### FICTION, FAMINE, AND THE RISE OF ECONOMICS IN VICTORIAN BRITAIN AND IRELAND

We now think of economic theory as a scientific speciality accessible only to experts, but Victorian writers commented on economic subjects with great interest. Gordon Bigelow focuses on novelists Charles Dickens and Elizabeth Gaskell and compares their work with commentaries on the Irish Famine (1845–52). Bigelow argues that, at this moment of crisis, the rise of economics depended substantially on concepts developed in literature. These works all criticized the systematized approach to economic life that the prevailing political economy proposed. Gradually, the romantic views of human subjectivity, described in the novels, provided the foundation for a new theory of capitalism based on the desires of the individual consumer. Bigelow's argument stands out by showing how the discussion of capitalism in these works had significant influence not just on public opinion, but on the rise of economic theory itself.

GORDON BIGELOW is Assistant Professor of English at Rhodes College in Memphis, Tennessee. His work has appeared in the journals *ELH*, *New Orleans Review*, and *Research in African Literatures*, and in the volume *Reclaiming Gender: Transgressive Identities in Modern Ireland* (1999).

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# FICTION, FAMINE, AND THE RISE OF ECONOMICS IN VICTORIAN BRITAIN AND IRELAND

GORDON BIGELOW

Rhodes College, Memphis, Tennessee



Cambridge University	Press	
0521828481 - Fiction,	Famine, and the Rise of Economics in Victorian Brita	ain and Ireland
Gordon Bigelow		
Frontmatter		
More information		

PUBLISHED BY THE PRESS SYNDICATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE The Pitt Building, Trumpington Street, Cambridge, United Kingdom

> CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge, CB2 2RU, UK 40 West 20th Street, New York, NY 10011–4211, USA 477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia Ruiz de Alarcón 13, 28014 Madrid, Spain Dock House, The Waterfront, Cape Town 8001, South Africa

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First published 2003

Printed in the United Kingdom at the University Press, Cambridge

Туреface Adobe Garamond 11/12.5 pt. System LATEX 2є [тв]

A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloguing in Publication data Bigelow, Gordon, 1963–

Fiction, famine, and the rise of economics in Victorian Britain and Ireland / Gordon Bigelow.
p. cm. – (Cambridge studies in nineteenth-century literature and culture; 40) Includes bibliographical references and index. ISBN 0 521 82848 I
I. English fiction – 19th century – History and criticism. 2. Economics in literature.
3. Gaskell, Elizabeth Cleghorn, 1810–1865 – Knowledge – Economics.
4. Ireland – History – Famine, 1845–1852 – Historiography. 5. Dickens, Charles,
1812–1870 – Knowledge – Economics. 6. Economics – Great Britain – History – 19th century.
7. Dickens, Charles, 1812–1870. Bleak House. I. Title. II. Series.
PR868.E37B54 2003 820.9'355 – dc21 2003048558

15BN 0 521 82848 1 hardback

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## Acknowledgments

The work that became this book owes its beginning to four extraordinary teachers: Thomas Vogler, John Jordan, Hilary Schor, and David Lloyd. It was in a series of lectures by John Jordan on Dickens and the social history of the 1840s that these ideas first began to take shape. Tom Vogler, a generous mentor and inspiring example of intellectual life, offered passionate encouragement and consistent insight. Hilary Schor gave nuanced and detailed responses to any number of false starts; the first overall outline of what follows was drawn up by her on a paper napkin. David Lloyd contributed generous advice and support at critical stages during the project. I thank these four for the remarkable insights of their own research, and for their guidance and encouragement.

Many people have read, and reread, significant portions of what follows. Among these are James Clifford, Joseph Childers, Kristin Ross, Richard Terdiman, Christopher Breu, J. Hillis Miller, and Cynthia Marshall; I thank them all for excellent suggestions and criticisms. Kevin Whelan and Stephen Heath, at different stages of the project, steered me toward important texts. Susan Kus and Lynn Zastoupil responded thoughtfully to new ideas at a formative stage in the revision process. Murray Baumgarten, Regenia Gagnier, and Christopher Connery provided important advice and help of various kinds, without which the project could not have developed. Catherine Newman and Michael Millner shared insightful responses to chapter 4 and provided on other occasions many restorative evenings of wine and conversation. Catherine John has been a rare intellectual companion, helping me make sense of my reasons for doing this work. The open-handed encouragement of Tadhg Foley and Luke Gibbons helped to sustain me through many long months of isolated work. The interest which Heather Miller took in this project, and the work she dedicated to it, were also crucial to its completion. Judith Haas gave more than one reading to each section of the book, and her interest and support has made all that follows possible.

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#### Acknowledgments

My colleagues in the Department of English at Rhodes College have created the welcoming and stimulating intellectual environment that one hopes for in academic life, but rarely finds. In particular I thank Robert Entzminger, Marshall Boswell, Jennifer Brady, Rob Canfield, John Hilgart, Michael Leslie, Cynthia Marshall, Sandra McEntire, and Brian Shaffer for their friendship and advice.

Research and travel during two summers was supported by grants from Rhodes College, and I thank the College for these opportunities. Funding from Rhodes College also supported research assistance for this project by Meredith Cain; I thank her for her good-humored and careful work. The Center for Cultural Studies at the University of California, Santa Cruz fostered the work of several research clusters and conferences that helped this book evolve, and I thank the Center for its tradition of innovative work. The Department of Literature at the University of California, Santa Cruz provided extensive research and travel assistance. I am very grateful as well to The Dickens Project, a research consortium based at UC Santa Cruz, for providing a forum that brought me into contact with a variety of scholars and students of nineteenth-century literature and culture.

Parts of chapters 1 and 2 appeared in the *New Orleans Review* (1998), and I thank the journal for use of that material.

My parents, Gordon and Beverly Bigelow, deserve all my gratitude. They have provided constant support, sympathy, and an inspiring example. Finally, I owe everything my work has become to Judith Haas; her delicate sensibility, her stubborn advocacy, and her scrupulous intelligence have made my path in life.