

0521802490 - Work to Welfare: How Men Become Detached from the Labour Market Pete Alcock, Christina Beatty, Stephen Fothergill, Rob Macmillan and Sue Yeandle Frontmatter

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#### Work to Welfare

How Men Become Detached from the Labour Market

This book provides a new perspective on joblessness among men. During the last twenty years vast numbers of men of working age have moved completely out of the labour market into 'early retirement' or 'long-term sickness' and to take on new roles in the household. These trends stand in stark contrast to rising labour market participation among women. Based on an unprecedented range of new research on the detached male workforce in the UK, and located within an international context, the book offers a detailed exploration of the varied financial, family and health circumstances 'detached men' are living in. It also challenges conventional assumptions about the boundaries between unemployment, sickness and retirement, and the true health of the labour market. Work to Welfare represents an important contribution to debates about the labour market and benefit systems, and will be of interest to readers and practitioners in social policy, economics and geography.

**Pete Alcock** is Professor of Social Policy and Administration at the University of Birmingham. He has published extensively on poverty, social exclusion and the benefits system.

**Christina Beatty** is a research fellow at the Centre for Regional Economic and Social Research, Sheffield Hallam University, and a statistician by background.

**Stephen Fothergill** is a Professor at CRESR and an economist by background. He has published extensively on urban and regional problems in the UK.

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# Work to Welfare

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Pete Alcock, Christina Beatty, Stephen Fothergill, Rob Macmillan and Sue Yeandle





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PUBLISHED BY THE PRESS SYNDICATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE The Pitt Building, Trumpington Street, Cambridge CB2 1RP, United Kingdom

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS
The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge, CB2 2RU, UK
40 West 20th Street, New York, NY 10011-4211, USA
477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia
Ruiz de Alarcón 13, 28014 Madrid, Spain
Dock House, The Waterfront, Cape Town 8001, South Africa

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First published 2003

http:/www.cambridge.org

Printed in the United Kingdom at the University Press, Cambridge

Typeface Plantin 10/12 pt System LATEX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  [TB]

A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloguing in Publication data
Work to welfare: how men become detached from the labour
market / Pete Alcock... [et al.].

p. cm.

Include bibliographical references and index. ISBN 0 521 80249 0 – 0 521 00286 9 (pb.)

- 1. Men Employment Great Britain. 2. Unemployment Great Britain.
- 3. Work Great Britain Psychological aspects. 4. Labor policy Great Britain.
- 5. Public welfare Great Britain. I. Alcock, Peter, 1951-

HD5765.A6 W673S 2002

331.12'0941-dc21 2002071641

ISBN 0 521 80249 0 hardback ISBN 0 521 00286 9 paperback



## Contents

	List of figures List of tables Notes on the authors Preface	page vii ix xi xiii
	List of abbreviations	xvii
P	art I The context for labour market detachment	
1	The UK labour market SUE YEANDLE	3
2	The international context SUE YEANDLE	25
3	The benefits system PETE ALCOCK	56
P	art II New evidence from the UK	
4	The detached male workforce CHRISTINA BEATTY AND STEPHEN FOTHERGILL	79
5	Incapacity Benefit and unemployment CHRISTINA BEATTY AND STEPHEN FOTHERGILL	111
6	The over 50s Christina beatty and stephen fothergill	140
7	Family, life course and labour market detachment SUE YEANDLE	162
8	The role of health in labour market detachment SUE YEANDLE AND ROB MACMILLAN	187

v



i		Contents	
	9	Getting by ROB MACMILLAN	206
	10	Back to work? STEPHEN FOTHERGILL AND ROB MACMILLAN	228
	Pa	rt III The policy implications	
	11	New roles, New Deal PETE ALCOCK, CHRISTINA BEATTY, STEPHEN FOTHERGILL, ROB MACMILLAN AND SUE YEANDLE	251
		Appendix: Research methodology	269
		References	275
		Index	284



# **Figures**

2.1	Finland: broad unemployment as a percentage of	
	the population aged 15–64, 1985–97	age 42
4.1	Unemployment and economic activity among men of	
	working age, Great Britain, 1977–2000	80
4.2	Non-employed men, Great Britain, April 1991	82
4.3	Long-term unemployment and economic inactivity among	
	men as a proportion of males aged 25-64, by district,	
	England and Wales, 1996–7	83
4.4	Long-term unemployment and economic inactivity	
	among men as a proportion of males aged 25-64,	
	Scotland, 1996–7	84
5.1	Long-term Incapacity Benefit claimants, men,	
	Great Britain	112
5.2	Men claiming sickness-related benefits as a proportion	
	of working-age male population, England and Wales,	
	August 1999	114
5.3	Men claiming sickness-related benefits as a proportion	
	of working-age male population, Scotland, August 1999	115
5.4	The impact of job loss on recorded unemployment	
	and recorded sickness	127
6.1	Early retirement among older detached men	143
6.2	Share of older detached men who would like a	
	full-time job	150
6.3	Share of older detached men looking for full-time work	151
6.4	Share of older detached men reporting health limitations	
	on ability to work	152
6.5	Share of older detached men who do part-time, temporar	ry,
	casual or seasonal paid work	155
6.6	Share of older detached men with pension income	156
6.7	Share of older detached men with partner in employmen	t 156
7.1	Self-described status, by household composition	164

vii



0521802490 - Work to Welfare: How Men Become Detached from the Labour Market Pete Alcock, Christina Beatty, Stephen Fothergill, Rob Macmillan and Sue Yeandle Frontmatter

More information

VIII	List of figures	

7.2	Social class based on occupation, by household	
	composition	165
7.3	Principal reason for last job ending, by household	
	composition	166
A.1	Location of survey areas	270
A.2	Male labour market detachment in survey areas, 1996–7	271



1.1 Reasons for economic inactivity: by gender,

## **Tables**

	1993 and 1998	page 9
1.2	Employee jobs in selected industries in the UK: 1948-98	18
1.3	Older workers in employment by age group and	
	whether working full time: UK, winter 1999–2000,	
	not seasonally adjusted (thousands (%))	19
1.4	Movement between employment statuses over twelve	
	months: men in UK, spring 2000	24
2.1	Male unemployment in the EU: European Labour	
	Force Survey 1999	26
2.2	Male full-time employment rates for selected countries,	
	by age, spring 2000 (% of age group)	28
2.3	Working-age population non-employment rates for	
	selected countries, by age and sex, 1997	29
2.4	Male inactive population aged 15 plus by reasons	
	for not looking for work, 1999	30
2.5	Male employment, showing part-time employment,	
	contracts of limited duration and usual hours worked	34
2.6	Number of people affected by employment difficulties	
	in France, 1996 (thousands)	40
	Economic inactivity among men by age, Great Britain	81
	Male employment rates by region, summer 2000	85
	Self-declared status of detached male workforce	87
	Age of detached male workforce	88
	Social class of detached male workforce	90
	Selected qualifications of detached men	91
	Length of time since last regular full-time job	92
	Length of time in last regular full-time job	94
	Principal reason for last job ending	96
	Labour market attachment	97
	Reasons for not looking for full-time work	99
1.12	Self-assessment of influence of health	100

ix



0521802490 - Work to Welfare: How Men Become Detached from the Labour Market Pete Alcock, Christina Beatty, Stephen Fothergill, Rob Macmillan and Sue Yeandle Frontmatter

More information

	List of tables	
4.13	Sources of financial support	102
4.14	Benefits claimed	104
5.1	Key characteristics of 25–64-year-old men on benefit	119
5.2	Male Incapacity Benefit claimants: principal reason for	
	last job ending	121
5.3	Financial circumstances of 25-64-year-old men on benefit	122
5.4	Selected financial circumstances of male Incapacity	
	Benefit claimants	124
5.5	Indicators of hidden unemployment among male	
	Incapacity Benefit claimants, Great Britain, April 1999	132
5.6	Estimated hidden unemployment among male sickness	
	claimants, August 1996	135
5.7	Estimated hidden unemployment among male sickness	
	claimants, top twenty districts, August 1996	136
6.1	Self-declared status of older detached men	142
	Age breakdown of older detached men	142
	Social class (based on occupation) of older detached men	144
6.4	50–64-year-old detached men: length of time since last	
	regular full-time job	146
6.5	50-64-year-old detached men: principal reason for last	
	full-time job coming to an end	148
	Financial circumstances of 50–64-year-old detached men	154
6.7	Pension and benefits status by social class (based on	
	occupation) of 50-64-year-old detached men	158
	Household composition of detached men	163
	Job search, by household composition (%)	167
7.3	Benefits and financial situation by household	
	composition (%)	167

7.4 Do you think there is a realistic chance you will ever get a

8.1 The role of illness, ill-health and accidents in departure

8.2 The variety of health difficulties reported (men in

7.5 Men's circumstances by partnership status

from the labour market

follow-up sample only)

167

173

193

195



## Notes on the authors

**Pete Alcock** is a professor in the Department of Social Policy and Social Work at the University of Birmingham. Before joining that university he worked at Sheffield Hallam University. He has written extensively on issues of poverty, social exclusion, local regeneration and the benefits system.

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**Sue Yeandle** is a professor within CRESR at Sheffield Hallam University. A sociologist by background, she has specialised in issues of unemployment, women and family life in both the UK and EU context, and has published widely on these topics.



### Preface

The detachment of large numbers of men from paid employment is one of the most significant social changes of the last twenty years or so. The once near universal expectation that men's working lives would extend from the time of their leaving school through to their state pension age has been shattered, probably for good. In Britain – the focus of the new research reported here – more than one in five of all 16–64-year-old men, or nearly 4 million men in total, are no longer in employment.

There has always been unemployment, of course, and during the 1980s and 1990s redundancies hit men very hard. But only a minority of the men who are now detached from employment are conventionally unemployed. Early retirement, ill-health and domestic responsibilities – and sometimes a combination of these with an important element of unemployment thrown in – are all key factors, too.

There is scant evidence that this increase in labour market detachment among men was ever anticipated by policy-makers or academic analysts. It has grown quietly, year on year, and even now the true scale of this phenomenon is not widely recognised. What is more, the trend among men stands in marked contrast to what is happening among women, who are becoming engaged in paid employment in ever larger numbers. Women's rising 'labour force participation' is well known and has been the subject of much research and vast discussion in the media. That at the same time men are dropping out of employment, or are being pushed out, has prompted comparatively little comment or investigation. We should not jump to the simplistic conclusion that this is a case of women taking over in the workplace. Most of the jobs that used to be filled by men were in very different sectors and occupations from those now held by women.

Nor should we assume that men's growing detachment from work is mainly a voluntary phenomenon, prompted by rising affluence and greater choice. Early retirement on a comfortable pension is only a small part of the story. More often, men's labour market detachment is supported by the public purse, through the benefits system. Quite apart from the loss of potential output which labour market detachment represents,

xiii



0521802490 - Work to Welfare: How Men Become Detached from the Labour Market Pete Alcock, Christina Beatty, Stephen Fothergill, Rob Macmillan and Sue Yeandle Frontmatter

More information

#### xiv Preface

as the source of a major financial claim on the Exchequer it is an issue of legitimate concern.

This book attempts to fill some of the gaps in current knowledge about men's changing relationship to the world of work. As befits an issue that spans several disciplines, the book's authors comprise an economist, a statistician, a political scientist, a sociologist and a social policy expert. This diversity of perspectives is reflected in the contrasting approaches of the chapters. However, despite the varied and at times contradictory academic baggage the members of the team brought to this study, we have found a good deal of common ground about what is actually happening.

The immediate backgound to the book is a research project carried out at the Centre for Regional Economic and Social Research at Sheffield Hallam University, between 1997 and 1999. This was mainly financed by a grant from the UK government's Economic and Social Research Council (ref. no. 000236958). It was supplemented by a grant from the Rural Development Commission that allowed the survey to be enlarged to include men in a number of rural areas as well as in towns.

Like nearly all academic research, the project built on the foundations of work we had previously undertaken. This included in particular a study by Christina Beatty and Stephen Fothergill of labour market adjustment in the wake of pit closures, which was one of the first to observe that job loss was much less likely to result in higher recorded unemployment than in men dropping out of the labour market altogether. The project was able to deploy Sue Yeandle's substantial experience of interview-based research exploring the relationship between labour market change and family life, and to build on Pete Alcock's and Rob Macmillan's work on the benefits system and its influence on individual decision-making.

Special thanks go to Alison Herrington, who worked as researcher on the project for several months and carried out some of the in-depth interviews. Dave Drew and the staff and fieldworkers of the Survey and Statistical Research Centre at Sheffield Hallam University played an important role in gathering the extensive survey data. We would also like to thank the local authority staff who provided practical assistance in each of our survey areas. Sheila Walker provided invaluable administrative and secretarial support throughout, and Carol Goodale and Nicola Smith helped from time to time with the overload. Many colleagues from academia and the policy world provided valuable advice and comment. Among these we wish especially to mention Paul Convery, Jane Davidson, Arthur Fleiss, John Philpott, Lorna Reith and Simon Wood, who all sat on the project's advisory group. The final product is, however, solely our own, and we take responsibility for any errors of judgement or emphasis.



Preface xv

#### HOW THE BOOK IS ORGANISED

The book is organised in three sections. The first deals with the context for labour market detachment. Chapter 1 describes the main relevant trends in the UK labour market. Chapter 2 considers the international context and ch. 3 explores how welfare policy relating to the labour market has developed in Britain.

The second section of the book sets out our new evidence, based on the surveys described in the appendix. Chapters 4 to 6 present the findings from the large-scale survey of the main groups of men of working age who are outside full-time employment. Chapter 4 provides an overview of this 'detached male workforce'. Chapter 5 gives special attention to men who are recipients of sickness and disability benefits, while ch. 6 concentrates on the situation of older men. These chapters show that there is extensive concealed unemployment among men who are officially recorded as 'economically inactive'. The geography of labour market detachment, and in particular the high incidence of joblessness in older industrial Britain, forms an important component of these chapters.

Chapters 7 to 10 introduce evidence from our in-depth follow-up interviews. Chapter 7 explores the relationship between family circumstances and labour force detachment, and considers the impact of age and of relationships. Chapter 8 examines the health circumstances of men in further detail. Chapter 9 focuses attention on how men without jobs cope with their financial situation, while ch. 10 explores the barriers they face in trying to re-enter employment. These chapters provide rich and contextualised evidence about what it is really like to be outside the labour market. Finally ch. 11, which comprises the third section of the book, looks at the policy implications of our findings.

Overall, we believe this has been an important, timely and innovative study. It provides answers to several key questions about current trends in the labour market, although new questions also arise from our research. We have called the book *Work to Welfare* because this has been the experience of so many of the men in our study. If policy is to succeed in moving men like these back from welfare to work, we believe it needs to build on the knowledge and understanding that this book attempts to provide.



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More information

## **Abbreviations**

BHPS British Household Panel Survey

CRESR Centre for Regional Economic and Social Research

DfEE Department for Education and Employment

DSS Department of Social Security
DTI Department of Trade and Industry
DWP Department for Work and Pensions

ED Enumeration District

EHPS European Household Panel Survey ELFS European Labour Force Survey

ESF European Social Fund EU European Union

FRS Family Resources Survey

IB Incapacity Benefit

ILO International Labour Organisation

IVB Invalidity Benefit JSA Jobseeker's Allowance NI National Insurance

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

SCELI Social Change and Economic Life Initiative

WAP Working-age population