

# THE CAMBRIDGE COMPANION TO THE AMERICAN SHORT STORY

This *Companion* offers students and scholars a comprehensive introduction to the development and the diversity of the American short story as a literary form from its origins in the eighteenth century to the present day. Rather than define what the short story is as a genre, or defend its importance in comparison with the novel, this *Companion* seeks to understand what the short story does – how it moves through national space, how it is always related to other genres and media, and how its inherent mobility responds to the literary marketplace and resonates with key critical themes in contemporary literary studies. The chapters offer authoritative introductions and reinterpretations of a literary form that has re-emerged as a major force in the twenty-first-century public sphere dominated by the Internet.

MICHAEL J. COLLINS is Reader in American Studies at King's College London, where he teaches nineteenth- and twentieth-century fiction, life writing, and music. He is the author of *The Drama of the American Short Story, 1800–1865* (Michigan, 2016) and *Exoteric Modernisms: Progressive Era Literature and the Aesthetics of Everyday Life* (Edinburgh, forthcoming).

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# Chronology

- Puritan governor John Winthrop publishes A Short Story of the Rise, Reign, and Ruine of the Antinomians, Familists and Libertines, that Infected the Churches of New England; this tract against heresy is one of the earliest recorded uses of the term "short story" in an American context.
- 1692 Clergyman Cotton Mather includes the supernatural tale "A Narrative of an APPARITION which a Gentleman in Boston, had of his Brother, just then Murdered in London" in *The Wonders of the Invisible World*.
- Ben Franklin adopts the pseudonym Silence Dogood, under which he publishes an essay series in the *New-England Courant*.

  Franklin's contributions are emblematic of how short fiction was integrated into early American periodical culture, laying the groundwork for the form's nineteenth-century explosion in popularity.
- 1787 Ben Franklin's tale "Origin of Tobacco," a satirical appropriation of a Susquehannock myth, runs in several North American newspapers and magazines.
- "Sir Bertrand: A Fragment," a short gothic narrative by English writer Anna Lætitia Barbauld, appears in *The Columbian Magazine*. It was common for narratives like Barbauld's to be reprinted in North American newspapers, helping to establish the short story tradition in the United States.
- **1819** Washington Irving publishes "Rip Van Winkle" and "The Legend of Sleepy Hollow" in *The Sketch Book*.
- **1821** The first issue of the *Saturday Evening Post* is printed in Philadelphia.
- **1826** The first American literary annual, the *Atlantic Souvenir*, begins publication in Philadelphia. The elaborately illustrated and

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- decorated volumes, intended to be given as gifts or tokens of friendship, featured short stories, poetry, and essays.
- **1830** Catherine Sedgwick publishes "Cacoethes Scribindi" in the *Atlantic Souvenir*.
- 1832 Nathaniel Hawthorne anonymously publishes "My Kinsman, Major Molineux" in the *Atlantic Souvenir*. His authorship of the story was not made public until 1837.
- Sarah Josepha Hale becomes the editor of *Godey's Lady's Book* and advocates for printing contributions only from American authors. Hale publishes Lydia Sigourney, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Edgar Allan Poe, and several other prominent writers during her forty-year tenure as editor.
- **1841** Edgar Allan Poe publishes "The Murders in the Rue Morgue," the first of his detective stories to feature Auguste Dupin.
- 1842 Lydia Maria Child contributes the short story "The Quadroons" to *The Liberty Bell*, an abolitionist gift book published annually from 1839 to 1858.
- **1842** Edgar Allan Poe reviews the second volume of Nathaniel Hawthorne's *Twice-Told Tales* in *Graham's Magazine*.
- 1845 Edgar Allan Poe publishes "The Facts in the Case of M. Valdemar" simultaneously in both the *Broadway Journal* and the *American Review*; it is later reprinted by Hugo Gernsback, who views it as an early example of "scientifiction" a forerunner of today's science fiction.
- 1853 Frederick Douglass publishes his long short story "The Heroic Slave," which appears first as a serial in *Frederick Douglass' Paper* and later as part of *Autographs for Freedom*, edited by Julia Griffiths.
- 1856 Herman Melville publishes his collection *The Piazza Tales*, featuring "Bartleby, the Scrivener," "Benito Cereno," and four other stories previously published in *Putnam's Magazine*.
- **1857** The *Atlantic Monthly* is founded in Boston.
- Frances Ellen Watkins Harper publishes "The Two Offers" in the *Anglo-African Magazine*. The tale is often considered to be the first published short story by an African American woman in the United States, though this claim is disputed.
- **1864** Henry James anonymously publishes his first known short story, "A Tragedy of Error," in *Continental Monthly*.
- **1868** Overland Monthly is founded in California. The publication was an early incubator for regionalist short stories, including several by its first editor, Bret Harte.



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- Frank A. Munsey founds *Argosy*, the first American pulp magazine. Seven years later, in 1889, he starts *Munsey's*, an illustrated magazine which also prominently featured short fiction.
- **1884** Brander Matthews publishes "The Philosophy of the Short-Story" in *Lippincott's Magazine*. Matthews will later revise and expand this important contribution to early short story criticism.
- **1884** Mary Murfree publishes her first story collection, *In the Tennessee Mountains*.
- **1884** Mary Wilkins Freeman publishes "On the Walpole Road" in *Harper's Bazar*.
- **1886** Cosmopolitan is founded in New York City.
- **1892** Charlotte Perkins Gilman publishes "The Yellow Wall-Paper" in the *New England Magazine*.
- 1893 Grace King publishes *Balcony Stories*, a collection of tales about Louisiana women who lost family, money, and status in the Civil War.
- **1894** Kate Chopin publishes her first collection of short stories, *Bayou Folk*.
- Sherwin Cody publishes one of the earliest guides to writing short stories, How to Write Fiction, Especially the Art of Short Story Writing. By the early decades of the twentieth century, several guides to writing and selling short fiction will be available on the American market.
- **1896** Sarah Orne Jewett publishes *The Country of the Pointed Firs*.
- 1896 Argosy begins to exclusively publish fiction.
- **1896** *Munsey's* begins their "storiettes" monthly feature a collection of short stories each around a column in length.
- **1896** The University of Chicago offers the first course in story writing, "The Art of the Short Story," taught by E. H. Lewis.
- **1898** Paul Laurence Dunbar publishes *Folks from Dixie*, his first collection of short stories.
- **1899** Charles Chesnutt publishes *The Conjure Woman*, a collection of trickster stories featuring Julius McAdoo, a formerly enslaved character.
- 1899 While imprisoned for embezzlement, William Sydney Porter publishes "Whistling Dick's Christmas Stocking" in *McClure's Magazine* his first short story under the pen name O. Henry.
- 1899 George Horace Lorimer becomes editor of the *Saturday Evening Post*, a position he will retain until 1936. During his tenure, the



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- *Post's* circulation skyrockets; by the 1920s, it is one of the highest-paying markets for short fiction in the United States.
- **1900** Pauline Hopkins publishes "Tamla Gordon," the first mystery story by an African American author, in *The Colored American Magazine*.
- **1900** Literary magazine *The Smart Set* is founded.
- **1901** Zitkála-Šá publishes *Old Indian Legends*, a collection of traditional Sioux stories.
- Though still producing short fiction, Henry James chafes against the 5,000-word limit "detestable number!" which is standard for most periodicals of the time.
- **1910** German writer Paul Heyse, "writer of world-renowned short stories," is awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature.
- **1911** E. Pauline Johnson publishes *Legends of Vancouver*, a collection of Native oral stories.
- H. L. Mencken and George Nathan become co-editors of *The Smart Set*. Under their editorship, Mencken and Nathan will publish several important authors, including James Joyce, whose fiction makes its first US appearance in the magazine ("A Little Cloud" and "The Boarding House" from *Dubliners*).
- 1915 American editor Edward J. O'Brien publishes the first-ever installment of *The Best American Short Stories* (as *The Best Short Stories of 1915 and the Yearbook of the American Short Story*). He will continue to edit the series until his death in 1941, helping to establish the careers of Sherwood Anderson, Ernest Hemingway, William Faulkner, Thomas Wolfe, and Dorothy Parker, among others.
- The O. Henry Award, given annually to a short story of exceptional merit, is established. The first winner is Margaret Prescott Montague for her "England to America."
- F. Scott Fitzgerald sells his first short story, "Babes in the Woods," to *The Smart Set* for \$30. Fitzgerald's relationship with the magazine will become instrumental to his early success, although he will earn substantially more money from works appearing in the *Saturday Evening Post* throughout the 1920s.
- **1920** W. E. B. Du Bois publishes "The Comet," a science fiction story, in *Darkwater: Voices from the Veil.*
- 1920 Black Mask, a pulp magazine known for establishing the careers of Dashiell Hammett and Raymond Chandler, publishes its first issue.



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- **1920** F. Scott Fitzgerald publishes his first collection of short stories, *Flappers and Philosophers*.
- Fred Lewis Pattee sometimes called "the first Professor of American literature" publishes *The Development of the American Short Story*.
- 1924 H. P. Lovecraft publishes "The Rats in the Walls" in Weird Tales.
- 1925 Harold Ross publishes the first issue of the New Yorker.
- 1925 Ernest Hemingway publishes *In Our Time*, his first collection of short stories.
- The first issue of Hugo Gernsback's *Amazing Stories* is published, advertising stories by H. G. Wells, Jules Verne, and Edgar Allan Poe on its cover.
- **1929** At the peak of his career, F. Scott Fitzgerald is earning \$4,000 per story from the *Saturday Evening Post*.
- 1933 Raymond Chandler publishes his first short story, "Blackmailers Don't Shoot."
- 1936 The Iowa Writers' Workshop is founded at the University of Iowa.
- 1937 Leo Rosten publishes *The Education of H\*Y\*M\*A\*N K\*A\*P\*L\*A\*N*, a collection of humorous stories featuring protagonist Hyman Kaplan.
- Short Stories from The New Yorker is published. With stories from John O'Hara, Dorothy Parker, James Thurber, and other prominent writers, the anthology cements the magazine's reputation as a premiere venue for short fiction.
- **1940** Meridel Le Sueur publishes *Salute to Spring*, a collection of proletarian short stories.
- Tales of the South Pacific by James A. Michener wins the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction. This is the first year that the Prize is not given to a novel since its first award in 1918.
- The Magazine of Fantasy and Science Fiction, edited by Anthony Boucher and J. Francis McComas, begins publication. F&SF creates important market space for fantasy stories, which are usually omitted from periodicals devoted to science fiction.
- **1951** The Collected Stories of William Faulkner wins the National Book Award for Fiction.
- 1954 Alfred Hitchcock's *Rear Window* is released. The film was based on a 1942 short story by crime writer Cornell Woolrich, "It Had to Be Murder."
- 1955 Walt Disney's *The Lady and the Tramp* is released; the film is inspired by a 1945 *Cosmopolitan* short story by Ward Greene, "Happy Dan, the Cynical Dog."



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- 1959 *The Magic Barrel* by Bernard Malamud wins the National Book Award for Fiction.
- **1960** *Goodbye, Columbus* by Philip Roth wins the National Book Award for Fiction.
- 1963 Frank O'Connor publishes *The Lonely Voice: A Study of the Short Story*, an important contribution to short story criticism.
- 1966 Collected Stories by Katherine Anne Porter wins both the National Book Award and the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction.
- 1966 Scholar H. Bruce Franklin publishes *Future Perfect: Science Fictions of the 19th Century*, an anthology which links the short story's early history to the rise of modern science and technology as seen through the writings of Poe, Hawthorne, and Lydia Maria Child, among others.
- 1967 The Best Short Stories by Negro Writers: 1899–1967, edited by Langston Hughes, is published.
- 1968 2001: A Space Odyssey, a film based on Arthur C. Clarke's 1948 short story "The Sentinel," is released.
- N. Scott Momaday publishes *The Way to Rainy Mountain*, a hybrid work comprising memoir, folklore, fiction, and visual elements. The book exemplifies the blending of oral and written traditions often found in Native writers' engagements with short fiction.
- 1970 Collected Stories by Jean Stafford wins the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction.
- 1972 *The Complete Stories* by Flannery O'Connor wins the National Book Award for Fiction.
- 1974 A Crown of Feathers and Other Stories by Isaac Bashevis Singer wins the National Book Award for Fiction, alongside Thomas Pynchon's Gravity's Rainbow.
- 1974 Frank Chin, Jeffery Paul Chan, Lawson Fusao Inada, and Shawn Wong publish *Aiiieeeee! An Anthology of Asian-American Writers*.
- 1975 Ursula K. Le Guin publishes "Mazes" in the anthology *Epoch: The State of the Art of Science Fiction Now*, edited by Roger Elwood and Robert Silverberg; it is later reprinted in her 1982 short story collection *The Compass Rose*.
- 1976 The Pushcart Prize, which annually honors short fiction, poetry, and essays published by small presses, is founded.
- 1977 Leslie Marmon Silko publishes *Storyteller*, a multi-genre work which includes poetry, prose, and photographs.
- **1978** James Alan McPherson becomes the first African American to win the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction for *Elbow Room*.
- 1979 The Stories of John Cheever wins the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction.



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- 1981 *The Stories of John Cheever* is the paperback winner of the National Book Award. (From 1980 to 1984 the Award recognizes both a hardcover and paperback winner.)
- 1981 Raymond Carver publishes his short story collection *What We Talk About When We Talk About Love*; the collection a critical and commercial success was heavily influenced by the revisions of Carver's editor, Gordon Lish.
- 1982 Columbian author Gabriel García Márquez is awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature in recognition of his novels and short stories.
- 1983 *The Collected Stories of Eudora Welty* is the paperback winner of the National Book Award for Fiction.
- 1984 Victory Over Japan: A Book of Stories by Ellen Gilchrist wins the National Book Award for Fiction.
- 1987 Donald Barthelme publishes his collection *Forty Stories*. Included in the collection is "Sentence," an experimental story consisting of a single seven-page sentence.
- **1988** The PEN/Malamud Award for excellence in the art of the short story is established in honor of the late Bernard Malamud.
- 1991 Literary Agent Peter Miller claims that Ernest Hemingway penned a six-word short story to win a bet in the 1920s: "For sale. Baby shoes. Never worn." (The link to Hemingway is unsubstantiated.)
- 1991 Sandra Cisneros publishes her critically acclaimed short story collection *Woman Hollering Creek*.
- 1992 Tina Brown becomes editor of the *New Yorker*. Among the many changes Brown makes to the magazine is to institute a tradition of printing only one short story per issue.
- 1993 A Good Scent from a Strange Mountain by Robert Olen Butler wins the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction.
- 1995 The Complete Stories of Zora Neale Hurston is published, making the writer's short fiction from the 1920s and 1930s widely available.
- 1996 Ship Fever and Other Stories by Andrea Barrett wins the National Book Award for Fiction.
- **2000** *Interpreter of Maladies* by Jhumpa Lahiri wins the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction.
- 2005 Release of the Ang Lee film *Brokeback Mountain*, based on the widely acclaimed 1997 short story of the same name by Annie Proulx.
- **2009** *Olive Kitteridge* by Elizabeth Strout wins the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction.



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- 2010 The Sunday Times Short Story Award is established. The prize annually recognizes a short story published in the United Kingdom or Ireland, and, at £30,000, is currently the most lucrative prize in the world for a single short story.
- 2010 Chad Harbach publishes the essay "MFA vs. NYC" in Slate.
- A Visit from the Goon Squad by Jennifer Egan wins the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction. (Egan has said that she considers Goon Squad, an interconnected series of stories, to be neither a novel nor a short story collection.)
- 2012 Jennifer Egan's "Black Box" is serialized on the New Yorker's Twitter account.
- **2012** Charles Yu publishes his short story collection *Sorry Please Thank You*.
- 2013 Canadian author Alice Munro, "contemporary master of the short story," is awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature.
- **2014** Redeployment by Phil Klay wins the National Book Award for Fiction.
- **2015** Fortune Smiles by Adam Johnson wins the National Book Award for Fiction.
- vending machines in Grenoble, France. Over 300 such machines have now been installed around the world, including in San Francisco, Seattle, New York, Philadelphia, and Austin.
- 2016 Arrival, based on the 1998 Ted Chiang story "Story of Your Life," is released to critical and popular acclaim, grossing over \$200 million at the box office.
- **2017** Kristen Roupenian's "Cat Person" becomes the most viewed story in the *New Yorker*'s online history.
- **2018** Nana Kwame Adjei-Brenyah publishes *Friday Black*, his debut story collection.
- Beth Piatote publishes *The Beadworkers*, a collection of stories infused with Nez Perce history and culture.
- Robert Kolker's *New York Times* feature story "Who Is the Bad Art Friend?" becomes a viral sensation. The feature chronicles accusations made by Dawn Dorland that fellow writer (and acquaintance) Sonya Larson used, without permission, a letter written by Dorland in the short story "The Kindest."

