

Ecology, Economy and State Formation in Early Modern Germany

This is an innovative study of the agrarian world and growth of government in early modern Germany through the medium of pre-industrial society's most basic material resource, wood. Paul Warde offers a regional study of south-west Germany from the late fifteenth to the early eighteenth century, demonstrating the stability of the economy and social structure through periods of demographic pressure, warfare and epidemic. He casts new light on the nature of 'wood shortages' and societal response to environmental challenge, and shows how institutional responses largely based on preventing local conflict were poor at adapting over time to optimise the management of resources. Warde further argues for the inadequacy of models that oppose the 'market' to a 'natural economy' in understanding economic behaviour. This is a major contribution to debates about the sustainability of peasant economy and society in early modern Europe, to our understanding of the growth of the state, and to new ecological approaches to history and historical geography.

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Ecology, Economy and State Formation in Early Modern Germany

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Contents

List	t of figures	page viii
List	t of maps	ix
List	t of tables	X
Ack	knowledgements	xi
Glo	ossary	xiii
List	t of abbreviations	xvi
	Introduction	1
1	The peasant dynamic	33
2	Power and property	99
3	The regulative drive	161
4	From clearance to crisis?	224
5	The two ecologies	280
	Conclusions	347
Bib	oliography	359
Ind	lex	381

vii



Figures

1.1	Spelt yields of the hospital of Markgröningen	page	63
1.2	Oat yields of the hospital of Markgröningen		63
1.3	Wine yields from the vineyards of the hospital of		
	Markgröningen		87
1.4	Wine income in Esslingen, 1517–1676		89
1.5	Spelt and wine sale prices, hospital of Markgröningen		89
1.6	Relative price of wine and corn in Esslingen and Stuttgart		90
2.1	Land use and landholding in Leonberg, 1575]	19
3.1	Ducal income from forests, 1522–1699	2	215
3.2	Ducal forest income in Scheffel corn, 1531–1630	2	217
3.3	Income and treasury receipts of Forstamt Leonberg,		
	1482–1700	2	219
4.1	Wood sales from Leonberg woodland, 1580-1632	2	245
5.1	Salt trade of the Amt Leonberg, 1542–1700	3	302
5.2	Relative price indices of basic goods near Leonberg,		
	1550–1620	3	309
5.3	Salt price and expenditure on salt in the Amt Leonberg,		
	1542–1700	3	317

viii



Maps

I.1	General map of area	page 4
1.1	Land use, 1713	46
2.1	Extent of woodland, 1682	106
2.2	Distribution of communal woodland, 1583	109
2.3	Distribution of private woodland, 1583	112
4.1	Distribution of underwood tree types, 1583	233
4.2	Distribution of mature tree types, 1583	234
4.3	Underwood and cutting cycles, 1583	237
4.4	Classification of underwood types, 1682	239
4.5	Distribution of mature trees, 1583	241
5.1	Supply of firewood, 1583	291
5.2	Wood prices and yields by ward, 1603–4	305



Tables

1.1	Proportion of the <i>Markung</i> under cultivation, 1629–34	page 45
1.2	Proportion of cultivated area under each land use	48
1.3	The three-course rotation	57
1.4	Proportion of livestock types by settlement, 1622	69
1.5	Sheep and cows in the Amt Leonberg, 1700	70
1.6	Sheep and cows in the Forstamt Leonberg	71
1.7	Mean livestock per Bürger	72
2.1	Distribution of taxable wealth, 1544–5	123
2.2	Household income sources as a proportion of all recorded	
	households, 1736	130
2.3	Social ranking in Hemmingen, 1736	131
2.4	Taxable income in the Amt Leonberg, 1713 (in fl.)	136
4.1	Tax assessments on woodland, 1713 (in fl.)	248
4.2	Estimated yields from ducal woodlands in the Forstamt	
	Leonberg	253
4.3	Demand and supply of firewood in the Forstamt Leonberg	,
	1545–1700	268
4.4	Estimated number of buildings in the Forstamt Leonberg,	
	1525–1700	275
5 1	Estimated per capita salt consumption in the Amt Leonberg	302



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Glossary

Allmend Common land

Amt Administrative district

Auchtwiesen Meadows set aside for special grazing

Beisitzer Resident household head without membership

rights in village or town commune

BürgerMember of a village or town communeBürgermeisterVillage mayor and chief financial officerBürgerschaftThe collective members of the village or town

commune

cordwood Relatively small diameter wood often used for

fuel and measured out in 'fathoms' or 'cords'

Dorfgericht Village court

Ehrbarkeit 'Notables', the leading non-noble members of

village and town society

Etter Wall or fence surrounding the village

faggot Bundle of very small diameter wood (in modern

terms, under 7 cm in diameter) usually used as

fuel

fathom Volume measure for wood

Flecken Settlement

Fleckenbuch Book of village ordinances and regulations

Flur Cultivated ground

Flurzwang Mandatory collective regulation of cropping

patterns

Forstamt Forest district Forstknecht Forest warden

Gaabholz Grant of wood by communes to their members
Gemeinde The 'commune', often used with the narrow

sense of the communal authorities

Gerechtigkeit Right, usually used for a right considered

defensible or established in law

Gericht Court of law

xiii



xiv Glossary

Heimburg Village mayor

Hochwald Woodland consisting only of stands of mature

timber trees

Hof Large tenant farm or manor Holzgaab The giving out of the Gaabholz

Holzmangel Wood shortage

Hube Tenant farm, usually smaller and of later origin

than a Hof

HutForest ward, patrolled by a wardenInwohnerschaftThe inhabitants of a settlementKlafterVolume measure for wood, fathom

Landschaft The Estates with the right to sit in the Landtag

Landtag Territorial assembly or diet of Württemberg

Markgenossenschaft Corporate group of commoners having use-rights

to a resource

Markung Jurisdictional unit of village or town government

Most Sweetened grape juice

Nahrung Subsistence

Notdurft Needs, basic requirements
Oberrat Supreme Council in Stuttgart

Ordnung Ordinance

Pfleger Overseer, guardian, warden

Rat Council Richter Juror

Scheffel Volume measure for grain

Schultheiß Ducal bailiff, chief village official, and head of

village court

Schütz Field warden

Söldner Smallholders providing corvée labour with their

hands

Steuerbuch Register of tax liabilities and payments

staddle Young tree preserved to grow into mature timber standard Mature timber tree surrounded by underwood

UntergangBoundary commissionVogtDistrict GovernorVogtgerichtDistrict court

Weistümer 'Manifests', documents recording village

regulations and field orders

Zahlmeister Ducal official responsible for sheep

Zelg One of the large open fields

Zwing und Bann The jurisdictional power exercised by village or

town authorities



Glossary xv

Currencies, weights and measures

Land

1 morgen = 0.3316 hectare

Volume (wood)

- 1 *Klafter* = $3.386 \,\mathrm{m}^3$
- 1 *Klafter* = $6 \times 6 \times 4$ Württemberger cubic feet (144 ft³)

Volume (grain)

1 Scheffel = 8 Simri = 177.2 litres = 1.7 hectolitres

Volume (wine)

- 1 Imi = 16.7 litres
- 1 Eimer = 2.939 hectolitres
- 16 Imi = 1 Eimer

Currency

- 1 Gulden (fl.) = 60 Kreuzer (kr., x.)
- 1 Batzen = 4 Kreuzer
- $1 \ Ort = 15 \ Kreuzer$
- 6 Pfennig (d., pfg.) = 1 Schilling (s., β)
- 20 Schilling $(s., \beta) = 1$ Pfund (lb) = 43 Kreuzer (kr., x.)



Abbreviations

fl. Gulden

HABW Historische Atlas Baden-Württemberg

HStAS Hauptstaatsarchiv Stuttgart

KSL Königliche statistische Landesamt STABB Bh Stadtarchiv Bietigheim-Bissingen

StAL Stadtarchiv Leonberg
StAM Stadtarchiv Markgröningen
StAR Stadtarchiv Renningen

SWG Sammlung der württembergischen Gesetze WSL Württembergische statistische Landesamt

x. Kreuzer