The Dutch Republic in the Seventeenth Century

The Dutch are 'the envy of some, the fear of others, and the wonder of all their neighbours'. So wrote the English ambassador to the Dutch Republic, Sir William Temple, in 1673. Maarten Prak offers a lively and innovative history of the Dutch Golden Age, charting its political, social, economic and cultural history through chapters that range from the introduction of the tulip to the experiences of immigrants and Jews in Dutch society, the paintings of Vermeer and Rembrandt, and the ideas of Spinoza. He places the Dutch 'miracle' in a European context, examining the Golden Age both as the product of its own past and as the harbinger of a more modern, industrialised and enlightened society. A fascinating and accessible study, this book will prove invaluable reading to anyone interested in Dutch history.

MAARTEN PRAK is Professor of Social and Economic History at Utrecht University. He is the author and editor of a number of books, including *Early Modern Capitalism* (2000).

DIANE WEBB is a translator specialising in the fields of history and art.

The Dutch Republic in the Seventeenth Century

The Golden Age

Maarten Prak

Translated by Diane Webb



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It was Maarten van Rossem who first suggested I write this book. He thought that the Netherlands was in urgent need of a series of books, each treating one century of its history. I am a specialist on the eighteenth century, but that had already been given to someone else, so I was allotted the seventeenth. My initial trepidation gradually gave way to a feeling of excitement at having accepted the challenge.

That was more than ten years ago. I had promised to write another book first, and that took longer than expected. Though the series was slow in getting off the ground, the seventeenth century remained a stimulating prospect. In 1994 I first gave a course, together with Lex Heerma van Voss, on the seventeenth-century Dutch Republic at the University of Utrecht in English, because the course was intended for foreign exchange students. After two years my colleague changed jobs and I was left to give the course on my own. Since that first year, I have given the course – in various guises, and in both English and Dutch – to students of history at the University of Utrecht and the University of Exeter in England, to the students of University College Utrecht and to the foreign exchange students for whom the course was originally intended, always in the hope of arousing the interest of all those American, Croatian, Danish, English, Finnish, French, German, Italian, Romanian, Slovakian, Spanish and indeed Dutch participants in the most fascinating period of Dutch history - a period, moreover, of crucial importance to the history of Europe as a whole. I am grateful to all those students, the good and the bad, the lazy and the diligent, the interested and even the not-so-interested, for their contribution - as unwitting guinea pigs - to this project.

In writing this book, I have incurred debts to numerous historians both in the Netherlands and abroad. Here and there I have relied on my own research, but many of the ideas and much of the information in this book have been shamelessly borrowed from others. In the list of sources to each chapter I have attempted to acknowledge that debt, but there is every reason to express my gratitude here as well. Looking back, it is amazing to see how much has been written in the last twenty years about the subject

x Acknowledgements

of this book. The literature is extremely engrossing, and I hope that the overpowering sense of excitement I often felt when writing this book will be felt by my readers as well.

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I thank Annelies for her willingness to do more than her fair share of the work necessary to run our household while I was writing the bulk of this book, during the spring and summer of 2001, a period which was darkened by the loss of my sister, Agnes van der Burgt-Prak (*8.8.1956-124.6.2001), to whose memory this book is dedicated.

NOTE TO THE ENGLISH EDITION

This edition differs in a number of ways from the Dutch edition. First of all, it incorporates the improvements suggested by various readers of the Dutch edition, in particular Oscar Gelderblom. I have also clarified a number of things that may not be self-evident to non-Dutch readers. The list of sources has been updated, as well as expanded to include additional publications in English and pruned of the more inaccessible sources in Dutch. The English edition also benefits from an additional chapter on science and philosophy (chapter 14), and I am indebted to Klaas van Berkel, Lodewijk Palm, Theo Verbeek and especially Piet Steenbakkers for their advice on these subjects.

I should also like to take this opportunity to thank Diane Webb for her wonderful translation and her attention to detail, both of which have helped to make the English version superior in many ways to the original Dutch edition. I am grateful to Michael Watson, my editor at Cambridge University Press, for his help and support, and to the Netherlands Organisation for Scientific Research (NWO) for its financial assistance. I dedicate the English edition to someone who would have been particularly proud, but sadly did not live to see its appearance: my father, Niels Prak (*8.8.1926–†1.6.2002).

Chronology

DOMESTIC POLITICS

1579	Union of Utrecht
1584	William of Orange murdered
1585-1625	Stadholdership of Prince Maurits
1619	Johan van Oldenbarnevelt executed
1625–47	Stadholdership of Frederik Hendrik
1647–50	Stadholdership of William II
1653-72	Johan de Witt serves as Grand Pensionary
1672-1702	Stadholdership of William III

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Truce with Spain
End of Twelve Years' Truce
Peace of Münster
First Anglo-Dutch War
Second Anglo-Dutch War
'Year of Disaster', Third Anglo-Dutch War
Peace of Nijmegen
Invasion of England (William and Mary)
Nine Years' War
War of the Spanish Succession

ECONOMY

1585	Antwerp falls to Spanish troops
1602	Establishment of the Dutch East India Company (VOC)
1611	Establishment of the Amsterdam Exchange Bank
1612–43	Polders drained in North-Holland
1621	Establishment of the Dutch West India Company (WIC)

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1632–65	Inter-urban network of tow-boat canals built
1688	Zenith of East India Company shares

OUTSIDE EUROPE

1595–7	First Dutch voyage to the East Indies
1614	New Netherland established
1618	Batavia becomes the Dutch headquarters in the East Indies
1628	Piet Heyn captures the Spanish silver fleet
1630–54	Dutch in Brazil
1639	Dutch become Japan's exclusive European trading partner
1652	Establishment of the Cape Colony in South Africa
1667	New Netherland becomes a British colony; Dutch acquire
	Surinam

RELIGION

1572	First Calvinist synod in Holland
1579	Union of Utrecht establishes freedom of conscience
1612	Jewish synagogue opens in Amsterdam
1618–19	Synod of Dordt splits Calvinist Church

SCIENCE AND CULTURE

- 1575 First Dutch university established at Leiden
- 1637 Descartes' Discours de la méthode
- 1642 Rembrandt paints *The Night Watch*
- 1656 Christiaan Huygens builds first pendulum clock
- c. 1660 Vermeer paints his View of Delft
- 1670 Spinoza's Tractatus Theologico-Politicus

