### HYDRODYNAMICS OF PUMPS

*Hydrodynamics of Pumps* is a reference for pump experts and a textbook for advanced students exploring pumps and pump design. This book is about the fluid dynamics of liquid turbomachines, particularly pumps. It focuses on special problems and design issues associated with the flow of liquid through a rotating machine. There are two characteristics of a liquid that lead to problems and cause a significantly different set of concerns from those in gas turbines. These are the potential for cavitation and the high density of liquids, which enhances the possibility of damaging, unsteady flows and forces. The book begins with an introduction to the subject, including cavitation, unsteady flows, and turbomachinery as well as basic pump design and performance principles. Chapter topics include flow features, cavitation parameters and inception, bubble dynamics, cavitation effects on pump performance, and unsteady flows and vibration in pumps – discussed in the three final chapters. The book is richly illustrated and includes many practical examples.

Christopher E. Brennen is Professor of Mechanical Engineering in the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science at the California Institute of Technology. He has published more than 200 refereed articles and is especially well known for his research on cavitation and turbomachinery flows, as well as multiphase flows. He is the author of *Fundamentals of Multiphase Flows* and *Cavitation and Bubble Dynamics* and has edited several other works.

# Hydrodynamics of Pumps

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### Preface

This book is intended as a combination of a reference for pump experts and a monograph for advanced students interested in some of the basic problems associated with pumps. It is dedicated to my friend and colleague Allan Acosta, with whom it has been my pleasure and privilege to work for many years.

But this book has other roots as well. It began as a series of notes prepared for a short course presented by Concepts NREC and presided over by another valued colleague, David Japikse. Another friend, Yoshi Tsujimoto, read early versions of the manuscript and made many valuable suggestions.

It was a privilege to have worked on turbomachinery problems with a group of talented students at the California Institute of Technology, including Sheung-Lip Ng, David Braisted, Javier Del Valle, Greg Hoffman, Curtis Meissner, Edmund Lo, Belgacem Jery, Dimitri Chamieh, Douglas Adkins, Norbert Arndt, Ronald Franz, Mike Karyeaclis, Rusty Miskovish, Abhijit Bhattacharyya, Adiel Guinzburg, and Joseph Sivo. I recognize the many contributions they made to this book.

In the first edition, I wrote that this work would not have been possible without the encouragement, love, and companionship of my beloved wife Doreen. Since then fate has taken her from me and I dedicate this edition to our daughters, Dana and Kathy, whose support has been invaluable to me.

Christopher E. Brennen California Institute of Technology January 2010

# Nomenclature

### **Roman letters**

a	Pipe radius
Α	Cross-sectional area
$A_{ijk}$	Coefficients of pump dynamic characteristics
[A]	Rotordynamic force matrix
Ar	Cross-sectional area ratio
В	Breadth of passage or flow
[B]	Rotordynamic moment matrix
С	Chord of the blade or foil
С	Speed of sound
С	Rotordynamic coefficient: cross-coupled damping
c <sub>b</sub>	Interblade spacing
$C_{PL}$	Specific heat of liquid
С	Compliance
С	Rotordynamic coefficient: direct damping
$C_D$	Drag coefficient
$C_L$	Lift coefficient
$C_p$	Coefficient of pressure
$C_{pmin}$	Minimum coefficient of pressure
d	Ratio of blade thickness to blade spacing
D	Impeller diameter or typical flow dimension
Df	Diffusion factor
$D_T$	Determinant of transfer matrix $[T]$
e	Specific internal energy
Ε	Energy flux
Ε	Young's modulus
f	Friction coefficient
F	Force
<i>g</i>	Acceleration due to gravity

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Nomenclature

a	Component of $a$ in the s direction
8s h	Specific enthalpy
h	Blade tin spacing
h h	Pitch of a belix
$h_p h T$	Total specific enthalpy
h*	Piezometric head
n H	Total head rise
H(s A t)	Clearance geometry
I	A constic impulse
	Integers such that $\omega/\Omega - I/I$
	Pump impedance
i	Square root of $-1$
J k	Rotordynamic coefficient: cross-counled stiffness
k kı	Thermal conductivity of the liquid
K K	Rotordynamic coefficient: direct stiffness
K <sub>C</sub>	Gas constant
l.	Pipe length or distance to measuring point
L	Lift
L	Inertance
L	Axial length
$\mathcal{L}$	Latent heat
т	Mass flow rate
т	Rotordynamic coefficient: cross-coupled added mass
$m_G$	Mass of gas in bubble
$m_D$	Constant related to the drag coefficient
$m_L$	Constant related to the lift coefficient
М	Moment
M	Mach number, $u/c$
M	Rotordynamic coefficient: direct added mass
n	Coordinate measured normal to a surface
Ν	Specific speed
$N(R_N)$	Cavitation nuclei number density distribution function
NPSP	Net positive suction pressure
NPSE	Net positive suction energy
NPSH	Net positive suction head
р	Pressure
$p_A$	Radiated acoustic pressure
$p^{I}$	Total pressure
$p_G$	Partial pressure of gas
ps	Sound pressure level
$p_V$	Vapor pressure

### Nomenclature

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Р	Power
$ ilde{q}^n$	Vector of fluctuating quantities
Q	Volume flow rate (or heat)
$\mathcal{Q}$	Rate of heat addition
r	Radial coordinate in turbomachine
R	Radial dimension in turbomachine
R	Bubble radius
R	Resistance
$R_N$	Cavitation nucleus radius
Re	Reynolds number
S	Coordinate measured in the direction of flow
S	Solidity
S	Surface tension of the saturated vapor/liquid interface
S	Suction specific speed
$S_i$	Inception suction specific speed
$S_a$	Fractional head loss suction specific speed
$S_b$	Breakdown suction specific speed
Sf	Slip factor
t	Time
Т	Temperature or torque
$T_{ij}$	Transfer matrix elements
[T]	Transfer matrix based on $\tilde{p}^T, \tilde{m}$
$[T^*]$	Transfer matrix based on $\tilde{p}, \tilde{m}$
[TP]	Pump transfer matrix
[TS]	System transfer matrix
U	Velocity in the <i>s</i> or <i>x</i> directions
<i>u</i> <sub>i</sub>	Velocity vector
U	Fluid velocity
$U_{\infty}$	Velocity of upstream uniform flow
υ	Fluid velocity in non-rotating frame
V	Volume or fluid velocity
w.	Fluid velocity in rotating frame
W	Rate of work done on the fluid
Z.	Elevation
$Z_{CF}$	Common factor of $Z_R$ and $Z_S$
$Z_R$	Number of rotor blades
$Z_S$	Number of stator blades

### **Greek letters**

Angle of incidence

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Nomenclature

$\alpha_L$	Thermal diffusivity of liquid
eta	Angle of relative velocity vector
$\beta_b$	Blade angle relative to cross-plane
γn	Wave propagation speed
Γ	Geometric constant
δ	Deviation angle at flow discharge
δ	Clearance
$\epsilon$	Eccentricity
$\epsilon$	Angle of turn
η	Efficiency
$\theta$	Angular coordinate
$\theta_c$	Camber angle
$\theta^*$	Momentum thickness of a blade wake
Θ	Thermal term in the Rayleigh-Plesset equation
θ	Inclination of discharge flow to the axis of rotation
κ	Bulk modulus of the liquid
$\mu$	Dynamic viscosity
ν	Kinematic viscosity
ρ	Density of fluid
σ	Cavitation number
$\sigma_i$	Cavitation inception number
$\sigma_a$	Fractional head loss cavitation number
$\sigma_b$	Breakdown cavitation number
$\sigma_c$	Choked cavitation number
$\sigma_{TH}$	Thoma cavitation factor
$\Sigma$	Thermal parameter for bubble growth
$\Sigma_{1,2,3}$	Geometric constants
τ	Blade thickness
$\phi$	Flow coefficient
$\psi$	Head coefficient
$\psi_0$	Head coefficient at zero flow
ω	Radian frequency of whirl motion or other excitation
$\omega_P$	Bubble natural frequency
Ω	Radian frequency of shaft rotation

### Subscripts

On any variable, Q:

$Q_o$	Initial value, upstream value or reservoir value
$Q_1$	Value at inlet

### Nomenclature

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$Q_2$	Value at discharge
$Q_a$	Component in the axial direction
$Q_b$	Pertaining to the blade
$Q_{\infty}$	Value far from the bubble or in the upstream flow
$Q_B$	Value in the bubble
$Q_C$	Critical value
$Q_D$	Design value
$Q_E$	Equilibrium value
$Q_G$	Value for the gas
$Q_{H1}$	Value at the inlet hub
$Q_{H2}$	Value at the discharge hub
$Q_i$	Components of vector $Q$
$Q_i$	Pertaining to a section, <i>i</i> , of the hydraulic system
$Q_L$	Saturated liquid value
$Q_m$	Meridional component
$Q_M$	Mean or maximum value
$Q_N$	Nominal conditions or pertaining to nuclei
$Q_n, Q_t$	Components normal and tangential to whirl orbit
$Q_P$	Pertaining to the pump
$Q_r$	Component in the radial direction
$Q_s$	Component in the <i>s</i> direction
$Q_{T1}$	Value at the inlet tip
$Q_{T2}$	Value at the discharge tip
$Q_V$	Saturated vapor value
$Q_x, Q_y$	Components in the $x$ and $y$ directions
$Q_ heta$	Component in the circumferential (or $\theta$ ) direction

### Superscripts and other qualifiers

On any variable, Q:

$\bar{Q}$	Mean value of $Q$ or complex conjugate of $Q$
$ ilde{Q}$	Complex amplitude of $Q$
<i>Q</i>	Time derivative of $Q$
Ż	Second time derivative of $Q$
$Q^*$	Rotordynamics: denotes dimensional $Q$
$Re\{Q\}$	Real part of $Q$
$Im\{Q\}$	Imaginary part of Q