CONTEMPORARY KINETIC THEORY OF MATTER

Kinetic theory provides a microscopic description of many observable, macroscopic processes and has a wide range of important applications in physics, astronomy, chemistry, and engineering. This powerful, theoretical framework allows a quantitative treatment of many nonequilibrium phenomena such as transport processes in classical and quantum fluids. This book describes in detail the Boltzmann equation theory, obtained in both traditional and modern ways. Applications and generalizations describing nonequilibrium processes in a variety of systems are also covered, including dilute and moderately dense gases, particles in random media, hard-sphere crystals, condensed Bose–Einstein gases, and granular materials. Fluctuation phenomena in nonequilibrium fluids and related non-analyticities in the hydrodynamic equations are also discussed in some detail. A thorough examination of many topics concerning time-dependent phenomena in material systems, this book describes both current knowledge as well as future directions of the field.

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Cambridge University Press 978-0-521-89547-7 — Contemporary Kinetic Theory of Matter J. R. Dorfman, Henk van Beijeren, T. R. Kirkpatrick Frontmatter <u>More Information</u>

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CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom

One Liberty Plaza, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10006, USA

477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia

314-321, 3rd Floor, Plot 3, Splendor Forum, Jasola District Centre, New Delhi - 110025, India

79 Anson Road, #06-04/06, Singapore 079906

Cambridge University Press is part of the University of Cambridge.

It furthers the University's mission by disseminating knowledge in the pursuit of education, learning, and research at the highest international levels of excellence.

www.cambridge.org Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9780521895477 DOI: 10.1017/9781139025942

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First published 2021

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data Names: Dorfman, J. Robert (Jay Robert), 1937– author. | Beijeren, H. van (Henk), author. | Kirkpatrick, T. R. (Theodore Ross), author. Title: Contemporary kinetic theory of matter / J.R, Dorfman, Henk van Beijeren, and T.R. Kirkpatrick. Description: Cambridge ; New York, NY : Cambridge University Press, [2021] | Includes bibliographical references and index. Identifiers: LCCN 2021002392 (print) | LCCN 2021002393 (ebook) | ISBN 9780521895477 (hardback) | ISBN 9781139025942 (epub) Subjects: LCSH: Kinetic theory of matter. Classification: LCC QC174.9. D67 2021 (print) | LCC QC174.9 (ebook) | DDC 530.13/6–dc23 LC record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2021002393

ISBN 978-0-521-89547-7 Hardback

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> To Matthieu Ernst, in honor of our friendship and collaborations and his many contributions to kinetic theory

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Acknowledgments

The three of us have been working in the field of kinetic theory for many years. Our approaches to research and our emphasis on clarity of presentation were strongly influenced by one person in particular – the late E. G. D. Cohen (Eddie), with whom we worked as students, postdocs, and long-time collaborators. We are also very fortunate to have a very close friend and collaborator, Matthieu Ernst, to whom we dedicate this book as a token of our appreciation.

We would like to thank Yevgeny Bar Lev for his considerable help, over many years, with the preparation of this manuscript. His generous help with the LYX program enabled us to overcome many troublesome issues.

There are many people who assisted us in the preparation of the book or were influential for our understanding of kinetic theory, and in one way or another contributed to the development of this subject. In addition to Eddie Cohen and Matthieu Ernst, these include Cécile Appert-Rolland, Dietrich Belitz, Mordechai Bixon, Jerzy Blawzdziewicz, Lydéric Bocquet, Javier Brey, Ricardo Brito, Cok Bruin, Leonid Bunimovich, Bogdan Cichocki, Ignatz de Schepper, Astrid de Wijn, Christoph Dellago, Carl Dettmann, Jim Dufty, Denis Evans Ubbo Felderhof, Thomas Franosch, Giovanni Gallavotti, Pierre Gaspard, Thomas Gilbert, Bob Goldman, Eivind Hauge, Walter Hoegy, Bill Hoover, Sudhir Jain, Betty Johnson, Behzad Kamgar-Parsi, Yuen Han Kan, Ray Kapral, John Karkheck, Kyozi Kawasaki, John Kinkaid, Rainer Klages, Hubert Knops, Herman Kruis, Oscar Lanford, Arnulf Latz, Joel Lebowitz, Jan Adriaan Leegwater, David Levermore, Mariano Lopez de Haro, Jon Machta, Christian Maes, Christina Marchetti, Charles McClure, Jan Michels, Gary Morriss, Oliver Mülken, Luis Nasser, Alfredo Nava-Tudela, Johan Nieuwoudt, Debabrata Panja, Oliver Penrose, Jarek Piasecki, Jacek Polewczak, Yves Pomeau, Harald Posch, Itamar Proccia, Linda Reichl, Lamberto Rondoni, David Ronis, Rudi Schmitz, Debra Searles, Jan Sengers, Jagdish Sharma, Yasha Sinai, Herbert Spohn, Wokyung Sung, Grzegorz Szamel, Dave Thirumalai, Urbaan Titulaer, Minh-Binh Tran, Hans van Leeuwen, Frédéric van Wijland,

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Acknowledgments

Ramses van Zon, John Weeks, Ab Weijland, Harald Wilbertz, Stephen Williams, Peter Wolynes, and Victor Yakovenko. We wish also to express our indebtedness to many friends and teachers who are no longer with us, including Berni Alder, Ted Berlin, Jan Burgers, Nicolai Chernov, Jerry Erpenbeck, Shmuel Fishman, Leo Garcia Colin, Isaac Goldhirsch, Harold Grad, Mel Green, John Tjon, Marc Kac, Nico van Kampen, Les Karlowitz, Joseph Kestin, Ed Mason, Al McLennan, Irwin Oppenheim, Jose Ortiz de Zárate, Pierre Résibois, George Stell, George Uhlenbeck, Bill Wood, and Bob Zwanzig.

JRD would like to acknowledge with appreciation the hospitality of the Institute for Theoretical Physics of the University of Utrecht and the Lewiner Institute for Theoretical Physics of the Department of Physics, The Technion, Haifa, Israel, and its former director, the late Shmuel Fishman. JRD and TRK are indebted to their home departments, the Institute for Physical Science and Technology and the Department of Physics of the University of Maryland, for support for many years. They gratefully acknowledge research support over this time from the United States National Science Foundation.

HvB is much indebted for the ongoing support of his home institution, the Institute for Theoretical Physics of Utrecht University. In addition he acknowledges the hospitality and support of the University of Maryland, the Université Libre de Bruxelles, the Homi Bhabha National Institute and the TATA Institute in Mumbai, the Erwin Schrödinger Institute and the University in Vienna, the Humboldt Stiftung and the Technische Universität Münich, the Australian National University and the Australian Defense Force Academy in Canberra, the Institut Henri Poincaré in Paris, and the Korea Institute for Advanced Study in Seoul.

We wish to thank the Hamburger Kunsthalle, Hamburg Germany, for permission to use the painting on the cover, *Geographers at Work* by Cornelis de Man (1621–1706), oil on canvas, 81×68 cm, Inv. 239. Photo credit: Elke Walford.

Nomenclature

E(k)	Energy of Bogoliubov excitations
$[\boldsymbol{D}^{(lpha)}, \boldsymbol{D}^{(\gamma)}]$	Bracket integral
α	Accomodation coefficient for a boundary
α_T	Coefficient of thermal expansion
$\bar{\mathbf{T}}_0$	Binary collision operator for binary collisions, when the duration of
	the collision and the spatial separations of the colliding particles are
	ignored
$ar{\mathbf{T}}_W$	Binary collision operator for wall-particle collisions
$T_{\pm}(1,2)$	Hard-sphere binary collision operators
$\mathbf{T}^r_{\pm}(1,2)$	Real part of a hard-sphere binary collision operator
$T_{\pm}^{v}(1,2)$	Virtual part of a hard-sphere binary collision operator
$\bar{\mathbf{T}}_{\pm}(1,2)$	Barred, or adjoint, of a hard-sphere binary collision operator,
	$T_{\mp}(1,2)$
$ar{\mathcal{L}}_{0,W-}$	Free streaming part of Liouville operator including particle-wall
	interactions
$\bar{\mathcal{L}}^{(ps)}_{\pm}(N)$	Barred pseudo-Liouville operator for N hard spheres
$\bar{\mathcal{L}}_{W-}^{(ps)}(n)$	Pseudo-Liouville operator including particle-wall interactions
$b_{\hat{k}}(1,2)$	Binary collision velocity exchange operator that replaces velocities
	by their restituting values
β	Inverse temperature parameter
F	External force per unit mass in the Boltzmann equation
\boldsymbol{F}_{ext}	External force in Langevin equation
k	Wave vector
$\boldsymbol{\rho}(t)$	Density matrix
Ω	Angular velocity vector
$ ho_{ m S}$	Location of a point on the boundary surface of a system
σ_{ij}	Elements of the stress tensor
D	Velocity gradient tensor

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g	Relative velocity of two particles			
$\mathbf{J}_{\mathbf{K}}(\boldsymbol{r},t)$	Local energy current vector			
$\mathbf{P}(\boldsymbol{r},t)$	Local pressure tensor			
$\mathbf{q}(\boldsymbol{r},t)$	Local energy current			
$\mathbf{u}(\mathbf{r},t)$	Local average velocity in a gas at point r at time t			
$\mathbf{c} = \mathbf{v} - \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{r}, t)$ Peculiar velocity of a particle				
$\Lambda(\mathbf{v})$	Boltzmann collision operator linearized about a total equilibrium			
	distribution function			
${f \Lambda}_{lphaeta}$	Linearized Boltzmann collision operator for binary collisions of			
	particles of species α and β			
$\Lambda_{loc}(\mathbf{v}_1)$	Boltzmann collision operator linearized about a local equilibrium			
* 7	distribution			
V	<i>N</i> -particle $2dN$ -dimensional velocity vector in phase space			
u	Scaled velocity for granular gas			
\boldsymbol{u}_n	Velocity of the normal fluid in a condensed boson gas			
XT	Isothermal compressibility			
ł	Mean free path length			
ϵ_n	Coefficient of restitution – normal			
ϵ_t	Coefficient of restitution – tangential			
e	Coefficient of sheer viscosity			
η	External source in the <i>n</i> ensemble			
$\eta(\mathbf{r}, \iota)$	Excential source in the <i>η</i> -ensemble			
η_E $\eta_E(t) \in (t)$	Descriptors for presence or absence of white or black heads at point			
$\eta_l(t), \epsilon_l(t)$	<i>i</i> at time <i>t</i> in the Kac ring model			
γ	Drag coefficient in Langevin equation			
$\Gamma_+ d\mathbf{r} d\mathbf{v}$	Rate at which the number of particles with prescribed velocities			
	increase due to binary collisions in a very small 2d-dimensional one-			
	particle position and velocity phase space			
$\Gamma_{-}d\mathbf{r}d\mathbf{v}$	Rate at which the number of particles with prescribed velocities			
	decrease due to binary collisions in a very small 2 <i>d</i> -dimensional one-			
	particle position and velocity phase space			
Γ_s	Sound damping coefficient			
$\Gamma_{S,E}$	Enskog theory value of the sound damping coefficient			
Γ_s	Parameter descibing the cooling rate in a granular gas			
$\Gamma_W d\mathbf{r} d\mathbf{v}$	Rate of change of the single particle distribution function due to col-			
	issions of particles with a boundary wall in a small 2 <i>d</i> -dimensional,			
	one-particle phase space			

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Nomenclature

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ĥ	Unit vector in the direction of the vector from the origin to the point
	of closest approach in binary collision as described in the relative
ŷ	Particle particle Interaction contribution to the Hamiltonian
v	operator
$\hat{\sigma}$	Unit vector along apse line for hard-sphere collisions
λ	Coefficient of thermal conductivity
λ'	Partial coefficient of thermal conductivity
$\lambda/(\eta c_v)$	Eucken factor
λ_E	Enskog theory value of the coefficient of thermal conductivity
$\Lambda_i^{(\pm)}(\boldsymbol{r},\boldsymbol{p},t)$	Positive and negative stretching factors
$\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{k}}$	Linear Boltzmann propagator acting on deviation of the single parti-
	cle distribution from its equilibrium value, χ
$\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{k}}^{(R)}(z)$	Linear single particle ring propagator
$\overline{\mathcal{W}}_N(x_1, x_2, \ldots)$	(x_N) General N-particle function of positions and momenta
	symmetric under particle interchanges
$\mathcal{G}_0(1,2,\ldots,s)$, z) Laplace transform of time displacement operator; also called a
	propagator
$\mathcal{L}(\Gamma)$	N-particle Liouville operator
$\mathcal{L}_0(\Gamma)$	Kinetic part of the N-particle Liouville operator
$\mathcal{L}^{(ps)}_{\pm}(N)$	Pseudo-Liouville operator for N hard spheres
$\mathcal{L}_I(\Gamma)$	Interaction potential part of the N-particle Liouville operator
$\mathcal{S}(\Gamma)$	Time displacement operator in phase space
$\mathcal{S}_t^{(0)}(1,2,\ldots,$	s) s-particle free streaming operator
$\mathcal{V}^{(eq)}_{s}$	Husimi cluster functions for <i>s</i> -particles
μ	Ordering parameter in the Chapman-Enskog solution of the
	Boltzmann equation
μ_{12}	Reduced mass of two particles
ν	Collision frequency parameter in Bhatnagar–Gross–Krook (BGK) model
$v(v_i)$	Low-density, equilibrium collision frequency for a particle with
	velocity \mathbf{v}_i
ν_c	Collision frequency
ω	Thermal creep coefficient
$\omega^{(\pm)}$	Leading order term in sound mode eigenvalue
$\omega_i(k)$	Hydrodynamic eigenvalues
Ω_{ij}	Non-dissipative terms in the matrix form of the linearized Navier-
U	Stokes equations
$\mathcal{P},\mathcal{P}_{\perp}$	Zwanzig-Mori projection operators