

The Political Economy of Craft Production

Crafting Empire in South India, c. 1350–1650

The study of specialized craft production has a long tradition in archaeological research. Through analyses of material remains and the contexts of their production and use, archaeologists can examine the organization of craft production and the economic and political status of craft producers. This new study combines archaeological and historical evidence from the author's twenty years of fieldwork at the imperial capital of Vijayanagara to explore the role and significance of craft production in the cities' political economy of the fourteenth to the seventeenth century. By examining a diverse range of crafts from poetry to pottery, Sinopoli evaluates models of craft production and expands upon theoretical and historical understandings of empires in general and Vijayanagara in particular. It is the most broad-ranging study of craft production in South Asia, or in any other early state empire.

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PUBLISHED BY THE PRESS SYNDICATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE The Pitt Building, Trumpington Street, Cambridge, United Kingdom

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge, CB2 2RU, UK 40 West 20th Street, New York, NY 10011–4211, USA 477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia Ruiz de Alarcón 13, 28014 Madrid, Spain Dock House, The Waterfront, Cape Town 8001, South Africa

http://www.cambridge.org

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First published 2003

Printed in the United Kingdom at the University Press, Cambridge

Typeface Minion 10.5/14pt. System \LaTeX 2 $_{\mathcal{E}}$ [TB]

A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloguing in Publication data

Sinopoli, Carla M.

The political economy of craft production: crafting empire in South India, c. 1350–1650 / Carla M. Sinopoli.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0 521 82613 6

1. Hampå (India) – Economic conditions. 2. Industries – India – Hampå – History.

3. Artisans – India – Hampå – History. 4. Vijayanagar (Empire) I. Title.

HC438.H36S57 2003

338.4'7'00095487 - dc21 2002041696

ISBN 0 521 82613 6 hardback



> In memory of Richard Carl Sinopoli and Channabasappa S. Patil



Contents

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List of figures [page viii]
List of tables [xi]
Acknowledgments [xii]
```

- 1 Introduction: crafting empire in South India [1]
- 2 Specialized craft production: archaeological approaches [13]
- 3 The South Asian state [38]
- 4 Vijayanagara: the historical setting [63]
- 5 Vijayanagara: sources of evidence [119]
- 6 Craft products and craft producers [156]
- 7 Artisans and institutions: artisans and each other [252]
- 8 Crafting empire: conclusions [295]

```
References [317]
Index [342]
```



Figures

- 4.1 Core areas of pre-Vijayanagara states of South India [page 67]
- 4.2 Vijayanagara boar emblem from gate at Chandragiri (photo by the Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [71]
- 4.3 The Deccani sultanates and Vijayanagara empire [77]
- 4.4 The Vijayanagara empire: upland core [84]
- 4.5 The Vijayanagara region: the Tungabhadra River valley (photo by the Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [85]
- 4.6 Vijayanagara-period seaports and major overland routes [86]
- 4.7 Jalakantesvhara Temple, Vellore (photo by the Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [95]
- 5.1 Areas included in inscriptional database [123]
- 5.2 Iron smelting and forging facilities depicted by Frances Buchanan [137]
- 5.3 The Vijayanagara urban core [143]
- 5.4 The Tiruvengalanatha temple (photo by the Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [144]
- 5.5 The Vijayanagara metropolitan region [147]
- 5.6 Site distribution in the intensive survey area of the Vijayanagara metropolitan region [149]
- 5.7 Varadadevi-amana-pattana: distribution of archaeological remains [151]
- 5.8 Vijayanagara's defensive infrastructure [153]
- 5.9 Vaishnava temple complex (VMS-142), Varadadevi-amana-pattana (photo by the Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [154]
- 6.1 Female performers on the basement of mandapa in the Vitthala temple complex, Vijayanagara Sacred Center [168]
- 6.2 Bearded male performers on royal throne platform, Vijayanagara urban core [169]
- 6.3 Female performers sculpted on royal throne platform, Vijayanagara urban core [170]
- 6.4 Centers of textile production in Vijayanagara-period South India [175]



List of figures

ix

- 6.5 Lepakshi painting: group of women attending the goddess Parvati (published with permission of the American Institute of Indian Studies) [181]
- 6.6 Lepakshi painting: group of women (published with permission of the American Institute of Indian Studies) [182]
- 6.7 Sculpted figure on gate in outer city walls depicting pointed *kullayi* headgear (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [184]
- 6.8 Iron-working sites in the Vijayanagara metropolitan region [198]
- 6.9 VMS-121: Iron-working site and shrine (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [199]
- 6.10 Hilltop fort and associated settlement (VMS-6) [200]
- 6.11 Administrative architecture in the Vijayanagara urban core: royal elephant stables (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [210]
- 6.12 Dry-stone masonry in the Vijayanagara urban core: detail of wall construction (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [212]
- 6.13 Section of fortification wall in the Vijayanagara urban core: trapezoidal blocks (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [212]
- 6.14 Fortification wall (VMS-339), constructed of unmodified boulders [214]
- 6.15 Quarry marks incised on large outcropping boulder in Vijayanagara metropolitan region (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [215]
- 6.16 Quarrying site in the Vijayanagara metropolitan region (VMS-341) (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [216]
- 6.17 Uncompleted structure (VMS-79): blocked out column and trimmed blocks (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [217]
- 6.18 Truncated columns in the Vitthala temple complex, Vijayanagara urban core (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [219]
- 6.19 Carving on the walls of Raichur Fort depicting transport of large quarried column [220]
- 6.20 Finely sculpted Hanuman image on freestanding slab (VMS-202; (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [223]
- 6.21 Finely sculpted goddess image on outcrop (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [224]



x List of figures

- 6.22 Crudely carved depiction of Rama and Sita images on boulder in Vijayanagara metropolitan region (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [224]
- 6.23 VMS-538: unfinished Hanuman image [225]
- 6.24 Seated royal figure sculpted on the face of the royal throne platform, Vijayanagara urban core (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [227]
- 6.25 Memorial stone from Bhatkal, Western India (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [229]
- 6.26 Memorial stone of warrior on horseback in the Vijayanagara metropolitan region (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [230]
- 6.27 Memorial stone dedicated to a sati, Vijayanagara metropolitan region (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [231]
- 6.28 Illegible inscription at small temple complex in Vijayanagara metropolitan region (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [235]
- 6.29 Completed and uncompleted bedrock mortar (VMS-101) (photo by Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey Project) [237]
- 6.30 Vijayanagara ceramics: vessel forms [242]
- 6.31 Contemporary pottery production: paddle and anvil work [244]
- 7.1 Inscriptions referring to Kammalar and Kaikkolar in the Vijayanagara administrative district Valudilampattu-rajyam [268]
- 7.2 Valangai-idangai uprising inscription locations [287]



Tables

- 2.1 Typologies of the organization of craft production [page 19]
- 5.1 Inscription types [126]
- 5.2 Foreign travelers in fourteenth- through seventeenth-century South India [127]
- 5.3 Selected Vijayanagara-period literary works [131]
- 5.4 Summary of South Canara census data, 1807 (craft producers in bold) [138]
- 5.5 Primary site functions documented by the Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey [150]
- 6.1 Kaikkolar weavers in Tirupati-Tirumalai inscriptions [189]
- 6.2 Iron-working locales in the Vijayanagara metropolitan region [197]
- 6.3 Peg production in the Vijayanagara metropolitan region [236]
- 7.1 Categories of administrators able to reallocate taxes [265]
- 7.2 Craft producers as recipients of shares from temple donations at Tirupati-Tirumalai temples [274]



Acknowledgments

In the spring of 1981, when I was studying for my doctoral exams in Near Eastern archaeology, I received a letter from John Fritz, inviting me to join an archaeological field project he was beginning at the site of the historic South Indian capital of Vijayanagara. His letter started a journey that has lasted for more than twenty years, and if this book is not its culmination, it is at least an important way point. My first fieldwork at Vijayanagara took place in 1983 and 1984 as part of my doctoral research on the earthenware ceramics from the city. In 1988, I began a new field project, in collaboration with Kathleen D. Morrison – The Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey – the field component of which ended in 1997.

Over the last twenty-plus years, I have accumulated many debts, which I gratefully acknowledge here. I extend my deepest appreciation to the Government of India and Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) for granting approvals to me to conduct this research. I also thank the ASI regional staff and directors at Vijayanagara for their help. Throughout my work, I have been affiliated with the Karnataka Department of Archaeology and Museums, whose staff members have been sponsors, friends, and collaborators. I thank the Department's directors and particularly retired director Dr. M.S. Nagaraja Rao, who welcomed me to Vijayanagara in 1983 and has been supportive of my work ever since. I also thank the Department staff including T.S. Gangadhar, Balasubrahmanyam, and Manjunataiah. My particular gratitude goes to Channabasappa S. Patil, who was a doctoral student working for the department when I arrived in 1983, and later its Deputy Director, until he passed away unexpectedly in 2001. We grew up together in South Indian archaeology. Dr. Patil was a fine scholar, a dedicated fieldworker, and a good and generous friend. He is deeply missed.

The American Institute of Indian Studies has been a source of support and guidance throughout my years at Vijayanagara. I have had the pleasure of being affiliated with the Institute since my first season in India, and I am extremely grateful for all of the help provided by their dedicated staff in Delhi and Chicago. I owe especial thanks to Dr. Pradeep Mehendiratta; it is no exaggeration to say that this work could not have taken place without his guidance.



Acknowledgments

xiii

My thanks also to the many funding agencies that have supported our fieldwork over the years. These include the American Institute of Indian Studies, Asian Cultural Council, National Geographic Society, National Endowment for the Humanities, National Science Foundation, Smithsonian Institution, and Wenner Gren Foundation for Anthropological Research. The University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee and University of Michigan also provided much appreciated support. Support for writing this book came from a National Endowment for the Humanities Fellowship; thanks also to the Department of Anthropology at Arizona State University for allowing me to spend my sabbatical year in Tempe working on this manuscript.

John Fritz has been a valued mentor, friend, and colleague for more than twenty years. I thank him for inviting me to Vijayanagara and for all of his support over the years. Thanks also to George Michell, whose friendship and wisdom I also treasure, as well as to the many other scholars who have passed through Vijayanagara. I extend my deepest appreciation to my co-director in the Vijayanagara Metropolitan Survey, Kathleen D. Morrison. When we decided to direct a small survey around Vijayanagara, we had no idea that we were launching a collaboration that would last for more than fifteen years (and still counting!). Throughout Kathy has been a source of friendship, support, and a never-ending supply of interesting ideas. During the course of our survey, we were assisted by dozens of field assistants and co-workers. I thank the many graduate students from Deccan College, Pune who joined us in the field, as well as Dr. V.S. Gogte from the same institution. Thanks also to the many American students who joined us from the Universities of Pennsylvania, Michigan, Chicago, Wisconsin, Hawaii, and Northwestern University. Of our many project members, I single out three for special mention. Mark Lycett worked with us for several seasons in the field and has been a source of advice and ideas and a friend throughout. Rob Brubaker also joined us in the field, and developed a doctoral project to examine Vijayanagara's defensive infrastructure; he also designed the project database and geographic information system. U.V. Srinivas worked with us through the entire project, as our driver and master of all trades; we could not have accomplished much of what we did without his ready and creative assistance.

Several people read and provided valuable comments on all or parts of this manuscript. I thank the reviewers for Cambridge University Press, Cathy Costin, Mark Kenoyer, and one anonymous reader, for their thoughtful comments and suggestions. Kathy Morrison and George Michell each read the complete manuscript and provided valuable guidance. Norman Yoffee read chapter 3 and provided valuable insights and references. Thanks also to my writing 'support groups' at Arizona State University and the University



xiv Acknowledgments

of Michigan: respectively, Kate Spielmann, Peggy Nelson and Michelle Hegmon, and Janet Richards and Lisa Young.

Many other names belong here, but twenty years of work and life make the list too long to recount and my memory too fragile to be certain that no one is omitted. So, I end by thanking my colleagues, friends, and family for being there in my Vijayanagara and extra-Vijayanagara life. I dedicate this book to the memory of two people who are no longer physically present in my life, but who will never be gone: Channabasappa S. Patil, and my twin brother, Richard C. Sinopoli.