Bankrolling Empire

By the 1660s, the mighty Mughal Empire controlled the Indian subcontinent and impressed the world with its strength and opulence. Yet hardly two decades would pass before fortunes would turn, Mughal kings and governors losing influence to rival warlords and foreign powers. How could one of the most dominant early modern polities lose their grip over empire? Sudev Sheth proposes a new point of departure, focusing on diverse local and hitherto unexplored evidence about a prominent financier family entrenched in bankrolling Mughal elites and their successors. Analyzing how four generations of the Jhaveri family of Gujarat financed politics, he offers a fresh take on the dissolution of the Mughal Empire, the birth of princely successor states, and the nature of economic life in the days leading up to the colonial domination of India.

Sudev Sheth is Senior Lecturer in History at the Joseph H. Lauder Institute of Management & International Studies at the University of Pennsylvania where he teaches across the School of Arts & Sciences and the Wharton School.

Bankrolling Empire

Family Fortunes and Political Transformation in Mughal India

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> For my mom and dad, Jigisha & Jay Sheth

Contents

	List of Figures	page ix
	List of Maps	xi
	List of Tables	xii
	A Note on Translations, Transliterations, and Dates	xiii
	Acknowledgments	xv
	Mughal Family Tree	XX
	Jhaveri Family Tree	xxi
	Gaekwad Family Tree	xxii
	Haribhakti Family Tree	xxiii
	Introduction	1
1.	Prelude: The Mughal Empire, 1526–1750	43
2.	Courtly Mutualism: The Emperor's Jeweler Shantidas Jhaveri, 1628–58	71
3.	Political Commensalism: Manekchand Jhaveri and Bankrolling Bids to the Throne, 1658–1707	109
4.	Interlude: Cultivating Financial Crisis under Aurangzeb, 1660s–1719	136
5.	Expedient Extortion: The Governor's Golden Goose Khushalchand Jhaveri, 1719–30	177
6.	Competitive Coparcenary: Vakhatchand Jhaveri and Brokering Politics, 1730–1818	223
7.	Postlude: Bankrollers of Mughal Succession, 1750-1818	261
	Conclusion	290

vii

viii	Contents	
	Appendix A: Selected Verses from Cintāmaņi Praśastiķ	298
	<i>Appendix B</i> : First <i>Farmān</i> of Aurangzeb Repaying Loans to the Jhaveris upon Becoming Emperor	301
	<i>Appendix C</i> : Second <i>Farmān</i> of Aurangzeb Extending Imperial Protection to the Jhaveris	302
	<i>Appendix D</i> : Mughal <i>Farmān</i> s and Other Royal Orders in Gujarat Related to Shantidas Jhaveri and Other Major Groups	303
	<i>Appendix E: Ijāra</i> of village Shankheshwar Granted to Shantidas Jhaveri by Shah Jahan for 1,050 Rupees Per Year	306
	Appendix F: Selected Verses from Samal Bhatt's Rustam no Saloko	307
	Appendix G: Account Summary of Tribute Owed and Paid by the Gaekwads of Baroda to the Peshwa Authority at Pune between 1770 and 1798	310
	Appendix H: Debts Discharged and Acquired by the Gaekwads, 1803–7	313
	Appendix I: Gaekwad Debts to the Haribhakti firm by 1818–19	315
	Appendix J: Gaekwad Villages Sequestered to Creditors through British Colonial Administrator John Malcolm by 1830	316
	Glossary Bibliography Index	318 327 343

Figures

0.1	The Bhadra Fort in Old City, Ahmedabad	page 2
0.2	The jeweler-banker Shantidas Jhaveri, 1584–1659	9
0.3	I'timad 'Ali Khan, Mirāt-ul Haqā'iq, c. 1717-27, open to	
	fols. 94b–95a	35
1.1	Men inventorying a casket of jewels belonging to courtier	
	Rustam Khan (d. 1658)	54
1.2	I'timad Khan "Gujarati" bows in submission to Akbar	65
2.1	Farmān of Emperor Jahangir to Shantidas Jhaveri, 1618	84
2.2	A moneychanger or <i>sarrāf</i> converting coins, c. 1760	89
2.3	A hand copied folio of the Cintāmaņi Praśastih	95
3.1	Key farmān outlining terms of Manekchand Jhaveri's loan	
	to Prince Murad Bakhsh, 1658	119
4.1	Portrait detail of Emperor Aurangzeb, 1618–1707	139
4.2	Portrait detail of Emperor Farrukhsiyar, 1685–1719	163
4.3	Portrait of Governor Daud Khan Panni with falcon	166
4.4	Maharaja Ajit Singh of Jodhpur with six sons, 1720	173
5.1	Portrait detail of a young Emperor Muhammad Shah,	
	1702–48	184
5.2	Damaji Gaekwad (d. 1721), First Gaekwad of Baroda and	
	adoptive father of Pilaji Gaekwad, seated on a terrace	
	smoking a hookah, c. 1730	188
5.3	The merchant guild's promise to Khushalchand	
	Lakshmichand on October 8, 1725	199
5.4	Emperor Muhammad Shah smoking huqqah with courtiers	
	in Delhi, c. 1730	207
6.1	The British East India Company's proclamation to	
	Nathushah Jhaveri by General Goddard, 1780	238
6.2	Vakhatchand Jhaveri marching in a red palanquin with	
	guards, 1740–1814	242

x List of Figures

6.3	Hari Das and Bhakti Das, chief bankers of the Baroda	
	Gaekwads, 1790s	245
6.4	The adolescent and adopted banker Samal Bhakti with	
	father Bhaktidas at the Gaekwad Court, c. 1795	248
7.1	Kamāvīsdār Rangu Patel's letter to the Haribhakti	
	firm, 1795	282

Maps

0.1	Routes connecting cities of Gujarat and Rajasthan to	
	Delhi, 1600–1750	page 8
0.2	The Gujarat region with modern boundaries	12
0.3	The Gaekwad state of Baroda in the nineteenth century	17
1.1	The Mughal Empire by 1525 and 1530 under Babur	50
1.2	The Mughal Empire by 1605 under Akbar	52
1.3	The Mughal Empire by 1707 under Aurangzeb	59
1.4	The Mughal Empire by the 1750s after Muhammad Shah	61
4.1	Mughal provinces and neighboring Deccan states, 1650s	141
5.1	Gujarat in the eighteenth century	180
7.1	Indian states under British suzerainty by 1818	264

Tables

3.1	Loan repayment plan to Shantidas Jhaveri and his family	
	on June 22, 1658	page 120
4.1	Average term length of imperial governors appointed to	
	Gujarat, 1573–1707	146
6.1	Composition of the first rupee loan to the Gaekwads of	
	Baroda by bankers in 1802	256
7.1	Annual account sent by the revenue farmer of Sankheda	
	in 1786	280
7.2	Annual account sent by the revenue farmer of Vadanagar	
	in 1834	280

A Note on Translations, Transliterations, and Dates

The translations presented in this work are the author's own, unless otherwise noted in the footnotes or bibliography. The diverse source materials cited in this book contain similar words across multiple languages and scripts. This has made transliterating foreign words into the Roman script challenging. For simplicity and elegance, I avoid complex diacritics for non-English terms in favor of simple vowel and consonant markers. I pluralize non-standard terms by adding a non-italic [s] as suffix, so for example $j\bar{a}g\bar{i}rd\bar{a}rs$. Words quoted from other sources, however, are left untouched. Specialists will readily identify relevant terms and phrases with little ambiguity. For others, I have compiled key words into a reference glossary at the end. For accessibility, this list is alphabetized as if terms are unaccented and without foreign language diacritics.

For Persian, the transliteration broadly follows the system set in *A Comprehensive Persian-English Dictionary* by Francis Joseph Steingass, using diacritics to mark long vowels, ['] to indicate the Arabic 'ain (ε) , and [gh] to indicate the Arabic ghayn $(\dot{\varepsilon})$. The unpronounced 'he' at the end of Persian words is marked with [h] in the dictionary but has been left out to better convey pronunciation. For example, the word $|\dot{\varepsilon}|$ (revenue farm) will appear as $ij\bar{a}ra$ and not $ij\bar{a}rah$. The $iz\bar{a}fat$ construction is written with [-i], as in $n\bar{a}$ 'ib-i $n\bar{a}zim$ ("the governor's deputy").

For the Sanskrit, Gujarati, and Marathi languages, I rely on the *International Alphabet of Sanskrit Transliteration* to write out terms. For Gujarati and Marathi, I drop the final short "a" to resemble standard pronunciation more closely. For example, I use *derāsar* not *derāsara* and *deśamukh* not *deśamukha*. For names, diacritics are generally omitted in favor of readability. Thus, I prefer Shantidas Jhaveri not Śāntidāsa Jhaverī, and Nizam al-Mulk not Nizāmu'l-Mulk. I sometimes transliterate proper names with a nod to pronunciation, for example Muhi-ud-Din and Qamar-ud-Din. Place names are presented with modern conventional spellings, except for the city Vadodara for which I write Baroda as it appears in the sources.

xiii

xiv A Note on Translations, Transliterations, and Dates

Across chapters and in the appendices, I have translated excerpts from a few key sources for the reader. This effort represents the first time most of these materials have been offered in English. The aim is to convey the texture and flavor of key evidence used for this study, and to highlight the diversity of documentary genres and languages necessary for piecing together historical change in early modern India.

I rely on www.islamicity.org/hijri-gregorian-converter to loosely transpose Islamic-Hijri dates, which are based on the lunar calendar, to the solar Gregorian or Common Era date. To convert dates from the Hindu Vikram Samvat solar calendar to the Common Era date, I rely on a simple formula of subtracting 57 years from the Vikram Samvat date. For example, 1697 V.S. would correspond to 1640 C.E.

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xv

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xvii

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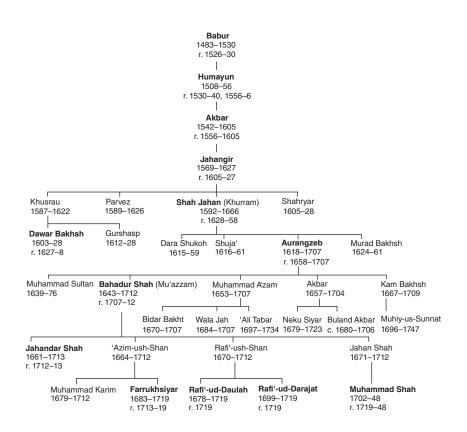
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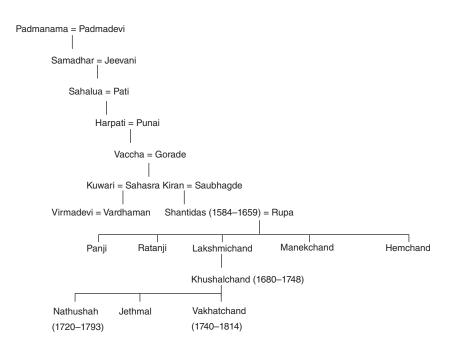
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xix

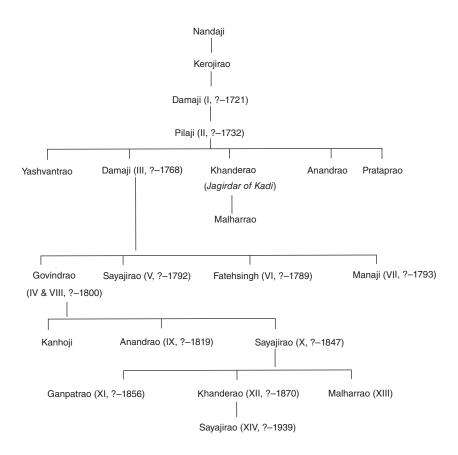
Mughal Family Tree



Jhaveri Family Tree



Gaekwad Family Tree



Haribhakti Family Tree

