

Contents

<i>Preface</i>	<i>page ix</i>
Introduction Milestones in the study of biominerals: A summary of the discontinuous and somewhat erratic path of research on their formation and properties	1
1 The concept of <i>microstructural sequence</i> exemplified by mollusc shells and coral skeletons: Similarity of growth mode and skeletogenesis at the micrometer scale	11
1.1 Basic shell microstructure observed in the pearl oyster: <i>Pinctada margaritifera</i>	12
1.2 Time-based analysis of shell construction in <i>Pinctada</i>	15
1.3 Comparison of microstructural patterns in <i>Pinctada</i> shells with those of two other pteriomorphs: <i>Pinna</i> and <i>Ostrea</i>	22
1.4 Diversity of microstructural sequences among the shells of other molluscs	26
1.5 Microstructure and the mode of growth of skeleton in the scleractinian corals	37
1.6 Conclusion	55
2 Compositional data on mollusc shells and coral skeletons: Mineral and organic components viewed from overall characteristics to localized measurements	57
2.1 Mineral compositions of Ca-carbonate from shells and corals	59
2.2 Characteristics of the organic components extracted from mollusc shells and coral skeletons	85
2.3 Access to the distribution of organic components within skeleton units	102
2.4 Conclusion	116

vi	<i>Contents</i>
3	Origin of microstructural diversity: Facts and conjectures regarding the control of crystallization during skeletogenesis 119
3.1	Crystallization within the elemental growth layer in both mollusc and coral skeletons 120
3.2	Formation of the elementary growth layer: a two-step process that reconciles the crystalline behavior of microstructural units with their compositional properties 130
3.3	Formation and control of growth of microstructural units: examples from prismatic structures 144
3.4	From control of crystallization of individual units to the coordination of crystallography at the shell level: evidence from the internal shell layer 154
3.5	Skeletal development as a continuous process: evidence of transitional changes between molluscan shell layers and during coral ontogeny 167
3.6	Conclusion 180
4	Diversity of structural patterns and growth modes in skeletal Ca-carbonate of some plants and animals: The contrast between architectural and microstructural diversity at the macroscale and similarities at the submicrometer scale 185
4.1	Benthic algae 185
4.2	Ca-carbonate production in sponges 194
4.3	Hydrozoa and Alcyonaria 209
4.4	Brachiopods 228
4.5	Echinoderms 243
4.6	Foraminifera 250
4.7	Calcareous structures of Vertebrates: otoliths and eggs 257
4.8	The calcified cuticle of crustacean Arthropods 267
4.9	Conclusion: the overall distribution of a calcification process based on layered control of carbonate crystallization at a micrometer scale and the resultant formation of organomineral reticulate structure at the nanometer scale 276
5	Connecting the Layered Growth and Crystallization model to chemical and physiological approaches: Ongoing conceptual changes in biocalcification 277
5.1	Summary of chemical research on organic compounds involved in calcareous biomineralization and relevant models for biocrystallization 278

<i>Contents</i>	vii
5.2 The genomic approach: a new scale of biological complexity and perspectives for understanding environmental influences on biomineral formation and growth	287
5.3 An example of change in the mineralizing activity of epithelium after stress: microstructural variation during the early stages of mineralizing activity of pearl-producing epithelium	290
5.4 The two-step growth and crystallization model – a solution to formation of taxonomy-linked microstructures through biochemical control of crystallization at the submicrometer level: concluding remarks	307
6 Microcrystalline and amorphous biominerals in bones, teeth, and siliceous structures: Data illustrating the nature of calcareous biocrystals	315
6.1 The concept of <i>microstructure</i> in bones and teeth	317
6.2 Silica-based structures: highly controlled morphologies formed of amorphous mineral material	336
7 Collecting better data from the fossil record through the critical analysis of fossilized biominerals: Case studies ranging from the interpretation of individual samples to the distribution of fossils through time	349
7.1 Fossilization of siliceous biominerals	351
7.2 Fossil bone, dentine, and enamel: multiple causes of analytical obstacles	357
7.3 Fossilization of calcareous skeletons	368
7.4 Microstructural analysis applied to reconstruction of evolutionary history as exemplified by recent data on fossil corals	394
7.5 Fossils and biomineralization in geological time	405
7.6 Generalizations on diagenesis and biomineralization	430
8 Results and perspectives	435
<i>List of references</i>	439
<i>Name index</i>	477
<i>Subject index</i>	480