
- thymic sail sign, 66, 68, 73
- thymic wave sign, 66–7
- thymolipoma, 66, 69
- thymopharyngeal duct, 20
- thymus, 66–71, 123, 126 *see also* mediastinal thymus
- thyroglossal duct cyst, 287–8
- thyroid acropathy, 285
- thyroid colloid cyst, 289–90
- thyroid nodules, 289–90
- tibial artery, 147–8
- tibiofibular syndesmosis, 359, 361
- tissue adhesives, 177, 179
- tissue plasminogen activator (tPA), 147, 150
- torsion
- ovarian, 297–302
 - testicular appendix, 303–4
- torticollis
- fibromatosis colli, 7–8
- total anomalous pulmonary venous return (TAPVR), 135–40
- tracheal bronchus, 98
- tracheal diverticulum, 98, 100
- tracheal stenosis, 98, 101
- tracheoplasty, 98
- transarterial hepatic chemoembolization (TACE), 181–2
- transection, 234–5
- transposition of the great arteries (TGA), 127–8, 134
- traumatic arteriovenous fistulae, 162–8
- traumatic pancreatic injury, 234–5
- tree-in-bud appearance, 62–4
- Treponema pallidum* bacteria, 354
- triangular cord sign, 207
- tricuspid regurgitation, 122, 124
- trilateral retinoblastoma, 1–3
- triplane fracture, 362–3
- trisomy 13, 326
- trisomy 18, 260, 269, 326
- trisomy 21, 122, 326
- Truncus arteriosus, 102–3
- tube placement, traumatic, 72, 75
- tuberculosis, 57, 62–3
- tuberculous pneumonia, 62–4
- tuberous sclerosis, 2, 245–6, 270
- tumor thrombus, 269, 271
- Turner’s syndrome, 87, 117, 313
- two-way valve, 44
- type II collagenopathy, 377–8
- umbilical arterial line (UAL), 192
- umbilical venous catheter (UVC), 188–94
- unilateral unifocal retinoblastoma, 1
- upper respiratory tract infection
- viral, 36
- ureterocele, 257–8
- ureteropelvic junction obstruction, 276–7
- urinary stasis, 276
- urinary tract abnormalities, 248
- urinary tract infections, 257–8
- urorectal fistula, 316–17
- usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP), 40
- VAC chemotherapy, 371
- von Hippel–Lindau disease, 245
- vanillylmandelic acid (VMA), 292
- vascular abnormalities, 30
- vascular embolization, 80
- vascular ring, 102–4
- vascular stenosis, 193
- vasculitis, 117–19
- vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP) tumor, 53
- vegetable oils, 33
- ventriculomegaly, 10
- vertebra plana, 25, 29
- vertebral arteriovenous fistulae, 162–8
- vertebral ossification, 377
- vesicoureteral reflux, 257, 276–7
- vestibule calcification, 14–15
- viral pneumonias, 62
- vision loss, 1
- visual deficits, 23
- vitamin supplementation, 147
- vittiligo, 285
- von Hippel–Lindau syndrome, 270
- WAGR syndrome, 269
- wall to wall heart, 122–3
- water-soluble contrast enema, 237–8, 241
- Weigert–Meyer rule, 257
- whirlpool sign, 218, 220, 298, 300
- white matter demyelination, 23
- Wilms’ tumor, 269–75
- nephroblastomatosis and, 260, 263
- Wilson classification, 347
- Wimberger sign, 354–5, 357
- yolk sac tumors, 307, 309
- zonal phenomenon, 23