

Imperatives

Imperative sentences usually occur in speech acts such as orders, requests and pleas. However, they are also used to give advice, and to grant permission, and are sometimes found in advertisements, good wishes and conditional constructions. Yet, the relationship between the form of imperatives and the wide range of speech acts in which they occur remains unclear, as do the ways in which semantic theory should handle imperatives.

This book is the first to look systematically at both the data and the theory. Part I discusses data from a large set of languages, including many outside the Indo-European family, and analyses in detail the range of uses to which imperatives are put, paying particular attention to controversial cases. This provides the empirical background for Part II, where the authors offer an accessible, comprehensive and in-depth discussion of the major theoretical accounts of imperative semantics and pragmatics.

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Abbreviations and notation

#: pragmatic unacceptability

?: semantic unacceptability

*: syntactic unacceptability

1: first person

2: second person

3: third person

A: addressee

ABL.: ablative case
ACC.: accusative case
ACT.: active voice

ACT.: active voice ACTN: action ADE.: adessive

AUX.: auxiliary
CAUS.: causative
CG: common ground

CLASS.: classifier COND.: conditional CONV.: converb

DAT.: dative case
DET.: determinant
DIM.: diminutive

DIR.: directional aspect
DUAL: dual number

EXCL.: exclusive FEM.: feminine gender

FUT.: future tense

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Abbreviations and notation

GEN .: genitive case

ILCs: imperative-like conditionals

IMP.: imperative mood IMPFV.: imperfective

INCL.: inclusive

IND.: indicative mood

INF.: infinitive MAN.: manner MOD.: modal NEG.: negation

NET.: neutral gender

NON-PAST: non-past tense

NP: nominal phrase OPT.: optative mood PART.: particle PARTP.: participle PASS.: passive voice PAST: past tense PERM.: permission PFV.: perfective

PL.: plural PR.: pronoun

PRS.: present tense PRTV.: partitive REFL.: reflexive RT: relevance theory

. .

S: speaker

SBJV.: subjunctive mood

SG.: singular SPCF.: specific ST: state

TEMP.: temporal VP: verbal phrase