

## Index

**Bold face page numbers indicate pages with background information about the entry, e.g., a detailed explanation or reference, while page numbers in normal type indicate a textual reference.**

- algebraic function, 259
- algebraic geometry, 83, 84, 231
- algebraic number, **121**
- Arithmetic-Mean–Geometric-Mean (AM-GM) Inequality, **56**, 95, 153, 253, 254, 274
- automata, 108, 122, 123
- Axiom of Choice, **112**
- Bateman-Horn Conjecture, 279
- Beatty sequences, **179**, 180
- Beatty's Theorem, **179**, 216
- Bernoulli numbers, 184, **225**
- Bessel functions, **63**, **236**
- big- $O$  notation, **89**, 90, 107, 111, 117, 118, 134, 204, 208, 258, 275
- bijection, 21, 53, 82, 123, 124, 140, 141, 173, 174, 195, 223, 229
- binary representation, 11, 17, 39, 43, 107, 108, 156, 157, 188
- Birkhoff-von Neumann Theorem, **68**
- block matrix, 75
- Brauer group, 169
- Carmichael's lambda function, **57**
- Catalan numbers, **206**
- Cauchy's Lemma, **143**
- Cauchy's Theorem, **282**, 283
- Cauchy-Schwarz Inequality, **55**
- Cayley diagram, **127**
- Cayley digraph, **127**
- Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, 63, **122**, 199, 228
- Cayley-Menger determinant, **188**
- centroid, 40, 47, 129, 130, **130**, 131, 132, 233
- Chain Rule, 139
- change of variables, 183, 184
- character, 64, 150, 151
- Chebychev's Inequality, **55**
- chess, 158
- Chinese Remainder Theorem, 58, 202, 257
- circuit, **126**
- circulant matrix, **98**, 99, 276
- class number, 94
- combinatorial games, 212, 214
- compactness, 44, 49, 104, 134, 195, 230, 266
- companion matrix, 268
- Comparison Test, **97**, 282
- compass and straightedge, 218
- complementary sequences, **179**, 180
- complex numbers, 143
- concavity of functions, 48, 55, 132–134, 197, 251
- content (of a polynomial over  $\mathbb{Z}$ ), **259**
- continued fraction, **74**, 212
- continuity, 4, 7, 12, 13, 20, 25, 29, 32, 34, 42, 49, 56, 68, 79, 80, 85, 111, 113, 124, 130, 132–134, 138, 139, 143, 155, 156, 166, 176, 184, 220–222, 242, 251, 272, 274, 275, 292, 293
- contour integration, 59, 283
- contraction mapping, 241
- convergence, 10, 37, 41, 42, 61, 62, 72, 80, 89, 97, 110, 111, 125, 162, 183, 191, 194, 195, 204, 221, 222, 228, 234–236, 259, 265, 282–284, 291
- convexity, 13, 14, 26, 55, 68, 118, 120, 128, 130, 131, 134, 159, 160, 230, 231, 270
- cosine law, *see* Law of Cosines
- countability, 12, 44, 111, 112, 120, 121, 195, 219
- cycle, **126**
- de Moivre's Theorem, 35, **58**
- derangement, **99**
- Descartes' Rule of Signs, 60, **60**, 198
- design theory, 294
- determinants, xi, 10, 18, 24, 32, 45, 70, 97–99, 164, 188, 193, 200, 211, 276
- diagonalization, 227
- Dickson's Conjecture, **279**
- difference operator, 259

Cambridge University Press

088385807X - The William Lowell Putnam Mathematical Competition 1985-2000: Problem, Solutions, and Commentary

Kiran S. Kedlaya, Bjorn Poonen and Ravi Vakil

Index

[More information](#)

334

The William Lowell Putnam Mathematical Competition

- differential equations, 36–38, 63, 70, 78, 89, 93, 110, 111, 124, 207, 235, 239, 243, 270, 275
- dimension, 134, 167, 187, 209, 215, 216, 266, 277
- directed multigraph, 126, 127
- Dirichlet  $L$ -function, 95
- Dirichlet density, 280
- Dirichlet's Theorem, 280
- discriminant, 74, 178, 198, 260, 261, 273
- divisibility of binomial coefficients, 25, 147, 220, 238, 290, 293
- division algorithm, 163
- Dominated Convergence Theorem, 236, 283
- doubly stochastic matrices, 68
- dynamical systems, 85, 159, 163, 212, 222
- eigenvalue, 49, 63, 93, 98, 99, 167, 184, 199, 200, 207, 227–229, 241, 242, 276–277
- eigenvector, 9, 38, 45, 49, 63, 93, 99, 184, 207, 227, 241, 242, 270, 276
- Eisenstein integers, 91
- elliptic curve, 258
- Euler  $\phi$ -function, 35, 57, 58, 247, 267, 280
- Euler line, 233
- Euler's Theorem, 57, 58
- Euler-Maclaurin summation formula, 225, 227
- Eulerian circuit, 126, 127
- Eulerian path, 126, 127
- Extreme Value Theorem, 184, 266
- Farey series, 182
- Fermat's Little Theorem, 86, 202
- Fibonacci numbers, 40, 93, 117, 123, 124, 139, 173, 222, 223, 252
- field, xi, 5, 7, 8, 11, 16, 74, 83, 84, 86, 93–95, 107, 108, 128, 148, 158, 164, 167, 178, 261
- field of complex numbers, xi
- field of rational numbers, xi
- field of real numbers, xi
- finite directed multigraph, 126
- finite field, xi, 8, 11, 16, 86, 107, 108, 148, 151, 158, 203, 261
- first order sentence, 95, 96
- Fourier analysis, 58, 184, 216
- Fourier series, 58, 216
- Fresnel integrals, 284
- functional equation, 92, 110, 142, 154, 178, 220, 221, 292
- Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, 138, 176
- Gabriel's Horn, 138
- Gall-Peters projection, 255
- games, 11, 20, 24, 27, 47, 102, 103, 144, 158, 180, 182, 212–214, 233, 234
- Gauss sum, 150, 151
- Gauss's Lemma, 86, 258, 259
- Gauss-Lucas Theorem, *see* Lucas' Theorem
- Gaussian elimination, 97
- Gaussian integers, 150
- Gegenbauer polynomials, 270
- generalized hypergeometric functions, *see* hypergeometric functions
- Generalized Riemann Hypothesis (GRH), vii, 94, 95
- generating function, 47, 82, 83, 93, 145, 158, 161, 239, 246, 293
- generating functions, 266
- geometric probability, 159, 160, 182
- geometric transformations, 254
- geometry, 39, 83
- gradient, 46, 68, 217
- graph theory, 40, 126, 242
- greedy algorithms, 36, 48, 252
- grep, 123
- group theory, 3, 11, 14, 27, 57, 63, 99, 109, 120, 126, 143, 168–170, 178, 195, 202, 237, 238
- harmonic series, 61, 164, 244
- height function, 258
- Hensel's Lemma, 72, 261
- Hilbert metric, 241
- Hilbert's Seventeenth Problem, 264
- Hilbert's Tenth Problem, 96
- hypergeometric functions, 283, 284
- Hypothesis H, 279
- Inclusion-Exclusion Inequality, 201
- Inclusion-Exclusion Principle, 99, 126, 201
- indegree, 126
- inequalities, 32, 49, 55, 56, 65, 88, 89, 95, 103, 104, 132, 139, 151, 153, 162, 180, 181, 201, 218, 219, 224, 252, 253, 271, 274
- inequalities of integrals, 49, 85, 139, 225, 274
- Integral Comparison Test, 89
- integral domain, 107
- integration by parts, 39, 47, 50, 110, 132, 234, 235, 270, 273, 281, 282

Index	335
-------	-----

Intermediate Value Theorem, <b>102</b> , 128, 130, 251, 278, 291	measure theory, 120, 160, 270
International Mathematical Olympiad, 74, 87, 121, 144, 158, 179, 190, 220, 265, 293	Monotone Convergence Theorem, 183, 234
isometric embedding, <b>211</b>	Newton polygon, <b>128</b>
Jacobi sum, <b>150</b> , 151	Newton's method, 72
Jensen's Inequality, <b>55</b> , 56	Newton-Puiseux series, <b>260</b>
Jordan canonical form, 63	Nim, <b>213</b>
Kummer's Theorem, <b>238</b> , 290, 293	notation, <b>xi</b>
L'Hôpital's Rule, <b>152</b> , 156, 166, 269	number theory, 72, 120, 148, 183
Lagrange interpolation, 259, <b>260</b> , 289	<i>O</i> , see big- <i>O</i> notation
Lagrange multipliers, <b>217</b>	<i>o</i> , see big- <i>o</i> notation
Lagrange's Theorem, <b>57</b> , <b>268</b>	Olympiad, 74, 87, 92, 101, 121, 144, 158, 161, 179, 190, 214, 220, 247, 265, 270, 293
Lambert equal-area cylindrical projection, 255	orthogonal polynomials, <b>270</b>
Laplace transform, <b>236</b>	orthogonality relations for characters, <b>64</b>
lattice polygon, 118	outdegree, <b>126</b>
lattices, 91, 111, 118–120, 208, 209	<i>p</i> -adic absolute value, <b>128</b>
Laurent polynomial, 35, <b>59</b>	<i>p</i> -adic gamma function, 147
Laurent series, 259	<i>p</i> -adic logarithm function, <b>xi</b>
Law of Cosines, 186	<i>p</i> -adic numbers, xi, <b>128</b> , 147, 148
Law of Sines, <b>269</b> , <b>286</b>	<i>p</i> -adic valuation, <b>245</b> , 257
Legendre polynomial, 270	<i>p</i> -group, <b>169</b>
Legendre symbol, 86, <b>149</b>	parity, 40, 45, 85, 87, 118, 141, 212, 237, 256, 258
Leibniz's formula, 43, <b>182</b> , 183	partition, 24, 140, 141, 179, 209, 214, 216
lexical scanner, 123	path, <b>126</b>
lg, see logarithm	Pell's equation, <b>279</b>
Lie group, <b>143</b>	permutation matrix, <b>68</b>
Limit Comparison Test, <b>89</b>	Perron-Frobenius Theorem, 184, 207, 241, 242, 244
linear algebra, 166	Pick's Theorem, 40, 118, <b>119</b>
linear operator, 43, 184	Pigeonhole Principle, 43, 50, <b>96</b> , 118, 175, 193, 195, 215, 248, 267, 289, 294
linear recursion, 38, 92, <b>93</b> , 116, 117, 172, 199, 207, 208, 246, 252, 265, 267	Pochhammer symbol, <b>284</b>
linear recursive relation, 199	polynomial ring, <b>xi</b>
linear recursive sequence, 38, 92, <b>93</b> , 116, 117, 172, 246, 252, 265, 267	Postage Stamp Theorem, <b>143</b>
linear transformation, 191, 192, 277	Power Mean Inequality, <b>55</b> , 56
little- <i>o</i> notation, <b>89</b> , 90, 92, 96, 103, 279	primitive root, 202, <b>247</b>
ln, see logarithm	probability, 2, 62, 115, 159, 160, 182, 183
Local Central Limit Theorem, 208	product rule, 9, 88, 136
log, see logarithm	Puiseux series, <b>259</b>
logarithm, <b>xi</b>	Pythagorean Theorem, 85, 287, 294
logarithmic derivative, 239	Pythagorean triple, <b>85</b>
Lucas numbers, <b>212</b>	quadratic form, 95
Lucas' Theorem, <b>137</b> , 270	quadratic reciprocity, 86
Macdonald's function, <b>63</b>	radius of curvature, 210
Markov equation, <b>74</b>	Ramsey theory, <b>219</b>
Markov process, 207	random walk, 207, <b>208</b> , 209, 241
Mean Value Theorem, 117, <b>198</b>	Ratio Test, <b>111</b> , 125, 235, 284

Cambridge University Press

088385807X - The William Lowell Putnam Mathematical Competition 1985-2000: Problem, Solutions, and Commentary

Kiran S. Kedlaya, Bjorn Poonen and Ravi Vakil

Index

[More information](#)

336

The William Lowell Putnam Mathematical Competition

- recursion, 38, 46–48, 85, 92, 93, 116, 117, 165, 172, 199, 207, 208, 223, 229, 230, 239, 246, 252, 265, 267, 270
- reduced totient function, *see* Carmichael's lambda function
- reflection trick, 48, **254**
- règle des nombres moyens, 180
- representation theory, 64, 99, 168, 169
- residue theorem, 59
- Riemann sum, 12, 114, **115**, 134
- Riemann zeta function, **183**
- ring, **xi**
- ring of integers, **xi**
- Rolle's Theorem, 42, 50, **136**, 137, 155, 198, 291
- Rouché's Theorem, **102**, 231
- set theory, 173
- Siegel zero, 95
- sine law, *see* Law of Sines
- sketching, 9, 43, 88
- spherical cap, 255
- Sprague-Grundy theory, **214**
- stationary phase approximation, **285**
- Stirling's approximation, 208, **225**
- Stokes' Theorem, 37, **79**
- strongly connected, **126**, 242
- sum of two squares, 33, 150, 263, 278, 279
- Sylow subgroup, 238
- symmetry, 35, 37, 38, 42, 45, 71, 80, 88, 109, 112, 117, 118, 136, 160, 162, 169, 192, 208, 281
- Taylor series, 38, 45, 48, 89, 103, 104, **107**, 156, 204, 257, 275
- Taylor's Formula, **155**, 257, 273
- Taylor's Theorem, **133**
- Thue-Morse sequence, **158**
- Thue-Siegel Theorem, **261**
- transcendental number, **121**, 158
- Trapezoid Rule, 132, 243
- triangle inequality, 103, 218, 252
- trigonometric substitution, 37, 46, 50, 85, 192, 217, 292
- Turing machine, 95
- Twin Prime Conjecture, **279**
- ultraspherical polynomials, 270
- unique factorization domain, 59, 259
- USA Mathematical Olympiad, 214, 247
- Vandermonde determinant, **70**, 98, 276
- Vandermonde's identity, **82**, 83, 145
- vectors, 46, 93, 159, 186, 187, 218, 230, 231, 233, 276
- Venn diagram, 53
- weakly connected, **126**
- Weierstrass *M*-test, **111**
- Weierstrass's Theorem, **111**
- Weil Conjectures, vii, **151**, 261
- Well Ordering Principle, **112**
- well-ordered set, **112**, 194, 195
- Weyl's Equidistribution Theorem, **96**, **216**
- winding number, 230, 231
- Wolstenholme's Theorem, **147**, 245
- Wythoff's game, **180**
- Zorn's Lemma, **111**, **112**, 195