

Contents

0	Introduction	<i>page</i> 1
I	Preliminaries	19
1	Holomorphic Functions of Many Variables	21
1.1	Holomorphic functions of one variable	22
1.1.1	Definition and basic properties	22
1.1.2	Background on Stokes' formula	24
1.1.3	Cauchy's formula	27
1.2	Holomorphic functions of several variables	28
1.2.1	Cauchy's formula and analyticity	28
1.2.2	Applications of Cauchy's formula	30
1.3	The equation $\frac{\partial g}{\partial \bar{z}} = f$	35
	Exercises	37
2	Complex Manifolds	38
2.1	Manifolds and vector bundles	39
2.1.1	Definitions	39
2.1.2	The tangent bundle	41
2.1.3	Complex manifolds	43
2.2	Integrability of almost complex structures	44
2.2.1	Tangent bundle of a complex manifold	44
2.2.2	The Frobenius theorem	46
2.2.3	The Newlander–Nirenberg theorem	50
2.3	The operators ∂ and $\bar{\partial}$	53
2.3.1	Definition	53
2.3.2	Local exactness	55
2.3.3	Dolbeault complex of a holomorphic bundle	57
2.4	Examples of complex manifolds	59
	Exercises	61

vi	<i>Contents</i>	
3	Kähler Metrics	63
3.1	Definition and basic properties	64
3.1.1	Hermitian geometry	64
3.1.2	Hermitian and Kähler metrics	66
3.1.3	Basic properties	67
3.2	Characterisations of Kähler metrics	69
3.2.1	Background on connections	69
3.2.2	Kähler metrics and connections	71
3.3	Examples of Kähler manifolds	75
3.3.1	Chern form of line bundles	75
3.3.2	Fubini–Study metric	76
3.3.3	Blowups	78
	Exercises	82
4	Sheaves and Cohomology	83
4.1	Sheaves	85
4.1.1	Definitions, examples	85
4.1.2	Stalks, kernels, images	89
4.1.3	Resolutions	91
4.2	Functors and derived functors	95
4.2.1	Abelian categories	95
4.2.2	Injective resolutions	96
4.2.3	Derived functors	99
4.3	Sheaf cohomology	102
4.3.1	Acyclic resolutions	103
4.3.2	The de Rham theorems	108
4.3.3	Interpretations of the group H^1	110
	Exercises	113
II	The Hodge Decomposition	115
5	Harmonic Forms and Cohomology	117
5.1	Laplacians	119
5.1.1	The L^2 metric	119
5.1.2	Formal adjoint operators	121
5.1.3	Adjoints of the operators $\bar{\partial}$	121
5.1.4	Laplacians	124
5.2	Elliptic differential operators	125
5.2.1	Symbols of differential operators	125
5.2.2	Symbol of the Laplacian	126
5.2.3	The fundamental theorem	128
5.3	Applications	129
5.3.1	Cohomology and harmonic forms	129

	<i>Contents</i>	vii
5.3.2	Duality theorems	130
	Exercises	136
6	The Case of Kähler Manifolds	137
6.1	The Hodge decomposition	139
6.1.1	Kähler identities	139
6.1.2	Comparison of the Laplacians	141
6.1.3	Other applications	142
6.2	Lefschetz decomposition	144
6.2.1	Commutators	144
6.2.2	Lefschetz decomposition on forms	146
6.2.3	Lefschetz decomposition on the cohomology	148
6.3	The Hodge index theorem	150
6.3.1	Other Hermitian identities	150
6.3.2	The Hodge index theorem	152
	Exercises	154
7	Hodge Structures and Polarizations	156
7.1	Definitions, basic properties	157
7.1.1	Hodge structure	157
7.1.2	Polarisation	160
7.1.3	Polarised varieties	161
7.2	Examples	167
7.2.1	Projective space	167
7.2.2	Hodge structures of weight 1 and abelian varieties	168
7.2.3	Hodge structures of weight 2	170
7.3	Functoriality	174
7.3.1	Morphisms of Hodge structures	174
7.3.2	The pullback and the Gysin morphism	176
7.3.3	Hodge structure of a blowup	180
	Exercises	182
8	Holomorphic de Rham Complexes and Spectral Sequences	184
8.1	Hypercohomology	186
8.1.1	Resolutions of complexes	186
8.1.2	Derived functors	189
8.1.3	Composed functors	194
8.2	Holomorphic de Rham complexes	196
8.2.1	Holomorphic de Rham resolutions	196
8.2.2	The logarithmic case	197
8.2.3	Cohomology of the logarithmic complex	198
8.3	Filtrations and spectral sequences	200
8.3.1	Filtered complexes	200

viii	<i>Contents</i>	
	8.3.2 Spectral sequences	201
	8.3.3 The Frölicher spectral sequence	204
	8.4 Hodge theory of open manifolds	207
	8.4.1 Filtrations on the logarithmic complex	207
	8.4.2 First terms of the spectral sequence	208
	8.4.3 Deligne's theorem	213
	Exercises	214
III	Variations of Hodge Structure	217
9	Families and Deformations	219
	9.1 Families of manifolds	220
	9.1.1 Trivialisations	220
	9.1.2 The Kodaira–Spencer map	223
	9.2 The Gauss–Manin connection	228
	9.2.1 Local systems and flat connections	228
	9.2.2 The Cartan–Lie formula	231
	9.3 The Kähler case	232
	9.3.1 Semicontinuity theorems	232
	9.3.2 The Hodge numbers are constant	235
	9.3.3 Stability of Kähler manifolds	236
10	Variations of Hodge Structure	239
	10.1 Period domain and period map	240
	10.1.1 Grassmannians	240
	10.1.2 The period map	243
	10.1.3 The period domain	246
	10.2 Variations of Hodge structure	249
	10.2.1 Hodge bundles	249
	10.2.2 Transversality	250
	10.2.3 Computation of the differential	251
	10.3 Applications	254
	10.3.1 Curves	254
	10.3.2 Calabi–Yau manifolds	258
	Exercises	259
IV	Cycles and Cycle Classes	261
11	Hodge Classes	263
	11.1 Cycle class	264
	11.1.1 Analytic subsets	264
	11.1.2 Cohomology class	269
	11.1.3 The Kähler case	273
	11.1.4 Other approaches	275

	<i>Contents</i>	ix
11.2	Chern classes	276
11.2.1	Construction	276
11.2.2	The Kähler case	279
11.3	Hodge classes	279
11.3.1	Definitions and examples	279
11.3.2	The Hodge conjecture	284
11.3.3	Correspondences	285
	Exercises	287
12	Deligne–Beilinson Cohomology and the Abel–Jacobi Map	290
12.1	The Abel–Jacobi map	291
12.1.1	Intermediate Jacobians	291
12.1.2	The Abel–Jacobi map	292
12.1.3	Picard and Albanese varieties	296
12.2	Properties	300
12.2.1	Correspondences	300
12.2.2	Some results	302
12.3	Deligne cohomology	304
12.3.1	The Deligne complex	304
12.3.2	Differential characters	306
12.3.3	Cycle class	310
	Exercises	313
	<i>Bibliography</i>	315
	<i>Index</i>	319