



INDEX

- 2 standard deviations, 21, 25
- 2 standard deviations rule, 25
- adapid, 177
- adapiform, 179
- Adapis*, 144
- adapoid, 149–150
- adapoid (adapiform), 142, 144–145, 147, 150–151, 179
- adaptation (fitness), 22, 95–96, 98–99, 111, 121, 152–154, 207, 248
- adaptive radiation (radiation), 19, 39, 95–96, 98–99, 120–121, 126, 140, 152, 157–159, 164, 178, 187, 189, 191, 194, 197, 207, 214, 216, 237, 248–249, 253, 259
- adaptive zone, 95–96, 106, 122, 182, *See* niche
- Aegyptopithecus zeuxis*, 127, 189–193, 202, 245, 249
- Afradapis*, 193
- Afrasia djijidae*, 189
- Afropithecus turkanensis*, 227
- Afrotarsius*, 187, 189
- Allocebus trichotis*, 173
- allometric equations, 69
- allometry (allometric), 71, 81, 192
- allometry, definition of, 68
- allopatric speciation, 19, 103, 258
- Alouatta*, 203–204
- Alouatta palliata*, 204
- alpha taxonomy, 32
- Altanius orlovi*, 151
- AMY1 gene, 102
- anagenesis, 94
- Anapithecus*, 230
- anthropoids, convergent evolution in, 185, 202, 211
- anthropoids, earliest, 142, 175, 179, 187
- anthropoids, origin of, 149–150, 174, 179, 181, 183, 193
- Antillothrix bernensis*, 201, 212
- Aotus*, 31, 183, 203, 211
- Aotus trivirgatus*, 209
- Apidium*, 127, 190, 202, 234
- Apidium phiomense*, 190
- Archaeoindris*, 164–166
- Archaeoindris fontoynontii*, 166
- Archaeolemur*, 167–168
- archaeolemurids, 152, 167–168
- Archicebus achilles*, 142
- Arctocebus*, 153
- Arctodontomys*, 135
- Ardipithecus*, 246
- Ardipithecus ramidus*, 78
- Arsinoea*, 189
- Ateles*, 203, 205
- Australopithecus afarensis*, 44, 240–241
- Australopithecus africanus*, 41, 77, 85
- Australopithecus [Paranthropus] boisei*, 78, 167, 241, 252–253
- Australopithecus robustus*, 77, 85, 252
- Australopithecus sediba*, 41, 52, 78
- Avahi mooreorum*, 31
- Beached Viking Funeral Ships, 60
- Bergmann’s rule, 73
- beta taxonomy, 32
- bilophodont teeth (bilophodonty), 222, 247–248
- binomial nomenclature, 16
- biogeography, 90
- biological species concept, 20–21, 23, 203
- Biretia*, 187, 189–190, 193
- Biretia megalopsis*, 190
- body size (body weight, body mass), 67–68, 70–74, 76, 81, 87–88, 93, 99, 107, 109–110, 112, 114–115, 117–118, 127, 135, 142–143, 150, 164–165, 177–178, 182, 189, 191, 200, 203, 207–208, 211, 213, 214, 219, 237, 245, 251
- body size, diet and. *See* Kay’s Threshold
- body size, genomics and, 74
- bone biology, 82, 89, *See* Wolff’s Law
- bone strain, 82
- Brachyteles*, 203, 205
- brain evolution, 4, 72, 94, 112, 151, 191
- brain size (endocranial volume), 5, 41, 67, 72, 88, 94, 107, 109, 137, 147, 167–168, 191–192, 211, 215
- Branisella boliviana*, 198–199

- Cacajao*, 203
- Caipora bambuiorum*, 213
- Callicebus*, 203, 212
- Callicebus moloch*, 209
- Callimico*, 203
- Callimico goeldi*, 190
- Callithrix*, 152, 203–204
- Callithrix jacchus*, 21, 115, 204, 206
- Callithrix penicillata*, 21, 204
- callitrichids, derived state of, 203, 206
- Caluromys*, 72, 123
- caminalcules, 29–30
- Cantius*, 135, 145–146
- carbon isotopes, 63, 76, 79, 241, *See* stable isotopes
- Carpolestes simpsoni*, 114, 124, 127
- catarrhines, morphological similarity of, 194
- Catopithecus browni*, 190
- Cebuella*, 152, 203
- Cebus*, 88, 201, 203, 207
- Cebus apella*, 247
- Cebus capucinus*, 88
- cercopithecoids, conservative dental and skeletal morphology of, 248
- Cercopithecus*, 96, 249
- Cheirogaleus*, 161, 169, 172, 200
- Cheirogaleus medius*, 169
- Chilecebus carrascoensis*, 198, 206–207
- Chiromyoides major*, 127
- Chororapithecus abyssinicus*, 228
- cladistics, 18, 25, 27–29, 144
- Climate Pulse model, 90
- coefficient of variation (CV), 94
- collagen, 20, 37, 77, 79–80, 98
- colobines, sacculated stomachs of, 247
- colugos, 10, 103, 116, 123, 140
- community structure, 39, 62–64, 76, 91–92, 130, 172, 187, 193, 257, *See* ecosystem structure
- comparative genomics, 7, 17, 74, 97, 101, 194, 229, 262
- competition, 7, 38, 65, 73, 79, 90–91, 114, 128, 130, 169, 191, 208, 225, 252, 260
- Contemporary Evolution, 22–23, 55, 94–95, *See* evolution, rates of
- continental drift. *See* plate tectonics
- convergent evolution, 10, 17, 28–29, 97–98, 107–108, 110, 121, 123–124, 126, 132–133, 158, 166, 169, 181, 195, 228
- coordinated stasis, 65
- Cope's rule, 73
- criterion of diagnosability, 31–32
- crown catarrhines, 121, 191, 232
- crown hominoids, postcranial anatomy of, 217, 223
- crown species, 1
- cryptic species, 31, 163
- Cuvier, Georges (Baron Cuvier), 66, 74, 144
- Darwinius masillae*, 16, 115, 148–150, 181
- Daubentonia madagascariensis*, 108, 132, 173, 191
- Daubentonia robusta*, 164
- Dead Clade Walking, 57
- Deep Time, 10, 106, 111
- Dendropithecus macinnesi*, 227
- Denisova Cave, 17
- dental formula, 2, 109, 124, 144, 212
- dental morphology, genomics and, 80
- Diablomomys dalquesti*, 178
- diagenesis, 53, 76
- diagonal sequence diagonal-couplets gait, 110, 115, 123, *See* primates, locomotion in
- diet and dentition, 74, 76–77, 79–80, 112, 123, 250, *See* bilophodont teeth
- Digital Automated Identification System (DAISY), 18
- digitigrady (digitigrade), 5, 250
- disparity, 173, 254, 259
- divergence time, molecular data and, 56
- DNA, ancient, 10, 17, 20–21, 37, 93, 98, 159, 215
- Dolichocebus gaimanensis*, 205, 208
- Dryomomys szalayii*, 115, 126–127
- Dryopithecus*, 73, 221, 223
- Dryopithecus fontani*, 220
- Dryopithecus laietanus*, 223
- Ebola, 259, 262
- ecological species concept, 20, 22
- ecosystem structure, 64, 106, 129, 163, 169, 173, 233, 260–261, *See* community structure
- ectodysplasin, 80
- Ekgmowechashala philotau*, 150, 178, 183
- electromyography (EMG), 82–83, 183
- Elvis taxa, 57
- enamel, 2, 37, 42, 76, 79–80, 85–86, 89, 108, 126, 131, 137, 176, 187, 225, 228, 240–241, 252, *See* stable isotopes
- Encyclopedia of Life, 18
- endocasts, 41–42, 147, 151, 211
- endocranial volume. *See* brain size

- Eocene radiation, brain evolution in, 147, 151
Eocene radiation, dental evolution in, 142, 146
Eocene radiation, diet in, 142, 149, 151
Eocene radiation, locomotion in, 142–143, 179
Eocene/Oligocene boundary, 174, 176–177, 193, 197
Eosimias, 117, 142
Erythrocebus patas, 88
euprimates, 10, 103, 105, 110, 114–115, 117, 124, 126–127, 129, 131, 136, 140–143, 147, 259
Europlemur, 149
evolution, rates of, 55, 92, 102, 120–121, 145, 214, 250, 258. *See* Contemporary Evolution
evolutionary development, 80, 98–99
evolutionary taxonomy, 28
extinction, 7, 12, 17–18, 20, 54–55, 57, 59, 61, 65–66, 74, 91, 94, 105, 111, 120, 129, 150, 165, 167, 170, 172–174, 177, 191, 214, 216, 232, 237, 248, 252, 254–255, 257, 259, 262. *See* mass extinction
eye size, temporal patterning of behavior and, 86–88, 142, 179, 181, 198, 209, 211

FAD (First Appearance Datum), 55–57, 91
Fayum, 53, 75, 152, 186–187, 189–191, 193–194, 198, 202, 234
First Appearance Datum. *See* FAD
fossilization, process of, 25, 37–38
FOXO transcription factor, 99
FOXP2 gene, 102
fractal geometry, 81
fruit bats, 10, 106–107

Galago, 109, 144
gamma taxonomy, 32
gene trees, 17, 215
genetic analysis and placental relationships, 10
geoarchaeology, 53
Gigantopithecus, 221, 233
Gigantopithecus blacki, 221, 237–239
Gigantopithecus giganteus, 237
global ice ages, causes of, 61–62, 255
Gorilla, 219, 225
Gorilla beringei, 214
Gorilla gorilla, 88, 214
Gregory, William King, 143–144, 150, 181, 221, 234

Hadropithecus stenognathus, 167–168
Hapalemur aureus, 173
Hapalemur simus, 173
hemochorial placenta, 181
heterodont, 2, 5
Hispanopithecus laietanus, 223–224, 230, 245
home range, 60, 74, 84
hominoids, subtropical forests and, 216, 230
Homo, 47, 84, 102, 181, 215, 218, 225, 237
Homo erectus, 45, 47–48, 100, 237, 239, 252–253
Homo habilis, 48
Homo sapiens, 237
Homo sapiens sapiens, 238
homoplasy, 17, 29–30, 97–98, 150, 181, 185, 196, 217
Homunculus, 208, 210–211
Homunculus patagonicus, 206, 209, 211
Hox genes, 99, 101
HoxPar9 gene, 80
HoxC6 gene, 100
HoxD13 gene, 101
HoxPrx1 gene, 100
Hutchinsonian ratios, 225, 227
Huxley, Thomas Henry, 8–9
hybridization, 19, 21, 23, 96, 215, 250
Hylobates, 70, 219, 258

icehouse earth, 174
ichnofossils. *See* trace fossils
IGF1 gene, 74
Ignacius, 130, 140–141
Ignacius clarkforkensis, 124, 127
index fossils, 12
Indri indri, 173
International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN), 15–16, 26, 237
International Commission on Stratigraphy (ICS), 12–13
island arcs, 60, 184, 195, 200–202, 211, *See* volcanic islands
isometric (isometry), 81, 107
isometry, definition of, 68
Isthmus of Panama, 61, 195

K/Ar (potassium/argon) dating, 44
Kamoyapithecus, 187, 194, 214
Karanisia arenula, 189, 193
Karanisia clarki, 152
Kay's Threshold, 74, 189, *See* body size, diet and
Kenyapithecus, 223, 229
Kenyapithecus wickeri, 229
Khoratpithecus chiangmuanensis, 228–229

- Khoratpithecus piriyai*, 228
- Komba, 152
- La Grande Coupure*, 174, 177–178
- lactation, 7, 68, 169
- LAD (Last Appearance Datum), 55–57, 238
- Lagerstätten*, 33, 49
- Lagonimico conclucatus*, 206
- Lagothrix*, 201, 203, 205
- land bridges, 35, 59–60, 138, 155, 258
- Last Appearance Datum. *See* LAD
- Last Glacial Maximum (LGM), 258
- Lazarus taxa, 57
- leaf edges (margins) and paleoclimate, 62
- Lemur*, 109
- lemurs, energetic stress in, 169
- Leontopithecus*, 203
- Leontopithecus rosalia*, 206
- Lepilemur scottorum*, 31
- Leptadapis magnus*, 151
- Leuckart’s law, 88
- Linnaean taxonomy (Linnaean hierarchy), 15–16, 18, 28, 34–35
- Linnaeus, Carolus, 15–18
- locomotion, kinematics and, 83
- locomotion, semicircular canals and, 83, 190, 192–193, 205, 211, 225, 245, 249
- Lophochebus*, 222
- Lufengpithecus*, 231, 233
- Lufengpithecus lufengensis*, 231, 249
- Macaca*, 186, 199, 218, 222, 249–251, 258
- Macaca fuscata*, 7, 225, 251
- Macaca mulatta*, 101, 225
- Macaca robusta*, 251
- macaques as living fossils, 250
- macroevolution, xvi, 100
- Madagascar, geological history of, 157
- Madagascar, human colonization of, 170
- Mammalia, Class, 1, 32
- mammal-like reptiles, 1, 123
- mammals, definition of, 1–5, 6
- mandibular symphysis, 3, 142, 183
- Mandrillus sphinx*, 69, 250
- Marmosa murina*, 128
- mass extinction, 57, 92, 105, *See* extinction
- Megaconus*, 1
- Megaladapidae, Family, 166–167
- Megaladapis*, 163, 165, 167–168, 189
- Megaladapis edwardsi*, 163, 192
- Mesopithecus*, 232, 249–250
- Mesopithecus pentelicus*, 247, 250
- Messel site (Messel fauna), 49, 51, 132, 148, 150
- Messinian Salinity Crisis (Messinian Crisis), 255, 257
- metabolic rate, 3, 67, 89, 92, 118, 166, 169, 262
- Mico*, 203
- Microcebus*, 117, 128, 143–144
- microevolution, 55
- Micropithecus clarki*, 12
- middle ear, evolution of, 1, 6, 10, 108
- Milanković cycles, 61
- Miocene hominoids, postcranial anatomy of, 217, 221, 223, 225, 228–229, 235–236
- Mioeoticus*, 152
- molecular clock, 93, 97, 110–111, 223, 229
- monito del monte, 196–197, 208
- monkey-lemurs, adaptations of, 167–169
- monotreme genome, 7
- morphological integration, 81, 110, 112, 245
- morphospace, 95
- morphospecies, 20, 39
- multituberculates, 7, 117, 126, 130–132, 136, 197
- Nakalipithecus nakayamai*, 232, 236
- natural selection (selection pressure), 14, 28, 55, 64, 76, 81, 93–95, 99, 167, 182–183, 220, 241
- Neanderthal, 17, 21–22, 79, 102, 215
- Necrolemur*, 148
- Necrolemur antiquus*, 151
- niche separation (niche differentiation), 38, 79, 225, 227
- niche structure, 10, 225, 227, 254
- niche, definition of, 67
- niche, major determinants of, 67
- nitrogen isotopes, 77, 79, 87, *See* stable isotopes
- Noah’s Ark, 60, 103, 212
- node density effect, 29
- Nosmips aenigmaticus*, 187
- Notharctus*, 109, 143, 145, 150
- Notharctus osborni*, 145
- Notharctus tenebrosus*, 150
- Nsungwepithecus gunnelli*, 194, 247–248
- numerical taxonomy, 28–29
- Nycticeboides simpsoni*, 152–153
- Nycticebus*, 153
- olfactory lobes (olfactory bulbs), 5, 41, 88, 107, 147, 191, 211

- olfactory receptor genes, 5
- omomyid, 142, 144–145, 147–151, 177, 179, 181–182, 184, 198, 201
- orbit size, 87, 108, 148, 179, 181, 191, 198, 211, *See* eye size
- Oreopithecus*, 236
- Oreopithecus bambolii*, 233–235, 245
- Orrorin tugenensis*, 223
- OTU (operational taxonomic unit), 14
- Ouranopithecus*, 243
- Ourayia uintensis*, 178, 182
- oxygen isotope ratios, 62, 77, 105, 137, 174, 176, *See* stable isotopes
- oxygen isotope stages (OIS), 257
- Palaeopropithecidae, Family, 166
- Palaeopropithecus*, 168
- Paleocene/Eocene Thermal Maximum (PETM), 73, 133, 135–136
- paleosols, 63, 105
- Pan*, 219, 225
- Pan paniscus*, 19
- Papio*, 167, 220, 250
- parallel evolution, 59, 98, 214, *See* convergent evolution
- Paralouatta varonai*, 201, 212
- parapithecids (parapithecoids), 187, 189–191, 202
- parapithecids, adaptive zone of, 191
- Parapithecus grangeri*, 88, 190–191
- petrosal bulla, 108, 127
- phenetic species concept, 20, 24
- phenetic taxonomy, 29, *See* numerical taxonomy
- phenotypic plasticity, 81, 99
- PhyloCode, 18
- phylogenetic species concept, 23–24, 28, 215
- phytoliths, 76, 78, 240
- Pierolapithecus catalaunicus*, 217, 223
- Pithecina*, 183, 203
- Pitx1* gene, 98
- plagiaulacoid premolar, 126, 130, 133
- plate tectonics, 12, 59, 161, 202
- platyrrhine diversity, 202
- platyrrhines in the Greater Antilles, 201, 211–212
- platyrrhines, competition with ancient marsupials, 197, 208
- platyrrhines, exudate eating in, 203, 206
- platyrrhines, origin of, 201–202
- platyrrhines, prehensile tails in, 203–204
- plesiadapiform primates, 10, 103, 105, 114, 122, 131, 150, *See* plesiadapoids
- Plesiadapis*, 115, 124, 126–127, 129
- Plesiadapis cookei*, 127
- Plesiadapis dubius*, 127
- Plesiadapis fordinatus*, 125
- Plesiadapis tricuspidens*, 124, 126
- plesiadapoids, 117, 123–124, 126–127, 129–133, 147, 259
- plesiadapoids, adaptive zone of, 127, 129–132
- plesiadapoids, dentition of, 129, *See* plagiaulacoid premolar
- Plesiopithecus teras*, 191
- pliopithecoid hominoids, survival of, 248
- Pliopithecus*, 221
- Pongo*, 219
- Pongo abelii*, 214
- Pongo pygmaeus*, 214, 262
- postorbital bar, 108, 124, 142, 181
- postorbital septum, 108, 181–182, 211
- Presbytis*, 249, 258
- Presbytis entellus*, 250
- primate communities, 92, 254
- primate conservation, 9–10, 31–32, 129, 172, 260
- primate niche structure, 10, 225, 227
- primates as disease reservoirs, 261–263
- primates, definition of, 9, 106–109
- primates, dentition of, 108
- primates, generalized traits of, 10, 106
- primates, locomotion in, 109–111, *See* diagonal sequence diagonal-couplets gait
- Primates, Order, 7, 9–11, 113, 116, 150, 155
- primates, origin of, 106, 110–114, 116–117, 120, 123, 152
- primates, relative digit length in, 106, 115, 127–128
- primates, shrew-like body size of earliest, 117–119
- primates, traditional ideas about, 7, 9
- primates, visual specializations in, 107–108, 185
- Problematica, 17
- Proconsul*, 53, 73, 194, 221, 223–225
- Proconsul africanus*. *See* *Proconsul heseloni*
- Proconsul heseloni*, 224–225, 245
- Proconsul major*, 225, 227
- Proconsul nyanzae*, 225
- Progalago*, 152
- Prohylobates*, 221

- Propithecus tattersalli*, 173
Propliopithecus chirobates, 229
Proteopithecus sylviae, 190, 198
Protopithecus brasiliensis, 213
Pseudoloris godinoti, 178
Pseudoloris parvulus, 151
Pseudotetonius, 146
pull of the recent, 54
punctuated equilibria, 55, 100
Purgatorius, 108, 111, 123
- Ramapithecus*, 221, 223
Ramapithecus brevirostris, 222
Rangwapithecus gordonii, 227
Rapaport's rule, 65, 92
recognition species concept, 20, 23–24
Red Queen's hypothesis, 91–92
refuge areas (refugia), 20, 178, 258
retino-tectal system, 107
Rhinopithecus, 166
Rhinopithecus roxellanae, 166
Rooneyia viejaensis, 42, 150–151, 183, 201
Rudapithecus hungaricus, 223, 230, 232, 245
Rukwapithecus fleaglei, 194, 214, 227
Rusinga Island, ashfalls at, 50
- Saadanius hijazensis*, 187, 193–194, 245, 249
Saguinus, 186, 203
Saguinus oedipus, 206
Saharagalago, 152, 193
Saimiri, 142, 203
Sapajus, 207
sea-floor spreading, 59–60, 133, 199
selection pressure. *See* natural selection
sexual dimorphism, 67–68, 73–74, 193, 211, 221, 228
Shoshonius, 142, 148
Shoshonius cooperi, 148, 179
Sima de los Huesos, 20
simulium, 21
Simpson Coefficient, 90, 140
SIV (simian immunodeficiency virus), 261
Sivapithecus, 73, 221, 223, 228, 231
Sivapithecus indicus, 228, 235
Sivapithecus parvada, 223, 233
Sivapithecus sivalensis, 221
SLOSS (Single Large Or Several Small), 260
sloth-lemurs, adaptations of, 166
Smilodectes, 145
Smilodectes gracilis, 147
- speciation, 19, 22–23, 28, 32, 54–55, 61, 91, 96, 98, 120–121, 157, 216, 249
species thresholds, 30, *See* 2 standard deviations rule
species, definition of, 15, 18–19
SRGAP2 gene, 102, 215
SRGAP2C gene, 102, 215
stable isotopes, 37, 76, 78–79
stem catarrhines (basal catarrhines), 121, 191, 193, 206, 224, 234, 249
stratigraphy, 12
stratophenetics, 28, 181
strontium isotopes, 42, 85–86, 89
subfossil lemurs, body size of, 164
subfossil lemurs, dental development in, 168
subfossil lemurs, niches of, 166, 172
subfossil lemurs, possible survivorship of, 164–166
subfossil lemurs, state of preservation of, 163, 167
sweepstakes dispersal, 60, 161, 174, 184, 198–201
Symphalangus syndactylus, 70
synapsid, 2–3, 6
- Talahpithecus*, 189
taphonomy (taphonomic processes), 36, 51–53, 57, 73, 76, 127
tarsiers, adaptations of, 179–181
tarsiers, antiquity of, 152, 179
tarsiers, phyletic position of, 179–180
tarsiers, postorbital septum of, 181
tarsiiforms, Eocene, 144, *See* omomyid
Tarsius, 108, 144, 151, 179–180
Tarsius syriaca, 182
taxonomic inflation, 27, 31, 162, 203, 221, 223
taxonomy, definition of, 14
Teilhardina, 142
Teilhardina asiatica, 87, 142–143
Tetoni, 142, 146, 148
Tetoni *homunculus*, 147–148
therian, 3–4, 7, 111, 123, 130, 197
Theropithecus, 167, 189, 250–252
Theropithecus brumpti, 71, 192, 252
Theropithecus darti, 252
Theropithecus gelada, 71, 259
Theropithecus oswaldi, 252–253
time-averaging, 94, 187, 258
tooth-scraper (tooth-comb, dental comb), 108–109, 150, 152, 167

- torpor (hibernation), 60, 118, 140, 169, 200, 208
- trace fossils (ichnofossils), 36, 43, 49
- trackways, 36, 43–45, 57
- transformed cladistics, 29
- tree-shrews, 10, 103, 108
- Tremacebus harringtoni*, 206, 208, 211–212
- tribosphenic molar, 3
- Triceratops*, 26
- triconodont, 7
- Turkanapithecus kalakolensis*, 226–227
- type specimen, 16, 18, 25, 48, 142, 148–149, 151, 194, 211–212, 214, 226, 237
- Van Valen, Leigh, 91, 98
- variability, relation of taxonomy to, 17, 21, 25, 94
- vibrissae, 1, 4–5, 211
- Victoriapithecus macinnesi*, 194, 245, 247–249
- volcanic islands, 59–60, 202, See island arcs
- vomeronasal organ, 107
- Wadilemur*, 152
- weaning, 79
- weed macaques, 251
- Wolff’s Law, 82
- Xanthorhysis*, 179
- Xenothrix mcgregori*, 201, 212
- Y-5 pattern (dryopithecine pattern), 221–222, 234
- Yuanmoupithecus*, 229