

## INDEX

- abandonment, 169–173  
 restrictions on, 169–172
- Abasgi tribe, 471
- ‘Abbasids, 31, 338  
 concubines, 250, 352–354  
 elite courtesans and entertainers, 247–249, 357–359  
 eunuchs, 352  
 exchange of prisoners, 61  
 fragmentation of the caliphate, 131  
 importation of Zanj, 132, *See also Zanj/Zanji*  
 military slavery, 15  
 nature of slavery in the first period  
 (c. 750–1000), 350–351  
 patterns of succession, 197  
 slave military, 354–357  
 slave ownership and experience of slaves, 340–341  
 slave trading, 106–107  
 uprising against, 133, 261–262, 351, 546–547
- ‘Abd Allah the Captive, 72
- ‘Abd al-Wadids, 68
- abduction, 92, 280, *See also kidnapping*  
 Mongol, 85–86, 92, 98  
 Northern Europe, 497, 506
- Abkhaz, 115, 234
- abolition, 262, 289, 486–488  
 Korea, 307  
 Scandinavia, 505
- abolitionist movement, 49, 315
- Abu al-Faraj al-Isfahani, *Book of Songs*, 358
- Abu al-Misk Kafur, Ikhshidid ruler, 18, 352
- Abu Faris, Tunisian sultan, 59
- Abu Ishaq, Ghaznavid governor, 364
- Abu Sa’d Ibrahim al-Tustari, Jewish Qaraite courtier, 250
- Abu Sa’id, Ilkhanid ruler, 91
- Abu-Lughod, Janet, *Before European Hegemony: The World System A.D. 1250–1350*, 42
- Abyssinians, 13, 125, 129, 133, *See also Ethiopians: habashi*  
 agricultural slaves in Arabia, 131–132  
 imported to Yemen, 127  
 military slaves, 372, 379  
 stereotyping of, 390  
 taxation of, 137
- Acboga, child slave, 105
- accounts of slavery, 19–20
- aclla*, term for slave, 564–565
- Adalbert of Prague, 56
- Adam of Bremen, 494
- Adam of Usk, 506
- Adarrò family, 66
- Aden, 11, 14, 125, 135–140
- Adeodatus, son of Augustine of Hippo, 189
- administrative slaves, 416–418
- Adomnán, 159
- Adulis, 547
- Aegean region  
 slave families, 466  
 slave raids on, 414  
 supply of slaves to, 103, 118–119, 177
- African Americans, 5
- African slaving systems  
 Red Sea and Indian Ocean trade, 546–550  
 research overview, 535–540  
 trade routes, 539–540
- Africans. *See also Abyssinians; blackness; Ethiopians; Wolof people; Zanj*  
 archaeological evidence of enslavement, 540–542  
 capture and enslavement in the Iberian Peninsula, 515–516, 518–520  
 confraternities, 260, 526–528  
 enslaved, 131–132  
 free, 128  
 military slaves, 131, 378–379, 539, 546–547  
 routes to freedom in reconquest Spain, 526–527  
 agency of enslaved people, 20–21, 240–241, 264–265, 342, 403  
 Islamic law and culture, 243–247

- agency of enslaved people (cont.)  
 ties of familiarity and kinship, 242–243,  
 245–246
- Agobard, bishop of Lyon, 441
- agricultural slavery, 15, 125
- Africans used in, 131–132, 539
- Byzantium, 472–475
- first 'Abbasid era, 350–351
- in Mongol Eurasia, 94–95
- in the later Roman empire, 30
- Northern Europe, 487–488
- rebellion, 260
- South India, 314–315, 318–320, 327
- Western South Asia, 143
- Ahmad ibn Tulun, founder of the Tulunid  
 dynasty, 357, 539
- Ahmad Inaltegin, Indian governor, 365
- Ahmed ibn Fadlan, Arab diplomat and writer,  
 106, 494
- Ahwaz, port in Basra, 539
- Air Massif, 539
- Aksumite Empire, 547
- āl* (South Indian term for slave), 321–322
- al Razi, Zakariyyā (Rhazes), Islamic scholar, 230
- āl ūṭaiyar* (South Indian slave owners), 321
- al-'Umari, scholar, 86, 104, 539
- 'Ala al-Din Khalji, Delhi sultan, 378
- 'Ala al-Din, Ghurid sultan, 367
- al-Amin, 'Abbasid caliph, 197, 352
- al-Amshati, Cairene doctor, 389–390, 392, 401
- al-Andalus, 66, 510–516
- concubinage, 514–515
- employment of slaves, 512–513
- regulation of manumission, 515
- slave supply from sub-Saharan Africa, 515–516
- trade in slaves, 510–512
- Alan, Alans (ethnic group), 81, 83, 105, 112, 115
- Alarcos, Battle of, 66
- Alaric II, Visigothic king, *Lex Romana  
 Visigothorum*, 171
- al-Bakri, Arab author, 538
- Albanians, 118
- al-Barbara, *umm walad*, 198
- Albert III, Austrian duke, 504
- Albert of Aachen, historian, 63–64
- Albigensians, 118
- al-Bīqā'ī, Muslim scholar, 202
- al-Bukhari, Persian scholar, 360
- Alexander the Great, 217
- Alexander, John, 541
- Alexandria, 11, 34, 35, 57, 114, 119, 263, 388
- Alexios I Komnenos, Byzantine emperor, 32,  
 456, 465
- al-Fadl ibn Sahl, 'Abbasid vizier, 340–341
- alfaques* (professional ransomers), 66
- Alfieri, Alberto, 104
- Alfonso X, king of Castile, 53, 66
- al-Ghazali, Islamic theologian, 210
- Algiers, 538
- Grand Bath, 71
- al-Hakam I, Umayyad emir, 59, 65, 513
- al-Hakam II, Umayyad emir, 513
- al-Hakami, 'Umara, *al-Yaman*, 149
- 'Ali ibn 'Abd Allah al-Guzuli al-Bahai, Mamluk  
 author, 398
- 'Ali ibn Muhammad, Zanj rebel leader,  
 261–262, 264
- Ali, Daud, 140, 330–331
- al-Ibshihī, Mamluk writer, 205
- al-Istakhri, Arab geographer, 511
- al-Jahiz, 9<sup>th</sup> c. writer, 352, 548
- Epistle on the Qiyān*, 202–203, 205
- al-Mamun, 'Abbasid caliph, 197, 248, 340, 357
- al-Mansur (Almanzor), ruler in Islamic Spain,  
 511–512
- Almanzor. *See* al-Mansur
- al-Maqrizi, Mamluk historian, 104, 204–205,  
 206, 256, 398
- al-Mas'udi, Arab historian, 536
- al-Mawardi, Baghdadi jurist, 53
- al-Mawsili, Ibrahim and Ishaq, Iraqi  
 musicians, 358
- Almohads, 36, 519
- Almoravids, 36, 519
- al-Muhallabi, Arab author, 538
- al-Muhassin ibn 'Ali al-Tanukhi, Iraqi  
 scholar, 359
- al-Muqaddasi, Arabian geographer, 131, 548
- al-Muqtadir, 'Abbasid caliph, 352
- al-Mustansir, Fatimid caliph, 250
- al-shidda al-mustansiriyya* (the crisis of al-  
 Mustansir's caliphate), 258
- al-Mu'tamid, 'Abbasid caliph, 261
- al-Mu'tasim, 'Abbasid caliph, 248, 355–356
- al-Mutawakkil, 'Abbasid caliph, 248, 356
- al-Muwaffaq, 'Abbasid prince, 261
- al-Nasir Faraj, Mamluk sultan, 396
- al-Nasir Muhammad, Mamluk sultan, 91, 395
- al-Nuwayri, *Nihayat al-arab fi funun al-adab*, 538
- Alptegin, Samanid general, 364, 366, 369
- al-Sakhawi, Egyptian historian, 13, 251, 263
- al-Salih, Ayyubid sultan, 250
- al-Shafi'ī, Islamic jurist, 185, 186–187, 188, 200
- al-Shatibi, Andalusī scholar, 73
- al-Tabari, historian, 133, 355, 539
- Tarikh (History)*, 351
- Altuntash, Khwarazm governor, 365
- Alvar Núñez Cabeza de Vaca, enslaved  
 Spaniard, 565
- al-Ya'qubi, historian, 355, 356, 538
- Tarikh (History)*, 340
- al-Zahri, Fatimid caliph, 250
- ama* (female slave), 202, 203
- Ambrose, archbishop of Milan, 56

- Americas, 4, 181, 553–555, *See also* Andean slavery; Mesoamerica; Native Americans  
 adoption of captive women and children, 17  
 slave markets, 11  
 Amina, female freeborn slave, 209  
 Amirids, 512  
 Anatolia, 388, 412–413, 415, 417, 418, 419, 455, 539  
 Andean slavery, 563–565  
 Anecoza, parent of sold child, 105  
*Anglo-Saxon Chronicle*, 496  
 Anglo-Saxons. *See* England  
*anime* (souls), 118–119, 184  
*Annales Cambriae*, 495  
*Annals of Connacht*, 503  
*Annals of Ulster*, 493  
 Antonetto, slave boy, 178  
 appanages, Mongol land grants, 82–83  
 Appar, *Tēvāram*, 322  
 Arab/Islamic conquests, 346–349  
 Arabia, 129  
 agricultural slavery, 131  
 slavery in, 344–346  
 sexual slavery in, 195–197  
 Arabian-Nubian Shield (ANS), 131  
 Aragon, 469  
 ransoming, 65–66, 68–69  
 regulation of piracy, 70–71  
 regulation of slavery, 525  
 slavery in, 516–518  
 Aramshah, Delhi slave sultan, 373–374  
 archaeological evidence  
 Dahlak Kebir site, 547  
 glass beads, 537, 545  
 Greater Mediterranean slave trade, 33, 434  
 identification of enslaved Africans, 540–542  
 material culture of enslaved people, 542, 545  
 material evidence of slavery, 535, 540–542, 544, 547  
 Mesoamerican slave trade, 560  
 slave trade of North Africa, Sudanic Belt and trans-Sahara, 542–546  
 Argoutis, child slave, 165, 167  
 ‘Arib al-Mamuniyya, ‘Abbasid courtesan, 20, 247–248  
 Aristotle, 6, 217, 219  
*The Secret of Secrets*, 217  
 Arnulf, Bishop of Vic, 65  
 artisans, 21, 80, 81, 82, 84, 93, 98, 128, 348, 401, 407, 409, 520  
 Ashu, Indian slave woman, 145  
 Asiqtegi, Indian military commander, 365  
 Aswan-‘Aydhab hinterlands, 125, 131, 136, 146  
 Asyut (Assiout), Atalous, child slave, 166–168, 539  
 Athalaric, Ostrogothic king, 162  
 Athanasius, 221  
*aṭimai* (South Indian term for slave/duties of a slave), 320–323, 324  
*maṭa aṭimai* (monastery slave), 323, 325, 326  
*uvacca aṭimai* (drummer-slave), 328  
*aṭiyar* (South Indian slaves), 318–319, 320–323, 327  
*palla aṭiyar* (slaves acquired as part of a land sale), 319, 320  
*parai aṭiyar* (slaves acquired as part of a land sale), 319, 320, 327  
*pulai aṭiyar* (purchased slaves), 318, 320, 327  
 Attila, ruler of the Huns, 55  
 Augustine of Hippo (St. Augustine), 160–161, 189–190, 191, 210  
 Austen, Ralph, 538  
 Avars, 117, 120, 454, 473  
 Azanegi, 236  
 Azcapotzalco slave market, 559  
 Aztecs, 4, 10, 11, 553–554, 555–556, 558, 559, 560, 562–563  
 Bacharach, Jere, 546  
 Bacon, Roger, English Franciscan naturalist, 229  
 Badr, Battle of, 58  
 Baghdad, 88, 90, 93  
 Mongol conquest of, 89  
 siege of, 356  
 Baha al-Din Tughril, slave commander, 369, 373  
 Baku, 11  
 Balaban, Delhi slave sultan, 375–376, 378  
 Balbi, Giovanni, *Catholicon*, 222  
 Baldwin I, king of Jerusalem, 63  
 Baldwin of Bourcq (nephew of King Baldwin), 64  
 Balkan slave trade, 117–119, 177  
 Balthild, Frankish queen, 160  
 Baltic crusades, 109–110, 504–505  
 Baltic slaving zone, 503  
 Baqi ibn Makhlad, mystic, 73  
*baqt* agreement, 14, 130, 140, 142, 168, 347  
 Barbaro, Giosafat, Venetian nobleman, 102  
 Barbosa, Duarte, Portuguese writer, 143  
 Barcelona, 11  
 al-Mansur’s campaign against (985), 512  
 black African confraternities, 528  
 integration of slaves, 527  
 monopolization of slave traffic, 65  
 ransom and exchange of captives, 66, 72  
 resistance to the expansion of slave labor, 48  
 slave labor, 39  
 slave markets, 517  
 treatment of Muslim captives, 520  
 value of Tartar and Circassian slaves, 235  
 Barquq, Mamluk sultan, 117, 391, 401  
 base people, 7, 9, 273, 281–282  
 Basil I, Byzantine emperor, 455  
 Basil II, Byzantine emperor, 455  
 Basil, pledged Alan child, 105  
 Baucis, Norman slaveholder, 499  
 Baybars al-Mansuri, Mamluk historian, 398

- Baybars, Mamluk sultan, 102, 394  
 Bayezid I, Ottoman sultan, 413  
 Bede, 159  
 Beja, 14, 133, 146–147, 548  
 Bensch, Stephen, 66  
 Berbers, 166, 236, 258, 519  
   Ibadi, 511, 537  
   in al-Andalus, 510–511  
   Luwata, 347  
   slave merchants, 130, 537  
   value of female singers, 539  
 Berdibek, khan of the Golden Horde, 111  
 Berengar, Lombard king, 174  
 Bernard of Clairvaux, 218  
*bhakti* (devotional poems), 314, 324  
 Bianco, Benedetto, Venetian notary, 105, 112  
 Bible, color/ethnic symbolism in, 218–220  
*bilad al-atrak* (the lands of the Turks), 101  
*bilad al-sudan* (the lands of the blacks), 133, 206, 538  
*bilad al-Zanj* (the lands of the Zanj), 261  
 Bilal ibn Rabah, companion to Prophet Muhammad, 8, 346  
 Bilgetegin, Ghaznavid governor, 364  
 Birni Gazargamo, 545  
 birth control, 209–210, 249  
 Black Death, 35, 37, 111, 112, *See also* bubonic plague  
 Black Sea slave trade, 35, 37–38, 88–89, 388–389, 414–415  
   decline in, 518  
   influence of the European Mongol invasion, 107–108  
   influence of the *mamluks*, 109–111, 113–114  
   influence of the Teutonic Knights, 109–110  
   Italian influence, 41, 46–47, 108–109  
   origin of slaves, 100–102, 178  
   sale of children, 104–105  
   slaves imported by Portuguese, 49  
 Black (black) slaves, 8, 206, 216, 263, *See also* Africans; *bilad al-sudan*; blackness; Zanj  
   stereotyping of, 390  
 Blackburn, Robin, 508  
 blackface, 231  
 blackness, 167–168, 214, 528–529  
   definitions and classical thought, 214–218  
   European attitudes to, 237–238  
   folly and, 230–231  
   influence on the selection and prices of slaves, 233–237  
   medieval depictions of, 220–228  
   physiognomic interpretations of, 228–230  
   represented in the Bible, 218–220  
 Bloch, Marc, 40, 487  
 Blue Nile, 540  
 Blumenthal, Debra, 241, 242–243, 260  
 Bogomiles, 118  
 Boilas, Eustathius, Cappadocian aristocrat, 463, 476  
 Bona, enslaved Tartar woman, 257  
 bonded labor, 318–320  
   post-1800, 314–315  
 bondmaids, 283  
 bondservants, 274, 279  
   Korea, 308–309  
   South India, 314–315  
 Bonnassie, Pierre, 62, 509  
   *From Slavery to Feudalism in South-Western Europe*, 41, 510  
   *Book of a Thousand Judgements, The*, 195  
   *Book of Serfs* (of Marmoutier in the Touraine), 436  
*boralki* (Mongol institution in charge of runaway slaves), 95  
 Bōritegin, Ghaznavid governor, 364  
 Borno, 544–545  
 Bosco, Bartolomeo de, Genoese lawyer, 179  
 Bosnian slaves, 118, 234–236, 414  
 Bossler, Beverly, 283  
 Bourdieu, Pierre, 245, 409  
 Bouvet, Honoré, 62  
 Braudel, Fernand, *The Mediterranean and the Mediterranean World in the Age of Philip II*, 41  
 Bristol, 182, 502, 506  
 Britain. *See also* England; Scotland; Wales  
   chivalric norms, 506  
   demise of slavery in, 486  
   slave raids on, 157–160  
   supply of slaves to Islamic societies, 174  
   warrior slaving, 500  
 Broichan, magician, 159  
 brownness, 208–209, 214, 236–237  
 bubonic plague (*Yersinia pestis*), 454, *See also* Black Death  
 Buddhism, 78, 274, 281, 300  
 Bulbul, female slave, 202  
 Bulgarians, 234, 414  
 Bulgars, 106–107, 110, 118, 119, 120, 455, 458, 470, 473  
 Bukhara, 88, 89  
 Buzurg ibn Shahriyar, *The Book of the Wonders of India*, 127, 548  
 Byzantine Empire  
   agricultural production, 472–475  
   avoidance of enslavement of co-religionists, 12  
   decline of, 31, 177, 413  
   expansion and invasions, 453–456  
   homebred slaves (*oikogenes*), 466  
   practice of castration, 352  
   prohibition of castration, 174, 181  
   *pronoia* system of land holding, 456  
   regulation of slavery, 9, 455, 459–465, 476  
   scale and significance of slavery, 476–478  
   sexual exploitation of slaves, 471

- slave supply and prices, 466–470  
 slave trade, 106–107  
 slavery in, 32–33, 44, 171, 343–344  
 slaves employed in industry, 472  
 vocabulary of slavery, 457–459
- Caesarius of Arles, 56
- Caffa, 11, 88, 89, 109, 110–111, 112–114, 117, 118, 177, 388, 517, 518  
 child sales, 104  
 slave raids on, 103
- Cahokia, 566, 567
- Cairo Geniza manuscripts, 135–136, 168, 246, 251, 252
- cakkiliyar* (South Indian leather workers), 317
- Calabria, 511
- Cameroon, 545
- Canary Islanders, 39, 518, 519, 521
- Candia (Crete), 119, 467, 469
- capitalism, 41, 43
- captives, 16  
 adoption of, 17, 566  
 given hope from miracle stories, 73  
 Mongol utilization of, 80–82  
 noble, 72  
 opportunities for freedom, 72–73  
 produced by war and invasion, 83–84, 102, 157–161  
 produced from raiding, 102–103  
 ransom and exchange of, 54  
 Arab-Byzantine wars, 60–62, 470  
 Christian traditions, 56–57  
 collusion of church and state in (Byzantium), 461–462  
 Crusader Levant, 62–65  
 Iberian Peninsula, 65–70, 526  
 Islamic traditions, 58–59  
 Jewish traditions, 57–58  
 Roman laws and traditions, 54–57, 60, 157  
 regulations for victims of piracy, 70–71  
 religious definitions of, 53–54  
 taken and sold by Ghaznavids, 366–367  
 taken by Byzantines, 469–470  
 taken in Mesoamerica, 558–559, 560  
 treatment and experience of, 71–72  
 Iberian Peninsula, 520  
 in Native American cultures, 565–569  
 Islamic traditions, 59  
 women captured by Inca, 564–565
- Carolingian Empire, 16, 33  
 consequences of enslavement, 437  
 female textile workers in, 439–440  
 household slavery, 438–442  
 penal enslavement, 436–437  
 rules and rights, 446–450  
 self-gifting, 435–436  
 self-sale, 434–435
- slave trade, 433–434  
 unfree tenants and estate communities, 442–446  
 unfreedom in, 431–433
- Cassiodorus, 181
- Castile, 66, 516
- castration, 18, 101, 343  
 Chinese practice of, 275  
 criminalization of in the Middle East, 352  
 Ming dynasty, 290–291  
 mortality rate, 174  
 of Africans, 539  
 prohibition of, 115, 174, 181, 400, 471
- Catalonia, 37, 39, 48, 65–66, 469, 510
- Catherine Tekakwitha, 567
- Caucasian slave trade, 105, 110, 112, 114–117, 177
- Cervantes, 71
- Chad Basin, 544–545
- Chaghadaid khanate, 12, 78, 91
- Chalca Woman's Song, 562
- Charlemagne, Frankish king, 232, 444, 448, 449  
*Capitula missorum*, 438
- Charles V, Holy Roman Emperor, 42
- chattel slaves/slavery, 62, 143, 433, 457, 475, 555, 557, 564
- Cherokee, 568
- children/child enslavement, 155–157  
 abandoned infants, 169–173  
 abductions, 92, 157–161, 496–497, 506  
 adoption of illegitimate, 179  
 captives retained by the Mongols, 82  
 capture in the Baltic crusades, 504  
 captured by Native Americans, 566, 568  
 debt slavery, 161–164  
 foundlings, freeborn status, 9, 171, 470  
 ignored by historians, 182  
 legislation, 181–182  
 Mamluk Sultanate, 394  
 manumission of in Mongol Eurasia, 96  
 Mediterranean trade 800–1100, 173–177  
 purchase by Christians, 97  
 redemption, 182  
 rights of the maternal bond, 198–201  
 sacrifice of, 559  
 sale and purchase in late antique Egypt, 164–168  
 self-sale, 143  
 sexual exploitation, 159, 179  
 sold by their families, 9, 87, 104–105, 116, 136, 161–162, 394, 470, 557  
 status of those born to slave women, 17, 179–181, 297, 386  
 recognized by father, 195–198  
 unrecognized, 205–208  
 Venetian regulation of *anime* (souls), 118–119

- China, 4. *See also* Yuan dynasty  
 eligibility for slavery, 7  
 enslavement of and by foreigners in the  
 Northern and Southern dynasties, 273–276  
 equal-field system, 274, 277  
 intrusive and extrusive modes of slavery, 77,  
 90, 272–273, 292  
 Jurchen Jin attacks on the Southern Song,  
 284–286  
 manumission in, 6, 95–98  
 Mongol invasion and enslavement, 76–98,  
 286–289  
 official slaves, 275–276  
 private slaves, 275, 276, 280  
 self-sale, 87  
 sinicization, 273–274  
 slave households, 276  
 slavery under the Ming dynasty, 289–292  
 slavery under the Song dynasty, 281–284  
 slavery under the Tang dynasty, 276–281  
 slaves acquired from criminalized families, 9,  
 275–276  
 slaves imported from the Indian Ocean  
 regions, 127  
 Chinggis Khan, 4, 5, 78, 79, 82, 84, 287  
 Chinggisids, 79–81, 86, 93  
 Chios, 103, 119, 177  
 chivalry, 62  
 Chola kings, 314, 330  
 Chōng Yagyong, Korean scholar, 307  
 Chosōn Dynasty, 310  
 Christianity  
 and the demise of slavery in Northern Europe,  
 488–489  
 and the legitimacy of slavery, 220  
 attitudes to slavery  
 and influence on Carolingian slavery,  
 446–447  
 Northern Europe, 500–502  
 Visigothic era, 509–510  
 enslavement of fellow Christians, 176–178, 510,  
 517, 525  
 influence in Latin Europe, 34–35  
 influence on Byzantine policy, 459–461  
 influence on Roman law, 170  
 influence on the manumission of slaves, 31,  
 96, 462  
 law on concubinage, 101  
 role in ransom and exchange of captives, 33,  
 56–57  
 sexual morality, 189–193, 353  
 Christina, Russian child slave, 105  
*Chronicle of the Princes (Brut y Tywysogyon)*, 495  
 Circassians, 6, 102, 103, 114–115, 116, 388, 469,  
 517, 521  
 as status symbols, 521  
 ethnic stereotyping of, 390–391  
 sale of children, 394  
 Civrano, Andriolo, Venetian, 111  
 Cleynaerts, Nicholas, Flemish humanist, 518  
 Clovis I, Frankish king, 171  
 Clovis II, Frankish king, 160  
 Cnut, king of England and Denmark, 181, 491  
 color symbolism, 230  
 Columba, Irish monk, 159  
 Comoro Islands, 126, 127  
 concubines/concubinage, 15, 92, 125, 132, 155, 180,  
 188–195  
 African, 538  
 agency, 249–253  
 and marriage, 180, 188–189, 191–193, 194–195,  
 196, 211  
 Christian law, 101  
 Christian morality and, 189–193  
 definition, 187  
 demand for Korean, 7, 88  
 description of, 201–203  
 in al-Andalusi society, 514–515  
 in the first 'Abbasid period, 352–354, 358–359  
 in the Song dynasty, 282–284, 290  
 Jewish traditions, 192–193  
 Mamluk Sultanate, 401, 403  
 manumission of, 418, 425  
 Mesoamerica, 554, 556, 557, 561  
 motherhood. *See umm walad* (“mother of  
 child”)  
 Northern Europe, 484, 505  
 Ottoman Empire, 415, 418, 425  
 Quranic laws, 345  
 Roman law, 180, 188–189, 192  
 temporary, 87  
 confraternities, 260, 526–528  
 Confucianism, 300–302, 307  
 Neo-Confucianism in Korea, 310  
 Constantine I, Roman emperor, 157, 162,  
 169–171, 453, 457  
 regulation of slavery, 460–461  
 Constantine XI Palaeologus, Roman and  
 Byzantine emperor, 453  
 Constantinople, 34, 35, 37, 39, 47, 88, 108, 109,  
 114, 117, 174, 181, 234, 344, 413, 414,  
 453–454, 455, 456, 464, 467, 474, 477, 518,  
*See also* Istanbul  
 convicts, 86  
 Cooper, Frederick, 533  
 Coroticus, 159  
 Cortés, Hernando, Spanish explorer, 560, 563  
 Council of Toledo, Seventeenth, 510  
 courtesans, 15, 247–249, 351, 357–359  
 Crimea, 11, 86, 113, 177, 414  
 sale of children, 97, 104, 179  
 criminal behavior  
 as form of resistance, 256–258  
 enslavement for. *See* penal slavery

- criminal gangs, 401  
 Croats, 458  
 Crusaders, ransom and exchange of captives, 62–65  
 Cumans, 101, 110, 112, 456  
 Curse of Ham, 8, 219–220  
 Cuzco, 563, 564  
 Cyprian of Carthage, 56
- Dahlak archipelago, 126–127, 147, 547–548  
 Dahlak cisterns, 126, 547–548  
 Dahlak Kebir, 126, 547  
*dallal* (slave broker), 138–139  
 Damot, 539  
 Danes, 109–110  
 Danielis, Byzantine widow, 477  
*dar al-harb*, 543  
*dar al-islam*, 185, 187–188, 543  
   child mortality, 209  
   importation of children, 199  
   *muwallad* slaves, 206  
   sexual slavery, 196–197, 208  
   slave markets, 204  
   status of slave mothers, 211–212
- Darb Zubayda, 547  
 Darfur, 539  
 Datini, Francesco, cloth merchant, 178, 180, 234  
 Davis, David Brion, 20, 41, 49  
 debt bondage, 161–164, 181, 289, 315, 470  
 Deccan, 132, 380, 549  
 Delhi sultanate, 14, 89, 99, 142, 363  
   decline of military slavery, 381–382  
   deforestation and increase in agricultural production, 376–378  
   demand for slaves, 91  
   female slaves, 379–380  
   military slavery, 15, 375–376, 378–379  
   Mongol attacks, 374–375  
*demandes de libertat* (petitions for freedom), 525
- Denmark  
   law codes, 505  
   survival of slavery, 486  
 dependence, mutual, 342  
 Derby, earl of, 506  
 Dharmasāstras (Hindu legal texts), 143, 313, 325  
*Nāradasmṛiti*, 313  
*dhimmi*, *ahl al-dhimma* (protected non-Muslim groups under Islamic rule), 416–417
- Dirhams for Slaves* project, 494  
 disease, 138  
*Domesday Book*, 485  
 domestic slavery, 14–15, 125, 240  
   Africans used for, 538  
   al-Andalus, 511  
   Byzantium, 470–471  
   captives purchased for, 71  
   Carolingian Empire, 438–442  
   in urban Islamic settings, 260  
   Italian households, 177, 179  
   Mamluk Sultanate, 399–400  
   Mediterranean society, 100, 174, 182  
   Mongol Eurasia, 79, 91–92, 99  
   Northern Europe, 487–488, 497  
   reconquest Spain, 522  
   Renaissance Europe, 39  
   Song dynasty, 281–282  
   South Asia, 143–144  
   Swahili society, 550  
   ties of kinship and familiarity, 242–243, 245–247
- Dongola, 547  
*douloparoikoi* (slave-tenants), 475  
 drought, 276, 557, 559  
 Du'a, Chaghadaid khan, 84  
 Dublin, 11, 493, 496, 502, 504  
 Dubthach, father of St. Brigit, 499  
 DUBY, George, 43  
*Early Growth of the European Economy*, 40  
 Durri al-Saghir, eunuch of al-Hakam II, 513
- Eannes de Zurara, Gomes, Portuguese chronicler, 519  
 East African slave trade, 127, 132–135, 350, 548–549  
 Eastern Desert, 146–147, 548
- education  
   al-Andalusi court slaves, 513  
   and value of slaves, 91, 387  
   of Circassians, 390  
   of female slaves, 204, 380  
   of *mamluks*, 383, 395, 396–399  
   of military slaves, 18, 363, 369–370, 397–398
- Edwards, David, 531  
 Egica, Visigothic king, 510  
 Egypt, 540, *See also* Mamluk Sultanate  
   Arab conquest of, 347–348  
   bound tenants, 474–475  
   child slavery, 164–168  
   debt slavery, 163–164  
   sale of *muwallad* slaves, 207
- eligibility for enslavement, 6–8, 145–146  
 elite slaves, 15, 174, 439  
   'Abbasid, 247–249, 350, 357–359  
   al-Andalusi, education and involvement in the arts, 513  
   freedom of movement, 252  
   training, 351
- Elya, father of pledged child, 105  
 emancipation, 338  
   Christian view of, 462, 488, 510  
   Korea, 305–307, 309, 310  
 Emma, queen of England, 491  
 empires, 13–14  
*Encomium Emmae Reginae* (English poem), 491



- England (Old English, Anglo-Saxons)  
 abduction and purchase of Icelandic children, 506  
 Anglo-Saxons, 490  
 enslavement of fellow Anglo-Saxons, 500  
 involvement in the sex slave trade, 506  
 manumission documents, 386–387  
 Norman influence on slavery, 501  
 numbers of slaves in, 485  
 slave-holding, 483–484  
 slave raiding, 483–484, 496  
 slave trade, 24, 159–160, 502–503  
 slaves acquired from the Baltic Crusades, 506  
 supply of slaves to Islamic societies, 174  
 transatlantic slave trade, 542  
 treatment of women slaves, 498–499  
 enslaved women. *See* women, slaves  
 entertainers, 15  
 ‘Abbasid, 247–249, 357–359  
 African, 538  
 al-Andalusi, 513  
 freedom of movement, 252  
 Mamluk Sultanate, 387, 402  
 Erchinoald, Frankish mayor, 160  
 Eryarūq, Indian military commander, 365  
 Eschenbach, Wolfram von, *Parzival*, 224  
 Ethiopians, 125, 167–168, 217, 218, 221, 225, 229,  
*See also* Abyssinians  
 assets of female, 548  
 eunuchs, 400  
 soldiers, 547  
 ethnic stereotyping, 7, 101, 136, 217, 370,  
 390–391, 397  
 ethnocentrism, 216, 218  
 eunuchs, 15, 18, 101, 185, 174–175, 290–292, *See also*  
 castration  
 in Byzantine households, 471  
 in Chinese imperial palaces, 275  
 in the first ‘Abbasid era, 352  
 in the Mamluk Sultanate, 387, 400  
 influence of in the Ming dynasty, 290–292  
 Ottoman, political power, 416  
 physical examinations, 359  
 Euphratas, Abkhaz eunuch, 115  
 Eustathius, bishop of Thessalonica, 465, 478  
*exeas* (professional ransomers), 66  
 extrusive slavery, 4, 7, 10, 12, 77, 90, 272–273, 288,  
 289, 292  
 Fabri, Felix, Dominican friar, 392  
 Fakhr-i Mudabbir, Persophone historian,  
 370  
*fakkaes* (professional ransomers), 68–69  
 Famagusta, 119  
 families, slave  
 Byzantine law forbidding the splitting of,  
 460, 465  
 cultivation of and reproductive success, 466  
 Northern Europe, 484  
 self-sold or gifted, 326–327  
 famine, 9, 17, 86, 136, 143, 162, 258–259, 276, 304,  
 325, 419, 557, *See also* drought  
*Farmers’ Law*, 473  
*fata* (*fata*) (young female slave), 202  
 Fatima, advisor to Tōreqena, 98  
 Fatimids, 61, 64, 117, 136, 258, 353  
 Felix, pope, 225  
 femininity, 19  
 Ferrage, Jean, slave, 238  
 Fezzan, 544  
 Finley, Moses, 21, 190, 271, 472  
*Fiqh-i Firuzshahi* (legal digest), 380  
 Firuz Shah Tughluq, Delhi sultan, 379, 381  
 flight, 95–96, 258–259, 304, 401, *See also* resistance  
 to slavery, runaway slaves  
 Florence, 469  
 access to Black Sea slave trade, 157  
 adoption of illegitimate children, 179  
 attitudes to blackness, 233–234  
 reintroduction of slavery, 37, 178  
 slave market, 517  
 forced migrations, 80–83, 92, 98  
*Formulae Andecavenses* (Formulary of Angers),  
 171–173  
*Formulae Turonenses* (Formulary of Tours),  
 171–173  
 Fortino (Fortinus), child slave, 166, 167  
 Francia, 30, 184, 434, 511  
 Franks. *See also* Carolingian Empire  
 characteristics as slaves, 390  
*formulae* for abandoned children, 171–173  
 Frederick II, Holy Roman Emperor,  
 228, 232  
 Frederickson, George, 215  
 Friedman, Yvonne, 61  
 Gaius, *Institutes*, 448  
 galley slaves, 407, 419  
 Gandeaktena, Native American captive, 567  
 Gandhi, Mohandas, 262  
 Garmantians, 168  
 Garumele, 545  
 Gaspare (Jasper), Ethiopian king, 233  
 gender  
 consequences of for the enslaved, 17–18  
 in Middle Eastern slave history, 343  
 intersection of sex, slavery and, 185–188  
 slave ownership and, 19, 195, 245  
 genetics research, 149–150, 550  
 Genoa/Genoese, 12, 469  
 Anatolian raids, 413, 414  
 Black Sea slave trade, 35, 100, 108–114, 157, 177,  
 388, 389, 414  
 Caucasian slave trade, 116–117



- introduction of slaves to the Iberian Peninsula, 517
- kidnapping by, 103, 177
- loss of access to the Black Sea, 181
- Mongols sold to, 85
- relations with the Ottomans, 413
- role in Byzantine slave trade, 467
- slave market, 517
- composition of, 234–236
- Georgia, 115
- Gerald of Wales, archdeacon and historian, 501
- Gervaise, prince of Galilee, 63
- Ghadames, 539
- Ghana, 36, 539
- Ghat, 539
- Ghazan, Ilkhanid ruler, 90, 91, 93, 96
- Ghaznavids, 4, 11, 142, 363–367, 372, 381
- ghulams* (male factotum), 244–245, 253, 254
- ghulams* (Turkic slave soldiers), 363, 364–368, 371, 376
- Ghurids, 142, 367–372, 381
- military slavery, 373–374
- Gilli, Russian slave dealer, 494
- Gillingham, John, 63
- Ginevra, illegitimate daughter of Datini, 178
- Giorgio, child slave, 177
- Giza rebellion, 263–264
- Glancy, Jennifer, 220
- Glycerium, Norman slave, 499
- Godwine, earl of Wessex, 498
- Golden Horde, 12, 77, 83, 85–87, 88–91, 104, 108–113, 115, 116–117, 120, 414
- Gómez-Rivas, Camilo, 69
- Goodrich, L. Carrington, 271
- Gopakattanam, 14
- Goths, 113
- Granada, 34, 71, 259, 515
- Great Ming Code* (*Da Ming lü*), 289–290
- Greater Mediterranean slave trade, 165
- Abu-Lughod's theories, 42
- chronological and geographical overview, 29–36
- Hordon and Purcell's theories, 42–43
- McCormick's theories, 43–44
- post-medieval resistance to, 46–50
- religious identity and, 46
- Renaissance slavery, 36–39
- Slaving Zones theory, 44–46
- Verlinden's theories, 40–41
- Wallerstein's theory, 41–42
- Greek slave traders, 389
- Greek slaves, 37, 89, 92, 112, 118, 256, 354, 390, 401, 413, 414, 469–470, 517, 518, 520, 521
- Gregory I, pope, 159
- Gregory of Nyssa, 477
- Gregory of Tours, 439
- Gruffudd ap Cynan, Welsh king, 496, 501
- guides to purchasing slaves, 7, 138, 210, 230, 354, 385, 389–391, 401, 403
- guilds, 38, 48
- Guitard, Abbot of Sant Cugat de Vallès, 65
- Gujarat, 132, 141, 142, 143, 369, 549
- Gytha, wife of Godwine, earl of Wessex, 498
- habashi* (Abyssinian military slaves in the Delhi sultanate), 378–379
- habitus, 409–410
- Hadariba (Beja subgroup), 146
- Hadith, 360
- birth control, 209
- compassionate care of the enslaved, 337, 513
- freeing or ransoming of captives, 58
- on sexual slavery and male reproduction, 196–197
- respect for mothers, 200
- status of the *umm walad*, 200
- Hadramawt (Yemen), 149, 550
- Hadya, 539
- Hafsids, 68
- Haour, Anne, 545
- Harald Hardradi, Norwegian king, 494, 501
- Harlequin/Hellequin, semi-comic character, 230–231
- Harper, Kyle, 191, 210, 472
- Harun al-Rashid, 'Abbasid caliph, 197
- Hasan Bulghari, 98
- Hattin, Battle of, 66
- haziya* (female sexual slave), 202, 203
- Helladius, Flavius, *scrinarius*, 163–164
- Henry of Livonia, 102, 504–505
- Henry, prince of Portugal, 236
- hereditary slavery
- Korea, 303
- abolition, 307
- Mongol, 79–80
- Northern Europe, 484, 489
- South India, 326–327
- Hijaz (western Arabia), 131, 348, 350, 415, 547
- Hindu legal texts. *See* Dharmasāstras
- Hinduism, 324
- Hindus, 145, 314
- historiography of slavery, 1–3
- History of Gruffudd ap Cynan, The*, 494
- Hofer, Nathan, 22
- Hongwu, Ming emperor, 289–292
- Honorius, western Roman emperor, 158, 170–171
- Hopley, Russell, 69
- Horden, P and Purcell, N.
- The Corrupting Sea: A Study of Mediterranean History*, 42–43
- Horn of Africa, 547
- horse and camel (in trade/caravans and in raids), 543
- Horton, Mark, 128

- Hoskuldr, Scandinavian noble, 499  
 Hugh of Chester, Norman earl, 494  
 Hülegü, Mongol khan, 86, 89  
 Hull, 506  
 human sacrifice, 556  
   Andean region, 564  
   by Rus traders, 107  
   Mesoamerica, 553, 558, 559, 560–561, 563  
 Hungarians, 113, 414  
 Huns, 55
- Ibadīyya* (Ibadite trade), 511  
 Iberian Peninsula, 508–509, *See also* al-Andalus;  
   Spain, reconquest era  
   racialized slavery, 528–529  
   ransom and exchange of captives, 65–70  
   regulation of slavery, 508  
   slavery in the Visigothic era, 509–510  
 Ibn Abd al-Hakam, *Mukhtasar al-Kabir*,  
   360  
 Ibn Abi Zayd al-Qayrawani, *Risala*, 538  
 Ibn al-Athir, Arab chronicler, 512  
 Ibn al-Hajj, Cordoban jurist, 69  
 Ibn al-Mibrad, Muslim scholar, 202, 209  
 Ibn al-Mujawir, *Tarikh al-mustabsir*, 137–138  
 Ibn Battuta, Muslim scholar and traveler, 85, 87,  
   91, 92, 126, 133, 536–538  
 Ibn Butlan, Christian Iraqi physician, 249, 354,  
   359, 539, 548, *See also* ethnic stereotyping,  
   guides to purchasing slaves  
 Ibn Fadlan. *See* Ahmad ibn Fadlan  
 Ibn Hawqal, geographer, 360, 536, 538  
 Ibn Iyas, historian, 263  
 Ibn Khaldun, Berber historian, 516  
 Ibn Khurradadhbih, geographer and historian,  
   107, 360, 466  
 Ibn Rushd al-Jadd, jurist, 69  
 Ibn Shihab al-Din al-Suyuti, author, 208  
 Ibn Taghri Birdi, historian, 207, 208, 209, 401  
 Ibn Tulun. *See* Ahmad ibn Tulun  
 Ibrahim ibn al-Mahdi, 'Abbasid prince, 358  
 Iceland  
   abduction of children from, 506  
   demise of slavery, 486, 489  
   law codes, 505  
 Ikhshidids, 18, 61, 352  
 Ilkhanate, 12, 77, 86, 87, 88–89, 90, 93, 95, 109,  
   111, 116, 378  
 Iluttmish, Delhi slave sultan, 369, 371, 373–376  
 Immedabou, child slave, 165  
 Inca, 11, 563–565  
 Indian Ocean World slave trade, 546–550, *See also*  
   Aden; East African slave trade; Yemen  
   effects of the Islamic imperium, 128–132  
   genetic evidence of trade routes, 149–150  
   geographical and chronological overview,  
   124–128  
   patterns of state formation and, 147–148  
   infant exposure, 169  
 Ingres, Jean Auguste Dominique, *Odalisque With  
 Slave* (painting), 201  
 Innocent III, pope, 66, 225  
 intrusive slavery, 4, 9, 77, 88, 272–273, 288, 292  
 Iraq, 86, 130, 539, 546  
 Ireland  
   “Law of the Innocents” (*Cáin Adomnáin*), 159  
   chivalric norms, 506  
   demise of slavery, 486, 488–489  
   household slavery, 438  
   penal slavery, 484  
   slave markets, 30  
   slave raiding, 174, 483  
   slave trade, 502–503  
   slave traders, 24  
   St. Patrick’s enslavement in, 157–159  
   value attributed to female slaves, 498  
   warrior slaving, 493, 495, 500  
 Iroquois, 567  
*irular* (South Indian “tribal” hunters), 317  
 'Isa ibn Idris, Marinid prince, 72  
 Isaac, Benjamin, *The Invention of Racism in  
 Classical Antiquity*, 216  
 Isidora, Aurelia, slave owner, 166, 168  
 Isidore of Seville, bishop and saint, 73, 167, 221,  
   500, 510  
   *Etymologies*, 167  
 Islam. *See also dar al-Islam*; Islamic law; Islamic  
   Middle Eastern slavery  
   eligibility for slavery, 7–8  
   influence in the Indian Ocean World slave  
   trade, 128–132  
 Islamic law, 77, 186  
   and the fate of unrecognized children, 207–210  
   gendered property rights, 186  
   on public exposure of female bodies, 204  
   patronage culture, 244–247  
   ransom and exchange of captives, 58–59  
   recognition of children born to enslaved  
   women, 195–198  
   relating to sexual activity with slave women,  
   17, 195–198, 247  
   rights of children to the maternal bond,  
   198–201  
   slavery in the Mamluk sultanate, 385–387  
 Islamic Middle Eastern slavery, 337–339, *See also*  
   'Abbasids  
   Arab/Islamic conquests, 346–349  
   Arabia, 344–346  
   Late Antiquity, 343–344  
   naming of slaves, 341  
   patterns derived from Medieval Arabic texts,  
   339–343  
 Istanbul, 114, 416, 419, 420–421, 425, *See also*  
   Constantinople

- 'itaq* (Ottoman form of manumission), 421–422  
 Italy, revival of slavery, 13<sup>th</sup>–15<sup>th</sup> c., 177–181
- Janibek, khan of the Golden Horde, 111  
 janissaries, 417  
 Jaqmaq, Mamluk sultan, 263  
*jariya* (slave girl), 16, 202, 203, 205, 341  
 Jawhar al-Saqlabi, Fatimid general, 117  
 Jawhara, slave woman, 13  
 Jayakesi I, Goan ruler, 144  
 Jelme of the Uriangqai, Mongol general, 80
- Jews  
 attitudes towards, 216  
 boundaries of legal marriage, 192–193, 207, 252  
 concubines in households of, 251  
 conversion and manumission of slaves, 72, 145  
 enslavement in the Iberian Peninsula, 510  
 in captivity, 70  
 legal pluralism, 253–255  
 ownership of Christian slaves, 441  
 patronage culture, 245–247  
 prohibited from possessing Christian slaves,  
 236, 461, 520  
 slave trading activity, 107, 117, 135, 136, 466  
 traditions of ransom, 57–58  
 under Ottoman rule, 416
- jihad*, 510
- Jin dynasty, 10  
 attacks on the Song and acquisition of slaves,  
 284–286  
 Mongol conquest of, 82, 88  
 raids on the Mongols, 79  
 slaves inherited by the Mongols, 87
- jims* (label, descriptor or ethnonym), 206, 209
- John I Tzimiskes, Byzantine emperor, 455, 470
- Joseph, prophet, 374
- Jurchen Jin. *See* Jin dynasty
- Justinian I, Eastern Roman emperor, 56, 115, 454,  
 455, 457, 473  
*Body of Civil Law*, 454, 477–478  
 law on legitimacy and inheritance, 180  
 law on the freeborn status of foundlings, 9,  
 171, 181  
 prohibition of castration, 174, 181, 471  
 prohibition of holding children in debt  
 bondage, 164, 181  
 restructuring of Roman legislation on slavery,  
 463–465, 470  
 valuation of slaves, 174
- Juzjani, Persian chronicler, 367
- kaikkōlar* (South Indian weavers), 317, 326, 328
- Kanbalu, 548
- Kanem, 539
- Kanem-Borno empire, 544–545
- Kano Mamluks, 534
- Kenya, 379, 546, 549
- khadim* (servant, eunuch), 202
- Khala, 376
- Khalaj, 91, 378
- Khalil ibn Ishaq al-Jundi, *Mukhtasar*, 538
- Khalilieh, Hassan, 136
- Khayzurān, concubine queen mother, 353
- Khulayfa, child born into slavery, 207, 212
- Khushqadam, Mamluk sultan, 118, 396
- Khusraw, Nasir-i, writer, 131
- khwaja*, honorary title, 14, 139
- kidnapping, 103, 131, 136, 146, 156, 170, 176  
 by Mongols, 85  
 China, 7, 276, 280  
 of Mongols, 76, 111  
 Roman and Persian empires, 29  
 Roman penalties for, 157  
 Tang penalties for, 278
- Kilwa, 126, 536
- kinship ties, 207, 242–243, 244, 245
- Kipchaks, 101  
 in Mongol armies, 81, 96  
 Mongol subjugation of, 69  
 slaves, 90, 102, 388
- kitaba* (or *mukataba*, form of Ottoman  
 manumission), 422–423
- Kitan people, 82, 89 n. 17, 285
- Knights of St. John (Hospitallers), 238
- Kollam (Quilon), 125, 144–145
- Kollam (Tharisapalli) plates, 141, 144
- Kongming, Korean king, 300
- Kopytoff, Igor, 3, 532–533
- Kordofan, 544
- Korea  
 decline of slavery, 304–307  
 desirability of female slaves from, 88, 280,  
 288–289  
 escape from slavery, 304  
 Japanese occupation, 310–311  
 Kaegyōng slave revolt, 298–299  
 land-owning and slave owning slaves, 309–310  
 legislation on slavery, 297, 300, 301–302, 305  
 Mongol invasions 1231–1257, 298  
 private slaves, 298–299  
 proportion of slave population, 302–304,  
 308, 310  
 self-purchase, 310  
 slavery in the Chosŏn Dynasty, 300–304, 310  
 slavery in the Koryŏ Dynasty, 296–297,  
 299–301  
 slavery in the Unified Silla period, 295–296  
 slaves as bond-debtors, 309  
 slaves as bond-tenants, 308–309  
 upward mobility of slaves, 299, 304
- kunlun zengji* (enslaved in China), 127
- Kunst, Jennifer, 190
- kuṭi* (South Indian cultivator tenants), 316
- kuṭi makkaḷ* (South Indian cultivator-people), 317

- L'Ouverture, Touassaint, 262  
 Lactantius, Christian, *Divine Institutes*, 170  
 Lake Chad, 136, 539, 544–545  
 Lamu archipelago, 549  
 land-owning slaves, 309–310  
 Lanjuya (possibly Unguja Ukuu on Zanzibar), 548  
*Law of Hywel Dda*, 498  
*Lebor Na Cert* (Irish law text), 499  
 Lechfield, Battle of, 34  
 legal pluralism, 253–255  
 Legnano, Giovanni da, 62  
*Lekhapaddhati* (Sanskrit documents), 143  
 Lenski, Noel, 129  
 Leo I, pope, 192, 193  
 Leo III, Byzantine emperor, *Ecloga*, 56  
 Leo VI the Wise, Byzantine emperor, 462, 464, 465, 470, 472, 477  
 leprosy, 138  
 Letts, 102–103, 109  
 Li Yuan, Tang emperor, 277  
 Lianora, slave woman, 180  
 Libya, 538, 539  
*Life of Andrew the Fool*, 465  
 Lisbon, 235, 518, 528  
 Lithuanians, 103, 110, 506  
 Liutprand of Cremona, 174  
 Livonians, 103, 109, 232  
 Llull, Ramon, learned captive, 72  
*Llyfr Cyfnerth* (Welsh law code), 492  
 Lodi dynasty, 381  
 Lombardia, 511  
 Loyn, Henry, *Anglo Saxon England and the Norman Conquest*, 496  
 Lynn, 506
- Madagascar, 127, 148, 549  
 Maghrib, 354, 511, 532, 538  
 Maginfred, unfree servant of Charlemagne, 439  
 Magyars, 34, 107  
 Mahbuba, enslaved performer, 248  
 Mahmud of Ghazni, 10, 142, 364–366  
 Maimonides, Abraham, Jewish jurist, 251, 254  
 Maimonides, Moses, Jewish jurist, 58, 254  
 Makranis, 550  
 Malabar-Muslim trade, 144–145  
 Malao (now Berbera), 546  
 Malcolm Canmore, Scottish king, 497  
 Mali, 537, 539, 544  
 Malik Ambar, military leader and former slave, 20, 379  
 Malik ibn Anas, *al-Muwatta*, 58, 360  
 Maliki jurists, 69  
 Malinche, Mesoamerican slave girl, 560, 563  
 Mallorca, 11, 528  
   slave markets, 517  
 Mamluk Sultanate, 99, 101, 355, 383–385  
   captive exchanges, 64, 68  
   Circassian period, 384–385  
   criminal activity, 256–257  
   eunuchs, 400, 410  
   female slaves, 387, 401–402  
   Islamic law and slavery, 243, 385–387  
   Kipchak period, 384  
   military system compared to Ghurid system, 372–373  
   non-mamluk slaves, 385, 399–401  
   rebellion, 263–264  
   slave elites, 534  
   slave experience, 394–399  
   slave markets, 391–393  
   slave trade, 12, 13–14, 36, 90–91, 109–111, 113–114, 116, 139, 388–391  
   social mobility, 400  
   sources of slaves, 23, 89–90, 100, 102, 179  
*mamluks*, 8, 15, 88, 90, 93, 101  
   accommodation, 395  
   belonging to emirs, 396  
   belonging to the sultan, 395–396  
   conditions for becoming, 383  
   education and training, 383, 395  
   experience of the newly enslaved, 394  
   manumission, 383, 386–387, 395, 400  
   marriage, 394  
   scholarly achievements, 187, 396–399  
   social mobility, 396  
   substitute families, 383–384, 394  
 Mandara Mountains, 544, 545  
 Manjök, Korean slave rebel leader, 298  
 Manresa, 38  
 Mantzikert, Battle of, 456  
 manufacturing labor, 472  
 manumission, 6, 21, 180  
   bequeathal of, 477  
   Byzantine regulation of, 462–465  
   deathbed declarations, 246–247  
   documentary evidence of in Northern Europe, 386–387  
   in al-Andalus, 515  
   in reconquest Spain, 525–527  
   influence of religion on, 31, 72–73, 96–97, 145, 462–464  
   influence on Ottoman society, 409–410  
 Mongol Eurasia, 95–98  
   of captives, 72–73  
   of *mamluks*, 383, 386–387, 395, 400  
   of Mongols, 96  
   Ottoman legal mechanisms of, 421–425  
 Marescotti, Lodovico, slave owner, 180  
 Margarita, slave woman, 180  
 marginal status, 532–533, 535  
 Maria, girl sold into slavery, 161, 182  
 Marinids, 68  
 maroons, 20, 259

- Marrakesh, 538  
marriage  
    between free and unfree people, 278, 448–449  
    Byzantine regulation of, 464–465  
    Carolingian slaves, 446, 447, 450  
    Islamic law and the validity of slave marriage, 386  
    Jewish law, 192–193, 207, 252  
    *mamluks*, 394  
    Roman law, 189, 192  
    slave/commoner (Koryō), 297, 299, 303  
    Zoroastrian law, 194–195  
Marseilles, 469  
Marshall, Lydia Wilson, 542  
Martha, Egyptian widow, 163–164  
Marxist theory, 40, 77, 303, 308, 310–311, 362, 472  
masculinity, 18  
Matha, Jean de, French priest, 225–226, 227  
Matrilineal Succession Law (*chongmopōp*, Korea), 297  
    reinstatement of, 305  
Mauder, Christian, 397–399  
*mawri* (“Moors”), 166–167, *See also* Moors  
Mauritania, 539  
*mawla*, *mawali* (Arabic term for patron, client, and/or freed man), 244, 349  
*mawtū‘a* (slave woman exploited for sex), 16, 202  
Mayas, 10, 11, 553–554, 560–561, 563  
McCormick, Michael, *Origins of the European Economy*, 43–44  
McKee, Sally, 241–242, 252  
Mecca, 13, 131, 204, 346, 354, 400, 415, 539  
mechanisms of enslavement, 9–10  
Medina, 346, 354, 358, 400, 415, 416, 513, 539  
Mehmed II, Ottoman sultan, 413, 456  
Meillassoux, Claude, 532–533, 534  
Melkorka, slave woman, 499  
Möngke Temūr Khan, 108  
Mercedarians, 37, 67, 70, 73, 227, 526  
Mesoamerica  
    accounts of slave experience, 561–563  
    captive taking, 558–559, 560  
    chattel slaves (*tlatlacotin*), 555, 557  
    distribution of captives, 559  
    enslavement of convicts’ relatives, 9  
    routes to enslavement, 556–558  
    slave merchants and trade, 559–560  
    slaves employed in cotton production, 560  
    tenant farmers, 555  
Miao Rebellions, 290  
Michael VIII Palaeologus, Nicaean and Byzantine emperor, 108, 109, 388, 456  
Miers, Suzanne, 3, 532–533  
military slavery, 15–16, 125  
    ‘Abbasid, 354–357, 546–547  
    Delhi sultanate, 375–376, 378–379, 381–382  
    Fatimid period, 539  
    Ghaznavid system, 363–367  
    Ghurid system, 367–372  
    Mamluk Sultanate, 387  
    manufacturing identity, 370–372  
    Mongol, 80–81  
    Ottoman Empire, 416–418  
    Samanid system, 363–365  
    slaves provided by Mongols, 88, 91  
    slaves sourced from the Red Sea region, 131  
    South Asian vs. Mamluk system, 372–373  
    trade networks, 368–369  
    training and education, 18, 369–370  
    Tulunid dynasty, 539  
    under the Tughluqs, 378–379  
    Millar, John, Scottish scholar, 487  
    Miller, Joseph, *The Problem of Slavery as a History*, 493  
    Ming dynasty, 12, 289–292  
    Mingrelians, 115  
    mining slaves, 15, 125  
        African, used in the salt pans of lower Euphrates, 546  
        Egypt, 260, 350  
        Hijaz and Nubian regions, 131, 350  
        late Roman empire, 30  
        Saharan salt and copper mines, 400  
    miscegenation, 218  
    Mississippians, 566  
    *mit’a* system of labor, 564  
    mitochondrial DNA (genetics research), 550  
    Mogadishu, 536  
    Mombasa, 536  
    Möngke Qa’an, 81, 83, 86  
    Mongol Khanates, 12  
    Mongols, 3–4, 76–99  
        abductions, 85–86, 92  
        assumption of Chinese values, 7  
        attacks on China and enslavement practices, 286–289  
        conquest of the Caucasus, 115  
        desire for Korean females, 88, 288–289  
        domestic slavery, 91–92  
        enslavement of convicts, 86  
        experience of slaves under, 94–95  
        forced migrations, 80–83  
        inheritance of slaves, 87  
        invasion of Europe, 107–108  
        invasion of Russia, 108  
        invasions of Central Asia and Middle East, 374–375  
        invasions of Korea, 298  
        manumission of slaves, 95–99  
        military families, 289  
        parental sale of children, 104  
        pre-imperial slavery, 78–80  
        prisoners of war, 76, 80–81, 83–84  
        provision of military slaves, 91

- Mongols (cont.)  
 self-sale, 86–87  
 slave labor, 92–93  
 slave routes, 88–91  
 slave traders, 90–91  
 slave trading, 11  
 slaves received as tributes, 84–85  
 slaves received as diplomatic gifts, 85  
 temporary slavery, 87
- Moors, 166–167, 227, 519. *See also mauri*  
 market value of, 234–236
- Moriuh* (Norman Latin poem), 499
- Morocco, 36, 133, 161, 166, 536, 538, 539, 544
- mostalafs* (professional ransomers), 66
- Mosto, Alvise da, Venetian merchant, 236–237
- Mote, Frederick, 281
- Mu'awiya, Umayyad caliph, 347
- Muayyad Shaykh, Mamluk sultan, 396
- mudabbara* (one promised manumission after her owner's death), 386
- mudejars* (free Muslim subjects), 516–517, 520, 521, 526
- Muhammad al-Qaysi, learned captive, 72
- Muhammad, Prophet, 58, 195, 196–197, 200, 454.  
*See also* Hadith  
 slaves in household, 346
- Muirchú moccu Machthéni, *Life of Patrick*, 158–159
- Mu'izz al-Din ibn Sam, Ghurid ruler, 367–368, 371, 372, 373–375
- mukatab* slaves, 408  
 manumission of, 422–423
- Munis al-Muzaffar, 'Abbasid commander, 352
- Münzer, Jeronimo, German traveler, 518
- Muqali of the Jalayir, Mongol governor, 80
- Murad I, Ottoman sultan, 413
- Murzuk, 539
- Muscat, 125
- mustawlada* (also *mustawlida*, enslaved mother of her owner's freeborn children), 201, 423
- muwallad/muwallada* (child born into slavery), 204, 205–209, 211–212
- mystery plays, 231
- Nahuatl and Nahuas, 554–556, 560, 561, 563
- Najahid dynasty, 127
- nakhkhas* (slave merchant), 138–139, 342
- Nasir al-Din, Ghurid prince, 367
- Nasr ibn Ahmad, Samanid ruler, 363
- Nasrids, 68
- Native Americans, 553, 568  
 experience of enslavement, 565–569
- nazil* (government official), 139
- Nepheros, child slave, 166
- Niger, 545
- Niger valley, 539
- Nigeria, 534, 545
- Nightingale (name used for enslaved women), 202
- Nikephoros II Phokas, Byzantine emperor, 455
- Nithard, Frankish historian, 439
- nobi* (Korean term for slave), 295
- nókers* (allies, retainers, “comrades”), 79
- Nonnus, Egyptian slave owner, 163–164
- Normans, 456, 485  
 absence from enslavement, 501  
 invasion of Wales, 494
- North Africa  
 captivity in, 71  
 Portuguese slaving expeditions, 519  
 ransoming of captives, 61, 66–68  
 slave markets, 30  
 slave raids on, 160–161  
 slave trade, 36, 130, 542–544, 551
- Northern Arc slaving route, 105–106
- Northern Europe  
 attitudes relating to the enslaved, documentary sources, 489–493  
 demise of slavery, 486–487  
 economic factors related to agricultural production, 487–488  
 reduction in supply of slaves, 489  
 religious influence, 488–489  
 documentary sources of manumissions, 386–387  
 ecclesiastical attitudes to slavery, 500–502  
 slave trading networks and routes, 502–505  
 slavery and society, 482–486  
 treatment and utilization of female slaves, 497–500  
 warrior slaving and sexual violence, 493–497
- Northumbrians, 496
- Norway  
 law codes, 505  
 proportion of slaves, 485  
 survival of slavery, 486
- Nubians, 133, 167, 259  
*baqt* agreement with Muslims, 14, 130, 142, 168  
 eunuchs, 400  
 stereotypes of female, 548  
 numerical incidence of slavery, 5
- Ocholino, Russian widow, 105
- Ögödei, Mongol Qa'an, 82, 89, 97
- Old Norse sagas, 491
- Oman, 548, 549
- Omar, Khoja, Tatar, 111
- Opone (possibly Ras Hafun), 546
- Order of Santiago, 67
- Orenetta, slave girl, 178
- Orhan, Ottoman ruler, 413
- Origen, Christian scholar, 218
- Origo, Iris, 178
- Orr, Leslie C., 140

- Orthodox Christians, 12, 33, 37, 177, 236, 517–518, 521, 525
- Osman, Ottoman ruler, 412
- öteğü bo'ol* (senior or hereditary slaves), 79
- Ottoman Empire, 385  
 administrative and military slavery, 416–418  
 attacks on the Byzantines, 456  
 concubines, 425  
 conquest of Constantinople, 518  
*devshirme* institution, 15, 407, 409, 416–418, 424  
 dynastic politics and slavery, 415–416  
 Hanafi law and manumission, 421–425  
 harem, 416  
 post-emancipation experience, 409–410  
 raids in the Balkans, 119  
 slave trade and routes, 36, 100, 412–415  
 slavery as economic production, 418–421  
 sources of information on slavery, 411–412
- Owain Glyn Dŵr, Welsh leader, 506
- “Ownership of the right hand  
 (*milk al-yamin*)”, 186, 353, 514
- Özbek, khan of the Golden Horde, 111
- padiyal* (indentured laborers), 16, 315
- Pak Chiwŏn, Korean scholar, 307
- Pakourianos, Symbatios and Kale, Byzantine  
 slave owners, 477
- pallar* (South Indian caste group), 314, 315, 317–319
- Pallava kings, 314, 324
- pāṇar* (South Indian caste group), 314, 317–318
- Pandya kings, 314, 320, 324
- Pangani Valley, 547
- pannaiyal* (coerced agricultural laborers), 16, 315
- paraiyar* (South Indian caste group), 10, 314–315, 317–320
- paramone* (civil law obligation), 163
- Pare mountains, 547
- paroikoi* (Egyptian bound tenants), 474–475, 477
- Patarines, 118
- Patrilineal Succession Law (*chōngbupōp*), 302
- Patterson, Orlando, 4, 5, 9, 10, 22, 155, 272, 288, 331, 407–409, 533
- Paul the Apostle, 457, 459  
*Epistle to the Galatians*, 192, 220
- Peace and Truce of God (*Pax et treuga Dei*)  
 movement, 62
- Pechenegs, 456
- Pegolotti, Francesco Balducci, 92
- Pelteret, David, *Slavery in Early Mediaeval  
 England*, 489
- penal slavery, 9  
 Carolingian Empire, 436–437  
 Northern Europe, 485  
 Reconquest Spain, 516–517
- Pentateuch, 57, 58, 59–60
- Pera, 413, 467, 469
- Pere III, King of Aragon, 72
- Periplus of the Erythrean Sea*, 546
- Periya Purāṇam*, Tamil hagiographical text, 322
- Persia, 130, 539
- Persian Gulf, 28, 33, 36, 125, 129, 133, 134, 369, 549
- Peter of Abano, Italian philosopher, 229
- Peter, bishop of Sevastopol, 116–117
- Petrarch, 104, 517
- Petry, Carl, 256–257
- Philaretos, Paphlagonian aristocrat, 474
- Phillips, William, *Slavery in Medieval and Early  
 Modern Iberia*, 508
- phylogenetic studies, 550
- physical examination of slaves, 343, 359, 389–390, 392–393
- physiognomy, 215, 216–217, 228–230
- pirates/piracy, 34, 57, 70–71, 127, 158, 413, 414, 469  
 kidnapping of children, 157–161
- Pirenne, Henri, 42, 43  
*Mahomet et Charlemagne*, 40
- plantation slavery, 3, 410
- Polemon, 217
- Polo, Marco, 104, 215
- polyandry, 194
- polygamy, 47, 104, 192, 195
- Popović, Alexandre, *Révolte des esclaves en Iraq au  
 III<sup>e</sup>, IX<sup>e</sup> siècle*, 261
- Portuguese slaving expeditions, 39, 49, 385, 519
- prestige, 136
- prices of slaves, 10, 29, 39, 91–92, 174, 207, 230, 233–237, 297, 306, 466–470, 498, 512
- prisoners of war, 7, 10, 58, 76–77, 80–81, 83–84, 129, 275, 287, 295, 343–344, 374, 461–462, 501, 556, 558, 562, 566
- Procla, debt slave, 163–164, 181
- Procopius, Greek Byzantine scholar, 115, 166
- protoracism, 215
- pulaiyar* (South Indian caste group), 314, 318
- Qabiha, concubine queen mother, 353
- Qalam “al-Baskunsiyya (the Basque)”, female  
 slave, 513
- Qalawun, Mamluk sultan, 102, 109, 394
- Qaramita state, 351
- Qarategin, Samanid general, 363
- Qaymaz-i Rumi, Anatolian slave, 369, 370
- qayma*, pl. *qiyan* (enslaved women trained as  
 musicians), 202–203
- qayyan* (slave traders specializing in trafficking of  
*qiyan*), 203
- Qazwinis, 89
- Qubilai Qa'an (Qubilai Khan), 81, 82, 83–85, 96, 288–299
- Quechua language, 564
- Quran  
 captivity and ransom, 57–58, 59  
 compassionate care of the enslaved, 337, 513



- Quran (cont.)  
 honoring of mothers, 200  
 prohibition of the employment of  
 co-religionists, 44  
 reference to concubinage, 345, 353, 514  
 reference to slavery, 345–346  
 sexual morality, 186, 195–196, 211  
 slaves educated in, 380, 383, 395  
 Qutb al-Din Aybeg, Ghurid military  
 commander, 368, 369, 371, 373–374
- racialized slavery, 508, 516, 520, 528–529. *See also*  
 blackness
- racism, 215–216, 221
- radhaniyya* (Radhanites, Jewish merchants),  
 107, 466
- Ragib, Yusuf, 207, 359
- Rahyan al-Aswad, patron saint of seamen and  
 travelers, 73
- ransom. *See* captives, ransom and exchange of
- Rasad, Fatimid concubine queen mother, 250
- Rashid al-Din, Ilkhanid vizier and historian, 89,  
 94, 95
- Raziyya, daughter of Ilutmish, 375
- Red Sea slave trade, 125–126, 131, 546–548
- Reilly, Benjamin, 131–132
- resistance to slavery, 240–241, 243, 255–264,  
*See also* agency of enslaved people  
 Greater Mediterranean region, 46–50  
 mitigating factors, 259–260
- revolts, 20, 260–264  
 Mamluk, 263–264  
 Zanj rebellion, 15, 20, 133, 262, 351,  
 546–547
- Rhomaïos, Eustathios, Byzantine jurist, 465
- Riga, 504
- rights of enslaved people, 532, 538, 540
- rights-in-people, 532
- River Yobe, 545
- Roanoke, 568
- Roman Britain, 157–158, 483
- Roman Empire  
 Christianization of, 44  
 eunuchs, 174  
 invasions by the Huns, 55  
 religious practices, 190  
 slave population, 7, 29  
 urban and agricultural slavery, 30
- Roman law  
 abandoned children, 169–171  
 concubinage, 188–189, 192, 201  
 distinction between slavery and penal  
 labor, 436  
 Justinian's restructuring of, 454, 463–464, 470  
 marriage, 192  
 relating to captives, 54–57, 60  
 sexual dominion, 188
- slave status, 448  
 status of children born to enslaved women,  
 179–180, 189, 192
- Romanos I, Byzantine emperor, 455
- Rotman, Youval, 56
- Rukn al-Din Firuzshah, 367
- runaway slaves  
 factors facilitating, 258–259  
 Korea, 304  
 recovery of, 306–307
- Mamluk Sultanate, 401  
 Mongol China, 95–96
- Rus, 106–108, 120, 455
- Russia  
 child sale, 104  
 slave markets, 30, 33  
 slave trade, 11, 100, 105–114, 504
- Russian slaves, 31, 89, 101, 120, 177  
 ethnic labeling, 234
- Ruthenians, 118
- sacrifice of slaves. *See* human sacrifice
- Safi, *ghulam*, 245, 253, 254
- Saga of the People of Laxdale*, 494, 499
- Sahelian belt, 542
- Sahnun, *al-Mudawwana*, 58
- Saladin, 67
- Samanids, 11, 107, 142, 357, 363–365, 369, 370, 372
- San Tommaso in Formis, church of, mosaic, 53,  
 73, 225–228
- Sangam literature, 314
- saqlabi*, pl. *saqaliba* (Slavic slaves), 106. *See also*  
 Slavs
- Saracens, 116
- Saray, capital of Golden Horde, 108
- Sarbadarids, 95
- Sasanids (Sasanians), 107, 128–129, 193–195, 337,  
 343, 344, 346, 454  
 practice of castration, 352
- Satrelanus, child slave, 173
- Sayf al-Din Tankiz al-Husami al-Nasiri,  
 governor of Syria, 398
- Scandinavia, 24, 482. *See also* Vikings  
 archaeological evidence of slave trade, 33,  
 434  
 capture of children, 174  
 demise of slavery, 34, 505  
 agricultural production and, 487–488  
 penal slavery, 484  
 slave raids on Wales, 495  
 slaving activity in the Baltic, 494–495, 503  
 supply of slaves to Carolingians, 107  
 warrior slaving, 501
- Scandinavians, Irish  
 collaborative raids with Welsh, 495–496  
 removal of from Dublin, 502  
 slave raids on, 495

- Schiltberger, Johann, former *mamluk*, 19  
 Scot, Michael, translator and astrologer, 228–229  
 Scotland  
   slaves acquired from, 493, 502  
   slaves taken by, 497  
 Sebeos, Christian cleric, 348  
 Sebüktegin, slave general, 364–365, 366, 369  
 self-enslavement, 142, 272, 278, 296, 303, 489, *See also* self-sale; self-gifting  
 self-gifting, 435–436  
 self-purchase, 305, 310, 526  
 self-sale, 30  
   Byzantine laws prohibiting, 470  
   Carolingian Empire, 434–435  
   China, 87  
   Mongols, 86–87, 98  
   Rus, 107  
   South Asia, 143  
   South India, 325–326, 328, 331  
 Sennar, 539  
 Serbs, 118, 234, 235, 414, 455, 456, 458  
 serfdom, 1, 143, 418, 443  
   Ottoman Empire, 418–419  
   transition from slavery to, 431–433, 446–447  
*servus* (Latin term for slave), 8, 16, 33, 45, 53, 156, 173, 431  
 Seville, 34, 68, 518, 528  
 sexual abuse/exploitation  
   Byzantium, 471  
   of children, 159, 179, 506  
   of female slaves, 16, 101, 125, 168, 179, 185–188, 247, 493–494, 497–500, 522–524, *See also* concubines/concubinage; *umm walad*  
   of male slaves, 18, 185, 188, 247, 353  
   warrior slaving and, 493–494  
 sexual ethics, 186  
 sexualized slander, 190  
 Shaghab, concubine queen mother, 353  
 Shahjahan Turkan, slave mother of Rukn al-Din Firuzshah, 367  
 Shahrukh, Timurid ruler, 381  
 Shajar al-Durr, Turkish concubine and Ayyubid sultana, 250  
 Shanga, 549  
 Shenoute, Egyptian abbot, 462  
 Shihab al-Din al-Jami, Iranian shaykh, 93  
 Sicily, 34, 175, 176, 182, 227, 232, 235  
*Siete Partidas* (Castilian law code), 53, 66, 508, 525  
 Sigismund, King of Hungary, 119  
 Sijlmassa, 543  
 Silk Road, 35, 108, 112  
 Sind, 140, 141, 354, 369, 549  
 “sites” of slavery, 542  
 Sitt al-Husn, female Jewish slave owner, 246–247  
 Skara ordinance, 505  
 skilled slaves, 81–82, 419–421  
   Ottoman Empire, 407, 408, 409–410  
 skin color, 101, 166–168, *See also* blackness  
   as signs of defects or disease, 392  
   effect on selection and price of slaves, 233–237  
   ethnic stereotyping and, 390–391  
   maternal status based on, 209  
 slave households, 276  
 slave labor, 546  
   archaeological study of, 541  
   Mamluk Sultanate, 387, 400  
   Mongol Eurasia, 92–93  
   Ottoman Empire, 407  
 slave maids, 92  
 slave markets, 11, 29–30  
   *dar al-islam*, 204  
   Mamluk Sultanate, 391–393  
   Mediterranean, 517  
   Mesoamerican, 559  
   Mongol Empire, 76, 84, 88–90, 94, 98, 99  
 slave raids, 102–103, 174  
   archaeological evidence of in Africa, 543–546  
   by the Genoese, 413, 414  
   Irish Sea region, 502–503, 505  
   in Mongol Eurasia, 78, 79, 83–84, 97  
   Latin Europe, 33  
   Northern Europe, 33, 483–484, 486, 488–489, 492, 493–494, 495–497, 501  
   on Britain, 157–160, 483  
   on North Africa, 160–161  
   Ottoman, 119, 414  
   Tartars in the Black Sea, 414  
   women and children captured in, 102–103, 504  
 slave scholars, 97–98  
 Slave Succession Law (Korea), 299–300, 302, 304  
   abolition of, 305  
 slave systems, 14–16, 28  
 slave terminology, 5  
 slave trade, 5, 6, 88–91, *See also* Black Sea slave trade; Indian Ocean World slave trade; Red Sea slave trade  
   al-Andalus, 510–512  
   Balkan, 117–119, 177  
   Byzantine, 106–107, 174, 466–470  
   Carolingian, 433–434  
   Caucasian, 105, 110, 114–117  
   Greater Mediterranean, 27–29, 165  
   Mamluk Sultanate, 139, 388–391  
   Mesoamerican, 559–560  
   Mongol, 88–91  
   Native American, 567–568  
   North Africa, Sudanic Belt and trans-Sahara, 542–546  
   Northern European, 159–160, 502–505  
   Ottoman, 412–415  
   Russian, 11, 100, 105–114, 504  
 slave-owning slaves, 309–310  
*Slavery and Abolition* (journal), 2–3, 5

- Slavs, 100, 105–106, 107, 117, 120, 175, 223, 437,  
 454, 469, 470, 511, *See also saqlabi*  
 child captives, 175  
 conquest and conversion of, 232  
 eunuchs in the 'Abbasid court, 352  
 Smith, Adam, Scottish scholar, 487  
*Smyticantrikā* (South Indian manuscript), 313, 329  
 Soba, 547  
 social death, slavery as a form of, 22, 77, 98, 155,  
 243, 272, 331, 408, 421, 533, 540  
 social mobility, 20  
 early Islamic period, 341  
 enslaved women, 18, 19  
 eunuchs, 352, 400  
*mamluks*, 396  
 Middle Eastern household slaves, 342  
 military slaves, 18  
 opportunities in the Mongol United Empire  
 period, 98  
 Sofala, 548  
 Sokoto caliphate, 534  
 Song dynasty, 10  
 attacks by the Jurchen Jin, 284–286  
 attacks by the Mongols, 286  
 concubinage, 282–284, 290  
 domestication and slavery, 281–282  
 Song Zichen, Yuan scholar, 82  
 South Asia. *See also* Delhi sultanate; Ghaznavids;  
 Ghurids; South India; Western South  
 Asia  
 enslavement and sale of captives, 366  
 importation of enslaved Ethiopians, 125  
 military system compared to Mamluk system,  
 372–373  
 slavery in, 362–363  
 South India  
 agrarian bonded labor, 316–320, 329–330  
 post-1800, 314–315  
 devotion and servitude, 320–324  
 gifting or sale of slaves, 323–324  
 slavery and relationships of dependence, 313,  
 329–332  
 temple slavery, 324–329, 330–331  
 terms used to describe slaves/slavery, 320–323  
 Spain, reconquest era  
 economic value of slaves, 521–522  
 enslavement of Black Africans, 518–520  
 enslavement of Orthodox Christians, 517–518  
 fate of Muslim slaves, 516  
 manumission of slave mothers, 524  
 master–slave relationship, 521, 524  
 penal servitude, 516–517  
 regulation of slavery, 524–525  
 routes to manumission, 525–527  
 sexual exploitation of female slaves, 522–524  
 slave markets, 517  
 slave holding, 520–521  
 Spartacus, 262  
 St. Anthony of Egypt, 221  
 St. Benedict, 56, 221  
 St. Brigit, *Vita Prima Sanctae Brigitae*, 499  
 St. Domingo de la Calzada, 73  
 St. Dominic, 73  
 St. Elias the Younger, 19, 175–177, 181, 182  
 St. Foy, 56  
 St. Isidore. *See* Isidore of Seville  
 St. Mark, 232  
 St. Maurice, 221, 231–232  
 cult of, 8  
 St. Methodius, disciples of, 117  
 St. Moses, 221  
 St. Patrick, 157–159, 181, 182, 483  
*Confession*, 157  
*Epistle to the Soldiers of Coroticus*, 158,  
 159  
 St. Paul. *See* Paul the Apostle  
 state formation and slavery, 147–148,  
 532–533  
 statecraft, 13–14  
 St-Germain-des-Prés, polyptych, 443  
 St-Rémi of Reims, polyptych, 444  
 Sts. Cosmas and Damian, 224  
 Suakin, 125  
 sub-Saharan Africa, 536  
 enslavability of people, 6, 8  
 slavery in, 532, 534–535, 540, 551  
 supply of slaves from, 36, 39, 168, 181, 388,  
 515–516  
 Suchenwirt, Peter, poet, 504  
 Sudan, 168, 543–546  
 Sudanic Belt, 542–546  
 Sufism, 22, 98, 398  
 Sui dynasty, 274  
 Sul, female slave, 204–205, 211  
 Suleiman I, Ottoman emperor, 42  
*surriya* (female sexual slave), 16, 201, 203  
 Surur, child born into slavery, 207  
 Swahili, 548–550  
 Swahili coast, 548  
 Sweden  
 involvement in the Baltic crusades, 503, 505  
 survival of slavery, 486, 505  
 Västergötland Laws, 491–492  
 Syria, 86, 90, 91, 101, 113, 130, 347, 388, 400, 415,  
 454, 539  
 T'aejong, Korean king, 306  
 Tabriz, 88, 89, 93, 94, 98  
*tadbir* (form of manumission), 421, 423  
 Tadmakkat, 544  
 Tafur, Pero, Spanish traveler, 104  
 Taghri Birdi, Mamluk commander, 209, 401  
 Taghri Birdi, Yusuf ibn, historian. *See* Ibn Taghri  
 Birdi

- Táin Bó Cúalnge* (Old Irish tale), 491, 495  
 Taj al-Din Yildiz, Ghurid slave commander, 369, 373  
 Takadda, 537  
 Tamerlane. *See* Temür  
 Tana, 11, 35, 105, 109, 110, 111–113, 117, 177, 517, 518  
*Tang Code* (*Tang lü*), 277–281, 283, 290  
 Tang dynasty, 7, 276–281  
 Tangiers, 519  
 Tanguts, 84  
 Tatars (Tartars), 90, 101, 112, 115, 118, 177, 517, 521,  
*See also* Tuoba Tartars  
   appearance and value as slaves, 233–236  
   as status symbols, 521  
   slave raiding in the Black Sea, 414  
   sold to Latin Europeans, 37, 469  
 taxes levied on slaves, 137–138  
 temple slaves, 125, 324–329, 330–331  
 temporary slavery, 87  
 Temüjin. *See* Chinggis Khan  
 Temür (Tamerlane), Mongol conqueror, 4, 112,  
 113, 115, 378, 381, 385  
*tēvaratīmai* (slave of god), 323  
*tēvaratīyar* (servant of god), 322  
 Texas Gulf Coast, 565  
 Theodore the Stoudite, 478  
 Theodoret, bishop of Cyrrhus, 161, 182  
*Theodosian Code*, 171, 460–461, 462  
 Theodosius II, Eastern Roman emperor, 31, 461  
 Thoisy, Geoffrey de, 103  
 Three Magi, 233  
 Timbuktu, 539  
 Timurid dynasty, 19, 413  
 Toqto'a, khan of the Golden Horde, 111  
 Toqtamish, khan of the Golden Horde, 112, 113,  
 115, 117  
 Töreqena, wife of Ögödei, 98  
 Toto of Campione, 173  
 transatlantic slave trade, 534, 540, 542, 550  
 trans-Saharan slave trade, 515, 543–546  
 Treaty of Nymphaea (1261), 108  
 tribute agreements, 142  
 tribute relations, 288  
 tribute slaves, 4, 7, 10, 84–85, 108, 331,  
 379, 558  
 tribute system  
   China, 280  
   Ireland, 498  
   Korea, 308–309  
   Mesoamerica, 557–558, 560  
 Trinitarians, 53, 67, 69, 71, 225–227, 526  
 Tripoli, 538  
 Tuaregs, 236  
 Tuccio, Bartolomeo di, slave owner, 180  
 Tughluqs, 381  
 Tulunid dynasty, 355, 539  
 Tuoba Tartars, 274  
 Turkic slaves, 31, 88. *See also* *ghulams* (Turkic  
 slave soldiers)  
 Turkish slaves, 94, 370, 375, 379, 390  
 Tutivillus, literary medieval demon, 231  
 Tutqaq, Kipchak general, 96  
 Tuwat, 539  
 'Umar, Muslim caliph, 200, 249  
 Umayyads, 31, 64, 65, 107, 347–349, 350  
   employment of eunuchs, 352  
   fall of, 515  
   patterns of succession, 197  
*umm walad* ("mother of child"), 17, 208–209,  
 342, 345, 354  
   agency, 249–250  
   in al-Andalus, 513  
   Islamic regulation of, 207–210  
   manumission, 6, 179, 211–212, 421,  
 423–424  
   status, 196–198, 203, 204–205, 386, 514  
   terms for, 201–202  
   ties to household, 353  
   value and property rights, 198–201  
 United Nations Supplementary Convention on  
 the Abolition of Slavery, 308  
 United States, slave population, 5  
 Usambara mountains, 547  
 Valencia, 11, 518  
   agency and resistance, 241  
   black African confraternities, 528  
   black African slaves, 520  
   *demandes de libertat* (petitions for  
 freedom), 525  
   enslavement of Muslims, 516  
   manumission of slave mothers, 523–524  
   Muslim slave holding by Christians, 259  
   Orthodox Christians, claims for freedom,  
 178  
   slave experience, 520–521  
   slave markets, 517  
   slave networks, 260  
   slave numbers, 38  
   slaves used as surrogate mothers, 523–524  
   ties of familiarity and kinship, 242  
   value of Tartar and Circassian slaves, 235  
 Valentinian I, Roman emperor, 461, 464  
 Valgard of Voll, poet, 495  
 Vallet, Eric, 139  
 value of slaves, 78, 136–137  
   African, 538  
   attributes which added to, 91–92  
   Byzantine Empire, 174  
   effect of skin color, 233–237  
   enhancement of, 138  
   female, Mamluk Sultanate, 387  
   *umm walads*, 199

- Vandals, 161  
 Vanga, 549  
 Varagine, Jacopo da, archbishop, *Golden Legend*, 220  
*vellāṅ pillāikaḷ* (South Indian well laborers), 327  
*vellāṭṭi* (South Indian female household servant), 320, 327  
 Venice/Venetians, 11, 12, 88, 469  
   adoption of illegitimate children, 179  
   Aegean slave trade, 414  
   attitudes to blackness, 215, 232, 236  
   Balkan slave trade, 106, 117–119  
   Black Sea slave trade, 34–35, 100, 108–109, 110–114, 177, 388, 389, 413  
   castration, 175  
   Caucasian slave trade, 117  
   diplomatic relations with the Byzantines, 455, 456  
   loss of access to the Black Sea, 181  
   purchase of children from parents, 104–105  
   poisoning by female slaves, 257  
   role in Byzantine slave trade, 467  
   slave market, 517  
   tasks undertaken by slaves, 100  
 Vercelli mosaic, 223–224  
 Verlinden, Charles, 40–41, 46  
 Vernet, Thomas, 549  
 Victorious, slave child, 180  
 Viking Rus warriors, 494  
 Vikings, 4, 11  
   children captured by, 175  
   Christianization of, 34  
   enslavement of by English, 496  
   raiding and settlement, 483–484  
   slave raids, 33  
 Visigoths, 158, 171, 509–510  
 voluntary slaves, 79, *See also* self-enslavement; self-gifting; self-sale  
 Wadebuli, 549  
 Wadi al-Qura, 547  
 Wadi Baraka, 548  
*wala* (Arabic for clientage), 244, 255, 348–349  
 Wales  
   collaborative slave raids with Scandinavians, 495–496  
   female slaves, 498–499  
   law codes, 492  
   penal slavery, 484  
   slave raids on, 503  
   slave trade, 502  
   warrior slaving, 494  
 Wallachs, 118, 119  
 Wallerstein, Immanuel, 27  
*The Modern World-System: Capitalist Agriculture and the Origins of the European World-Economy in the Sixteenth Century*, 41–42  
 Wandala speakers, 545  
 Washlu, 539  
 Weber, Max, 40, 472  
 Wends, 109, 503  
 Weschenfelder, Petra, 146  
 West Africa, Portuguese slaving expeditions, 236–237, 518, 519  
 Western South Asia  
   documentary accounts of slavery in, 140–141  
   modes of enslavement, 142–143  
   slave labor, 143–144  
   slave trade, 141–142, 144–145  
 Western Sudan, 537  
 wet-nurses, 72, 169, 170, 180, 387, 402, 523, 539, 548  
 White Nile, 540  
 white slavery, 101  
 whiteness, 217, 223, 228, 237  
 Wickham, Chris, 45  
 William of Malmesbury, 498  
 William of Poitiers, Frankish priest, 62, 501  
 William the Conqueror, 485  
 William the Lion, Scottish king, 503  
 Williams, Eric, *Capitalism and Slavery*, 41  
 Wink, André, 141  
*witepeowas* (individuals enslaved for criminal behavior), 484  
 Wolof people, 237  
 women, slaves (enslaved women)  
   Arabic terms to identify, 16  
   bonds of kinship and and patronage, 245, 330–331  
   captives retained by the Mongols, 82  
   captured by Native Americans, 566–567  
   captured by the Inca, 564–565  
   captured in the Baltic crusades, 504–505  
   duties assigned to captives from criminal families in China, 275  
   elite, Delhi sultanate, 379–380  
   entertainers, 357–359, 402, 539  
   in Mamluk households, 401–402  
   manumission, 96, 180, 524, *See also umm walad* (“mother of child”)  
 Mesoamerica  
   experience of, 561–563  
   routes to enslavement, 556–558  
 mothers to Ghurid sultans, 367  
 Northern Europe  
   abduction of, 496–497  
   treatment of, 497–500  
   physical examination of, 249, 341  
   political power in the harems, 416

- proportion of captives in al-Andalus, 512  
 public exposure, 204  
 sexual exploitation, 16, 101, 125, 185–188, 247, 493–494, 497–500, 522–524. *See also* concubines/concubinage; *umm walad*  
 social mobility, 17–18  
 used for childbearing, 523–524. *See also* *umm walad*  
 value of, 78  
 wet-nurses, 72, 180, 387, 402, 522, 539, 548  
 zones of shame, 204  
 women, free  
   Old English slaveholding, 498  
   assistance sought from enslaved women, 245  
   legality of use for sexual service, 380  
   married to slaves, 449  
   participation in and benefits from patriarchal slaveholding, 498–499  
   patronage and manumission of slaves, 246–247  
   relationships with concubines, 353–354  
   responses to household concubinage, 252  
   Roman penalites for cohabitation with male slaves, 460  
   sexual exploitation of male slaves, 353  
   slave ownership, 18  
   travel with slaves, 92  
   zones of shame (Islamic law), 204  
 Wulfstan II, archbishop of York, 499  
   *Sermo Lupi ad Anglos* (Sermon of the Wolf to the English), 181, 498  
 Wulfstan, bishop of Worcester, 182  
  
 Xicallanco, 560  
  
*yangban* (Korean elites), 303, 304, 307  
 Yarmuk, Battle of, 454  
 Y-chromosome lineages, 550  
 Yelü Chucai, advisor to Ögödei, 97  
 Yemen, 125, 135–140  
  
 Yi Ik, Korean scholar, 307  
 Yi Üimin, freed slave, 299  
 Yiju, Abraham b., Jewish trader and manufacturer, 145  
*yilliqiya*, 511  
 York, 502  
 Ysabel, slave girl, 523–525  
 Yu Hüich'un, Confucian fundamentalist, 302  
 Yu Hyöngwön, Korean scholar, 307  
 Yu Suwön, Korean scholar, 307  
 Yuan dynasty, 77–78, 81, 86, 87–88, 90, 91, 93, 95–96, 286, 288–289  
 Yumn, enslaved woman, 341–343, 359  
  
 Zabid, 11  
 Zacharo, Marco, business agent, 105  
*Zanj/Zanji*, 15, 31, 89, 142, 220, 548  
   descendants, 550  
   enslavement in Aden and the Yemen, 135–136  
   rebellion, 20, 133, 261–262, 351, 546–547  
   traded out of East Africa, 132–135  
 Zanzibar, 379, 548  
 Zawila, Zuwayla, 544  
 Zayd ibn Haritha, companion to Prophet Muhammad, 346  
 Zayla, 11, 546  
 Zayn al-Din al-Malabari, 145  
 Zaynab, *muwallada* slave, 207, 212  
 Zheng He, Ming admiral, 18, 291  
 Zhou dynasty, 273  
 Zhou Qufei, *Ling Wai Dai da*, 548  
 Zhu Xi, philosopher, 301  
 Zhu Yuanzhang. *See* Hongwu, Ming emperor  
*zimmi*. *See* *dhimmi*, *ahl al-dhimma* (protected non-Muslim groups under Islamic rule)  
 Ziyadids, 548  
 Zonena, Syrian child slave, 165  
 Zoroastrianism, 29, 185–186, 193–195  
 Zott, 142  
*zunuj* (slaves from sub-Saharan Africa), 206