

Poor Relief in England, 1350–1600

Between the mid fourteenth century and the Poor Laws of 1598 and 1601, English poor relief moved towards a more coherent and comprehensive network of support. Marjorie McIntosh's study, the first to trace developments across that time span, focuses on three types of assistance: licensed begging and the solicitation of charitable alms; hospitals and almshouses for the bedridden and elderly; and the aid given by parishes. It explores changing conceptions of poverty and charity and altered roles for the church, state, and private organizations in the provision of relief. The study highlights the creativity of local people in responding to poverty, cooperation between national and lower levels of government, the problems of fraud and negligence, and mounting concern with proper supervision and accounting. This ground-breaking work challenges existing accounts of the Poor Laws, showing that they addressed problems with forms of aid already in use rather than creating a new system of relief.

Marjorie Keniston McIntosh is Distinguished Professor of History Emerita, University of Colorado at Boulder. Her previous publications include *Controlling Misbehavior in England*, 1370–1600 (Cambridge, 1998), Working Women in English Society, 1300–1620 (Cambridge, 2005), and two books about African women in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.





# Poor Relief in England, 1350–1600

Marjorie Keniston McIntosh

University of Colorado at Boulder





> CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS Cambridge, New York, Melbourne, Madrid, Cape Town, Singapore, São Paulo, Delhi, Tokyo, Mexico City

Cambridge University Press The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge CB2 8RU, UK

Published in the United States of America by Cambridge University Press, New York

www.cambridge.org Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9781107015081

© Marjorie Keniston McIntosh 2012

This publication is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements, no reproduction of any part may take place without the written permission of Cambridge University Press.

First published 2012

Printed in the United Kingdom at the University Press, Cambridge

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library

ISBN 978-1-107-01508-1 Hardback

Cambridge University Press has no responsibility for the persistence or accuracy of URLs for external or third-party internet websites referred to in this publication, and does not guarantee that any content on such websites is, or will remain, accurate or appropriate.



## Contents

	Acknowledgements	page viii
	Notes on conventions and online resources	X
	List of abbreviations	xi
1	Introduction	1
	1.1 Poverty, charity, and three forms of relief	4
	1.2 Analytic questions and sources	9
	1.3 The changing practical and ideological context	15
	1.4 Additional kinds of aid	25
Part I	Late medieval and early Tudor patterns	37
2	Seeking alms	39
_	2.1 Parliamentary and urban policies	43
	2.2 Licensed requests for alms due to special need	45
	2.3 Gathering for hospitals and other charitable causes	52
3	Late medieval hospitals and almshouses	59
	3.1 Hospitals, almshouses, and living arrangements	61
	3.2 The residents of hospitals and almshouses	71
	3.3 Benefits and obligations	78
	3.4 The governance of institutions	89
4	Aid given through and by the parish	95
	4.1 Churchwardens and general fundraising activities	97
	4.2 Assistance to the poor within the late medieval parish	101
Part II	Profound change during the early	
_ 0,_ 0	Reformation period	113
5	New ideas and new policies, c. 1530–1553	115
	5.1 A flood of beggars and responses to them	116
	5.2 The drastic impact of religious policies on hospitals and	
	almshouses	124
	5.3 The introduction of parish-based poor relief under Edward VI	127

V



### vi Contents

Part III	Intensified problems and altered approaches	
	in the later sixteenth century	139
6	The burgeoning of begging, collection, and fraud 6.1 Alms seekers and policies 6.2 Traditional forms of licensed begging and gathering 6.3 New techniques for county and national projects 6.4 The problem of fraud	141 144 148 165 173
7	The changing nature of almshouses and hospitals 7.1 The number of institutions and the growth of privacy 7.2 Residents 7.3 Altered benefits 7.4 Obligations for prayer and good behavior 7.5 Efforts to improve governance	186 187 192 200 207 214
8	Support for the parish poor 8.1 The changing legislative and parochial environment 8.2 Churchwardens and the poor 8.3 Collectors for the Poor	225 226 232 252
Part IV	Responding to the problems	271
9	The Poor Laws of 1598 and 1601 9.1 The three main types of relief 9.2 Generic operational problems 9.3 Commissions for Charitable Uses	273 275 283 288
10	Conclusion	294
	Appendices included in the printed volume  A Type of institution and intended residents of	299
	houses operative 1350–1599, by date of founding B Date of founding or first reference, hospitals and almshouses in the database	300
	C Date of closing or last reference, hospitals and almshouses in the database	302
	D Number of houses in existence, 1350–1599,	
	hospitals and almshouses in the database  E Operators or governors of hospitals and almshouses  F Churchwardens' assistance to the poor in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, by type of activity	304 305
	and period	307
	References Index	312 339



Contents vii

Online appendices in website maintained by Cambridge University Press (cited in text as "CUP Online Apps."): www.cambridge.org/mcintosh/appendices

- 1 Explanation of methodology used to enter information into an SPSS database of hospitals and almshouses and to create the graphs and other appendices
- 2 Number of institutions founded, closed, and in existence per decade, including ascribed numbers
- 3 Region and type of community, by date of founding and type of institution
- 4 Sex and religious status of residents, by date of founding
- 5 Number of intended inmates at time of founding
- 6 Actual number of residents per house, 1500–1549 and 1550–1599
- 7 Total estimated number of places in these institutions in the sixteenth century
- 8 Analysis of a sample of Sussex wills that left bequests to the poor, 1500–1560
- 9 Distribution of parishes active in poor relief or with collectors for the poor, 1404–1598
- Number of parishes for which Collectors or assessments for the poor were mentioned, 1552–1598



# Acknowledgements

Writing this book has heightened my gratitude to the many teachers who helped me become a social historian. David Riesman and Erik Erikson guided my initial independent studies on the relation between history, sociology, and psychology in 1960-1; Myron Gilmore supervised my attempt to utilize those approaches in an undergraduate honors thesis on the late medieval Dance of Death. During my first year in graduate school at Harvard, I focused on African history. But shortly before classes started the following September, the History Department decided that Africa was not a suitable field for Ph.D. work, because its history relied so heavily on oral sources. I therefore signed up at the last minute for a seminar on the reign of Edward VI of England. Led by W. K. Jordan, who was writing his two-volume study of the reign of the boy king, our discussions were structured around a series of interpretive questions. Each student was given a document to analyze and present weekly, an experience from which I gained an affection and respect for primary sources that has lasted ever since. Professor Jordan then supervised my Ph.D. thesis on the Cooke family of Gidea Hall with his usual gentlemanly courtesy. Joel Hurstfield provided valuable suggestions and friendship while I was doing thesis research in England, as did Michael Postan and Geoffrey Elton during the next decade. After Professor Jordan suffered an incapacitating stroke, Giles Constable kindly stepped in to offer advice and encouragement. To all of them, I am deeply indebted.

Because the sources for early poor relief are disparate in nature and scattered among many different collections, research for this study stretched over several decades. The book pulls together manuscript material from more than 70 archives, joined by information from printed primary sources and secondary studies. Most of the research in local record offices was done while I was working simultaneously on two earlier projects (Controlling Misbehavior in England, 1370–1600 and Working Women in English Society, 1300–1620). The extended period of travel, analysis, and writing that finally resulted in this book was generously supported by a Research Fellowship from the National Endowment for

viii



#### Acknowledgements

ix

the Humanities and the Visiting Research Fellowship in the Arts at Newnham College, Cambridge, 1983–4; a Visiting Research Fellowship at the Borthwick Institute for Historical Research, University of York, summer 1992; a Fellowship from the John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Foundation, 1995–6; and multiple grants from the Committee on Research and Creative Work, the Graduate Committee on the Arts and Humanities, and the Distinguished Professor program at the University of Colorado at Boulder, 1984–2010.



## Notes on conventions and online resources

Several conventions need explanation. The 125 churchwardens' accounts or other church books used to analyze parish activity are cited in notes as CWA followed by a number (for example, CWA #52). The CWAs are listed numerically, with archival/bibliographic information, in part 1 of the References. In recent years I gained some information through the online entries in Access to Archives. That material is cited with a reference to the archival source, as "used through A2A," to make clear that I did not consult the original document. When a second reference is provided at the end of a given note with the wording "For below, see ..." it refers to the following sentence. Money is given in the system of pounds  $(f_i)$ , shillings (s.), and pence (d.) in use at the time, in which 12d. = 1s. and 20s. = £1. When an accounting year spans more than a single calendar year, the date is shown in the format 1576-7. I have modernized the spelling of place names, personal first names, and direct quotations from English manuscripts or early printed sources; Latin quotations are translated into modern English. Manuscript citations give fol. or p. before the folio or page number, with r indicating the front of a folio and v the back. The index includes all places mentioned in the text, but personal names appear only for major entries. Hospitals and almshouses are indexed under their location, not the name of the institution.

To lessen the mass of this book, ten of its detailed methodological and quantitative appendices have been posted on a permanent, open access website maintained by Cambridge University Press. They are cited in the notes as "CUP Online Apps." and are numbered, to distinguish them from the appendices included in the printed volume, which are labeled with letters. The web address for the supplementary appendices is: www.cambridge.org/mcintosh/appendices under the "resources" tab.

X



# **Abbreviations**

A2A Access to Archives, an online catalogue of document

listings from many county and national collections

APCActs of the Privy Council of England

Bedfordshire and Luton Archives, Bedford Beds&LA

Berkshire Record Office, Reading BerksRO

BIA Borthwick Institute for Archives, University of York

Bodleian Library, University of Oxford BodlL

Bristol Record Office BristolRO BritL British Library, London

B-u-TwRO Berwick-upon-Tweed Record Office

Calendar of the Bridgewater and Ellesmere MSS, CalB&EMSS

Dockets, section 8 (an unpublished list of items in

Huntington Library EL 3044-5609)

Corpus Christi College, Cambridge

CambsA Cambridgeshire Archives, Cambridge

Cambridge University Library, Department of CambUL

Manuscripts

CantCA Canterbury Cathedral Archives

**CBucksS** Centre for Buckinghamshire Studies, Aylesbury

Christ's Hospital, Abingdon, Berkshire **CHAbing** ChChRO Cheshire and Chester Record Office, Chester **CKentS** Centre for Kentish Studies, Maidstone

Cornwall Record Office, Truro CornwRO

CPRCalendar of the Patent Rolls

CorpCCC

**CSPD** Calendar of the State Papers, Domestic Series,

1547-1625

CumbAS-C Cumbria Archive Service, Carlisle

**CWA** Churchwardens' accounts or parish books (see

References, part 1)

DerbRO Derbyshire Record Office, Matlock DevonRO

Devon Record Office, Exeter

DoncA **Doncaster Archives** 

хi



xii List of abbreviations

DorsetHC Dorset History Centre, Dorchester

DurhUL Durham University Library, Special Collections,

Palace Green Library

ERYoAS-B East Riding of Yorkshire Archives Service, Beverley

EssexRO-Ch
Essex Record Office, Chelmsford
EssexRO-Colch
Essex Record Office, Colchester
ESussRO
East Sussex Record Office, Lewes
GloucsA
Gloucestershire Archives, Gloucester

GuLLond Guildhall Library, London, all of whose MSS are

now at the LondMA

HadlTR Hadleigh, Suffolk, town records HampsRO Hampshire Record Office, Winchester

HarvUA Harvard University Archives, Cambridge, Mass.

HerefRO Herefordshire Record Office, Hereford
HertsA Hertfordshire Archives, Hertford
HMC Historical Manuscripts Commission
HullCA Hull City Archives, Kingston upon Hull
HuntL Huntington Library, San Marino, Calif.
HuntsA Huntingtonshire Archives, Huntington

IP Iustice of the Peace

LambA Lambeth Archives, Minet Library, London

LambPL Lambeth Palace Library, London LancsRO Lancashire Record Office, Preston

L&IS List and Index Society

L&P Calendar of Letters and Papers, Foreign and Domestic, of

the Reign of Henry VIII

LichfRO Lichfield Record Office, Lichfield LincsA Lincolnshire Archives, Lincoln

LondMA London Metropolitan Archives, Clerkenwell,

London

MS or MSS Manuscript or manuscripts

NELA North East Lincolnshire Archives, Grimsby

NewCO New College, Oxford, Archives

NoDevRO North Devon Record Office, Barnstaple

NorfRO Norfolk Record Office, Norwich

NorthantsRO Northamptonshire Record Office, Northampton

NottsA Nottinghamshire Archives, Nottingham

N-u-TrMus Newark-upon-Trent Museum

NYksRO North Yorkshire County Record Office,

Northallerton

OED Oxford English Dictionary



List of abbreviations xiii

OxfdsRO Oxfordshire Record Office, Oxford

ROLeics The Record Office for Leicestershire, Wigston

Magna

ShakespCLA Shakespeare Centre Library & Archive, Stratford-

upon-Avon

ShropsA Shropshire Archives, Shrewsbury
SomstRO Somerset Record Office, Taunton
SouthCA Southampton City Archives
SR The Statutes of the Realm

StaffsRO Staffordshire Record Office, Stafford
StGeoCh St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle
SuffRO-BSE Suffolk Record Office, Bury St. Edmunds

SuffRO-I Suffolk Record Office, Ipswich SurreyHC Surrey History Centre, Woking

T&WAS Tyne and Wear Archives Service, Newcastle upon

Tyne

TNA-PRO The National Archives, Public Record Office, Kew

TRP Tudor Royal Proclamations

ULondL University of London Library, Archives and

Manuscripts

UNottL University of Nottingham Library, Manuscripts and

**Special Collections** 

VAI Visitation Articles and Injunctions of the Period of the

Reformation

VCH Victoria County History (= The Victoria History of the

County of . . .)

W&FM Wisbech and Fenland Museum, Wisbech WarwsRO Warwickshire Record Office, Warwick

Wilts&SA Wiltshire and Swindon Archives, Chippenham WorcsRO Worcestershire Record Office, Worcester WSussRO West Sussex Record Office, Chichester WYksAS-L West Yorkshire Archive Service, Leeds

YorkCA York City Archives